

The Toronto World

A Morning Newspaper Published Every Day in the Year.
MAIN OFFICE, 83 YONGE STREET, TORONTO.

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RESTORE THE CONTRACT.

When the Toronto Street Railway in September, 1892, entered into its agreement with the City of Toronto it was unquestionably part of the bargain that the city retain control of its streets, and that the company should be bound to establish and lay down new lines and to extend the tracks and street car service on such streets as might be recommended by the city and engineer and approved by the city council. These indeed are the precise words of the agreement, and they embodied the conditions on which alone the city was prepared to grant the street railway franchise. So explicit is the phraseology of this, the fundamental operative contract between the city and the company, that to construe its terms in any other than their plain and only possible meaning, is inconceivable and would be the height of unreason.

How then did the judicial committee of the privy council reach the conclusion that not the city but the company controlled the streets, and had the right to lay down new lines and make track extensions? In this way. Consequent on the agreement the promoters petitioned the legislature for the authority necessary to enable the company to be incorporated, and to acquire the contract already entered into. This the legislature did by an act of incorporation enacting by its first section that the company was entitled to the exclusive right and privilege of using and working the street railways in and upon the city streets "subject to the conditions of the agreement." By the fourth section of the act it was further enacted that after assignment of the agreement the company should have full power to acquire, construct and operate a double or single track street railway upon all or any of the city streets, "subject to the exceptions and under the qualifications contained in the first section of the act." This fourth section the privy council held dominated the agreement, and in effect gave the company the right to operate on all or any streets without the city's authority or consent. In other words, the clauses of the original agreement reserving to the city the control of its streets and the right to require new tracks and the extension of existing tracks, were construed as mere limitations of the absolute right conferred on the company by the legislature. The relative positions of the city and the company as defined by the contract between them were thus absolutely inverted and the original intention of the parties and the terms of the bargain under which the company obtained the franchise arbitrarily set aside and in point of fact fundamentally altered.

Common fairness demands that the explicit conditions on which the company accepted the franchise, as specified in the agreement, should regulate the relationship between it and the City of Toronto. It cannot be seriously contended that the legislature, by passing the act necessary to operate the company to operate the street railways, had it in contemplation to subvert or even vary the incontestable terms of the bargain on which the city parted with this valuable franchise. If, therefore, the legislature of Ontario inadvertently did this, and consideration of equity requires that the serious wrong done the city should be righted by the same legislature. The claim of the City of Toronto to be restored into the full rights reserved by the agreement becomes all the more irresistible when it is remembered that the standing rule both in federal and provincial legislation regarding street railway companies has been to make the power to operate dependent on arrangement with the municipality concerned. What Toronto asks is that the original bargain between the city and the company, as embodied in the agreement, be restored to full force and effect, and that in this connection to recall that the city's rights were recognized and enforced by the Canadian courts. The decision of the privy council ran entirely counter to the settled policy of the Canadian parliament, and of the legislature of Ontario, and it would be unjust to permit Toronto to become the victim of a strained and technical interpretation of a private act never intended to upset or modify a solemn contract entered into with full knowledge of its terms and accepted according to their evident meaning and interpretation.

DON'T TAKE IT, SIR.

It is fitting that the Conservative members of the legislature should show honor to their leader, the prime minister of Ontario. For many reasons he is worthy of honor at their hands, and at the hands of all lovers of honest administration. Slight objection will be taken to the complimentary banquet to be tendered to Mr. Whitney.

But why give him a silver service? It is given to him in his capacity of prime minister of Ontario, or in his

capacity of a private citizen of this province? Are the contributors to this gift only members of the legislature and do they contribute as personal, private friends of Mr. Whitney, or as the representatives of their constituents and in some cases representatives of groups of men seeking at one time or another favors from Mr. Whitney?

Like the donor of a woman, the honor of the chief executive of this province should be above suspicion. It is above suspicion. Yet the man to whom gifts are offered, if he holds a public position and values his good name above riches, will think twice before accepting what in its very nature implies a quid pro quo, either tangible or sentimental.

Mr. Whitney as a private citizen may do as he pleases about accepting gifts from friends or foes, but as prime minister of Ontario, Mr. Whitney will lose no friends and make no foes by declining tangible tributes until he lets go his trusteeship. The World will love him none the less if he accepts the silver service, but we would honor him more if he didn't.

