

have received assistance from the Council, so that in fact the Council is taking care of half of the cost. Now, this makes it feasible in British Columbia under these conditions to go ahead.

Senator LAMBERT: Therefore, your suggestion would be modified or qualified to this extent: The Council of Arts and Sciences are already undertaking to do something. I think your recommendation to this committee would be that the approach to Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation should be modified to that extent, at any rate—the Council of Arts and Sciences have already got the matter in their hands.

SENATOR WALL: Subject to correction, would it not be fair to say that the \$50 million that is in the hands of the Council, part of which may go to residences as Dr. Stewart has indicated, would come nowhere near meeting the need for residences. I think Dr. Matthews might verify this. By a very modest plan the universities have listed their intentions to construct residences amounting to about \$50 million, which is a very conservative figure—it is \$5 million a year for ten years. So that if Canada Council is to meet half of that need for residences it would have to spend \$25 million for residences alone, which I doubt could happen. Would Dr. Stewart care to comment on that?

Senator LAMBERT: May I state that the point you raised is not the point I have in mind at all. Whatever the comments are is another matter. The point I want to make, Mr. Chairman, is that this committee makes a report to the Senate and in that report if it saw fit, it might include the recommendation you suggest, but it would depend entirely then upon the concurrence of the Senate in the recommendation contained in the report whether that could be done or not. It seems to me that to get the action that you are urging you are using this committee, sir, and using it perfectly legitimately, to set forth the facts of the situation, to inform all and sundry including this committee what the university building situation is. Now, as to what action you get after that either on the part of the Council of Arts and Sciences or the Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation would be, in my opinion, beyond the control or direction of this committee.

Senator MOLSON: Mr. Chairman, could I ask Dr. Stewart if it would be true to say that the provision of residences would be made more feasible, perhaps made possible if a university could raise say \$100 under its own power and thus be in a position to ask the Canada Council for \$100 to match that, and that would give it the capital sum of \$200. Having that much capital it might then be in the position, if a mortgage loan were made to it at advantageous terms, to build college residences. Do you think that might be possible?

Dr. STEWART: That is the best statement of our position that could possibly be made. That is exactly what we want to say to you.

Senator MOLSON: In other words the possibility of grants from the Canada Council would be there, but those grants would be complementary to anything else that is either suggested in this brief or on the part of the universities themselves.

Dr. STEWART: That is right. We know the position of the Canada Council and we are making this submission in full knowledge of what they are able to do, and we are simply saying this is another element in the problem which would help us quite considerably.

Senator CAMPBELL: What is the policy of the province of Alberta in respect to university grants?

Dr. STEWART: I also represent the University of Alberta. I am told we are in a rather favourable position. I am not in a position to speak for our less favoured colleagues. The University of Alberta has done very well