TORONTO STEAM LAUNDRY
SHIRTS, COLLARS AND CUFFS A SPECIALTY
106 YORK-ST., NEAR KING
GEO. P. SHARPE.

The Toronto World.

G. B. GZOWSKI, JR.
Late Gzowski & Buchan, Stock and Exchange Broker and General Agent, changes all kinds of money, buys and sells drafts on New York and London; also agent Dominion Royal Mail Line of steamships for Europe.

NINTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 28, 1888. PRICE ONE CENT.

NEW FINANCIAL MOVES.

REAL ESTATE PURCHASES BY THE TRUSTS CO. AND THE UNION BANK.

Another New Trusts Co. Being Formed—Its Leading Shareholders—The Future of the Old Bank of Commerce Building—The Safe Deposit Business.

Toronto's financial institutions are steadily growing in individual strength and number. This morning The World announces the formation of a new Trusts Co. of the highest standing, the purchase of a building for itself by that successful institution, the Toronto General Trusts Co., and the purchase by the Union Bank of Canada of the building now occupied by its Toronto branch on Wellington-street.

Things are more and more shaping toward those two little streets that cross one another, Melinda and Jordan, becoming the main financial thoroughfares of Toronto. At the head of Jordan-street is now the Bank of Hamilton and the new Bank of Commerce; at its foot the Union Bank; on either side of the same end the Standard and Merchants' and many other concerns on either side of it.

The Toronto General Trusts Co.'s Purchase.

The Toronto General Trusts Company has completed the purchase of the old Bank of Commerce building, corner of Yonge and Colborne-streets. The company would rather have procured a site on the north side of King-street somewhere between Toronto and Bay-streets, and if such could have been purchased a handsome building would have been erected. Jackes' building, corner King and Jordan-streets, was offered at $2000 per foot, but that figure was considered too high; a property on King-street between Toronto and Yonge was offered at $1500, a foot and it was decided by the company to accept it, but the owner withdrew. On the north side of King between Yonge and Bay not a foot of land could be purchased at less than $2000 a foot. The company have decided to take the Bank of Commerce building and as soon as possible alter it for their accommodation. On the ground floor handsome offices for the company will be fitted up and strong safe deposit vaults will be built after the plans of similar institutions in the large cities of the United States. The vaults will not only be for rent for bonds, etc., but all kinds of valuables will be received. The vaults will be as complete as those in any city on the continent. Besides the vaults and offices on the ground floor a reading and sitting room will be fitted out for the accommodation of patrons. The upper part of the building will be fitted up as chambers and suites of rooms for rent. The plans are now drawn, but when the changes are made it is estimated that their cost will be about $90,000.

The Union Bank's Purchase.

The directors of the Union Bank of Canada have purchased the building of the Federal Bank on Wellington-street now occupied by their Toronto agency. This is an evidence that the business here under Mr. Buchanan's management is a success and that they have come to Toronto to stay. The site is one of the best banking locations in the city.

The New Trusts Company.

The World yesterday gathered some particulars of another new financial institution to be started in this city and to be known as the Ontario Trusts Company, application for letters of incorporation of which have already been made to the proper authorities. Among the proposed directors and shareholders are Hon. J. C. Aikins, P. C., President; Hon. Sir Adam Wilson, Hon. Sir Richard Cartwright, P.C., K.C.M.G., Hon. S. C. Wood, John L. Blaikie, A. A. Wood, Hugh Ryan, W. Cooke, G. W. Kiely, Hon. James R. Gowan, Wilmot D. Matthews, John Stuart, James Turnbull, J. J. Kenny, Alexander Manning and Hon. C. F. Fraser. The manager is to be Mr. Alfred E. Plummer, formerly inspector of the Federal Bank, and the solicitor Mr. Frank Arnoldi, of the firm of Hoskin & Arnoldi, Toronto. The capital stock is to be $1,000,000 in 10,000 shares of $100 each, and the letters patent are to be taken out under the Ontario law. Already over one third of the stock has been subscribed, and the names of those subscribing for it include many of the best men throughout Ontario, and some from Montreal. It is proposed that not more than 10 per cent. upon the face value of the shares be called up as the paid up or working capital of the company, but the subscription of stock is to be subject to the provisions of the joint stocks companies letters patent act, a feature which will give the main security of the company fulfilling all its trusts. The shares being in the hands of wealthy and reliable men and only one tenth of the amount having been paid up, the shareholders will be good for the amount and liable to the clients and creditors of the company for $900,000.

The prospectus of the company states that the increase of wealth of individuals and municipalities and corporations in Canada during recent years has multiplied indefinitely trust and fiduciary relations. The company will be prepared to take over trusts from private individuals and corporations of all kinds, for the settlement of family matters and the management of sinking funds, the payment of interest and the thousand and one duties that devolve upon executorships and administratorships. The company will also negotiate large loans for municipalities and other corporations. The company will be, too, a rival of the Toronto General Trusts Company for the management of court funds, but it puts forth the plea that the second company is necessary, as in case of conflicting trusts one company can only act for one side and it would not do for two parties to a cause to resort to one trust.

