The Colonist.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1890.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

BY

W. R. ELLIS, A. C. FLUMERFELT, } ELLIS & CO.

THE COLONIST BUILDING, GOVERNMENT ST.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT SUNDAY

Per Year, (Postage free to any part of Canada).... $10 00
Parts of a Year at the same rate
Per week (if delivered).... 25

THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

Per Year (Postage Free to any part of the Dominion or United States).... $ 1 00
Six Months.... 1 25
Three Months.... 75

Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly IN ADVANCE.

ADVERTISING RATES:

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising occurring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates: Per line. Solid Nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements:

More than one fortnight and not more than one month—30 cents.

More than one week and not more than one fortnight—40 cents.

Not more than one week—20 cents.

No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2.50, and accepted only for every-day insertion.

Theatrical advertisements, 10 cents per line each insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted till ordered out.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of special contract will be charged as if continued for full term.

Liberal allowance on yearly and half yearly contracts.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line solid nonpareil—First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.00.

WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid Nonpareil, each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $2.

SPECIAL NOTICES—Nonpareil, in the first column of third page, 20 cents per line each insertion, or $1.50 per line per month. If inserted among local or other reading matter, 30 cents per line each insertion, or $2 per line per month. No special notice inserted for less than $2.

☞ Where Cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Emigration Pronounced the Only Remedy For the Improvished Condition of the Crofters.

The Imposition of Taxes Causes Riot and Bloodshed in Bombay—Military at Work.

Prizefighters Arrested.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—Both Slavin and McAuliffe were arrested this morning, charged with conspiracy to break the peace. They were bound over in the sum of $1,000 to keep the peace.

Profoundly Disgusted Sports.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—McAuliffe's backers declare that Slavin, knowing that he was not in proper training to fight to-night, allowed the time of the proposed contest to become known to the police. It is suspected, however, by many, that the Pelican Club set the machinery of the law in motion, in revenge for Slavin's refusal to fight in the club's rooms. The postponement of the affair has profoundly disgusted the sporting fraternity.

The Crofters Should Come Here.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—The commissioners appointed to investigate the condition of the crofters in the western islands and highlands of Scotland, see no remedy but emigration for the impoverished people. They condemn the Islanders for neglecting their fisheries, which, on the east coast of Scotland, are a profitable source of revenue. They say "it is a question of race." The east coast folk are Scandinavians by birth and they take to the water naturally. The west coast people are Celts who make poor and timid sailors. A marked difficulty in the way of emigration is that the Crofters do not wish to emigrate. They prefer their native islands with all their poverty. Emigration is a favorite tory remedy for evils that attend existing social conditions in Great Britain. It is not however the remedy advocated by the liberal party, whose leaders proclaim that there ought to be room in England for every Englishman, and the same with Ireland and Scotland. Even some of the tories however are beginning to be frightened by the effect of emigration; the Standard declaring that "the birth land" is heavily the loser, for it must be remembered that it is the flower of our people that go and the weak and aged that remain."

Armenia's Wrongs.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—The Times' Constantinople correspondent dwells upon the Sultan's readiness to act properly, when, as is seldom known, he is allowed to act for himself. Among other cases that of exiling Moussa Bey is instanced. The commission recently appointed to enquire into the troubles in Armenia has been dissolved, and a stronger commission appointed. The patriarchial threatens to close up all the churches in the empire unless the wrongs of the Armenians are redressed.

Praise For the Police.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—All the morning papers applaud the arrest of McAuliffe and Slavin, and express the hope that the fight will not be allowed to take place in England.

On the Paramatta.

SYDNEY, N.S.W., Sept. 22.—In a sculling match on the Paramatta river to-day for $1,000 a side, Matterson defeated Neilson.

Off for America.

LONDON, Sept. 23.—There was a brilliant scene at Euston Square, to-day, when the Comte De Paris started for Liverpool on his way to America. All the royalist exile colony in England had gathered to see the Comte off, and the assemblage lacked neither numbers nor enthusiasm. The Comte looked happy and confident, and may have been congratulating himself on his narrow escape from being smirched in the general mire of the Boulangist expose. Half-a-dozen prominent Legitimists, who accompany him on his trip, seemed to share his buoyant spirits. The party were attended by an astonishingly large retinue of servants, and will live in truly royal style. Cries of "Vive le Roi" rent the air as the train moved away and the Comte bowed gracefully, while the English crowd surrounding the devoted knot of Frenchmen looked on curiously and wondered whether they were looking on a future king or merely a pretender.

Trouble Anticipated.

VIENNA, Sept. 23.—Two thousand miners at Troppau, Austrian Silesia, have gone on strike. Trouble is feared, and troops have been despatched to the scene to preserve order.

