Two Experts Captured in New York Afte a Long Hunt for Them.

THEIR EXTRAORDINARY CAREER.

A New York despatch says : Two forgers, Geo. Wilkes and Joe Elliott, were arrested on Tuesday night. They are said to be the leaders of a gang of forgers who victim-ized a number of banks in this country and Canada, and the police of many large cities have been hunting unsuccessfully for them Canada, and the police of many large divise have been hunting unsuccessfully for them for months. It has been the practice of the gang to establish business relations with the bank to be operated upon by depositing and drawing against genuine drafts for moderate amounts, and then to deposit a forged draft for a large amount and draw against it on the same day. Records in Inspector Byrne's office that the forgers obtained \$83,000. show that the forgers obtained \$83,000 from seven banks during the summer and autumn of 1885. Among the banks victimized were the Stock Growers' Bank of Cheyne, First National Bank of Albany, National Bank of Chicago and Pacie Bank of San Francisco. The crime for which Wilkes and Elliott are now in constody was committed in Rochester on August 10th, 1885. One of the gang, after having established kusi-ness relations at the Commercial Bank of that city, deposited there a draft for \$4,900 purporting to have been drawn by the Barque Du People, of Montreal, on he National Bank of the Republic. During he afternoon two cheques aggregation \$4.500 drawn against the forged draft were presented and paid without hesita-tion in due course of business. The draft was found to be forged. By that time the forgers and their accomplices had disappeared. Evidence was obtained that Wilkes and Elliots were the principals and bench warrants for their arrest were secured. Search for the men was made in Quebec and Chicago without success and finally warrants were placed in Inspec-tor Byrne's hands. That officer discovered that Gus Raymond, a sneak thief recently discharged from prison, who was a friend of Elliott, was living in a flat in the vicinity of Eighth avenue and 125th street, and he posted detectives in a house opposite. Tues-day evening Wilker, Elliott and Raymond were seen leaving the house together, and they were arrested. In Essex Market Court yesterday they were remanded to await the arrival of the Rochester authoriies. Raymond will probably be discharged,

Elliott, whose real name is Rielly and who is known as "Little Joe." began his oriminal career many years ago in this city as a sneak thief. He was engaged with big Frank McCoy and two others in robbing savings bank in Baltimore of several nundred thousand dollars. He fled to Europe, and in Constantinople met Joe Chap-man and a man known as "The Dago." They committed forgeries there and were sent to prison for four years. Chapman's wife, who lived in London, carried them files and saws, with which Elliott and "The Dago" effected their escape, but they abandoned Chapman in prison. When they returned to on Mrs. Chapman upbraided them for leaving her husband in prison and threatened to denounce them. One morning Mrs. Chapman was found murdered in her room. Elliott and "The Dago" cs me to this country, and the latter is now serving a term for forgery. Elliott was concerned in the forgery of a cheque for \$64,000 on the New York Life Insurance Company in 1877, for which, after having once escaped from the officers who arrested him, he served a term. When he was released he determined to reform and married Kate Castleton, an actress, but they quarrelied and separated, and he again went to the

as there is no charge against him.

Wilkes has also a remarkable history. In 1872 he was head of the syndicate of forgers who went to Europe with the intention of flooding forged circular notes. The foreign police made it hot for them, and finally Burns, one of the gang, committed suicide in an Italian jail. Wilkes was expelled from Italy and returned here.

THE GIRL'S TRESSES. Her Last State Worse Than Her First-

Locks Variegated With Yellow and

Alast (Thursday) night's Buffalo despatch says: A very peculiar suit was up in the Supreme Court for trial to day. It was that of Miss Adelia Snyder against Mrs. J. H. Reed. Adelia is 24 years old, and rather good-looking. She had long auburn tresses, which had enchanted a young men who proposed to marry her, but her bangs were a shade darker than he really liked. To please her prospective husband Miss Snyder visited the hair-dressing and bleaching establishment of Mrs. Reed. Mrs. Reed or her husband contracted to do the work and change her hair into any hue desired. The result, Miss Snyder says, was that her clothes were stained with the liquid used, and her hair was destroyed. The operation, she says, made her hair a flery red and caused it to stick out at various angles. The complainant says she became a perfect fright, and her fastidious young man for whom she had so bravely suffered all the terrors of the bleaching establishment, being horrified at the shades which had been imparted to the tresses of the loying maid, declined to marry. For all of these ills Miss Snyder claims that Mrs. Reed is entitled to pay \$5,000, and sues for that amount.

THE GIBBET.

The Manacled Skeletons of Two Felon Exhumed at Sandwich.

A Detroit despatch says: Two skeletons in irons such as were placed on dcomed criminals, according to an old English custom which extended down to half a century ago, were excavated in a gravel pit a short distance below the Sandwich court house on Tuesday. The skeletons recall to a few of the old residents of Sandwich a double hanging that occurred about 80 years ago near the site of the present court house. A negro and a white man were sentenced to be hanged for murder, and the sentence was executed, the the felons being in irons, on a scaffold that stood in an open field in full yiew of the old Sandwich and Amherstburg road. The odies were kept hanging for several week and were then cut down by the late Col. Hand, then sheriff, and buried in the gravel pit. The irons consist of a straight rod with four iron bands attached, designed to fit on the neck, waist and wrist.

