

6. Air Vice Marshal Curtis stated that the Commanding Officer, U.S. Sixth Service Command, Edmonton, had expressed a preference for working out a system of toll charges to cover the use by the United States of the Northwest Landline System. Such a toll system would be undesirable from the point of view of the RCAF. Furthermore, certain circuits have been installed in such a way that it is impossible for persons between Fairbanks and Edmonton to use them, and Air Vice Marshal Curtis therefore suggested that it would be preferable if the United States could arrange to lease these three circuits instead of paying on the toll system. General Henry took the matter under advisement and stated that he would present it to the proper officials in the War Department and also suggested that it be one of the points of study for the committee being organized to consider postwar collaboration between the United States and Canada.

7. Mr. Macdonnell stated that the Canadian Government is now considering long range plans for the leased military airport at Goose Bay, Labrador, and inquired what military personnel the United States desired to maintain there after July 1. General Henry replied that the Army Air Forces will desire to keep their personnel up to the present strength. It was further agreed that other long term requirements and related problems of the future use of Goose Bay by the United States should be determined in connection with whatever comprehensive studies are made in the field of postwar collaboration.

8. General Spry referred to the problem faced by Canada in connection with a determination as to what would be the optimum small arms caliber for Canada to adopt. He mentioned the tentative decision taken in the United Kingdom for the adoption of a caliber not currently used in either Canada or the United States, and referred also to current research and study in the United States as to the possible adoption of a new and different caliber for the U. S. Forces. In this connection, he mentioned the willingness of the Canadian Army to contribute the results of its research to date and its desire to share in any feasible way in the work being carried on in the United States. In this connection, he alluded to the influence which this information would