O'Brien in Jail.

DUBLIN, Sept. 23.—P. O'Brien, M.P., has been arrested.

A Crisis Imminent.

LISBON, Sept. 23.—A commercial panic prevails; the leading banks are in a precarious condition, and a crisis is imminent.

Timothy Healy Talks.

DUBLIN, Sept. 23.—Timothy Healy, speaking at a league meeting in Dublin to-night, said that if any tenants submitted to the demands of the landlords, they were traitors to their fellow countrymen. He promised that he and his colleagues would continue to struggle against landlordism in Ireland.

No Casualties.

SPAKIM, Sept. 23.—The rebels made an advance upon the city to-day, but were dispersed by fire from the forts. There were no casulties.

Little Time Left.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 23.—The transatlantic passenger steamers are carrying extraordinary large cargoes of goods, exporters being anxious to start shipments before Oct. 1st, the date of the new American tariff. Rates have advanced from sixty to seventy shillings per ton.

The Strike Spreading.

VIENNA, Sept. 23.—The miners strike is extending to the frontier districts, and much disorder has occurred. Troops charged the crowd to-day, and numerous arrests were made. Five thousand men are on strike.

Sport's Dismay.

LONDON, Sept. 23.—There is dismay in sporting circles at the decision of the magistrate in the McAuliffe-Slavin case. The feeling among lovers of the manly art is not merely one of regret at the prohibition of the fight between these two noted pugilists, but of apprehension as to the fate of boxing contests in the future. The use of such gloves as are condemned by the court in the present instance has always been considered legal, but now that the test case has been made, it seems to be in the power of any citizen, police official or zealous rival to prevent boxing contests in the future, and thus destroy the amusements of frequenters of such clubs as the Pelican and Ormonde. It is stated that Lord Lonsdale and others interested in the McAuliffe-Slavin match will shortly arrange to have the fight come off outside of England, probably in France or Belgium. The necessity of resorting to such expediency is very discouraging, and involves so much expense, risk and general inconvenience, that the number of matches likely to be fought under such conditions will hardly be very large. The French law against prize fighting is as stringent as English law, and the annoying experiences of Sullivan, who was arrested and locked up in Paris while still suffering from the effects of his exhaustive fight with Mitchell, are still remembered as deterrents to over-indulgence in pugilism on French soil. Belgium is almost as inhospitable, besides being more difficult to reach. It may be some time before the McAuliffe-Slavin affair is settled abroad in view of all difficulties involved, but it is believed that the matter will be arranged finally as both sides are in earnest, and there is no intentism of calling the match off. Some believers in the illegality of the magistrates' decision are urging the managers of the Ormonde club to go ahead with the fight, and take their chances in the higher courts, but this rash advice is not well received.

Colon in Ashes.

COLON, Sept.—23.—Three-fourths of the city is in ashes. The fire began at midnight and raged until late this morning, all efforts to check its ravages being futile. It finally died out for lack of material to attack, having reached the portions of the city where the buildings were too far apart to facilitate the spread of the flames. The shipping at the docks was saved. Terrible scenes of disorder marked the progress of the conflagration. Crowds of rioters and plunderers roamed the streets, and in dispersing these gangs, the police found it necessary to fire upon them and several persons were killed. The fire was uncontrollable from the start, and swept with wonderful rapidity through the buildings in three directions, including the quarter devoted to private residences. Among the public buildings destroyed are the postoffice and steamship agencies. The guests in the hotels were panic-stricken, but all escaped. The total loss is estimated at $150,000. No lives were lost. It is thought that the origin of the fire was accidental.

Disastrous Floods in France.

PARIS, Sept. 21.—A storm at Marseilles to-day flooded many houses, caused great damage to roadways and destroyed an immense amount of property in the environs. Three persons were killed and several injured by the falling of walls. Heavy rains and floods are reported in other parts of the south of France.

Violent storms prevailed in Paris and vicinity to-day. Waterspouts are reported in some places, including Marseilles, where a woman and child were drowned. Hail did great damage to windows. Cyclones swept the departments of Gard and Lazere, destroying a number of bridges.

MARSEILLES, Sept. 21.—Through the collapse of canal banks six square metres at Mallemort have been submerged, hundreds of tons of grapes destroyed and many head of cattle drowned.

Emperor William a Military Genius.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—The Times' Berlin correspondent says: "It is the clear and deliberate opinion of those best entitled to judge, and not flattery, that Emperor William, during the recent manœuvres, displayed singular strategical ability both as a commander and as a critic of others in the field, and shows indications of military genius of the very highest promise."

The Australian Strike.

