Records of yields and reports showing the amount of seed held for sale should be forwarded to the secretary of the Association before the end of the calendar year. The Association may issue catalogues for general distribution for the purpose of advertising seed produced and offered for sale by operating members.

## PRESERVING OF SEED.

Threshed and cleaned seed of cereal grains should be stored in a dry cool place.

Smut infested wheat, oats or barley should be effectively treated by the grower, and the smut spores killed before the seed is sold.

Special care should be taken to protect seed grain against the ravages of insect pests and the spread of insects through the medium of seed grain.

Seed pease that are infested with pea weevil should be threshed and effectively treated with carbor, bisulphide as soon as possible after maturity.

Seed corn should be thoroughly dried and preserved in the ear in braided plaits, on racks, or in bins or cribs specially designed to prevent injury from the accumulation of moisture.

## DISPOSAL OF REGISTERED SEED BY MEMBERS.

The Association expects all members to comply with the following clause of the "Seed Control Act,"—Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, Vol. III, Chap. 128:—

6. No person shall sell, or offer, expose or have it his possession, for sale, for the purpose of seeding, any seeds of cereals, grasses, clovers or forage plants unless they are free from any seeds of the following weeds:—Wild Mustard or Charlock, (Brassica Sinapistrum, Boiss); Tumbling Mustard, (Sisymbrium sinapistrum, Crantz.); Hare's Ear Mustard, [Conringia orientalis (L.) Dumort.]; Ball Mustard, (Neslia paniculata, L. Desv.); Field Pennycress or Stinkweed, (Thlaspi arvense, L.); Wild Oats, (Avena fatua, L. and avena strigosa, Schreb.); Bindweed, (Convolvulus arvensis, L.); Perennial Sow-Thistle, (Sonchus arvensis, L.); Ragweed, (Ambrosia artemisiaefolia, L.);