The company base their hope of profit and extensive business upon the fact that the company already in operation has a rapidly increasing and very profitable business, and that instead of competition interfering with either concern it will promote the interests of both. The Ontario Trusts Company will also go into the safe deposit business and when it has been duly organized a building will be secured and vaults erected for the accommodation of its clients. The promoters of the company hope to have everything organized and running in a very few weeks.

Mr. Brown Enlarging His Stables.

Mr. Charles Brown, the cab and livery proprietor, King-street, has purchased the extensive stables on Adelaide-street opposite the Grand Opera House, and will open them today as a boarding and sales stables. He will continue the cab and carriage stand where it is, and will have at the Adelaide-street stables accommodation for a large number of additional horses. Last night he received a car load of western horses, personally selected by himself. These will be for sale at Adelaide-street. They include saddle horses, drivers, general purpose and workers. He has one special pair of roan geldings weighing 3100 pounds, of good breeding, suitable for almost anything, as they are of good action and active. New lots of horses will be constantly arriving and offered to the public.

Denouncing the Church of Rome.

The Argyle-street Baptist Church held a large audience last evening to hear Rev. Father Chiniquy elaborate on the evils of the Roman Church, and tell of what bad things some men do do. The address was a repetition of Monday evening's lecture, bearing more particularly on the subject of the fallacy of the Pope. The way to counteract all the difficulties arising from this dangerous source would be to completely efface the Church of Rome, building up in her stead a church of God undivided and unparted, so that no heresy could possibly exist. Father Chiniquy lectures this evening in the Dunn-avenue Presbyterian Church, Parkdale.

Probably Will Be Sent Back.

It is not at all unlikely that the return of disbursements in the matter of the Board of Works investigation furnished by Mr. J. S. Fullerton will be sent back to him for further information as to why and wherefore and by whose order John Thomas Cooper was paid the $300 opposite his name in the books. A resolution of Council called for this, and Mr. Fullerton omitted to furnish it.

HARRISON AND ANNEXATION.

He Has Not Thought of It—Views of a Canadian Knight of Labor.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—The Tribune's Indianapolis special says: The trustworthy information relative to matters connected with the new Administration comes through friends of the President elect. One of them, whose relations with him are of a confidential nature, says that the simple truth is, General Harrison has really given no thought to the Canadian question and the annexation scheme is an idea that it is positively known he has never had in mind. All the talk of the last week about his desire to add Canada to the United States was without foundation. So far as known by his most intimate friends, he has never expressed such views.

Robert F. Elliott of Uxbridge, Ont., who is here as a delegate to the General Assembly, Knights of Labor, does not believe the time will ever come when Canada will be annexed to the United States. To-day he said:

"There are many people in Canada who favor annexation to the United States, but the majority do not. I believe that any movement towards annexation would be opposed by fully two-thirds of the people. We believe that we have more freedom than the people of the United States. The power in Canada is directly in the hands of the people all the time, but here you practically have one-man power for four years without a chance for a change."

"Wouldn't commercial union with the United States be beneficial to Canada?"

"It might, but we think that commercial union means annexation. If commercial union should be established it would only be a short time until annexation would follow. The question of commercial union has been made an issue in our elections for several years, and the Liberal party, which favored the idea, has steadily lost ground. On the other hand the Conservatives have gained. That shows the drift of sentiment and I do not believe it can ever be changed. The Liberal party is committed to Unrestricted Reciprocity or Free Trade with the States, while the Conservatives are strongly opposed to Free Trade, Commercial Union, or Annexation. As the Dominion Parliament now stands, the Conservatives have a majority. The Liberals claim that their Commercial Union idea is being indorsed rapidly, and that by the time the next election occurs, in 1889, they will have a majority in Parliament, but I don't think they will."

THE WHISKY DETECTIVES.

Charges of Perjury Against Them Fail to the Ground at St. Catharines.

ST. CATHARINES, Nov. 27.—Police Magistrate Comfort this morning gave his decision in the whisky detective perjury cases. He first took up the case of John Jaynes, which also applied equally to the case of Elijah Jaynes, and also indirectly on the case of Mrs. Sherlock. All the evidence, generally speaking, was greatly modified on cross-examination, and was not sufficient to commit the prisoners. In the case of Mrs. Sherlock, although there was no doubt she was anxious to tell what she thought to be true, she contradicted herself in several instances, and he thought it was simply from her memory failing her that caused her evidence to break down when it did. He would, therefore, also dismiss her case.

THE LATEST IN TRUSTS.

Contemplated Formation of a Gigantic Railway Combine.