An English Clergyman's Son to Marry the

Big Footed Chicago Girl. A Chicago despatch says: A morning paper states that Arthur Pitcairn, a son of Canon Pitcairn, of Ecology 1997 on Pitcairn, of Eccles, near Manches \$5,000 made by the father of the dime museum freak known as Fanny Mills, the big footed girl, to any man who would marry his daughter. The paper states that the young Englishman and the parent had a satisfactory conference yesterday, and that the wedding will take place. Pitcairn has been in Chicago for some time in rather reduced circumstances, but he is apparently what he claims to be, and gives as references a number of prominent cler-

Rev. J. MacMillan, of Mount Forest, Presbyterian congregation of Glammis.

A young woman of Jefferson County, ndiana, advertised for a husband. A Kansas man answered the advertisement. She agreed to marry him, and when he sent her \$25 started to meet him.

ASSISTANT POSTMASTER IN TROUBLE.

Serious Charge of Stealing and Forgery Against a St. Thomas Man.

A report from St. Thomas, Ont., says: For some months past it has been apparent to Mr. Barker, Post-office Inspector of the London district, that a dishonest person London district, that a dishonest person was operating in the St. |Thomas Post-office, four registered letters passing through that effice at different periods having mysteriously disappeared. On the 4th of December last an unregistered letter addressed to Harley McConnell, St. Thomas, was stolen, and a money order for \$43 which it contained was subsequently found to have been cashed upon the forged signature of Harley McConnell. Mr. Barker took the case in hand, and on Tuesday last proceeded to St. Thomas, accompanied by his assistant, Mr. Fisher. Yesterday afternoon a warrant was issued for the arrest ncon a warrant was issued for the arrest of Mr. George W. Boggs, Assistant Post-master, upon a charge of forgery. It is understood that Mr. Boggs made an admission when he saw that it was useless to deny his guilt, and that the four registered letters were included in the list of those stolen by him. He has been in the St. Thomas Post-office for sixteen years, and has been respected and trusted by all who knew him. He was arrested last evening.

A special despatch to the Times from S Thomas to day announces that George W Boggs, Deputy Postmaster in that city, who pleaded guilty to robbing the mails on the previous day, was sentenced to five years in the Penitentiary on each charge—sen tences to run concurrently. He will be sent to Kingston on Monday.

THE HESSIAN FLY AND CHINCH BUG.

Threatened Destruction of Wheat Crop o

the American Northwest. A Washington despatch says: Mr. J. M Bailey, of Prescott, who has been here consulting the Department of Agriculture about the chinch bug and Hessian fly, which caused such devastation in th wheat fields of the American Northwest in the past few years, has gone home rather depressed with the outlook. He was informed by the entomologist of the Department that the only successful way of getting rid of these pests would probably be to stop growing wheat for a few years in the sections where they are so trouble-some. It will prove pretty serious should it be found necessary to follow this advice, for the great Northwest is, of course, the wheat producing section of the country, and, indeed, of the world. In England the wheat acreage continues to decrease, and now shows a falling cff, as ompared with last year's, of 71 per cent. So unprofitable has wheat-growing become in some parts of the country that were it not for the imperative requirements of straw, in which farmers still find an inducement to sow wheat, the diminution would have been greater even than it is. I is agreed now upon all sides that this cerea in which America and India now have a monopoly should be forced down to an acreage of 25,000,000 in the United Kinga result which will probably be reached in a few years unless our crop should be materially lessened by this threatened trouble.

STARVING IN NEWFOUNDLAND

A Famished Crowd Appeal to the Government for Help and Get It. A Halifax despatch says : Advices from Newfoundland are to the effect that the distress in part of that colony is very great. A few days ago between eight and nine hundred people belonging to Sa. John's assembled on the grounds in front of the Colonial building and demanded that some special effort be made by the Government o relieve their distress. They said they were not inclined to break the peace or commit excesses of any kind. To obtain employment from which to sustain themselves and their families was their sole ob , and their necessities were so pressing that they could not and would not leave until some guarantee had been given that their demand would be attended to. Two banners were borne by the leaders, each containing the brief but very expressive sentence, "Bread or Work." From the emaciated, haggard appearance of many in the crowd, it was only too evident that this extreme course was not adopted by them until days and weeks, and in some cases perhaps months, of severe privations and sufferings had been endured. The Government allocated a sum of money to meet th immediate requirements of the case.

THE FREE LIST ADOPTED.

The Ways and Means Committee Wil

A Washington despatch says: At to day's session of the House Committee on day's session of the House Committee on Ways and Means Mr. Maybury offered a substitute to the Morrison Tariff Bill, changing the phraseology of the provision in the Bill subjecting the wooden articles placed on the free list to an import duty when the country from which they are imported levies an export duty, and his substitute was accounted in was stated. substitute was accepted. It was stated that the provision was intended to cause a relaxation of export duty now levied upon

The Canadian Cardinal.

A Montreal report says: It is rumored that all the ceremonies attending his eleva-tion to the Cardinalate will be held during the latter part of April, and not in June as previously stated. It is also stated that the ceremony will not be held in Quebec at all, but in the Church of Notre Dame here, inasmuch as the new Cardinal was made an Archbishop in this sacred edifice in 1873. This fact lends weight to the rumor that Cardinal Taschereau will then remain in Montreal and be suc-ceeded as Archbishop of Quebec by Mgr.

