

HEL ME.



THE "PERSECUTION" OF THE COLONEL

MR. RILEY DISCLOSES FACTS OF PROTEST

The Naval Town in Line for the Liberal Candidate—Good Meeting in Esquimalt.

In the school house at Esquimalt last night, George Riley, the Liberal candidate in the forthcoming bye-election, fired the initial shot in the campaign. There was a good attendance of electors of the district, all of whom seemed to be in thorough accord with the speaker. The remarks were of a different character, and Mr. Riley especially received a most flattering ovation when he rose to address them.

The speech made by Mr. Riley effectively disposed of the fairy tale which Col. Prior is circulating to the effect that he has been persecuted by the Liberals, and has been made a martyr to the rigorous election law of this country. His conduct throughout was outlined by Mr. Riley, and his explanation of the sacrificing efforts of the Colonel on behalf of his colleague, Mr. Earle, were shown up in their true colors. It is safe to say that after the explicit statement made by Mr. Riley less will be heard of the "persecution" of the Colonel.

J. S. Annette, who was elected chairman, reminded his audience that at the general election the people had been made that two steamers would be built on this coast for lighthouse and fishery protection cruisers. That promise had been faithfully kept, and these would be launched in a few days.

The Imperial government had also given a contract to a local firm to build boats for them, and it was because of the encouragement given by the Dominion government that this had been done. If Mr. Riley were returned he had no doubt at all that he would bring to the attention of the Dominion government the necessity of aid to ship building, and they would yet see a man-of-war built on the stocks here.

The Conservative party had been profiting in promises, but not in carrying them out. The Liberals believed in carrying out their ante-election promises. Explaining the reasons for the election meetings being held in Esquimalt on the same night, he said the Liberals had believed up to Saturday night that they were to have the Masonic hall, and on the strength of that had called their meetings there.

The trade returns in Canada since the advent of the Liberals reflected the progressive spirit of the Laurier government. The Liberal government had selected for cabinet positions men of agriculture, a practical farmer, and the other portfolios had been filled in the same suitable way. At the last election the president of the Conservative Association had stated that this had been done. Bridge that of course they could not see what Messrs. Prior and Earle had done at Ottawa, but that doubtless they had done something. If the president of the association could not see what they had done the electors could not be blamed for failing to do so, or to vote for them.

Gordon Hunter, K. C., was then called upon. He expressed his pleasure at speaking in support of his old friend, George Riley, who had been born near the speaker's home. He was old enough to be the speaker's father and old enough to be the best candidate for the Liberal party in Victoria.

In 1891 the country was under the operation of the much vaunted National Policy. Although enunciated to protect infant industries it had only made a few men millionaires. In this country there were no Liberals rich men. The majority of rich men were Conservatives, because the Conservative policy favored rich men. It was natural, therefore, that Sir John Macdonald should come down to the Red Parlor in Toronto and exact large sums for election purposes from leading manufacturers and carry elections, while the Liberals were always crippled in funds.

In the United States the Republican party responded to the needs of the people, while the Democrats corresponded to the Liberals. The result was a state of affairs which would some day provoke a revolution. It was impossible for one man in office, by honest endeavors, to amass a million dollars as Rockefeller and others had done. The Liberal party was the greatest good to the greatest number.

The Liberal party on coming into power were confronted by a number of industries built up during the eighteen years of Conservative reign. It would have been manifestly unjust to have devalued those men of their means of livelihood. But the government was gradually bringing the tariff policy down to one of free trade.

The party had been hampered, too, by the attitude of the United States, and had been obliged to purchase for markets among those of our own people. He admired the stand of the Premier, that there would be no more missions to Washington. It will become Col. Prior to the last Liberal candidate, Mr. William Laurier, who had so bravely stood with men that French blood mingled with that of Britons on the field of Panderberg. Sir Wilfrid was the first Canadian whom Canada had produced. The personnel of the Liberal cabinet was reviewed by the speaker, who dwelt upon the aggregation of strong men which had been gathered together in the present administration.

In Mr. Riley they had a stalwart member of the Liberal party—one who had great personal influence among the leaders of the party. They had orators spare at Ottawa. They wanted a man who had the time and the disposition to serve his constituency. Was it wise to send a man like Mr. Barnard, who could have no influence with the powers that be, instead of a man like Mr.

Riley, who would be admitted to the innermost councils of the party? Mr. Riley, while not a man of wealth, was possessed of sufficient means to give his attention to the affairs of the constituency, and would do so if returned as their member.

He closed by heartily endorsing Mr. Riley's candidature. Mr. Riley, who received a very hearty reception, extended to his friends his hearty thanks for their support in the last campaign. He then proceeded directly to deal with the statements made regarding the circumstances leading up to the unseating of Col. Prior.