SYDNEY, Sept. 21.—The labor conference has sent a telegram to John Burns, requesting him to prevent the engagement of foreign labor in England; also announcing that it is proposed that Cardinal Moran, the chief Justice of Victoria, and the premier of Queensland act as arbitrators, and that it had been agreed to abide by their decision.

King of Portugal Suffers Relapse.

LISBON, Sept. 20.—It is announced tonight that the King of Portugal has had a severe relapse. The cabinet crisis continues.

Sydney Strike Shakes the Cabinet.

SYDNEY, Sept. 20.—Colonial Treasurer McMillan has resigned. He takes the step because the premier expressed disapproval of his promise to a deputation of merchants that the government would take extreme measures to protect non-union men against the strikers. The men arrested for taking part in the riotous demonstrations here yesterday had heavy sentences imposed upon them. Extensive barricades have been erected on the quays to protect non-union workmen.

200 Peasants and Soldiers Drowned.

SOFIA, Sept. 20.—The recent overflow of the Mariza river was attended by a great loss of life. Fully 100 peasants were drowned, and at Mustapha 100 Turkish soldiers perished in the flood.

Count of Paris Sails for America.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—The Count of Paris bade farewell to his leading adherents to-day, prior to sailing for the United States. The occasion afforded an opportunity for a long exchange of views.

The Lost Turkish Warship.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 20.—The official report of the loss of the Turkish man-of-war Ertogroul says that 587 persons were drowned and sixty-six saved.

Fatal Riot.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—In an election in the Portuguese city of Goa, seventeen were killed and many wounded.

Dillon Makes a Speech.

DUBLIN, Sept. 21.—The nationalists held a meeting to-day at Swenford, county Mayo, with 200 policemen and 100 soldiers on the ground. John Dillon made a speech denouncing government tactics in dealing with the nationalists. Arrangements were made to hold a number of meetings next Sunday.

The next important meeting will be at the central offices of the league, in Dublin, Tuesday, when the question of sending a mission to the United States will be decided.

Chinese Swarming into Siberia.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 22.—The Viedomosti says: China has secured so much trans-Balkan trade that the governor of that district has petitioned Russia to prohibit the immigration of Chinese.

Will Not Hybernate.

BERLIN, Sept. 22.—Bismarck in an interview, referring to the prospect of his return to public life, said a seat in the reichstag would entail regular attendance and the discomfort of hotel life, but in the upper house of the diet he might appear when he chose, and he did not intend, like a bear, to sleep and lick his paws during the winter.

An Actress Killed by Poison.

BERLIN, Sept. 22.—Actress Marie Hock, who made her debut in New York, is dead. Her death was due to a mistake made in a prescription.

The Australian Strike.

SYDNEY, Sept. 22.—The steamer Carthago sailed on time. The prospects of a conference between the employers and the union are more favorable, and it is not expected that the union will execute its extreme threats.

Parnell Will Not Come.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—Parnell desires to wait until after the trial of Dillon and O'Brien to see whether it will still be possible for them to go to America. His health will not permit him to make a personal visit across the Atlantic.

Portugal's Position.

LISBON, Sept. 22.—The newspapers here, in announcing the arrival of the British squadron at Mozambique, say that the cabinet has sent a cable dispatch to the governor of Mozambique, informing him of the resignation of the ministry, and advising him to receive the British admiral with the respect due to the representative of a friendly power. If the admiral, however, should attempt to infringe the status quo, it is recommended that the governor use his own discretion in upholding the honor of Portugal.

Amours of Adelina Patti.

PARIS, Sept. 20.—A private letter from Milan states that a book is about to be published simultaneously in Milan, Berlin, Paris, London and New York, in the Italian, German, French and English languages, the title of which will be "The Fall of a Star." It is a biographical account of the history of Adelina Patti de Caux Nicolini. It has been written by a son of a well-known impresario with the assistance of a number of opera managers and critics. It is full of sensational details of the amours of the celebrated diva, with anecdotes by well-known persons to whom her private life has been intimate, in France, England, Russia and the United States. The story of how Nicolini cut out De Caux and finally married his mistress is given in full.

AMERICAN NEWS.

All Were Killed.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Sept. 23.—John W. Lattin, 78 years, Wilson Vandewater, 42 years, and the latter's wife, 45 years, all of Pleasant Valley, this county, were instantly killed on the Central New England & Western railway track to-day. At the time of the accident they were seated in a two-seated vehicle driven by the latter. The wagon was struck by the Boston express, which was half an hour late. Lattin was thrown 70 feet, and Vandewater and his wife were thrown still further. All three were instantly killed, and their bodies horribly mangled. The horse was killed, and the wagon demolished. Lattin leaves property estimated at $300,000.