CHICAGO, Nov. 27.—A local paper says: For several weeks past, Jay Gould, C. P. Huntington, Charles Francis Adams, W. B. Strong and other railroad magnates interested in Western railroads have been holding conferences in New York, in which Chairman Midgley of the Southwestern Railway Association has taken a prominent part. It has been learned that the project under consideration contemplates the formation of a gigantic railroad trust or clearing house comprising all roads between points west of a line drawn through Chicago and Milwaukee on the east, St. Paul and Minneapolis on the north, Colorado, New Mexico and Wyoming on the west and Arkansas on the south. All the existing freight and passenger associations within the territory named are to be abolished and merged in the new trust or clearing house.

Nova Scotia Notes.

HALIFAX, Nov. 27.—Alderman H. F. Worrall, flour and general grocer, has assigned. The liabilities are not stated, but will be heavy. Mrs. Worrall is preferred for $35,000, Mr. Worrall has been unfortunate in business speculations, and has lost a large amount of money. His latest loss was by Miller, the absconding baker. Mr. Worrall was not only a heavy creditor, but one of his bondsmen for supplying bread to the Imperial troops. Mr. Worrall had to take over the contract, and this also involved loss. Mr. Worrall married the widow of W. L. Black a few years ago, and she was worth a quarter of a million.

Last month 2127 ounces of gold were mined in Nova Scotia. The Old Albion mine at Montague, near Halifax, is being reworked by a small company. A $900 nugget was found on Saturday and purchased by the Local Government. It will be sent to the Imperial Exhibition at London.

A ten foot bed of rich copper ore, 1000 feet in length, has been struck at Coxheath copper mine, Cape Breton.

Mrs. Sarah O'Rourke said she was tired of life and attempted to jump off a wharf yesterday morning, but was dissuaded.

True to Her First Love.

SANDWICH, Nov. 27.—Sixty years ago, when the county of Essex was nothing but a forest, a small colony of French people settled upon the Detroit River. Among the colony were two families, Parent and Vigneau, who occupied the same house. Daniel Vigneau was the only son of the latter family, and he and Sophie Parent, a member of the Parent family, were engaged to be married, but before the ceremony Vigneau was stricken with a malignant type of fever and died. Miss Parent watched day and night at his bedside, and when he died it was thought that she would become insane. From that day until her death she suffered with severe headache, and always wore a band of cloth about the head. Never after the death of her lover was she seen a mile away from her house, and the only place she visited for many years was the old church that stood close by her house.

Setting Type for a Wager.

CHICAGO, Nov. 27.—Leo Monheimer and Peter Thienes set type yesterday for a wager of $250 a side, Monheimer winning. There were two stretches of three hours each, with half an hour's interval. Monheimer set 11,167 ems and Thienes 10,880, the matter being straight minion.

The winner lost 19 minutes in correcting, while Thienes lost 32 minutes and then became discouraged.

An Old Brant Citizen Dead.

BRANTFORD, Nov. 27.—Humphrey Davis, an old resident of Brant County, died yesterday at his farm near the city, aged 73. He had no relatives in Canada, but several in the United States and England. Out of a fortune of about $100,000 he had before his death given $5000 to the new House of Refuge, which he was not destined to see finished.

Germany vs. England.

We have received to-day a full line of German linen collars, which surpass anything in the market for beauty of design, workmanship and quality. To be had only at A. Willee's, 65 King-street west.

THE LATEST FROM LONDON

RESUMPTION OF THE LAND PURCHASE BILL DEBATE.

Another Batch of Evidence Concerning Outrages Given Before the Parnell Commission—Why Gladstone Went to London for the Autumn Session.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Smith stated that if British troops were sent to Suakim they would not be employed beyond the vicinity of the port.

Mr. Balfour intimated that Mr. Harrington, Mr. Finucane and other members of the Irish party under warrant of arrest would be permitted to attend the sittings of Parliament during the time the Irish estimates were under discussion.

The debate on the Irish Land Purchase bill was resumed and Mr. Shaw-Lefevre moved to insert in the bill a provision directing that no advance shall be made to any tenant or purchaser exceeding £2000. He urged that tenants borrowing above that sum came within the landlord and not within the peasant proprietor class.

Mr. Balfour proposed as a substitute for Mr. Shaw-Lefevre's proposal that no advance exceeding £3000 be made unless the land commission decide that a large advance, not, however, exceeding £5000, is expedient.

Mr. Balfour's proposal was agreed to.

Mr. Shaw-Lefevre next moved that no advance be given unless the tenant or his predecessors in the title had occupied the holdings for at least five years. The motion was rejected. The Government accepted a clause proposed by Mr. Healy exempting the purchaser from all liabilities for rent arrears from the date the purchase is sanctioned.

Mr. Healy then proposed a clause with the object of preventing the enforcement of purchase by threats of eviction. Rejected.

Other amendments proposed by Mr. Healy were negatived and the bill finally passed the committee stage.

