

INGS IN THE WORLD OF SPORT

er Hockey Club Lost \$1987 season Owing to Small Gates

MILTON'S BOAST

They Have a Lot of New Ones in M.A.A.A.—What Price for Walter Johnson?

Hockey Club lost \$1987 last season, due to the slump taken by the club...

win in Kingston on Saturday to re-

College has won the Interscholastic championship for the second time in two years...

Post Hockey Association will open their season on Dec. 8.

meetings which are to be proposed at a meeting of the A. A. U. in one week...

baseball leagues will have to get a new limit of \$5,000 per month...

of the St. Louis Feds have given manager of the club, carte blanche...

ALL SAYS RAILWAY COUNTS TO \$20,000,000

Stock Almost Exactly One-Third No Dividend Whatever.

ch at St. Louis, James J. Hill, the builder and financial magnate...

the latest figures given out by the Interstate Commerce Commission...

Mr. Hill predicts a return to the market when the exchange is trading...

SAYS A STATE OF WAR EXISTS.

London, October 30.—The Russian Embassy announced that a state of war existed between Russia and Turkey...

newspapers

are none the less the less insistent of fluctuating prices going to shop with care.

going to scan advertisement closely than ever first place they are look for it in the paper.

WEATHER: FAIR AND MILD.

Vol. XXIX, No. 149

THE MOLSON'S BANK
Incorporated 1852
Capital Paid Up \$1,000,000
Reserve Fund \$1,500,000

Freeman's Hotel
LUNCH SPECIAL BUSINESS MEN'S LUNCHEON NOW Being Served DAILY in Grill Room 60c.

FRANCE PROVIDES TEN MILLION FOR UNITED STATES PURCHASES
No Public Offering of 6 Per Cent. Treasury Notes Will Be Made—Loan First Made Across Lines to Beligient Government.

New York, October 30.—The French Government has announced a loan of \$10,000,000 with the National City Bank to provide funds for the purchase of war supplies in this country.

It is not expected that any money will go to France out of the proceeds of the sale. The money is being advanced on the understanding that it is to be repaid in the United States.

The total involved in that agreement was \$10,000,000. This loan is the first that has been made to a belligerent government.

The National City Bank has loaned \$3,000,000 to Norway. Switzerland is in the market also for a loan.

FRENCH OFFICIAL STATEMENT.
Paris, October 30.—Official statement: "On the extreme left the floods spread by the Belgian army in the lower Valley of the Yser, have compelled the focus of the enemy to cross that river to retreat."

The British troops attacked at several points to the north of La Bassee by superior forces, have taken an energetic offensive and regained, in a large measure, the ground that had been gained by the enemy.

GERMAN ADVANCE NEAR LA BASSEE.
Paris, Oct. 30.—German troops are reported to be making progress toward the southwest in the region of La Bassee.

It is admitted here that the situation at this point is not wholly satisfactory to the Allies at the present time, but confidence is expressed that they will be able to regain the ground they have lost.

SAYS A STATE OF WAR EXISTS.
London, October 30.—The Russian Embassy announced that a state of war existed between Russia and Turkey and that the Russian Ambassador had left Constantinople.

London, October 30.—News that Turkey had opened hostilities against Russia, was taken here to mean that she was ready to attack England and France as well.

BRITAIN GIVES TURKEY A CHANCE
British Ambassador at Constantinople Warns Grand Vizier of Consequences of Crossing Egyptian Frontier.

London, October 30.—Following the bombardment of Russian coast towns of Theodosia and Novorossiysk by Turkish warships, two Russian ships have been sunk in the Black Sea by the cruiser Goeben.

GOEBEN'S ATTACK ON RUSSIAN SHIPS.
Petrograd, October 30.—Following the bombardment of Russian coast towns of Theodosia and Novorossiysk by Turkish warships, two Russian ships have been sunk in the Black Sea by the cruiser Goeben.

Trustworthy Cutlery
This fine cutlery is all that the name implies. Made of the best Sheffield shear steel. Held in the handle by a patented method. Handles of Sterling Silver, Plated Silver, or the most durable substitute for Ivory, or Stag. You will appreciate the true worth of "Trustworthy" Cutlery when you use it.

The Journal of Commerce

MONTREAL, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1914

THE BUSINESS MAN'S DAILY

ONE CENT

ALLIES MAKE GAIN IN REGION OF LA BASSEE

Announcement of Success There Taken as a Sign of Weakening of German Attack

LOSE FORTIFIED LINES

In Eagerness to Make Way to Sea Coast, the Enemy Have Lost Strongly Fortified Positions. Prepare Strong Attack on Allies' Centre.

(Exclusive Leased Wire to The Journal of Commerce.)
London, October 30.—An important success has been gained by the Allies in the region of La Bassee.

A despatch from Northern France, dated yesterday, states that the Germans were driven back a considerable distance in a furious attack by the Allies.

For the moment, however, the fighting at the other end of the long Allied line is occupying the public attention. The French advance at points near the old French centre have become important and significant.

The conclusion seems to be that the Germans apparently devoting their full strength to the sea-coast advance are slowly losing their grip on the strongly fortified lines they held so stubbornly.

Each advance has counted for little in itself, but during the past month, as a whole, the French have made important gains in this neighborhood.

East and southeast of Verdun the same situation apparently obtains. St. Mihiel and Camp Des Romains are slowly being encircled by the French and indications are that they will be soon captured.