Col. Prior, he said, a few evening since made many very incorrect statements. For himself he would lose an election ten times over before he would state an untruth.

It was but fair that he should state the facts. During the campaign Mr. Drury required some campaign literature. He went down and asked Col. Prior if he could furnish him with it, and Col. Prior kindly did so.

Before Mr. Drury left the room, however, Col. Prior told him in the most confidential way that Mr. Riley was not giving him (Mr. Drury) a fair deal, but was canvassing for Prior and Riley.

He found Mr. Drury didn't take any stock in his statements, and then he attempted to pledge him to secrecy. It was because of that man act that the speaker lodged the protest. He went into it single handed. It cost no one a dollar but himself, excepting that he had the splendid services of Mr. Hunter as counsel, a gentleman to whom he was on friendly terms. He had large interests in Victoria, and would render it good service. The Liberal government had been just and wise, and Conservatives would only be doing their duty by voting for Mr. Riley.

Harry A. Munn referred to Mr. Barnard's claim that it was quite as beneficial to send him to Ottawa as Mr. Riley. He had made two trips to Ottawa, and he assured them Mr. Barnard would be a very small dot on the back benches of the opposition. His influence for Victoria's good would be nil, and thank God he could not do Victoria much harm.

He reminded them of the possible effect the election of Mr. Barnard might have in the event of a re-election measure. If he were sent to Ottawa, it would be cold justice, whereas if Mr. Riley were sent it would be tempered with mercy.

The fisheries regulations and the coasting and shipping laws were matters requiring attention. American hulls could be brought in here on payment of duty. If this were amended our shipyards might be busier.

The building of an all-Canadian railway to the Yukon was another pressing need. There was an empire in itself, but we were not reaping one-tenth of the benefit it should confer. If we had our own railway it would be rendering a great service to herself and the Empire. It would assist in solving the Alaskan boundary question. This government was not only a Canadian one, but it paid heed to the Imperial obligations.

Additional fighting was required for our coasts, although the government had made a great improvement in this respect. These were all things which affected our pockets, and should influence our vote.

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SAILED FOR ENGLAND. New York, Jan. 22.—The American liner Philadelphia, which sailed for England today, had among her passengers Guglielmo Marconi, the inventor of wireless telegraphy, and Richard Croker. Marconi is going abroad to perfect arrangements for his transatlantic experiments.

FIGHT WITH ARMENIANS. The Turkish Troops Lost an Officer and Two Men.

Constantinople, Jan. 22.—Two armed Armenian bands have appeared at Stankio, in the Mush district of Asiatic Turkey. In an encounter between the Armenians and a detachment of Turkish troops the latter lost an officer and two men killed.

ERIE RAILWAY DIVIDEND. New York, Jan. 22.—The directors of the Erie railroad have declared a dividend of 1½ per cent, on first preferred stock out of the earnings for the six months ended December 31st. The dividend is at the same rate as the one preceding.

COUNTERFEITS AND IMITATIONS. Dastardly Attempts Made to Have Our People Buy Worthless Medicines Labelled As Celery Compounds.

There are Dishonest Men Who Foist Their Worthless Substitutes On The Public, Deceiving Those Who Intend Buying PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

If the sick, suffering or friends of such who are using or about to use Paine's Celery Compound for the banishment of disease and the restoration of health, wish to avoid deception, loss of money and serious dangers, they should buy themselves when buying that the name PAIN'S is on each wrapper and bottle that is offered them. Any other preparation offered as a celery compound is a fraud and deception of the worst character.

way through the Indian reserve? For ten years the Conservative administration had promised a certain gentleman the right-of-way through that reserve, and used it as a club over him. When brought to Mr. Riley's attention that gentleman had seen the matter done without delay.

Already the government had saved the city \$40,000 by granting the use of the new dredge for work on James Bay. The Colonist had appealed to the public not to be guided by self interest, and if they could not send the Voice from the West, a mythical personage with an immense opinion of itself, to send Mr. Barnard. But this was a material age. Constituencies were looking not alone for justice, but for a little more than justice. It was that "little more than justice" that Victoria required.

The Liberal party in British Columbia had its differences, but they would not be settled in the Dominion fight. On that issue they were as one. From Atlantic to Pacific there was the mud-writing on the wall that Laurier had made a nation out of a colony.

Harry Bollen said he could not make a speech, but merely asked them to return Mr. Riley to Ottawa, as he believed they would. He had large interests in Victoria, and would render it good service. The Liberal government had been just and wise, and Conservatives would only be doing their duty by voting for Mr. Riley.