The Oaths Bill Passed.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The Oaths Bill was passed in the House of Lords to-day without amendment.

SICK AND TIRED OF REITERATION.

The Parnellites' Counsel Object to the Mass of Evidence Touching Outrages.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—At the sitting of the Parnell Commission to-day Sergeant Gilhooly of County Kerry testified concerning outrages. He said that an increase of police had been necessary at Castle Island.

Sir Charles Russel, counsel for the Parnellites, interrupting the witness said: "We admit all that, we are sick and tired of reiteration entailing enormous expenses."

Presiding Justice Hannen said he hoped the details would be given as briefly as possible.

Witness continuing said that since 1880 the police force had been doubled. Prior to the founding of the league in 1880 the district had been quiet. Afterwards outrages had been general. He had kept a book for recording outrages.

Sir Charles Russell demanded that the book be produced.

Sir Henry James said the book contained letters and official communications respecting certain persons and it was desirable they should not be published.

Sir Charles Russell asked: "Why should The Times counsel have access to the book and we be denied the same privilege? Until the judges rule otherwise I shall continue to call for this and every other book referred to in the case."

Mr. Reid, for the Parnellites, also urged that the book be produced. He said if counsel were not allowed to see the book they would not have an opportunity to meet the case properly.

Justice Hannen said it was highly desirable that the whole book, including a column headed "Motives," should be produced. Special entries relating to certain persons ought not perhaps to be disclosed. He suggested that Sir Henry James and Sir Charles Russell inspect the book, and then if they did not agree the judges themselves would inspect it.

Other policemen then testified at length concerning outrages. Mr. Reid suggested that in order to save time witnesses should state simply the number of outrages they were cognizant of and the period in which they were committed. Justice Hannen welcomed the suggestion and Sir Henry James promised to comply with it as far as possible.

Inspector Davis said he had discovered that there was an inner circle of the League which organized Fenians to execute the League's behests. He declined to give the name of his informant. Mr. Reid pressed him for the name and witness finally appealed to the court for protection against the question. Mr. Reid complained that his clients were at the mercy of an anonymous informer. If he had the name he might prove the informant the greatest liar in the three kingdoms. Sir Henry James said the witness might have good reason for concealing the name. Mr. Reid said he would defer the question. Witness then in answer to questions said the man who gave him the information was not in the pay of the police. He was a member of the League and had taken part in the work of the inner circles. Another person similarly situated had also informed him of the workings of the inner circles. One of the informants could be subpoenaed, but the other could not. Mr. Reid concluded his cross-examination by reading extracts from speeches made by Father O'Reardon denouncing outrages as a shame and a disgrace.

THE QUEEN'S JUBILEE GIFTS.

Anxiety About the Czarina's Health—Empress Frederick and Her Son.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The Queen's jubilee presents were conveyed to Windsor in three vans. The presents filled every inch of the Waterloo gallery when they were at Windsor last year. It will be impossible to place more than two-thirds of them in the principal vestibule of the state apartments. A few will probably be placed in the corridor and in the white drawing room. The remainder will go to Osborne and Balmoral.

Empress Frederick, looking very worn, aged and a good deal thinner than when last in England, has driven out constantly with the Queen. She will, it is said, in a short time see a few of her old friends. It may be stated that the relations between the Empress and Emperor William are greatly improved.

Much anxiety is felt in Russia about the health of the Czarina. It is an open secret that she has never recovered from the terrible shock to her nerves caused by the recent railway accident.

Gladstone was not in the least anxious to come to London for the autumn session. He was more inclined to remain at Hawarden and finish the arrangement of his papers. Mrs. Gladstone, however, took quite a different view. Having a suspicion that the discipline of the party was getting relaxed, the more ardent spirits among them inclining to be mutinous, she deemed it most advisable that Gladstone should come to London forthwith and lead his party, and despite the anxious and repeated assurances of Sir William Harcourt that the health of Gladsone would suffer from the fatigues of the autumn session, and that, as his most faithful henchmen, he was ready to undertake the leading of Gladstone's party during his absence, Mrs. Gladstone thought it more prudent that he should not delegate that position to anyone, however devoted; so she brought her husband to London.

Proclaimed Baronies.

DUBLIN, Nov. 27.—The Baronies of Cornell and West Offaly in Kildare have been proclaimed under the second section of the Crimes Act.

The Grasping Landlords.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—Henry George in an address in London this evening said that the grasping for land in America was rapidly making that country similar to England. He wanted to utterly abolish landlordism and to grant to every child a share in the soil.

Parnell v. The Times.

EDINBURGH, Nov. 27.—In the case of Parnell against The London Times for libel Judge Kinnear has fixed upon Dec. 20 for the hearing of proof on the question of arrestments. Counsel for Mr. Parnell have served an order upon defendants requiring them to produce the contracts of co-partner ownership of The Times and also business books and accounts.

A LADY IN THE CASE.

