

As indicative of the international character of the evils of water pollution, Dr. Hodgetts points out that the waters of the St. Lawrence, which at Montreal should be comparatively pure, are polluted, not only by Canadian municipalities, but also by the acts of residents in the States of New York, Michigan, Ohio, etc., who wantonly pour millions of gallons of sewage daily into the waters of the Great Lakes. Hence, even if every Province in Canada had a similar or identical law repressing the pollution of its water supplies, the dangers, respecting waters which are in part international in origin or location, would not be entirely removed. Another international feature of the case is the pollution of the Great Lakes during the season of navigation, when as many as ten million persons travel on the ships, which ply on these waters.

Brief references were made in the paper to those States of the United States and to European countries, in which advanced laws are enforced to restrain the pollution of water supplies, *viz.*, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Kansas, Great Britain, Germany, Prussia, Saxony.

A special word of approval was given to the Act Respecting the Public Health of Saskatchewan, section 23 of which provides, that the consent of the Commissioner of Health shall be obtained before any by-law providing for the raising of money for the construction, operation or extension of any system of water works, common sewer, system of sewerage or sewage disposal shall be voted upon by the rate-