-Concerning the origin of the nam "Piccadilly," a correspondent writes: In a dictionary published by N. Bailey, 1733, is the following: "Piccadilly, a great street near St. James', built by one Higgins a taylor, and so called because he got his estate by making stiff collars, in the fashion of a band, then called Pickadillies; formerly much in fashion."

THOUGHTS.

The thoughts that rain their steady glow Like stars on life's cold sea, Which others know or say they know— They never shine for me.

Thoughts light, like gleams, my spirit's sky But they will not remain; They light me once, they hurry by, And never come again.

-MATTHEW ARNOLD. The men employed in Shickluna's ship yard, St. Catharines, went out on strike yesterday morning. The men have lately been receiving \$1 50 per day, and now de-

mand \$1.75, the same as received by the men in the yard at Port Dalhousie. A number of persons were entombed by

the collapse of a quarry at Baxes, France, on Saturday. The steamer St. Ronans, from Livernoo for New York, before reported spoken with her propeller gone, has been towed to

The temperature in London yesterday was 28 degrees higher than it was last Sunday. The winter has been the longest on record in England in recent years.

The French Chamber of Deputies has assed a clause in the Primary Education Bill providing that all teachers for elemen-tary schools shall be selected from the

Mrs. Adelaide Bartlett and Rev. Mr. Dyson were committed on Saturday in numbers were borne to the ground, or had London for trial on the charge of having their branches snapped off by the great caused the death of Edward T. Bartlett, frozen mass which had accumulated upon the woman's husband.

THE SUNKEN STEAMSHIP.

\$200,000 Worth of Diamonds Rescue Fright-The Total Loss.

When Purser Bailey left the sinking When Purser Bailey left the sinking Oregon he took under his arms seven cases and one package of diamonds that formed part of the cargo. He descended into the Oregon's lifeboat with his precious load, and kept them in his possession until he arrived on board the Fulda, when they were transferred to the custody of Purser Eick, of that vessel. The bundles do not amount to much in hulk but their value is believed to much in bulk, but their value is believed

now claim salvage on the diamonds.

An amusing feature, if any feature of such a disaster can possibly amuse, was the dexterity with which a typical American "drummer" lowered himself from the can "drummer" lowered himself from the deck of the Oregon into the lifeboat, carry-ing a well-filled gripsack in each hand. These were almost the only pieces of

baggage saved.

Capt. Cottier walked up and down the oridge smoking a cigarette and directing Ramsden, a cabin passenger, brought out a box of fine cigars and distributed them "This may be our last smoke.

One gentleman left \$1,000 in his state-com. Mr. Joseph Suteliffe heard that Mrs. E. D. Morgan had lost \$30,000 worth

The disabled condition of the Oregon created great excitement among the steerage passengers of the Fulda. One old woman, Betzka Meyer, aged 67, thought something was wrong with the Fulda and fell dead from fright.

Capt. Cottier said that the Oregon would win text the extrement the said that the Oregon would be the contract of the said that the oregon would be the contract of the said that the oregon would be the contract of the said that the Oregon would be the said that the oreg

run for two or three ship's lengths before she would begin to answer her helm when running at full speed. As the Oregon was 500 feet long, she might run a quarter of a sea mile before changing her course. She would run that distance in two-thirds of a minute. It is absolutely certain that any object in her way would have to be sighted when at least one mile away in order to insure the safety of the ship. Even then the officer of the deck would have to move and speak quickly, for the ship would cover a mile in three minutes. One boat was hurriedly leaving the Ore-

pocket, called to the people: "Come back and take a full load, or I'll shoot you." They returned, and the boats were filled, one of them so full that it nearly sank. With some hours ahead before they could possibly be drowned, and with the coolness of the officers to reassure them, the pas-sengers went below and dressed. The stewards set out tea, offee and biscuits in

William Sturges, putting his hand in his

the cabin, and the passengers were told to take what they wanted. Capt. T. R. Huddleston, a cabin passenger, says that he awoke three hours after the accident, blackened his boots, dressed himself carefully and came out to get breakfast. He then first learned of

The following items go to make up the total losses as near as they can be estimated: n steamer

gers' baggage and personal pro-

Coupons and bank bilis.... . \$3,166,000 Total.... Wreck of the Oregon.

Mr. W. H. Atkinson, of Atkinson Bros. card manufacturers, of this city, with Mrs.
Atkinson, was a passenger by the lost steamship Oregon, and arrived home last evening.
Mr. Atkinson related to a Times reporter to-day some special features of his experience. He said, "It was not true as reported in all the New York deepatches that a clergyman jumped overboard during the panic.
There was no loss of life among the Oregon's assengers at the time of the wreak Eight days before, on the Tuesday after sailing, Rev. Mr. Waller, of Leamington, England, committed suicide by throwing himself

into the sea over the railing. Some of the steerage passengers and the quarter-Mr. Atkinson thought from the sound that awakened him that the ship was grating on a rock. He felt no shock as of collision or even explosion, as has been suggested. The captain and the officers were brave and cool, and the discipline, though good, was hardly equal to what should prevail on a Cunarder. The firemen and coal passers who came from below, and who probably snew the extent of the danger better than the others, were very anxious to get into the boats. The ladies and children were sent away first, and Mr. Atkin-son succeeded in getting his wife into the first boat load that left for the

