5. YUKON TERRITORY

S. 3 of C. 17 of the 1914 Consolidated Ordinances provides that the Commissioner of the Yukon may by commission empower anyone to take affidawits, etc., out of the Territory for use in the Territorial Court.

S. 46 of the Evidence Ordinance, C. 30, provides that affidavits, etc., for use in any Yukon Court, may be taken out of the Territory before any of the following:

"A commissioner authorized by the laws of the Yukon Territory to take affidavits in and for any of the courts of this Territory"; A long list of British officials; The mayor of any town; A notary public; "Consul General, Consul, Vice-Consul, Pro-Consul, or Consular Agent of His Majesty exercising this function in any foreign place or any person acting as such . . ."

S. 46 also provides that any such document purporting to have affixed the official seal and signature of any Consul General, etc., shall be admitted in evidence without proof of such seal and signature or of the official character of such person.

## 6. NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES

S. 3 of C. 24 of the 1898 Consolidated Ordinances provides that the Lieutenant-Governor may by commission empower anyone to take affidavits, etc., out of the Territories for use in the Supreme Court of the Territories.

S. 298 of the Judicature Ordinance, C. 21, provides that affidavits, etc., for use in the Supreme Court may be taken out of the Territories before any of the following:

> ". . . a commissioner appointed for the purpose of taking affidavits outside of the North-West Territories to be used within the said Territories . . ."; A long list of British officials; A notary public; ". . . any of Her Majesty's consuls or vice-consuls in any foreign part of Her Majesty's Dominions . . ."

S. 293 also provides that affidavits, etc., taken before consuls or vice-consuls, shall be under their hand and seal, and that the court shall take judicial notice of the seal and signature.

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