Harvests without Previous Sowing .- In the Schnellpost we find an account of a method of men of wheat, grown by a farmer named Keat compelling the wheat plant to become perennial, ing near Newchapel, has been left at our office like grass, and to perfect its grains annually with- It is a double ear, and Keating states that he ha out annual sowing of seed, which has been success- two acres of a similar wheat growing at present fully practised at Constance, in Germany. It In the year 1843 his daughter found, in gleaning was discovered by a steward of an estate named an ear similar to the one left at our office, which Kern .- His method after ploughing and manur- she brought to her father. He planted the grant ing the land and sowing it with Summer or Win- and has since continued to sow their produce up ter wheat, is to mow it in the Spring before the Itil he has now a splendid field of the wheat. To ear makes its appearance. This process is re- ear contains one hundred and twenty-one grains peated several times in the season, and the pro- - Taperary Free Press. duct is used as hay. The plant is then allowed to grow and be cut in the ordinary manner. The next year it ripens earlier and bears more abundantly than wheat treated in the ordinary manner. It is manured in the autumn like grass in the meadows, and in Spring cleared from weeds In this manner, from one field, four successive harvests have been gathered .- Typerary Free tied up and kept till old enough to drink. Press.

Curious Agricultural Phenomenon .- A speci

How to make Mead .- To one gallon of water add four peunds of pure honey, and aromatherbs or not, according to taste. Boil the whole in a copper nearly three-quarters of an hour, an skim well. Then allow the mead to stand in the copper until nearly cold, when it should be be-American Agriculturist.