pilot schooner Phantom, which came along a few hours after the steamer struck. Some of the men fought to get into the Some of the men fought to get into the boats with the ladies and had to be beaten back. The passengers were not allowed to take any baggage and Mr. Atkinson could not even take a rug. When he left the ship the pilot boat was crowded with 400 people, and the remainder were put on board the schooner Fannie Gorham, which came up and lay to to take the passengers and crew. A purse of £100 was made up for the captain of the Gorham, before the German steamer Fulda came along. Mr. Atkinson con-demns the lack of life-saving appliances the steamer had for such a crowd. Her boats could not carry half of the number aboard. The rockets were such as children would use, and the minute gun's voice was

so weak that passengers thought it was a rocket. Mr. and Mrs. Atkinson lost about \$1,200 of their belongings, and can recover nothing from the company unless t is shown the loss of the ship was the result of carelessness. Fortunately he had sent three cases of goods by an earlier steamer. There were supposed to be six men on the lookout, and it is very strange that a schooner could have run upon the steamer unperceived. The night was clear and starlit and there was not the least fog. Mr. Atkinson returned to New York this afternoon to interview the agents

of the Cunard Company. The proprietor of the most extensive retail dry goods store in Montreal has taken a new departure and followed the example of large establishments in the British metropolis by opening a lunch-tion in the building for the accommodation of ladies while down town shopping. It has been most successfully patronized for the past four weeks, and will remain per-

manent hereafter.

A fracas which may turn out very serious occurred yesterday in the house of Charles Morrison, a park laborer, on City Council-lor street, Montreal. William Morrison, lor street, Montreal. William Morrison, brother of Charles, in company with a woman of questionable character named Ellen Weir, both being under the influence of liquor, entered, and wanted to remain. They were ordered out, but refused to go, when a row occurred, and the owner of the house beat his brother and the woman so terribly with a club that the police had to remove them to the kospital.

remove them to the hospital.
Great damage has resulted at Ottawa Great damage has resulted at Ottawa from the fistice storm of sleet and rain. Telephone wires are down in parts of the city, the cross-trees being snapped off, and in one place near the Sappers' bridge, a great pole bearing up nearly 100 wires was enapted off about 15 or 20 feet from the top. On Queen street, near Elgin, and on Wellington street, opposite St. Andrew's Church, two poles caught fire simultaneously, the result of the wires touching. The telephone service was not working yesterday. Shade trees in great numbers were borne to the ground, or had their branches snapped off by the great

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE

Mr. Ferris moved the first reading of Bill to amend the Municipal Act.—Carried.
The following Bills were read a third

Hon. O. Mowat-To amend the practice of conveyancing, and amending the law of property.
Mr. Morin—To incorporate the South Basex Gun Club.

The House in committee on the Bill to onsolidate the Separate Schools Act.

Hon. G. W. Ross explained that the hird section had been placed in its present form to remove some hardships. It reads:
Upon the application in writing of five or
more heads of families resident in any
township, city, town or incorporated vilage, being Protestants, the Municipal Council of the said township or the Board of School Trustees of any such city, town or incorporated village, shall authorize the establishment therein of one or more Separate Schools for Protestants; and upon he application in writing of five or more needs of families resident in any township,

city, town or incorporated village, being colored people, the Council of such town-ship or the Board of School Trustees of any such city, town or incorporated village shall authorize the establishment therein of one or more Separate Schools for colored Clause 13, which provides that a people. Clause 15, which provides that a certificate of qualification, signed by the majority of the trustees of such Separate School, shall be sufficient for any teacher of such school, was struck out, it being generally considered that if a Separate School district were formed it should only be where they could employ a proper teacher. Hon. G. W. Ross, replying to Mr. Meredith, said that the policy of the Dapart-ment was to have the Public Schools and

parallel lines. One of the main objects of this Bill was to furnish to Separate School supporters a compendium of the law, so that they would not have to search through large number of statutes. The Bill was reported. Hon. A. S. Hardy presented the report of

Separate Schools run on identical if not on

the Provincial Farm Manager and of the Agricultural College, and one of the num-Mr. Balfour moved the House in Committee on the Bill to amend the Franchise and Representation Act of 1885.

should be placed in the same position as sons so far as regarded the right to vote. Mr. Gibson (Huron) was afraid that a great many sons would be adopted about election times. (Laughter.)

The amendment was lost. Mr. Balfour moved the adoption of the clause allowing workmen to absent themselves from 12 to 2 on election days for the purpose of recording their votes.

Mr. Merrick thought that there was too much disposition in the House to consult the interests of workingmen to the exclusion of other interests. He thought this provision would be injurious to employers, and would practically mean the shutting down of the establishment for the day. He moved that the clause be struck out. Hon. C. F. Fraser said he did not think

affairs of the country to sacrifice an hour we got two men? Make one of 'em tote he would have been married this year but in order to vote. Let the workingman stand wood: they kin do it when they comes to for the numerous deaths in Cabinet and on his own footing like any other man. Hon. James Young said that while there had been no great demand for this mea-

sure, it was becoming more and more diffi-don't want that kind of a man, ma; we cult for workingmen in cities to poll their want a married man. We can do as we votes during noon hour. He thought the Bill provided the best way out of the difficulty.