HOME RULE AND BRITISH POLITICS.

Had Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman been at the helm of the ship of state on Monday last the reception accorded Mr. John Redmond's home rule resolution would more than likely have been more sympathetic. The present premier has always been a convinced supporter of home rule in the form acceptable to the Nationalists, and enjoyed more of their confidence than almost all others of the Liberal leaders. His apparently permanent physical breakdown cannot but materially alter the situation, and whether the goal of Irish hopes is to be brought politically nearer, or the reverse, will depend altogether on the policy the Nationalist party elects to follow. There is no reason to believe that the view of the predominant partner is less unfavorable to a practically independent parliament and executive for Ireland, and the words added to Mr. Redmond's resolution, prior to its adoption, again emphasize the great outstanding antagonism between the Irish and English conceptions of home rule.

Mr. Birrell's declaration that if the Nationalists desire the question to be brought prominently before the English people at the next general election, they would do well to make it clear what their proposals are, is of considerable importance at this juncture. Home rule is of very vague significance and may cover anything from complete self-government, little short of independence, to a national council possessing a purely delegated authority to manage local affairs, subject to the control of the imperial parliament. In his speech, Mr. Redmond is reported to have asked for what had been already done for the French in Quebec, and the Dutch in the Transvaal, ignoring apparently the vast difference between the position of a province of the Dominion of Canada and the self-governing Transvaal, which does not belong to a federation. Unless the constitution of the United Kingdom is to be fundamentally changed, Ireland cannot be made another Quebec and for it to become a practically independent state, after the type of the Transvaal, appears, in the present stage of British opinion, to be outside practical politics.

Hitherto the Nationalists have called on the British Government to promulgate a scheme of home rule acceptable to them—now they are asked to do this for the enlightenment of the British electorate. There is nothing to indicate whether this demand is the result of a settled government policy or was merely an expression of Mr. Birrell's individual opinion. In itself it is perfectly reasonable, especially after the contemptuous rejection of the Irish council bill, which Mr. Asquith explained was all that could be given under the mandate granted the government at the general election. And unless some definite scheme for the solution of the Irish problem is placed before the electorate and specifically voted upon, the house of lords will certainly compel its submission to the verdict of the people. As the chancellor of the exchequer remarked, the British people had yet to be convinced, and until they were convinced, it would be impossible to travel an inch along the road. This attitude Mr. Healy characterized as one of deplorable retrogression, but it is rather one of sound commonsense. There is little doubt that a large extension of local self-government could be obtained if the Nationalists were prepared to accept it, even as an instalment, but a refusal to take anything short of a full barreled parliamentary system and an independent executive, will secure nothing but an indefinite postponement of the Irish problem.

Power Agreement.

The agreement entered into between the municipalities of Ontario and the hydro-electric power commission will be considered at a joint meeting of the representatives of the municipalities and the commission at the parliament buildings on Friday morning.

Contract Awarded.

T. V. Gearing has secured the contract for the new Ontario hall, exclusive of heating, at a little below \$25,000.

THE DEATH WARRANT DELIVERED

No defence can be offered when you apply Putnam's to a sore corn—no certain to quickly cure corns as Putnam's Corn and Wart Extract; try Putnam's. It's free from acids and poisons.

OPPOSITION ATTACKS

MEMBER FOR OTTAWA

Claim That He Comes Near Violating Independence of Parliament Act—Government Dealings.

OTTAWA, March 31.—(Special).—Mr. Fielding moved the house into committee for the purpose of adopting the supplementary estimates for the year, which closed to-day, amounting to \$5,316,882, and one-eighth of the main estimates, amounting to \$11,244,043, in addition to the portion, \$4,585,538, already granted in full. The total for next year was \$15,831,581.

R. L. Borden enquired if the estimates of 1908 had been prepared on the same basis in previous years. Would the supplementary estimates to come be of the same character as those asked for from year to year?

Mr. Fielding replied that the minister of militia had assured him that he had asked for all he would require. The general aim of the government was to get nearly all into the main estimates, but it was impossible to avoid asking for supplementary estimates. He hoped that this year the supplementary estimates would not be so large as last year.