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The manufacturers of Paine's Celery Compound already know of many cases of suffering aggravated and intensified by these vile substitutes for Paine's Celery Compound sold to unsuspecting people. These spurious brands of celery compound are sold by some dealers for the sole reason of the immense profit that is derived from their sale. As far as the unscrupulous dealers are concerned, they care little whether the patient is killed or cured; profit, and a mighty one too, is their great object. If you cannot get the genuine Paine's Celery Compound from your dealer, The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, Montreal, will send two bottles express charges paid to your nearest Express Station for two dollars, or six for five dollars. Money must accompany order.

SELF-ABNEGATION OF THE COLONEL

HE SAVED MR. EARLE AND OTHER FRIENDS

A True and Candid History Given by Himself—The Conservative Candidate on the Issues.

Mr. Barnard, the Conservative candidate, and his friends, held a meeting in the Masonic hall in Esquimalt last night, there being a good sized audience in attendance.

Harry Bollen said he could not make a speech, but merely asked them to return Mr. Riley to Ottawa, as he believed they would. He had large interests in Victoria, and would render it good service. The Liberal government had been just and wise, and Conservatives would only be doing their duty by voting for Mr. Riley.

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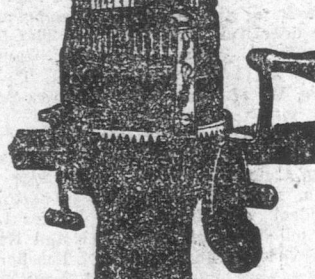
Order of all chemists, or post free for \$1.00 to E. B. & S. E. LTD., Montreal, or MARTIN, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Southampton, England, or P. O. Box 230, Victoria, B. C.

More Home Knitters Wanted

THE HOME MONEY MAKER

To Work at Their Homes Under the Direction of THE GLASGOW WOOLLEN CO., 37 MELINDA STREET, TORONTO.

To Fill Large Contracts—Good Wages Easily Earned.



Machine weighs 17 pounds. It is more wonderful than a sewing machine. Just as durable and higher speed.

We wish to secure the services of families to do knitting for us in their homes. Our method is the same as adopted in England. We are the introducers of this plan and the largest manufacturer in Canada.

As soon as experience we have been able to produce an Automatic Machine by which all kinds of seamless knitting is now done by our Family Machine, thereby enabling us to do any kind of knitting in a few minutes. The work being made expressly for this purpose, and the operation so simple, it cannot possibly make a mistake in its work. The great demand now is for Baby Stockings, Women's Socks and Motormen's Mittens, and, as we are unable to supply the demand, have taken this method of advertising for more help.

The large export trade to the Northwest Territories, British Columbia and the British Colonies furnishes an unlimited demand for our goods, and with the combined operation of the many families we are employing, together with the large amount of knitting we are able to turn out, we are able to underwrite any manufacturer's of this class of goods, and we have a large stock of all the knitting we can have turned out.

The price we pay for finished stockings is \$10.00 per hundred, or at the rate of 10c per pair. Women's socks, 5c, and motormen's mittens, 12c a pair. All other work in proportion to similar work.

The machine can be operated by any one of a family, and at our prices any energetic family should be able to sustain themselves comfortably, and in time be a source of independent comfort.

Our plan is to send out each machine to beginners with a book of stocking patterns, and also enough yarn to knit one pair of sample socks or stockings and a simple and complete instruction guide, showing how the work is to be done. When the samples have been finished and returned to us, we will send you the quantity of yarn, which you knit and return likewise when finished. We prepay charges on all work one way, and our workers pay return charges. The work, as we have stated, is simple and rapid, and the machine having a capacity of ten thousand stitches a minute, we have many persons now in our employ who can knit from twenty-five to thirty-five pairs of socks or stockings a day, and where the time of a family is devoted to the work, we readily see that \$15.00 or \$20.00 per week can be easily earned.

We furnish our workers all the materials, yarn, etc., free, and everything that is necessary for the work. We are furnishing the machines only for the exclusive use of those desiring to take employment with us, who must, in order to become a member, send us this Contract Order Form, properly signed by them and at least one good reference. Our references are accurate, and give us the necessary assurance that the quantities of valuable yarn we may send from time to time will not be wasted or misappropriated. Our interest in mutual advantage is our only motive. We are established if we are to succeed. We guarantee fair dealing and prompt payment for work, so do not ask us to devote from our leisure, as we cannot make a mistake in our work, and if you emerge with us (whole or spare time) we will keep you supplied with work as fast as it is needed. We pay for us and return it promptly. We cannot overstate the value of this plan, and the quantities of valuable yarn, and the work we can do for you.

If at any time after you commenced, you wish to discontinue, we will return your machine and refund the amount paid for same, after deducting cost of our expenses, etc.