Two New York Clubmen Fight a Duel With Pistols in Central Park.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—It was reported last Friday that a duel had been fought in Central Park between two men from a leading club in this city. A pistol was found on the grass in a secluded part of the park together with a blood-stained handkerchief, but the police, failing to unravel any clue to the participants, concluded that it was a hoax. A police official stated to-night that detectives have been working on the case ever since and have succeeded in finding the cab driver who drove the duellists to the park. A description of the men and a supposed doctor who accompanied them is in the hands of the police. A lady is said to be the cause of the affair. The cab driver reports that he conveyed the wounded duellist and the doctor to a fashionable part of the city. Further developments are expected soon.

Half price—no humbug—we will sell full plated new silver spoons from $14.40 $20, regular prices from $28 to $40. Wheeler & Bain, King-street East.

To Suppress the Slave Trade.

BERLIN, Nov. 27.—In the Reichstag today the President announced that the office bearers of the House were received yesterday by the Emperor, who expressed the hope that deliberations would be harmonious and rapid and for the welfare of the Fatherland. The debate on the Budget was then opened. Herr Windthorst, the Clerical leader, with the approval of the entire Centre party, laid on the table a motion providing that all the federal governments should be informed that the Reichstag, conscious of the necessity of repressing slave hunting in order that Africa may be converted to Christian morality, is prepared to support federal measures having that object in view, and hopes that other powers will co-operate in working to that end upon a uniform plan.

Her Richter announced that the Progressists concurred in the agreement between Germany and England regarding East Africa, but that they were opposed to any expedition into the interior not accepting the projected mission for the relief of Emin Pasha. The Progressists, he said, would demand the abolition of slavery wherever the German flag floats.

Done by Drink.

HALIFAX, Nov. 27.—Two revolting tragedies from drink are reported. Eliza Nixon, aged 35, wife of Thomas Nixon, blacksmith, drank herself to death, leaving a family of little children. At the coroner's inquest a witness swore that deceased drank "a pint and a half of gin a day." Last evening William Summers, an old soldier, got drunk and beat his wife. She ran into a next door neighbor's to escape his ferocity. Summers then smashed his stove and all the furniture, followed his wife and continued to beat her in the neighbor's house. This was objected to by Frank Norgraine, the neighbor, and the two men closured. Summers got his grip on Norgraine's throat, and when he let go the latter exclaimed: "My God, I'm dying," and rolled over and died. He was a respectable man, aged 55, a native of Sweden. Summers is a drunken scamp of 35. He was arrested.

The Queer French.

PARIS, Nov. 27.—The Journal des Debats and other Parisian journals ridicule the action of the majority of the Chamber of Deputies in adopting the motion of M. Mesnoeer yesterday to adjourn the sitting for an hour on account of the presence of M. Wilson, the son-in-law of ex-President Grevy. They say the members who voted for the motion evidently desired to give France a proof of the purity of conscience, austerity and virtue of the Chamber. M. Wilson, in an interview, said the incident would not have the effect of keeping him from the Chamber. He would continue the struggle no matter what action the members might take.

Two Fatal Boiler Explosions.

POYNETTE, Wis., Nov. 27.—The boiler of a threshing machine exploded last evening, frightfully mangling and killing Jack Tuttle and Charles York and seriously injuring Alison Cross, Ira Hall, Warren Palmer and Wm. Buckley. Mr. Buckley was the owner of the machine, and died of his injuries.

COCHRAN, Ind., Nov. 27.—The boiler in the chair factory exploded yesterday, killing Wm. Benecke, John Stark and Wm. Matthews, jr., and severely injuring Fred. Bruce, the engineer. The factory was destroyed.

A Rumored Settlement.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—There were many rumors current in regard to a settlement of trunk line matters to-day, but nothing official can be obtained.

Chauncey M. Depew said to-night that there is no definite plan under consideration for the settlement of the freight question. He thought, however, that the difficulties would be righted in a few days, but in answer to the many rumors of adjustment said: "I assure you we have done nothing more toward a settlement to-day than any other day this week."

He Was Jealous.

AMESBURY, Mass., Nov. 27.—Jewel Dargenton, proprietor of a boarding house, was found dead last night lying on the floor of a room in his house with a bullet hole in his head, while near him lay his wife unconscious with two bullet holes in her neck inflicted by Dargenton. He was jealous.

Destroyed by Incendiaries.

BELAIRE, Md., Nov. 27.—The canning house of McGaw Bros., near Spesnia Island, was burned by incendiaries Saturday night. Twelve thousand cases of canned corn, 8000 empty cases and all the machinery and fixtures were destroyed.

On Saturday and Monday large numbers of people attended the auction sale of C. & J. Allen's stock, and amongst the goods sold we noticed several lots of diamonds which were sold at remarkably low prices. The sale will be continued day by day until the whole stock is sold.

THE HAMILTON LABOR TROUBLES.

