from his pen, and it is much to be regretted that the profession has not reaped the full benefit of his ripe wisdom and extended experience. It is to be hoped that his successor, or whoever may have access to his clinical records, will take the trouble to arrange some of them with a view to publication. His success as an ovariotomist was great, and he had operated oftener than any one in the Dominion. So far cs we know the results in full have not yet been published. Latterly he had been much interested in the subject of the diagnosis of Ovarian Cysts, and had a paper partially prepared on the means of discriminating between these and moveable kidneys, of which he had met with several cases.

He was joint-editor of the first volume of the Upper Canada Medical Journal, 1851, and contributed to it several papers.

The following, so far as we can ascertain, are his published communications:

(I.) On purpura hæmorrhagica.

(2.) Case of Aneurism of the Arteria, media cerebri, rupture, apoplexy.—British American Journal, vol. II. 1846.

(3.) A case of Apoplexy in which Cæsarian section was performed with safety to the child.

(4.) Case of stricture of urethra treated by external incision.

(5.) Cases of Fistula in ano treated with injection of iodine

(6.) Disease of the kidney consequent on disease of the bladder, in a child. All in Upper Canada Medical Journal, vol I.

(7.) Case of Dislocation of head of Femur. — British American Journal, vol. II, 1861.

(8.) Injection of Milk into the veins in Cholera-Practitioner, 1873.

This last paper gives an exceedingly interesting account of the first attempt made to inject milk in cholera. A more extended paper on the same cases appears from the pen of Dr. Bovell in the *Canadian Journal*, 1854.