eflections at the Close of Day.

The departure of day is a natural period for reduction. Another portion of our brief exties is stricken off. The hopes that enthe employments that occupied it, re laid aside, and the mind which was, perhance, too much elated or depressed by suraunding objects-subsiding, takes more accustemote of time, and of itself. Light withraws its exciting vehicle, and silent Darkness, ne sister of Contemplation, resumes her reign. 'he solemn regency of stars comes forth on ie mighty concave, bearing witness that God emembereth his great family, around whom e hath drawn the curtains of repose. Peraps the moon, silvering hill and vale and tream, glide on her course of beauty, the hosage of a more glorious orb, which shall soon evisit the firmament. Seem they not all to the promise of Divine love-" Seed-time nd harvest, and summer and winter, and day and might, shall not cease?"

us look back upon all the changes of the arted day. Let us take our leave of it, kindly and tenderly, as of a friend who must return o us no more. It brought us gifts from the Better Land,"-opportunities of acquiring nowledge, of confirming good resolution into nabit of seeking the happiness of others, and fincreasing our own. May we be enabled to comple the memory of its gifts with their faithal improvement. May it have spoken to us of Lim who sent them and itself to us in mercy, and found listening and loving hearts. And if, is we retrace its lineaments, a tear of contriion should mingle with them, may it be acepted by Him

Who, from his throne of glory hears Through scraph songs, the sound of tears."

There bid farewell to the day whose mantle in tailed at the gates of the west, let us inquire event has marked it in the old time that betore us. Perhaps it was the anniversasome revolution in the history of nations; Le birth or death of some illustrious indivior, in the domestic annal, it may have ayed some feature of joy or sorrow, of or adversity, which it is both fitting and ary to retrace and depress. The habit of ting our recurring days by the peculiar ments which appertain to them, imparts a of individuality which heightens their imince, and might aid us in so arresting their ng course, as to number and apply them isdom. It is a useful practise, to arrange matically, in a manuscript book a list of! That take the ruffian billows by the top,

events which have distinguished every day in the year. They may be gathered from the scroll of history, from general reading, especially biographical, and from the heart's treasured legends of friendship and domestic love. To recapitulate in the evening the events thus commemorated, among other subjects of meditation, will often have a tendency to rekindle gratitude to an unwearied Benefactor.

At this very moment, during years that are past, nations may have been organizing amid the pangs of revolution, or the horrors of war. Is our own country at peace? and under the protection of laws, which give confidence to the weakest, and guard the rights of those who have no where to lay their heads? How many may have mourned the fate of their dearest ones slain in battle; or, musing on their adventurous course upon the deep, shudder at the thought of the tempest and the iceberg, and the shipwreck! Are those whom we love, safe? How many are now suffering from sickness, or bending, with broken hearts, over the couch of the dving! Are we in health? Are our dear ones untouched by the destroyer?

Souis are at this moment going forth, some rent unwillingly from the body, terror-stricken, unprepared. Is our own ready for the summons? Oh! how great is the value of each fleeting day, which, by lengthening our probation, gives us opportunity to repair what has been omitted, to repent of what is amiss, and to take stronger hold of that only hope, which is, the soul as can anchor, sure and steadfast."

The spirit of our graceful prayer should rise upon the downy pinions inight, for the refreshment of sleep. How sweet, yet mysterious, is that balm which, shed on the closing evelids, soothes the weary multitude from their pain, and cheats the worldly-minded from their "carking care," and divides the bad, for a while, from their evil practices, and renews the Christian to "run his way rejoicing."-The sad of heart lays down his burden; and an act of oblivion passes over all that had distressed him. The traveller ceases to count the leagues that divide him from his native land, and the prisoner to measure the walls of his dungeon. The galley-slave bows his head upon the ear, and is as great as a king. The sea-boy forgets alike the storm that rocks the mast, and the home that he had too rashly left. The voyager, with the tear of parting on his cheek, slumbers deeply, notwithstanding

"The visitation of the winds, -