Mr. Neelon had never seen any trouble in I will, an' I'd like to hear him say then he'll see me durned first.'

the Bill should be extended to villages and ownships. Mr. Waters supported that

Mr. White objected to interference in the relations between masters and workmen. Mr. Creighton and Mr. Hess suggested hat election day be made a public holiday. The amendments moved by Messrs. Mer-

tick, Morin and Ermatinger were lost.

The committee reported the Bill. Hon. A. M. Ross presented the report of the committee on the Bill respecting Agri-

oulture and Arts.
Mr. Ross (Huror) moved the second eading of the Bill to make further provisions regarding public health. This Bill provides for power to take possession of and or unoccupied buildings for a smallpox he's a goner.

Act was read a second time.

The City of Toronto Bill was passed after ing deprived of all the clauses providing or the new esplanade. Mr. Meredith moved an address to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor praying

that he will cause to be laid before this House a copy of the Order-in-Council disallowing the statute of the Western University of London, Ont., establishing a faculty of law in connection with the university and of all reports and correspondence in connection. He complained bitterly that the Minister of Education had allowed the university to go to the trouble and expense of establishing this faculty, and waited till the very last moment, and then disallowed the statute without consulting the authorities of the University of London

Hon. G. W. Ross said his conduct wa not dictated by hostility to the Western University. On the contrary, he had hesitated till the last moment, and had reluctantly come to the conclusion that the statute was ultra vires, and his colleagues had agreed in this view. The motion

pagged. Mr. Meredith also obtained an order for Mr. Mereutin also obtained an order for several returns regarding timber limits.

Mr. Bishop, in moving for the regulations regarding the admission of strangers to the Toronto University Tower, made a humorous speech, describing his attempt to get to the top of the tower. The motion

parried. Mr. McLaughlin obtained an order for a return regarding the Lawrence Town toy

A sensible parson in Sneffield, England on a recent snowy Sunday announced that he would preach no sermon, "not," as he explained it, "because the congregation is small, or because I have no sermon—for I have a carefully-prepared discourse in my pocket—but because I am anxious that you should get home quickly and take off your was beets."

John Ross, of Renfrew, is in the hospital in Kingston afflicted with glanders, caught from a horse. It is thought he will recover. Rev. Geo. S. Reynolds, of the Bay of Quinte Conference, has received a unani-mous call from the Methodist Church,

According to the monthly report of the Pominion Meteorological Bureau, during February the average temperature in Ontario and Quebes was below the normal of the past eleven years by from one to four degrees. In the Maritime Provinces, on the contrary, and on the Pacific goast the opposite was the case, that at Victoris, B. C., being over five degrees, and that at Sydney, C. B., four degrees higher than the

average. A box of soap bark should be kept in every house. A little of it dissolved in water will remove stains from cloth if applied vigorously with a sponge.

CATCHING A HUSBAND

The Troubles of a Married Man, and How He Became One.

In his newly published book entitle "Incidents and Anecdotes of the Civil War," Admiral Porter relates that while ascending the Mississippi to join Farragut before Vicksburg, he was frequently fired

upon from the shore.
On one occasion, after having been shelled from the bank, and wishing to learn the name of the place and other details, he captured two men who were crossing the river in a dugout. They were coarsely dressed in a linsey-woolsey, wore slouch bats, and had the appearance of

laborers.

They admitted having lived all their lives in Connecticut, and to have only come to the South two years before. They were, however, staunch "Sesseh." After considerable conversation Admiral Porter

said : "And do you mean to tell me that you two gentlemen, after living in your native State twenty-nine and twenty-seven years, after forming the dearest ties and associa-tions, can come South, and in two short years be won over by these people—one of you by hiring his cart, the other for I don't know what?"
"Wall Kurnel, said Mr. Potter, "you

talk durned well but all them hifaluti words is wasted on me; if you had married a wildcat widder, with a wildcat darter 16 years old, an' Jeff Davis a backin' on 'em up, you wouldn't a stood out an hour. I stuck it out for three days an' nights, a sittin' out in the rain, before I became a Confed'rit.'

"Yes," interrupted Mr. Opdyke, ole woman kep' a double-barrel gun handy for him, an' says she, 'Jake, don't you move till you're ready to become one of us, or I'll work some buttonholes in your dam' Yankee carcase!'' "And what made you surrender, Mr.

Potter," I inquired.
"Why," replied the worthy, "when Zeke he come over to fetch me some whiskey, my ole woman she run out and smashed the bottle over Zake's head, an then, when I was 'most starved an' begged for suthin' to eat, she sent me a bowl o' hot water with a chicken feather in it. 'Thar. says she, 'that 'ere chicken soup is all you'll git till you h'ist the Confed'rit flag.' So I had to cave in. Zeke can tell you what I went through with; you wouldn't have stood it haif a day, Kurnel. I know

it by the cut of your j.b."
On being asked how he came to marry such a woman, Mr. Potter professed his inability to rehearse the harrowing tale, unless he had "a drink of wikkey." Some "vinegar bitters" being ordered for him, which the newly fledged Confederate characterized as "real ole Union an' no mistake," Mr. Potter still preferred that his old comrade, "Zeke," should tell the

storv.
"Yes," said his friend, "just as soon as I get a mouthful of them bitters to sustain me while I relate that melancholy story ov your marrin' that durned alligator, as goes cavortin' round the house a fortnight. Miss Folsom is a tall, hand-as if she owned all the guarer islands in some girl, with dark eyes and black hair, the Pacific Ocean.
"Well, you must know, Kurnel,

Mr. Broder thought the workingmen of man ter do it.'