No Lives Lost.

TACOMA, Sept. 23.—A serious collision occurred on the Northern Pacific railway at 10 o'clock this morning between here and Puyallup. Two freight trains running at full speed met on a sharp curve. Both engines were badly smashed, but no one was hurt.

A Roundabout Story.

LONDON, Sept. 23.—The Birmingham Gazette learns that Alderman Manton told Mr. O'Brien that he had written Home Secretary Matthews that Chief Constable Farnsdale of Birmingham informed him (Manton) that the Irish police employed a confederate to "plant" dynamite on Daly. The dynamite was procured in America. Mr. Farnsdale denies Mr. Manton's statement.

They Will See the Fight.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—The following was received at the Police Gazette office to-day: "London, Sept. 22.—At a meeting at the Pelican club to-day, Lord Lonsdale and Richard K. Fox decided that should Slavin and McAuliffe fail by the interference of the authorities to bring off a fight in the Ormonde club, rather than see the match fail through, they will each put up the original purse offered by the Ormonde club, $500 each, and bring the fight off on the continent, with a limited number of spectators on each side."

At a Standstill.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—Switching at the stock yards is once more at a standstill. At 2 o'clock this afternoon all the engineers employed by the new stock yards switching association left their posts and refused to go to work. Fifteen engines were left idle and the yards were completely tied up. This action on the part of the engineers was brought about by the refusal of the association to discharge a couple of non-union men in their employ.

Nickel Plate Proved Best.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Sept. 22.—This morning the testing of plate armor for naval vessels took place at the naval proving grounds, in the presence of the secretary of the treasury. Three shots from an eight-inch gun were fired. The shots were at a cement plate, a nickle plate and a compound plate. The two first are French, and the last English, used on English ships of war. The nickle plate stood the test best of the three. The English plate was smashed into smithereens.

Sugar Tariff.

WASHINGTON CITY, Sept. 21.—The Republican conferees on the tariff bill were in session to-day all day. One of them said to-night that he was well satisfied with the progress made, but declined to talk regarding the changes made. He thinks it likely the report will be made ready Tuesday night. Henry A. Brown, ex-treasury department sugar expert, has sent a letter to the conferees on the tariff bill, embodying a vigorous protest against the proposed sugar schedule. He says the schedule as it stands is a complete surrender of the people's rights to the foreign producers and sugar refiners. It again opens the door to color frauds, which were scotched, not killed, by the bill of March, 1883. Brown wants a proviso added that all sugars not above No. 13 or No. 16, whichever line is adopted in the color line, testing above 80 degrees, shall pay a duty of 3-10 cent a pound and 2-100 of a cent a pound additional for every degree, or fraction of a degree, above 80. Without some such proviso the bounty plan will be a farce. The proviso would afford some protection to molasses boilers.

Flagrant Violation.

WASHINGTON CITY, Sept 21.—Representative McCreary had hoped to be able to report back to the house yesterday from the foreign affairs committee the resolution calling on the state department for information relative to the assassination of General Barrundia, but the absence of a quorum and early adjournment of the house prevented this.

In speaking of the matter Governor McCreary declares strongly that something should be done to vindicate the honor of the American flag in the premises.

"The assassination of Barrundia," he said, "on an American vessel flying the American flag by foreign soldiers was one of the most flagrant violations of international usages on record. It does not matter that Barrundia fired first shot. He had a right to defend himself from assault, and when armed men advanced on him in a threatening manner the assault had already been committed. The deck of the vessel is, if anything, considered more sacred from invasion by foreign soldiers than the soil of the country whose flag is at her masthead."

Arrival of the Schooner Lillie L.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 21.—The sealing schooner Lillie L., Captain Walsh, arrived to-day after a passage of twenty-one days from Sand Point, Alaska, with a cargo of 1,068 skins. The steamer Bertha arrived in port late last Saturday from Kodiak, with a cargo of 11,856 cases and 310 barrels of salmon. The Bertha brings the news that the salmon pack at Kodiak is not so good as it was last season. Fishing is still going on.

Puget Sound Lights.

WASHINGTON CITY, Sept. 20.—The Senate to-day passed, among a number of bills, one to provide that 30 port lights for the use and convenience of navigators, shall be established along the navigable streams of the Snohomish river, Skagit river, Nooksack river and La Conner slough, and along such other channels of Puget sound and the rivers tributary thereto, in the State of Washington, as may be necessary for the requirements of commerce; that said port lights shall be of such character and located at such points along said channels as the lighthouse board, under the direction of the secretary of the treasury, may designate, and that the sum of $10,000, or as much thereof as may be necessary, shall be appropriated for the establishment and maintenance of said lights.