An Important Case Growing Out of the Bricklayers' Strike Up There.

The case of the Queen v. Gibson was argued in the Queen's Bench yesterday. This is a Crown case reserved by the County Court Judge at Hamilton as to the sufficiency of an indictment charging the defendant with injuring one Edward Buscombe in his trade as a bricklayer. A resolution was passed in the Hamilton Bricklayers and Masons Union that no union men should work on the new City Hall building as long as Buscombe was employed. Upon these facts an indictment was laid, which the County Judge reserved for the decision of the full court. Mr. B. B. Osler, Q.C., appeared for the defendant, and Crown Attorney Crerar of Wentworth contra. After an extensive argument judgment was reserved.

In the Court of Appeal Nottawasaga v Hamilton & N. W. Ry. Co., occupied the court all day and reserved judgment. This is an appeal by the defendants from Judge Robertson's decision, ordering the maintaining of a station at the village of Averiug on the line of the defendant's railway. The township has bonused the railway to the extent of $20,000. Among the conditions attaching to the grant was that a station should be erected and maintained at Averiug, which was never done. Mr. W. Cassels, Q.C., for the railway and Mr. D. McCartby, Q.C., for the township.

Peremptory lists for to-day: Queen's Bench—Wells v Eckhart, Helliwell v York, Webster v Osborne, Freehold v Brown, Clancy v Sixsmit. Common Pleas—Re J. O'Donohoe. Water house Co. v McQuade, Cameron v Lewis, Queen v Stuart, Queen v Jones, Queen v O'Neill. Court of Appeal—Daniels v Noxon, Weir v C. P. R., Clarkson v Attorney-General. To-morrow: Clendinning v Toronto, Palmer v Ontario Cotton Mills Co.

Use the Eranium Metal Pens, they never scratch, spurt, nor corrode; sait any hand. Grand & Toy, Leader Lane, Agents. 136

FOR LAND SPECULATORS.

City Solicitor Biggar Defines the Rights of the Corporation in Drainage Matters.

In answer to the Board of Works requesting an opinion as to the right of the city to refuse drainage to those houses erected on streets of not the proper width, the City Solicitor writes as follows:

I have your letter of Nov. 22 relative to the case of Mr. Armstrong, builder, with a plan of the property on Yonge-street extending westward to McMurrich-street, and asking for my opinion the City Engineer can legally refuse Mr. Armstrong the right to drain into the Yonge-street sewer, now or hereafter, when a private lane 25 feet wide, extending from Yonge-street to McMurrich-street.

In reply I beg to say that, as I understand the Municipal Act and the powers decided thereon, the city has a right in every case to determine whether or not any person shall be allowed the privilege of connecting his property into a public sewer. The city is not bound to provide sewerage or drainage for private purposes, and whether they will do so or not is in every case a matter of discretion; but, if they do allow any person to drain into a sewer they are bound to see that the sewer is properly constructed and kept in repair, and are liable for any negligence in this respect. It seems from the cases that their discretion, in allowing or refusing the right to drainage will not be controlled by the Courts by mandamus or otherwise.

I am therefore of opinion that the council may in proper cases, including the case in question, refuse permission to any person to drain his property into a public sewer, but I do not understand that this matter rests with the engineer or with any officer of the municipality, but solely with the Council.

When the letter was read at the Board of Works meeting yesterday Ald. Baxter and Galbraith got it referred to a sub-committee, avowing their dissent from the opinion as expressed by Mr. Biggar.

It comes as a boon and a blessing to men the Celebrated Uranium Metal Pen, Grand & Toy, Sole Agents, Leader Lane. 136

A RAILWAY IN AFRICA.

The Liberian Government Looking for Pointers From the C. P. R.

The fame of the Canadian Pacific Railway has reached the African continent. The Liberian Government are contemplating the construction of a national railway from the coast to the interior of the country, and have written to Mr. J. E. Thompson, their consul-general at Toronto, for full particulars of the privileges granted and mode of construction by which the C. P. R. has been so successfully completed. The first section of the proposed Liberian Railway will probably be 400 miles, which would bring it to the mountains. The intervening country is mostly tropical bush rich in valuable timbers. Labor is very cheap and a ready line of steamers from Liverpool afford excellent facilities for securing railway materials in England. It might be worth while for some of our enterprising railway contractors to correspond with Mr. Thompson on this subject. There is no reason why Canadian capital and enterprise should be confined to this continent.

DINEEN'S FUR SALE.

A Fifty Thousand Dollar Stock to Select From.

Five stores in one block filled with choice sealskin mantles, circulars, wraps, dolmans, capes, visettes, collars, cuffs, and trimmings, all to be sold at close wholesale rates for cash. The Dineen firm is making a great specialty of fine long bear and other very rare and scarce boas, which are offered very low considering the great advance. Several very new shapes of ladies' seal caps are also shown, and several novelties in large collars. Before buying Dineen's fur room should be visited. It is situated on the corner of King and Yonge-streets.