Mr. Borden objected to the preparation of the estimates without including all amounts that it was intended to spend.

Mr. Fielding said that it was at least courtesy to say that an enquiry would be made. It was quite easy to tell the deputation that the matter would be looked into.

In this case it doesn't mean anything," suggested Mr. Foster. "I don't know what it means," replied Mr. Fielding.

The reference to the subject of dredging brought W. H. Bennett to his feet. He charged that there was collusion between dredging contractors and he asked the first minister if he would allow a full enquiry before the public accounts committee to ascertain, if possible, if two tenders for a certain work were not written by the same hand. It was well known that the price of these dredge owners amounted to from 50 to 75 per cent. These men were making a "lavish display of vulgar wealth."

Could Not Proceed.

Sir Wilfrid pleaded that he was unfamiliar with such matters. He could not on such short notice promise an investigation.

Mr. Patterson remarked that the weight of Mr. Bennett's criticism was discounted by the statements accompanying them.

The member for Simcoe never got up in the house but he intimated that some members of parliament of a relative was involved in some dredging contract.

Mr. Bennett challenged the minister to produce one statement that he had not made good.

Mr. Patterson replied that the other day Bennett asked the minister of marine if "so and so" was not the fact; and the minister gave it an emphatic denial. It was true that it was put in the form of a question.

Mr. Bennett proceeded to heckle the minister of customs, amid boo-hin of the Liberal members. When the speaker subsided Mr. Bennett observed: "They don't amount to much; I'm after bigger game."

The member for Ottawa, Mr. Stewart, had been "gratified" in respect to the insurance on boilers. Mr. Patterson, he said, was perfectly honest, but he was "weaker than a jelly-fish" in holding on to office. It was dishonouring the nation to cry "graft, graft, graft." Mr. Patterson retorted amid great laughter.

"Dis honouring the government," cried the opposition.

"Who was sending up a cry of graft?" asked Mr. Bennett. "It was the public themselves, the clergymen and the royal commission appointed by the government itself."

Discussing the Stewart accounts Mr. Taylor asked if this did not come close to violating the independence of Parliament Act. He read a long account of \$40 of R. Stewart & Son's bill being M.P. for Ottawa, for inspecting boilers in government buildings. As this was not an incorporated company the act made his duty plain. Mr. Patterson maintained that R. Stewart & Son were merely agents of the Boiler Inspection Co.

Mr. Stewart explained that cheques were for renewal of insurance taken out in 1882. No business had come to his company thru his connection as a member of parliament. Since 1902 any new business had been placed with another company.

The point was, said Mr. Blain, whether a member of the house received any benefit from business transactions with the government.

Mr. Stewart replied that business had gone to a rival company, and that his influence was not used to retain the business.

Mr. Borden said the question was whether this contract was a matter of annual renewal.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that Mr. Stewart had done nothing for which he could be impeached.

Mr. Borden declared that Mr. Corby had resigned his seat owing to a slight technicality.

Mr. McColl defended the member for Ottawa. The commission on renewals was paid to Mr. Stewart's firm by his company and not by the government.

Is He Disqualified?

Mr. Alcorn read the sections of the act bearing on the subject, he clause declared that any person who may be interested in or concerned in any service or work, or performs any service for which public money is paid, shall be disqualified from holding a seat in the parliament.

No comment was made and the house went into committee of supply. A bill was passed to provide \$15,831.58 for the public service.

William Whitton of Peterboro is suing Robert H. Leahy of the same place for \$2000 for breach of contract in selling Hon. W. H. Bennett a mine claim, and for fraud and conspiracy thereof.

James Cochrane, 720 West Bloor-street, lost the index finger of his right hand as a result of an accident while he was loading a gasoline engine on a dray at the Tolson Iron Works yesterday morning.

M. J. O'Leary is a candidate for the separate school board in the third ward. He advocates a secret ballot, one vote for chairman, and better business management of the school. The Post notices that St. Michael's Cathedral may also be a candidate.

AT OSGOODS HALL

ANNOUNCEMENTS FOR TO-DAY.

Chambers. Cartwright, master, at 11 a.m. Single Court.