Double Tragedy in McGarigle's Saloon.

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.—During an exciting encounter in a crowded restaurant saloon to-night, two noted gamblers, "Bull" Haggerty and "Ben Jimmy" Connorton, each fatally shot the other. The tragedy occured in the establishment owned by ex-Chief of Police McGarigle, who acquired so much notoriety by his escape from the sheriff during the famous boodle trials. By a singular coincidence Harry Varnell, ex-warden of the insane asylum, who was convicted of boodling at the same trial, is associated with tonight's affray. Haggerty and Connorton had a preliminary quarrel in Varnell's saloon, in which Connorton was terribly thrashed. Meeting again in McGarigle's place the quarrel was renewed, when Connorton, finding himself being worsted, sent a bullet through Haggerty's stomach. The wounded man drew a revolver and shot Connorton in the breast. Physicians say both men will die.

Brutalized Women.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—A recent challenge from Miss Hattie Stewart, of Norfolk, Va., now of Seattle, Wash., to meet Miss Hattie Leslie, of Buffalo, for the boxing championship and $500 a side, has brought out the following reply: "Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 22nd.—Having seen the challenge to me from Hattie Stewart, stating that she would meet me in a glove contest for $250 a side, and that she would allow me $100 for expenses, but she has no money put up. Now I will make an offer to Hattie Stewart, I will fight her, "Police Gazette" rules to govern, with gloves not over two ounces, bare hands preferred, and I will give or take $250 for expenses. We can get police protection, and if Stewart wants to fight in San Diego she will have to get the same. Now, let Stewart put up her money with the Police Gazette and I will cover it, and I will fight her one month after the articles are signed. This is no bluff." (Signed), Hattie Leslie, champion female pugilist (not boxer) of the world.

Dion Boucicault at Rest.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—The funeral of Dion Boucicault took place this morning in the Church of the Transfiguration, better known as "the little church around the corner." Never before had that edifice, so many times the scene of actors' funerals, held a larger congregation than that assembled at Boucicault's obsequies. Rev. Dr. Houghton, and his assistant, Father Prescott, conducted the services, which were the simple rights of the Episcopal Church. There was no discourse. The floral tributes were many and beautiful. The remains were placed in a vault in Woodlawn cemetery.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—Agnes Robertson, first wife of Dion Boucicault, has sailed for New York in response to a cablegram from her lawyer.

An Occasion Worthy of the Visitors.

WASHINGTON, D.C., Sept. 22.—The excursion party to California to be present on the occasion of the dedication of Leland Stanford Jr. university, will comprise the president and vice-president and their ladies and families, all the cabinet and their ladies and families, 20 Senators and 4 Representatives, and other distinguished guests, including a detachment of Washington correspondents, to fill 20 Pullman cars, with hotel cars, etc., to accommodate them. The whole excursion is to be at the expense of Stanford. In addition to the above guests, it is Stanford's intention to invite a number of renowned literary and educational celebrities in Europe, among them the Deans of Oxford and Cambridge and a number of equally celebrated from universities of France and Germany.

From the Wreck of the Ajax.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 22.—The steamer Newport arrived this morning, bringing the passengers and crew of the wrecked steamer Ajax from Selton Cove. Capt. Donaldson of the Ajax was extremely reticent and declined to give any more information than was already known. From his disjointed statement it was learned that the Ajax left Coos Bay last Wednesday morning, and on Thursday morning at 9.15, while in a thick fog she struck on Blount's reef about five miles north of Cape Mendocino. All hands were put on the pumps and an endeavor made to reach Shelter Cove, but she made but little progress, and at 3.15 p.m. sank. The making was unexpected as Capt. Donaldson says he lost the ship's papers and instruments and all the personal effects of the passengers and crew. Well, Fargo & Co.'s treasure, amounting to nearly $7,000, was however saved. There was no excitement at any time on board the steamer, as the sea was smoothe and no difficulty was experienced in reaching the shore. The party was cared for at the hotel at Shelter Cove till the steamer Newport touched there yesterday morning, and conveyed the party to this city.

Burying the Victims.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Sept. 22.—The bodies of the victims of the Reading railroad disaster at Shoemakersville, on Friday night, were buried to-day. The first funeral was that of Fireman Templin, whose body was taken to Fleetwood and interred. At noon the body of Mail Agent Greenwald was buried in the Odd Fellows' cemetery at Tamaqua. This afternoon the bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Fredericks were buried, and two hours later Mr. and Mrs. Zerbe were interred in the Odd Fellows' cemetery. Pottsville has never before witnessed such sorrowful scenes. All places of business were closed until 5 o'clock and to-morrow they will be closed from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. The funeral of Engineer John White will take place at 10 o'clock, and that of Solomon Hoover at 4 p.m. The obsequies of General Solicitor Geo. R. Koecher, of the Reading railway company, will take place at 2:30 o'clock. A special train will be ran from Philadelphia to accommodate those wishing to attend the funeral.