"'Well,' said Mrs. Rumpkins, 'hain't

their meals.'
"'I asked one of 'em,' said Belle, 'an' he tole me he'd see me durned first. please with a good-natered feller like old

" 'You're crazy, Belle,' says the old cata present polling hours should be maintained.

Mr. Morin moved that the provisions of the Bill should be extended to village and "" Well then," save Belle "sav three "' Well, then,' says Belle, 'say three weeks, an' bring him to the halter, for I

ain't a goin' to tote wood, nor feed no more " ' Well, I agree to that,' says old Mrs. Rumpkins.

"'Cos if you don't,' says Belle, 'I'll marry one on 'em myself, an' we'il see who's mistress then.' "I wish you could a seen how Mrs Ramp.

kins laid out her lines. You seen a cat watching a canary bird, ain't you? how the to the wires of its cage, Mrs. Cat grabs, an'

land or unoccupied buildings for a smallpox hospital. The Bill was read a second time.

Mr. Mowat's Bill providing for an appeal from awards under the Nisgara Falls Park Act was read a second time.

he's a goner.

'' That's the way Mrs. Rumpkins done. Says she, 'Belle, I'll take Jake. I don't like the other feller; he eats too much, an' I'll get rid of him.' So she piled it sweet on Jake until he didn't know his alphabet from the multiplication table, an' then she lassoced him. You seen him catch cattle in Texas? They have a long lariat, an' throw it over the critter's horns, goin full split, and bring him up all standin' Now Mrs. Rumpkins uses her long oily tongue for a lariat, an' so wound it round Poor Jake he couldn't a tole who he was then, when he was quiet as an ole horse with a cart-lode of bricks behind him, she marches him off to Squire Spanker's office.

"'Here, Squire,' says she, 'is a man wo owes me a reparation, an' I'll pay the \$2 fur the marriage ceremony, an' here's the same ring as poor, dear Rumpkins put on my finger, an' I'll use it agin. This 'ere feller is a Yank, and I want him to see that he can't come down here an' win the affections of a lone widder, an' then go off an'

larf at her.' " 'Well, sir,' says the Squire to Jake, what have you got to say to these here

'Dunno,' says Jake. "" Well, then, stan' up an' be married, or else be drafted into the Confed'rit army, says the Squire. So they was married then an' there, an' the widder tuk his arm an' toted him home, an', says she : 'Now, Jake, afore you get a bit o' weddin' cake, tote in the wood for the day, an' mix the feed for the cow.' Jake obeyed orders, an' has been the most successful husband I

The Quebec appeal list in the Supreme Court was concluded on Saturday. The Ontario list will be commenced when the

court reassembles on Tuesday. The steamer Stockholm City sailed from Halifax for London yesterday, taking two thousand packages of Canadian exhibits for the Colonial and Indian Exhibition.

The argument on the quo warrante pro

ceedings to unseat Mayor Howland, on the ground of disqualification, took place at Osgoode Hall on Saturday, and judgment was reserved. The rain on Saturday night caused Pickering, completely inundating the village, and carrying away a bridge near the railway, besides doing considerable damage to houses and mill property.

Sir Alexander Stuart, ex. Premier of New night expressed the opinion that the smal and the Dominion might easily be con-eiderably augmented since the completion of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

The Salvation Army held a grand parad at Ottawa on Saturday, the occasion being the anniversary of their invasion of the city. Together with their band, which was strengthened by the addition of a cornet, they paraded through the three inches of slush on the street species of slush on the streets, apparently quite happy at their increased numbers and prosperity

ANOTHER TICHBORNE CLAIMANT

A Californian Turns Up Who Claims the A Washington, D.C., despatch says The Californian claimant to the Tichborn estate in England is in the city. He has succeeded in accurring from the Pension Office an arrear of \$4,000 for wounds re-ceived in the Federal service during the war. In company with a lawyer of this city he will cross the water about four weeks hence and make an effort to establish his identity to the family estates in Hampshire. He does not know how his relatives will receive him. He has written to them without receiving a reply. He is not going to Tichborne first. He never wa more than a visitor at Tichborne, although he spent a good deal of his time there in schoolboy days. His parental home at that time was in Paris. His mother was a Frenchwoman. He was born in Paris spent his childhood and received the rudiments of his education there, and thither he will go first. The priest who baptized him and the teacher at whose "seminaire" he received his first instruction have in all probability died, but there is a kind of unbroken succession in the Catholic Church which he believes will help him in his troubles. There are records in the church of the Madeleine, where he ressived his baptism, confirma on, with the first communion which wil connect with the souvenirs which he holds his possession, and he believes that his presence in Paris will bring around him scores of people who knew him and knew his family, and who will not be prevented from acknowledging the truth by any interest in the Tichborne estates. For hese and many reasons Sir Roger says that he will first present himself to the Archbishop of Paris, and through him reach the family and the Tichborne estates, of which he is the rightful heir.

A WIFE FOR THE PRESIDENT. The Future Mistress of the White House

His reason for keeping silent during all

these years was in pursuance of a vow not to disclose his identity until he had ex-

piated the sine of his youth by an equal

number of years of repentance.