The hon. the chancellor at 11 a.m. Cases set down for hearing:

1. Craig v. McCarthy.
2. Noble v. Lynd.
3. Re York County Loan.
4. Re Pittcher Estate.
5. Re Byer Estate.
6. Wilmot v. Cooper.
7. Re Davies Estate.
8. Re Leathers and Parrott.
9. Re C. B. C. Corbett Co.

There will be no sittings of the divisional court this week.

Toronto Non-Jury Sittings. Peremptory list for 10.30 a.m.:

1. C. P. R. Co. v. Brown.
2. Canadian Express and Maughan.
3. Hamill v. Swartz.
4. Lea v. Miller.
5. Moss v. Moss Chem. Co.
6. Moss v. Moss.
7. Sovereign Bank v. West.

Overdue Note. Enoch B. Martin and Samuel Merner, both of the Town of Berlin, have been made defendants in an action brought by W. H. Lailey & Co. of Toronto, claiming \$867.06 on an overdue promissory note.

Ask Specific Performance. Robert Lindsay of Glenelg Township, in a writ of summons issued against Alonzo Washington Diceman and Jas. Atkinson, is asking for specific performance of an agreement to sell certain land to the County of Grey.

Wants Legacy Paid. Margaret R. Hog of Toronto has begun an action against R. Vanstone of Wingham, to recover a legacy of \$600. Vanstone being the executor of the estate of the late James Kelly of Wingham.

Injunction Asked For. To recover \$5883.11, alleged to be due on certain drafts, Henry C. Hachmeister, of Pittsburgh, Pa., has issued a writ against the Imperial Cobalt Silver Mining Co. of Toronto. An injunction is also asked to restrain the company from the disposal of the assets of the company.

Trouble Over a Will. Proceedings have been begun by Thomas C. Cleghorn, Ella L. Cleghorn, Edna Secor Cleghorn and Anna H. Cleghorn, against James Watson Secor, Alexander Maitland Secor and Angus Maitland Secor, in connection with the will of the late Alexander N. Secor. The plaintiffs are asking the court to set aside probate of the will in dispute on the ground that it was obtained by undue influence.

Award Set Aside. Judge Clute has given judgment on the appeal of the C. B. Co. from the award of two arbitrators allowing \$700 for certain laid taken by the company belonging to the Town of Renfrew. An arbitrator refused to sign the award. His lordship sets the award aside and refers it back for further consideration and award. The costs are reserved.

Married and Parted in One Week. Henry Hynes and Alice Bell of Collingwood appeared before the Rev. Henry Irvine, Methodist minister of that town, and were married on Aug. 17 last. Mrs. Hynes was 27 years of age and Miss Bell 23. Three days later the house was rented and furniture bought, and it was agreed that they should be married on the following Saturday, just one week after their marriage. Instead of moving into the home, however, Hynes, who is a plasterer by trade, left the town and did not return until the following Wednesday. Shortly afterwards, it is alleged, he refused to live with his support his wife. These facts were before Master in Chambers Cartwright on an application for interim alimony. His lordship granted Mrs. Hynes \$5 per week until the trial.

Alleges Cheque Was Stolen. Florence Hynes, formerly Cohen, has filed a writ of summons against the Crown Bank, Adolph Meyer and the Imperial Bank in her action to recover \$600, the value of a cheque stolen from her by the Imperial Bank. Mrs. Hynes alleges that while she was the widow of the late B. Cohen, in February last, she obtained from Helmut Cohen, a cheque drawn by him on the Imperial Bank, payable to the order of Mrs. B. Cohen, for \$600, that the cheque was subsequently stolen from her by the Imperial Bank. Mrs. Hynes notified the defendants of the misappropriation of the cheque and now demands payment.

Private and Confidential. Oswald Runchey, a mill hand residing at the Township of Seneca, has filed a writ of summons against J. Thomas Marshall, a farmer of the same township, claiming \$2000 damages for libel contained in a letter written by Marshall to one Miss Trebilcock, reflecting on the character of Miss Mary Runchey, the wife of the plaintiff, who became Mrs. Runchey. It is alleged that Miss Ferguson had a disagreement with Marshall, and James Ferguson, and had gone to live with her aunt, Miss Trebilcock, who wrote to Mr. Marshall, but Mrs. Marshall refused to write privately and confidentially, the letter which is now the subject of the action. Mrs. