

share in promoting the general progress. It should be the aim of the design to denote all such matters in the architectural features of the tower, so that it would strike the beholder even in external appearance, as appropriately fulfilling the purpose of its erection. The structure itself should be able to tell its tale to the spectator in after years, when present actors may be forgotten. It should practically and unmistakably proclaim the spirit of these words: "This is a memorial tower, erected by a grateful people to inform the world that new nations were born, and with their birth the old mother became larger, nobler, more perfect than before."

TO THE GOVERNMENTS AND PEOPLE OF THE COMMONWEALTH
AND STATES OF AUSTRALIA, THE DOMINION OF NEW
ZEALAND, SOUTH AFRICA AND ITS PROVINCES, THE
DOMINION AND PROVINCES OF CANADA.

On behalf of the Canadian Club of Halifax, Nova Scotia, and other Canadian Clubs, attention is invited to a subject of peculiar interest to the people of the whole British Empire.

The subject is set forth at length in three pamphlets, dated respectively August 19th, September 2nd and October 2nd, 1908. Those documents point out that, after preliminary negotiations with the Mayor of Halifax, the Canadian Club of that City undertook the patriotic duty of erecting a memorial to commemorate an event in history which appears to-day to be of imperishable importance. That Club, in a fourth small pamphlet, issued the appeal which is reproduced in the foregoing pages (6, 7 and 8.)

These several documents point out that it is proposed to erect a Memorial Tower at Halifax on the Atlantic Coast of Canada. That City being regarded by historians as the constitutional birthplace of the British Empire, as it stands to-day. It is designed that the proposed Tower shall be of noble proportions, and shall constitute a symbolic expression, in the native granite of the country, of the gratitude of the