A Cincinnati despatch says: The Enquirer's Washington special says: rumored that the report of the President's coming marriage is founded upon fact.
The bride-elect is Miss Folsom, the pretty ward of His Excellency, whose downy rosi ness and youthful sweetness attracted so much attention when she visited the White House shortly after the inauguration and before she was out of school-sweet little maid from school. She visited the Whit House early last Ootober with her mother Mrs. Folsom, of Buffalo, before Miss Cleve-land returned to the capital, and while Mrs. Hoyt, another sister of the President was locking after his comforts. The President and Miss Folsom drove out frequently in the glorious autumn afternoons and the mother and daughter stayed over a fortnight. Miss Folsom is a tall, hand and brilliant coloring. The President re-ceived a cable message when they arrived Hon. C. F. Fraser said he did not think that the loss of an hour a day once in four years would be a very serious matter for any manufacturing establishment.

Mr Meredith opposed the provision of Mrs. Rump. In the day ole Rumpkius died to help handle the coffin, an' two weeks arter I hearin that girl and sends a highly interesting letter. She the Bill because it placed the workman of hers say, 'Ma, I'm tired a totin' wood an obligation to the employer.

Mr. Broder thought the workingmen of the country took sufficient interest in the ""Well," said Mrs. Rampkins, 'hain't arrangements, but the President declares high official circles

ROYAL FESTIVITIES

A High Old Time Expected at the

prease with a good-instelled telescent of the pop, who can't get away if we crowd him.

A London cable says: An occasion of this Bill has been introduced he you must marry Jake or Zake. If you don't great pomp is expected on Wednesday, ceived a considerable amount of produced a considerable amount of produced from persons interested. new examination hall in connection with the college for surgeous on the Thames embankment. His Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury officiates in the dedication ceremonies. Her Majesty is expected to that prevailed on this subject that prevailed on this subject safforded a fertile field for adventurers afforded all over the country for fittieth anniversary in Jane, 1886, of her accession to the throne will be conducted on a scale of great magnificence. The corporation of London is arranging for a week of festivity on that occasion, in which to of festivity on that occasion, in which to observe the conducted ment that was certainly appearing asserted that £97,000,000 were lying in the Court of Chancery unclaimed, but, as a matter of fact, there was not more than £1,000 000. of visitors who are expected from the colo-nies, especially from Canada. There will watching a canary bird, ain't you? how the critter crawls up and purs soft as a Jaw's harp, an' then you seen the little bird jumpin' round in a twitter, an' how at last, when the canary clings with its claws solemn special service of thanksgiving and past 20 years. When it the United States praise at St. Paul's Cathedral, in which all some time ago his aid was solicited by ne dignisaries of the Church will take claimants on the Lawrence-Townley part, the Lord Mayor of London being pre- estate. In the imagination of the ent in his official capacity. This will be cans this estate was worth £100,000,000,

May Right Again A Berlin cable says: All the semi-official organs continue to discuss the prospect of a war of retaliation by France against Germany. They attribute the probability of such action to the Orleanist schemes. The Post declares that the Germans will await the coming of a war proudly, resolute and ready. All hope is abandoned that a reconciliation between France and Ger-many can be effected by reasonable means. The Germans cannot be restrained when the war cloud bursts. The National Zeitung, while admitting the great progress made by the French army in recent years, says Germany has nothing to fear while France is isolated from the other nations. French men, it declares, cannot pardon the Germans for their victories over them on the battlefield and their successful competition against French merchants in foreign sets. The introduction of the Espionage Bill in the French Chamber of Deputies has greatly embittered the feeling in Germany

Result of a Practical Joke.

A Montreal despatch says: Warrants for the arrest of ten of the most fashionable beaux of the east end have been issued charging them with forgery. A few nights ago they issued invitations to a card party, which was to take place at the home of two elles of the same quarter. The invitation were a hoax, and the house was inundated with visitors. The irate paterfamilias, Mr. A. Cusson, a wholesale merchant of St. Paul street, learning the names of the young jokers, is determined to make them pay dearly for their fun.

"You look tired, Miss Golightly." "Do I? Getting old I suppose. You mow the saying: 'A man's as old as he eels and a woman's as old as she looks.'" "Well, I'm sure the saying does not

hold good in your case."

And then he smiled his killing smile, as who should say, "I have fetohed her!" but she withered him with a glare, and the con-versation suddenly flagged.

The Preabyterians of Petrolea are talking of building a new church. The Bishop of Huron, who met with

evere accident last week, is now able to Mr. John Charlton, M.P., North Norfolk,

has contributed \$1,000 to the Knox College Endowment Fund. Rev. L. Campbell, of Thamesford, has declined a call from the Presbyterian conYoung Doctor's Experience.

am waiting, I am waiting for some one to ring me up, I'm impatient with my nostrums, yet no sound

m impatient with my nostrums, yet no sound dings on my ear,
And the moments they are fleeting, and I know I eat and sup;
With a dozen bills increasing, not a sick man's call to cheer.
Oh, I'm ready, Oh, I'm ready, yet the silence deeper grows;
How forsaken with an aching for the sun whose flash is cold.

How forsaken with an aching for the sun whose flash is gold.

