my own European collection, so I am unable to make further comparisons at present. Sir George Hampson unites them all as one species, under *umbra*, citing:

Ab. 1. exprimens.—Fore wing with the postmedial and terminal areas suffused with brown.—Canada and U.S.A. Ab. 2. cilisca.—Hind wing paler yellow, the postmedial band pale crimson.—U.S.A. and Brazil.

373. Cosmia decolor Walk. (not discolor).—The type is a rather dark, smoky-suffused orange male from Orillia, Ontario, and is probably the one figured by Hampson, but the black streak shown near the inner margin is presumably an artist's error. Discolor of our lists was merely a mis-spelling, and the name unfortunately should stand as a synonym.

374. C. infumata Grt. = punctirena Smith.—Grote's type, a female from Malawqua Co. (?Chautauqua), New York, is a very dark fuscous-brown specimen. Of punctirena I have seen two types, male and female, from Yellowstone Park, Wyoming, in the Washington Museum. There is no type there from Cartwright as I previously stated. The types are a trifle reddish, even, and have the t.a. line angled rather than curved, but are certainly the same as infumata, and my tentative synonymy of this and decolor has proved correct. Sir George Hampson correctly keeps European paleacea distinct, but fails to recognize two North American species. I do not blame him. I have no modification to make of my former notes, and nothing to add, but I must admit that I should probably never have suspected, or, at any rate, been able to separate the two species if I had not had the opportunity of studying them in nature. As it is, I cannot always place specimens with certainty.

Hampson places them in the genus *Enargia* Hubn., and, as is his rule, changes the gender of the specific name to concord with that of the genus, thus making the name *decolora* Walk. He makes *infumata* ab.1. "Head, thorax and fore wing thickly irrorated with fuscous." "Ab. 2. Fore wing yellowish white, with slight dark irroration." This is a male from Lower Klamath River, California, and is a very pale whitish *decolor*. I have seen other similar specimens, and Dr. Barnes has such a female from Victoria, B. C., bearing a manuscript name. "Ab. 3. Fore wing pale yellow.