At Honolulu and Samoa.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 22.—The steamer Farallon arrived in port this morning, eleven days from Honolulu. The United States man-of-war Nipsic sailed on the day previous to the departure of the Farallon, the Iroquois, her relief, having arrived at Honolulu the day before. The legislature was still in session when the Farallon left Honolulu. Everything there was quiet, but the body was being severely criticized for its actions, particularly for changes in the government. It has been rumored here from time to time that the Islands were on the verge of trouble. It has always been denied by those interested in the present government, but there is without doubt a strong feeling against the new ministry. A meeting of the Mechanics' Union was held on the night of the 5th, and it was decided to hold a mass meeting on the evening of the 9th to discuss the constitution and ask the national reform party to bring in a resolution of want of confidence against the ministry. The Iroquois arrived at Honolulu on the 8th inst., seven days from Pago Pago bay. She had a stormy passage. Everything at Samoa is reported by her to be quiet.

Blazing Oil Tanks.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 22.—Sparks from a Cleveland and Pittsburg locomotive set the storehouse of the Excelsior Oil Co., located near the junction of Bessemar and Atlantic streets, on fire, this morning, and the flames immediately spread to the tanks and storehouses in the immediate vicinity. Three cars, standing on the track near the house in which refined oil was stored, exploded with terrific force, throwing pieces of iron, weighing from 300 to 1,000 pounds, down the hill side over 500 feet. A number of the employes of the oil company were caught under the sheet of flame while digging ditches around the big tanks that were filled with oil, and six of them were pretty badly burned. The loss will amount to $75,000.

An Irish Convention.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 22.—The leaders of the Irish party in this city are agitating the question of holding a general convention to protest against the course of the English Government in arresting Dillon and O'Brien, and to awaken fresh enthusiasm in the friends of Ireland in this country. Should this convention be held it will be under the auspices of the Irish National League of America, and the place to be selected will be Baltimore. Whether the convention takes place or not depends altogether upon the wishes of Parnell and the Irish leaders on the other side of the water. While the members of the Irish National League here are very quick in favor of holding a general convention at this time, they wish to act in harmony with Parnell and his friends.

Killed by an Esquimaux.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 22.—Word has been received from Point Barrow, in the Arctic ocean, that Joseph George, a Portuguese in the employ of the Pacific Steam Whaling Company, was murdered June 1 by an Esquimaux, jealous because George had won the affections of the Esquimaux's wife. The murderer was condemned by the court of inquiry and shot within twelve hours after the murder.

Drouth Devastating Argentine Republic.

BUENOS AYRES, Sept. 52.—Minister Roca states that the government will provide for the payment of interest on provincial loans. It is expected that congress will impose strong protective duties. A drouth prevails in the country and live stock are dying in large numbers.

Not Justifiable.

SAN JACINEA, Cal., Sept. 22.—Last night a wealthy man named Hewitt became involved in an altercation with a man named Nichote, and, after some words, drew a pistol and fatally shot Joe Nichote, a brother, who had approached to learn the cause of the disturbance. The feeling is strong against Hewitt, as the murdered man had taken no part in the controversy.

Their Baggage Checked for China.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 22.—Collector Phelps to-day received a telegram from Washington, D. C., directing him to ship back to China the four Chinamen lately caught at Nogales while trying to steal over the border from Mexico.

A Prize Catch.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 22.—The sealing schooner Hermann arrived this morning, 13 days from Kodiak, with 140 otter and 151 seal skins. This is one of the largest otter catches ever made.

CANADIAN NEWS.

By the Favor of the Queen.

MONTREAL, Sept. 21.—The case of Correspondent O'Brien, arrested for sending broadcast a story about Prince George and street fight, was called again to-day and a another adjournment taken until to-morrow morning. It is learned on good authority that the case will be discontinued, and the Governor-General has received instructions from the Queen to see this is done. It is said Her Majesty disapproves of proceedings being taken against a subject for a private offence against a member of the Royal family, holding that their dignity is beyond penadventure and cannot be affected by a scurrilious story.

Discovered in Time.

WINDSOR, Sept. 22.—Saturday afternoon a two-inch dynamite cartridge was found fastened to the Michigan Central road track, and removed just ten minutes before the North Shore Limited weshbound train thundered past. It had evidently been placed there with the full intention of wrecking the train. An examination of the cartridge showed it to contain enough explosive to have blown the whole train to atoms.