In Belgium and France the fighting continues in some places with unabated fury. The Allies report important gains particularly around Ypres and to the south of Arras.

An indication of the Allies' advance along the sea-coast is given by the report that there has been severe fighting at Hoyat. Around this neighborhood the Germans had occupied some of their big guns, apparently to cover their retreat.

The combat on the Yser apparently continues, although the German attack has slackened, and the Germans are said to be entrenched strongly in certain neighborhoods, as though to cover a retreat.

According to a report to-day from the front in Northern France, the Germans are preparing for a strong attack on the Allied line centering on Lille. This attack will probably be made in conjunction with the drive from Ypres to Boulogne, that the Germans are preparing for.

At numerous other points on the line of combat they have likewise repulsed German attacks, inflicting on them serious losses.

On the rest of the battle front there is no general action, but there are partial offensive movements on our part and on that of the enemy."

TURKS DO MORE DAMAGE.
Bordeaux, October 30.—According to unofficial announcement two Turkish torpedo-boat destroyers entered port of Odessa on the Black Sea and sank a Russian gunboat and damaged the French liner Portugal.

FRENCH COUNT DESTROYING OWN CHATEAU.
Paris, October 30.—The Countess De Chambrun, formerly Miss Clara Longworth, of Cincinnati, a sister of ex-Congressman Nicholas Longworth, has received a letter from her husband who was at one time the French military attaché at Washington, and is now an officer of an artillery company at the front.

UNION FORCES DEFEAT REBELS.
Cape Town, October 30.—Captain Alberts, of the Royal Union forces reports that he came into contact with a party of rebels under Colonel Claassen in the Lichtenburg district, about 175 miles west of Pretoria, defeating them. Claassen was badly wounded.

ALLIES BUYING HEAVILY IN UNITED STATES MARKET

While Imports From and Exports to Germany Decrease, Those in Relation to Allied Countries Show an Increase.

An analysis of the United States September report of Foreign Trade shows the striking changes effected by the war. Imports for the month fell to \$148,000,000, a decrease of \$21,000,000 from the same period last year.

The most striking change in exports is the drop in goods sent to Germany. In September, 1913, the United States exported \$247,800,000 worth of goods to Germany, while in September of this year she exported but \$2,371 worth.

The Allies continue to gain ground on the coast, but only at certain points in the line. As a general proposition the situation in Northern France and Belgium is little changed from yesterday except for the this important Allied gain at La Bassee.

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CONTRIBUTIONS CASH TO NATIONAL FUND

Moscow May Have Contributed More to Their Fund but Cash Worth More Than Paper

WHAT WAS KRUPPS' MILLION

Impossible to Say That Great Britain Did Not Measure up to Other Countries in Generosity Until Condition of Various Gifts are Determined.

(Special Correspondent W. E. Dowling.)
London, October 30. (By mail).—The economic condition of the belligerent countries cannot possibly be known for some time, and to try to make comparisons would be merely futile.

For example some writers have been casting reflections on the generosity of British employers by comparing the sum contributed to the National Relief Fund with the amounts raised for relief in other countries.

Then again, it must be remembered that the National Fund with which the comparison is made, is not the only fund in the country. It is the biggest; but there are also funds raised in various towns for the same purpose which have not been added to the National total.

It is impossible to imagine that the wealth of this country is going to be withheld. Everything that has happened since the outbreak of war indicates the exact opposite.

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Irving P. Rexford, Manager

GERMANS HAMMERING HARD TO FIND WEAKNESS IN LINE

Resume Offensive All Along Line From North Sea to Vosges Mountains—Calling Wars Men to Colors.

Paris, October 30.—The Germans are resuming the offensive all along the line and from the North Sea to the Vosges Mountains they are striking out vigorously in an effort to find a weak spot on the allied front.

Hard fighting again has developed in Northern France, especially in the vicinity of Lille and Arras, where the Germans are using wedge tactics in an attempt to open up the way to Dunkirk and Calais.

Along the Neuport, Dixmude, Ypres line both sides claim to have made gains, but official dispatches to the War Office indicate that the French, British and Belgians have generally had the better of it in that region.

In the region of Ypres and Ostend, the Allies have been making brisk counter-attacks and have taken some trenches. Some of these were found to be half filled with water and the bottom was composed of a deep layer of soft mud.

The Germans are calling more men to the colors, but troops drawn from the residue of male citizenship in the Empire is of a poor quality for soldiers.

FRANCE IS ALSO PREPARING TO PUT MORE MEN IN THE FIELD. It is now estimated that the British have 250,000 men on the firing line in France and Belgium.

POLISH ARMY A VOLUNTARY ONE.
London, October 30.—Polish army corps being formed in Russian Poland by direct orders of Emperor of Russia, says a Petrograd despatch to the Star, is being raised by voluntary enlistment, and is to be officered by Polish officers, even to the general command.

RUSSIANS RE-CAPTURE CZERNOWITZ.
Petrograd, October 30.—Official announcement has been made that the Czernowitz capital of Bukovina, had been re-captured by the Russian troops. This city was evacuated by the Russians when they sent troops to reinforce the army of General Broussiloff in Galicia.

Czernowitz was then occupied by Austrians, but Czernowit's troops from the Russian frontier attacked them when they moved east from Czernowitz to Bokni and inflicted a sharp defeat. In their retreat Austrians attempted to make a stand at Czernowitz, but were driven out in desperate hand to hand fighting.