Mrs. Walton Again Refused a License.

The West York Board of License Commissioners met yesterday afternoon, Dr. Cotton of Lambton Mills (chairman); M. Naughton, Richmond Hill; J. C. Morgan, Parkdale, and Inspector Robert Wilcock being present. They considered the application of Mrs. Alice Walton for a license for her new hotel at West Toronto Junction, which has been repeatedly refused. Mrs. Walton proposed, if granted the license, to transfer the lease to her brother named Watson, late of Sunderland. The Board decided that the interests of Mrs. Walton and her brother were not sufficiently separated and again declined to grant the license. The probability is that no more licenses will be granted in the Junction till next May.

The Gerrard-Street Subway.

The Gerrard-street subway came up before the Board of Works yesterday afternoon for discussion, the City Engineer presenting the draft agreement to be signed by the G. T. R. and the corporation before the work was commenced. Ald. Baxter in a carefully-worded speech, which travelled all round the subject without really touching on the most important points, expressed his satisfaction with the proceedings of the department and his surprise at the comments of the press in the matter. Ald. Baxter neglected to refer to the fact that the contract was let before the city had got the G. T. R.'s consent to the work in black and white.

The Women's Interest in Missions.

The quarterly meeting of the Toronto branch of the Canadian Congregational Women's Board of Missions was of special interest in Bond-street Church yesterday. Mrs. Enoch Barber presided. Miss McGregor, a missionary from India, who is visiting in Toronto, gave an address on her labors in that far-off land. She illustrated the customs of the country and exhibited Indian curiosities. She was cordially thanked for her address. Encouraging reports were read from various auxiliary branches. Thirty-five ladies were present, which was the largest number ever present at these quarterly meetings. Bond-street ladies' auxiliary is flourishing, as is everything else connected with the church.

Beautiful Neck Dressings.

There was quite a rush at Levian's Neckwear Emporium during the last week for those self-colored satin scarfs and four-in-hands; they are shown in sixteen colors. All the ties sold are made on the premises. We put into stock Saturday a magnificent range of buck, kid-lined driving and astrachan gloves, exceptional value. 92 Yonge-street.

FEARS FOR THE STANLEY.

THE NEW STEAMER PROBABLY OUT IN THE BIG BLOW.

Extension of Bonding Privileges to the Northern Pacific—The 90-Days Quarantine on American Cattle to Remain—A New Water Bottle for the Militia.

OTTAWA, Nov. 27.—It is understood that the Government has decided to extend to the Northern Pacific Railway the same bonding facilities enjoyed by other roads on their giving the customary surety bonds, which will amount to $80,000.

Ever since the Dominion Government surveyed the Swan district efforts have been made to get the parties who settled the surveys to make entry of their lands, but with only partial success. Circular after circular has been issued by the Dominion Lands Commissioner, but very little attention has been paid to them. The districts in which entries have been most backward are Prince Albert, Carlton, Duck Lake and along the south branch of the Saskatchewan. The Government has now sent Mr. Bourgeois, D.L.S., to Duck Lake and vicinity to try to get entries made, and a new circular has been issued informing the settlers that it is in their own interests to have their entries made right away. The circular concludes as follows: "Notice is also hereby given that inasmuch as many of the persons herein referred to are doubtless now entitled to a patent for their lands, application for patent in all such cases should be made at the same time that homestead entry is obtained." In this connection it may be stated that the halfbreeds of Batoche have never made any entries in the Interior Department, but nevertheless the Government has never disturbed them in the enjoyment of their lands.

It is understood that the request of the Montana ranchmen, that the ninety-day quarantine on American cattle entering the Northwest be removed, will not be granted, as it is felt that if this was done the British Government would most probably schedule Canadian cattle and our exporters would lose the advantage which they now possess over American exporters of being able to transport their cattle from one point of the United Kingdom to another while American cattle must be killed at the port at which they are landed.

Some anxiety was felt in the Marine Department to-day as to the safety of the new Government steamer Stanley, built on the Clyde, which was to have sailed on Nov. 21. If she did so she was probably in the storm which raged on the Atlantic on Saturday and Sunday, and being, comparatively speaking, a small vessel she may have had difficulty in weathering so severe a gale. A cablegram was sent to Glasgow today to ascertain whether she had sailed.

The United States Treasury Department officials deny the truth of the report that there has been any change in the policy of the Administration or of the department towards the Alaska seal fisheries. There has been a relaxation this season of their watchfulness in Behring Sea.