The Reason Why.

TORONTO, Sept. 23.—A special to the Globe from Washington says: "A gentleman familiar with the reason which led to the adoption of the so-called tea amendment to the tariff bill offered by Senator Evarts says it is generally understood that this amendment will seriously interfere with the movement of tea on through bills of lading from China and Japan via. Vancouver and the Canadian Pacific Railway to the United States. This impression is incorrect, the fact is the amendment was aimed at certain English firms who have been importing teas into England and temporarily holding them for ultimate sale in small lots to retail dealers throughout the United States, thus coming into direct competition with the American importers and jobbers. The amendment was intended to put a stop to this and was not aimed at Canada although the latter country may be incidentally affected.

Lost With all on Board.

WINNIPEG, Sept. 23.—News has been received here to-day of the wreck of Lieut-Governor Shultz's yacht Keewatin on Lake Winnipeg. There were three mounted police on board besides the crew, all of whom it is feared have been lost. Portions of the yacht were picked up yesterday with a quantity of mail matter for the north.

Swindled His Creditors.

ST. JOHN, N.B., Sept. 23.—Geo. Stewart, a Montreal furniture dealer, who failed yesterday with liabilities of over $60,000, has been arrested here on a warrant issued in Montreal charging him with making away with his property and defrauding his creditors.

An Insane Suicide.

CHATHAM, Ont., Sept. 23.—John Ott hanged himself while insane. He suffered sunstroke two years ago, which terminated in lunacy.

En Route.

HAMILTON, Ont., Sept. 23.—Lord and Lady Aberdeen left here to-night for Ottawa. From there they proceed to Manitoba and British Columbia.

Death Rather Than Exposure.

BERLIN, Sept. 23.—It has transpired that Major Von Normann, commander of the cadets school, committed suicide because the soldiers had given information that he was guilty of an unnatural crime.

Kill Not Cure.

BERLIN, Sept. 23.—An autopsy on the body of Marie Hock, the actress who is supposed to have been poisoned through a chemist's error in compounding a prescription, failed to reveal any trace of poison. It is supposed that the powder administered by the physician had a different effect from what was expected, and hastened the patient's death.

MR. FAIRALL HEARD FROM.

TO THE EDITOR.—In your issue of this morning a statement is made that I drew a revolver on Little yesterday, and that he was struck on the back by an axe. This statement appears to me is made with the intention to prejudice the public against me to the detriment of my business. I must state that I have never had a revolver IN MY LIFE, and that I have not seen one since Nicholls drew one on me and covered me with it till I got to my house.

I am, sir, yours, &c.,
H. S. FAIRALL.

September 23rd, 1890.

CORRECTION.

TO THE EDITOR: Not having been present at the meeting, and not being concerned with the proposal to build a new Anglican cathedral you will oblige by stating that T. Davie, whose name appears in your report as one of the committee appointed to carry the project into effect, is not THEODORE DAVIE.

THE BURNING ACCIDENT.

TO THE EDITOR: In your issue of this morning there appears an article entitled "A Reprehensible Practice" to which I ask your attention, inasmuch as there are some mis-statements which you will kindly correct for the sake of the sorrowing parents. I will here give the true facts of the case. When Mrs. McRae left the children she did not lock them in, as your article represents. When she left, a neighbor was in the house with the children. She went out on a message with the intention of being absent only a few minutes, but was detained longer than she intended, and, to her horror, found that her little girl had been so severely burned as to necessitate her removal to the hospital before she arrived. She was very careful in removing matches out of the children's reach, and has been yet unable to find out who was the caller of the child's dress into the fire. Evidently the fire had caught behind, as she was far worse burned there than any other part of her body. The other two children were not near her at the time, and the child was asked repeatedly how it happened, but always gave the same answer, that she did not know. She was a very intelligent child, and, if she had known, would have given a truthful account of the occurrence. I may state that there was no fire going in grate or stove in the house, and the father and mother have done all in their power to find out the cause, which is yet remains a mystery. Kindly insert this letter in your next issue for the sake of the aggrieved parents, who are cut deeply in sorrow at the loss of their little one.—Yours truly, G. D.

21 Herald Street,
Victoria, 23rd Sept., 1890.

York Farm, Moosomin, N. W. T.

WRITING from this fertile district, Mr. G. F. Clark, says: "I had a severe attack of diarrhœa, but was quickly cured by using Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry."