The Large Demand by the Trade for this class of work. Our workers can depend upon it year after year, and if you emerge with us (whole or spare time) we will keep you supplied with work as fast as it is needed. We pay for us and return it promptly. We cannot overstate the value of this plan, and the quantities of valuable yarn, and the work we can do for you.

No Connection With any Other Company.

REPORTED SUICIDE OF YOUNG GAMBLER

LOST HIS EARNINGS PLAYING CHUCK LUCK

Is Reported to Have Taken His Life In Despair—Story Will Be Investigated by Police.

During the next few days the police will be busily engaged in investigating the case of a young Chinese gambler, who is reported to have taken his life in despair. The story will be investigated by the police.

The large staff of men now employed at Spencer's are gradually getting matters into shape there, and as soon as the insurance matters are adjusted, the order will be completely restored. The danger from the brick coping at the top of the store front on Broad street has been overcome by building a temporary roof of planks and beams, and the work will not be exposed to the force of the wind. The work has been under the direction of Architect Hooper.

The damaged stock is now being sorted, the rubbish having been all removed, and the building has been completely cleaned of the traces of fire and smoke. C. Spencer, who was in England at the time of the fire, is expected home in a few days, when arrangements will be made for reopening. It is altogether likely that ultimately an almost entirely new structure, several stories in height, will replace the present building, affording a fine example of the constantly expanding business of the firm.

Foreign physicians are now experimenting with frog lymph as a preventive of hydrophobia.

THE GLASGOW WOOLLEN CO., 37 MELINDA STREET, TORONTO.

To Fill Large Contracts—Good Wages Easily Earned.

We want a few more workers in this locality, at once, and in order to secure your co-operation without the delay of correspondence, we herewith explain our full plan in this advertisement. The work is simple and the Machine is easily operated, and with the Guide requires no teacher. If you wish to join our staff of Workers let us hear from you promptly with the Contract order form and remittance, as a guarantee, and we will send machine and outfit to begin work at once.

OUR METHOD OF DOING BUSINESS.

references as to our honesty and integrity, we must ask you to do the same, in order that we may know with whom we are dealing.

We have, in as brief a manner as possible, endeavored to show you what our work is, and we simply say as to the Machine. It is just what we represent it to be, and will positively do everything we claim for it, or refund the money. Each machine, securely packed with an outfit, is set up for work, thoroughly tested and a sock or stocking partially knitted before boxing and shipping. Should you decide to engage with us, it will be necessary to send us Cash Contract Order Form, properly signed by you and at least one good reference, together with the remittance accordingly, upon receipt of which we will forward machine and outfit ready to commence.

GLASGOW WOOLLEN CO., 37 Melinda street, Toronto.

Our references—Express Companies, Banks, or Toronto Small Business Men.

If you wish to examine the machine and see the material before undertaking the work, you can do so by sending \$2.00 as a guarantee of good faith, and to defray expense of shipping and we will send everything to your nearest express company, leaving a balance of two dollars to pay the agent and 25 cents for the return charges on the money to us.

ORDER FORM—\$15.00 Cash Contract Order Form. To the Glasgow Woollen Co. I desire to do the work described in this advertisement, and enclose \$15.00 to pay for one Automatic Knitting Machine, together with material, instructions, and everything necessary for the work. The same to be sent to me by Express, CHARGES, PREPAID.

It is understood and agreed that any time I wish to discontinue, that the Glasgow Woollen Co. will take back the machine and outfit, after deducting their expenses, expressage, etc., refund to me the amount paid for same. Sender or head of family (if possible) must sign here.

Full name Street P.O. Prov. County Nearest Express Office is at For reference I name the following person:

Send your remittance by Express Money Order Registered Letter or Post Office Money Order, and we will return the machine and outfit to you as soon as we are doing the work. This is the best offer ever made for the benefit of Canadians who want to work and make money at home. Victoria Times.

A Pair in 30 Minutes

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NEARLY STARVED TO DEATH

A Nova Scotia Lady Has a Terrible Experience For Nine Long Years It Lasted.

Mrs. James Bradley, of Smith's Cove, Digby Co., N. S., relates a most interesting story of starvation and suffering which she has been called on to endure for the last nine years. She had Dyspepsia and was treated by all the best doctors within her reach but without receiving any benefit, indeed without securing even the slightest relief from the pain and distress which tortured her.

Her only escape from the pain of Dyspepsia was found in a starvation system of dieting which reduced her bodily strength till she was as weak as a child. She says:

"No tongue can tell what I have suffered. I cannot describe it. I had to starve myself, and had given up all hope of ever having anything to help me."

She saw an advertisement of Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets and commenced a treatment of this remedy with the result that she was relieved almost immediately. Encouraged by this she continued till she had used nearly six boxes. She is completely cured and says:

"I am thankful to be able to say that I am altogether cured. I can eat anything I fancy