General Middleton and Adjutant-General Powell to-day examined a new water bottle, the invention of Mr. Lewis of Quebec, and expressed themselves so pleased with it that its adoption by the Canada Militia will be recommended. It is of block tin, stout and serviceable, and will stand a good deal of knocking about. Its chief advantage, however, is that it contains a small charcoal filter so that muddy or partly impure water can be rendered drinkable in a few minutes, a great advantage to troops on the march in a poorly watered country. General Middleton said with reference to it: "No European army has yet got anything like a good water bottle. They are either of glass or wood. In England the troops carry the latter. If I am not mistaken the Imperial authorities have offered a reward for a suitable water bottle, one that will suit all requirements. This new invention costs something like 50 cents. I believe it is a little heavier than the ordinary article."

Over 200 members of the Northwest Mounted Police, or about one-fifth of their number, have postoffice savings bank accounts, their joint accumulation amounting to about $25,000.

One of the small portable buildings at the Mounted Police Barracks at Regina was destroyed by fire on Saturday night.

The last of the fishery cruisers in commission, the Vigilant, was docked for repairs at Halifax on Saturday.

General Middleton says that the visit of Sir John Ross, Commander of Her Majesty's Forces in British North America, to British Columbia is purely one of pleasure, and has no connection with the Imperial fortification scheme.

His Excellency the Governor-General and Lady Stanley visited the Collegiate Institute to-day. They will leave for Toronto Thursday night to attend the ball of the St. Andrew's Society on the following evening. On Saturday they will go to Hamilton, when His Excellency will open the Art Exhibition.

FOR BURGLARY.

A Hamilton Dry Goods Clerk Arrested on a Serious Charge.

HAMILTON, Nov. 27.—John James Jarvis, a good-looking dry goods clerk, who has been working for James Shea for about three weeks, was arrested this afternoon on a serious charge of burglary. Jarvis is a well-dressed young man about 21 years old. He was formerly employed by J. L. Mader, a dry goods merchant in Attwood, a small town in the county of Perth. He worked there off and on for about two years, but left four or five weeks ago to accept a more lucrative position in Listowel. One Sunday night about a month ago he returned to Attwood and went into Mr. Mader's store without getting his permission. Jarvis retained possession of some keys which enabled him to get into the premises. He was caught in the act of going through the safe, but the level-headed person who detected him allowed him to escape out of the back door. That was the last seen of Jarvis in Attwood. Mader got a tip from a commercial traveler that the young man was working in a store here, and Constable Struthers was sent to hunt him up. He arrived this morning, and in company with two detectives went to the store where he was employed and took him in charge.

Judge Sinclair to-day granted a summons to quash a conviction in a liquor case against John Berlinghoff and H. R. Hall. The defendants were fined $40 by the police magistrate for keeping their bar-rooms open during prohibited hours. The case will come up for argument on Dec. 10.

The New M.P. for Cariboo.

VICTORIA, Nov. 27.—Mr. Barnard, who has just been elected M.P. for Cariboo by a majority of 22, is a son of Mr. F. J. Barnard, who formerly represented Yale, B.C., in the House of Commons, and is also a nephew of Mr. J. T. Barnard of Hamilton, Ont. Cariboo is the smallest constituency in the Dominion. Its inhabitants number 7550 and the voters on the roll 489.

Facts, Stubborn Facts.

We tell no silly trumped up story in our reading ads. to lead the unwary astray, but give the public startling facts. Our ordered and ready made overcoats, winter suits, boys' overcoats and suits, winter underwear, etc., are the best value and lowest price in the city. The British Arms Clothing Store, 221 Yonge-street, corner of Shuter-street, R. Baker & Company.

MASHING THE BLONDES.

Some of the Antics of the Gilded Youth and Stage Door Loungers.

Whenever a company which gives what is generally termed a "leg" show comes to town there is always a gathering of the so-called "gilded youth" and the masher at the theatre and the stage door. Lydia Thompson's collection of British "blondes" has brought these gentlemen out in full force. Manager Sheppard has had a lively experience with some of them. On Monday night a party of the "gilded youth" was in one of the stage boxes. They are well-known youths of the town, and devoted themselves assiduously to guying, mashing and ogling the semi-draped blondes on the stage. Their conduct was notoriously noticeable, in fact it attracted the attention of the whole audience.

There is another class of young men who haunt the theatre during the performance and try to force their way into the green room or the wings of the stage. But none of them were successful in this respect. The rule of no admittance to outsiders was strictly enforced. After the performance last night the stage door in Johnston-street was surrounded with giddy-headed youths and young men, all bent upon making a mash. A couple of policemen had to be called to make them move on. Then a number of them moved down to the King-street entrance to the Arcade, and continued their mashing operations on the "blondes" as they made their way to their hotels.

The funniest part of the whole business is that the would-be "guyers" got unmercifully "guyed" themselves.

HANDLING THE DUSKY DIAMONDS.

The Coal Men Discuss the Matter—Talking About the Losses.

The coal section of the Board of Trade held a meeting yesterday afternoon at which the cost of handling coal was discussed. The matter of the loss on screenings was more particularly dealt with. This is a serious loss, the dealers say