FORTUNES FROM THE OLD COUNTRY—$300,000,000—enormous fortunes lie idle in the Court of Chancery which really belong to the English-speaking people throughout the world; this huge accumulation is accumulating due to the heirs, next of kin, legatees, beneficiaries having emigrated; every family of English descent should enquire; a fortune may await you; the owners of a large proportion of this wealth have been advertised from time to time, but owing to their absence the advertisements have not reached them; everyone should obtain a copy of our register of the Christian and surnames in full of the 60,000 persons to whom this vast wealth belongs; post free, one dollar by post office order or paper currency; if you find your name or that of a friend in the register you should at once follow the instructions given. COX & CO., 55 and 56 Chancery Lane, London, Eng.

E. E. BURLINGAME'S ASSAY OFFICE & CHEMICAL LABORATORY

Established in Colorado, 1866. Samples by express will receive prompt and careful attention. Gold & Silver Bullion Refined, Melted and Assayed, or Purchased.

Address, 1736 & 1738 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo.

Burdock Blood Bitters

REGULATES THE Bowels, Blood and Liver, CURES Constipation, Biliousness, all Blood Humors, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Scrofula, and all Broken Down Conditions of the System.

WATFORD, ONT.

My daughter, after a severe attack of Scarlet Fever, was completely broken down, spent hundreds of dollars in doctors' bills with but little satisfaction. Before she had taken one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters there was a remarkable change, and now she is entirely cured. tts MRS. HOPPERTON.

THIRTY-SECOND

WESTMINSTER'S GREAT FA

A Magnificent Success in all Depa ments—Agriculture, Arts and Manufacture.

Westminster Wins the Lacrosse M To-day's Arrangement—Gen eral Comments.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

NEW WESTMINSTER, Sept. 25.—Yesterday had but commenced her fe Wednesday; it was necessary to To-day's programme to witness really earnest spirit with which New ministerics gave themselves away to th enjoyment of their festivities. The day was a rush of the last preparation ways necessary in events where a community is concerned; the second everything being in working order, day of solid, uninterrupted enjoyment these was a committee on decorat may have included the entire c every house bore evidences of a wish part of the inhabitants to beautif make brilliant by individual the occasion which they now look forward to as an event. Of course those in charge of officials were more elaborate than the individual efforts of the latter the triumphal arches and welcoming would have looked comparatively bad deed in the whole could be read one fa the New Westminster citizens took making their city

APPEAR AT HER BEST

before visitors. And they succeed most gratifying extent. Everyone ledged that N. W. was indeed a Roy Judging by the immense works of ment that were going on; hills level streets opened, and handsome bu buildings going up, all of which are before they are commenced. The air of comfort and prosperity perva place which re-assures the visit comes for either business or pleasur

On the exhibition proper a com amount of praise might be bestowed grounds, which also include a h driving park in the transition sta been prettily laid out with flo greenery and sward. By the time calls again, these grounds will be of floral wealth and green beau will set off the building to no vantage.

THE ENTRANCE FLOOR

is given up to garden, field and d ducts, and a number of specimen vir cial manufacture in lumber, m stone cutting. Perhaps this com clearest demonstration, to th tical farmer, of British C fertility. Such produce, s and in the very pink of c cannot fail to convince unbeli British Columbia can hold her ow only her sister provinces, but with boring Western States, in prod treats of its field and garden. T inbited in rich and tempting There are at least 50 varieties of a over 25 of pears exposed to view, w varieties, such as peaches, plum blackberries are par excellence the their kind in either size, quality, ful growth. The judges will ho work to do to arrive at a just a is a pity that the dairy produce exhibition is compared with the province, comparatively small. was small, it had the recommen being of a very high class qualit proof that British Columbia as and where growing centre quite e even surpasses, the required stan

THE UPPER FLOOR

of the main building is devote fruit, flowers, fancy work and displays. British Columbia w there, testifying to the fact that Province can clothe her people feed them, give them coal and g that man need. British Colum wealth is fully illustrated by and not over showy display. T lower floor, is not confined to vincial manufactures. There ar of stoves, organs, pianos and o hold requests from Eastern Ca T. Roeide, a former Victorian, h It is by no means necessary to the province for mercantile or count books, ledgers, journal books. To a bookbinder they ar and would run close for, if n prize in any exposition where keenest competition in this bran

LIVE STOCK.

In this branch there was an e fine exhibit of almost every clas tic animal, but names and pe having been made, it was not classify any.

The first item on the progra day was the grand

MILITARY AND TRADES PRO

which started from the Royal 10 a.m. in the following order.

Grand Marshal—T. Acker
Military Band.
Blue Jackets and Marines from
Daphne and Nymphe.
New Westminster Milit
Carriages containing Mayor Br
Governor Nelson, Officers of H
Hon. John Robson, City Cou
Guests of the City.
Members of the Provincial Le
Members I.O. O.F. in full r
Knights of Pythias in Uni