I am drowsy with the thinking that no speculation knows

Of my planning and butting 'gainst the cares that are twofold.

Ah! it's speaking, gently speaking, that new telephone of mine;

Just a blunder—but I wonder if my purse will open now.

I'm bellowing for an answer, and the message skims the line:

"Are you Kehhey, of the laundry?"—queer mistake I must ayow.

Thus I'm longing for the coming of that dear electric spark,

Thus I'm longing for the coming of that dear electric spark, With my ardor, and my larder, and my fancies For the people are too healthy to puff my lag-ging barque

Through the foggy sea of payment with a

A REBOINE INDEED Brilliant Record of a Lady Soldier Who

Fought in Several Batiles. The Widdin correspondent of the St. Petersburg Novosti sends to that newspaper the following account of a young Bulgarian girl who took an active part in the late war against Servia, distinguished herself at Slivnitza and at Pirot, and received two crosses for bravery. Previously to the out-break of hostilities she joined a company of militia—such companies were then forming in various parts of Bulgaria—and accompanied it to the southern frontier in the hope of there meeting with the enemy. During some time she managed to conceal her sex, for her comrades took her to be a youth with an effeminate face, of which there were many such to be met with among the militia. Only the commander of her company knew her secret—she was obliged to disclose it to him when the company set out upon its msrch—and he appears to have loyally kept it to himself. In all exercises, parades and raviews she took part jointly with her male comrades. At last, when Servia declared war against Bulgaria, the heroine took part in the forced march into Servia, fought at the battle of Slivnitza, and joined in the attack upon Pirot. During the fight she did all she could to encourage her comrades, and they, in return, unanimously voted to her the company's medal for bravery. When, in consequence of the war coming to an end, the militia was dispersed she went to Sofia, and was there presented to Prince Alexander, who awarded to her a second decoration for bravery. She then returned to Widin, her place of domicile before the war, where she acts as servant to an old lady. There she relates to all who come into contact with her the exploits she per-formed during the war; how she assisted to take such and such position; how at first the Bulgarians were repulsed, how they afterwards drove back the Servians at the point of the bayonet, and so forth; and she says that should these latter begin another war she will again fight against them, but in her woman's attire, for it is not worth while to change one's dress for such an enemy.'

PHANTOM FORTUNE HUNTERS.

A Bill to Protect Them Against Their Own " Freshness." A Bill is before the English House of Commons which provides that trading companies and associations shall keep a register of unclaimed stocks, shares, unpaid dependences and deposits which they may hold, and that this shall be open to inspection for all persons interested, at all reasonable hours and on the payment of a reasonable fee. In moving the second reading Mr. E. Robertson said: "Since this Bill has been introduced he had repondence from persons interested, and he convinced that whatever might be the amount of money affected by it the who advertised all over the country for claimants to the enormous sums which A paragraph had recently appeared in some newspapers stating that a laborer named Robson, residing at Hexham, had secured claimed. But this was an old paragraph some time ago his aid was solicited by sent in his official capacity. This will be followed by a season of gayety, including and the claimants to it were so numerous numerous grand balls at the Mansion House and other festivities. The event is expected to greatly stimulate trade and industry, not alone in the metropolis, but throughout England.

This bill would destroy the business of the adventurers who traded upon the cupidity and ignorance of the public, and he hoped that the House would allow it to become

law. (Hear, hear.)"

The Oregon's Mail. Bags of mail matter from the lost steam ship Oregon are picked up daily by vessels about the scene of the collision. The newspaper mail picked up comprised bags for Hamilton, Canada, 2 from London, 1 from Glasgow; for Toronto, Canada, 1 from London, 2 from Glasgow. It will be almost impossible to do anything with almost impossible to do anything with these, as the wrappers have been washed off or the addresses rendered illegible. There were thirteen pouches of letters and fifty of papers recovered. Two bags of registered letters from London were among the lot, the contents apparently but slightly damaged as the letters were tied in compact bundles and wrapped with in compact bundles and wrapped with paper before being inclosed in the bags. The letters will be dried and forwarded to their proper destination as rapidly as pos-

John S. Prince, the champion bicycle rider, arrived from England on Tuesday last on the Arizons. He says the Oregon and Arizona left Queenstown together and raced for fifty miles, when the Oregon went to the front.

Juvenile Twigs. A maiden schoolmistress thinks that some of her pupil's compositions are funnier than anything of Mark Twain's. From an essay on "Fashion," written by a boy of 12, she cites the following:

"Sensible people wear sensible fash-ions, and insensible people insensible Another hopeful of hers, writing on the subject, "A Rainy Atternoon," evolved from an inner consciousness deeper than that of Josh Billings the following sen-

"It rained hard, and I could not go wdoors, and so I went out in the shed a

sod some wood." Economical.

Mistress.—"I am going out now, Lena, and you can warm the children's room; but don't fill the grate entirely, as usual, but only three-fourths, because I shall take one of the children along with me."

A 68 pounder twenty-five years ago was he most powerful piece of artillery known, and it threw a projectile 1570 feet per second. Now the weight of guns has increased from 5 to 100 tons, the velocities rom 1 600 to 2,000 feet, and the energies rom 1,100 foot-tons to 52,000 foot-tons.

King Humbert of Italy is practice economy in his household. No observe costing above seven france is kenceforth be drank by the court.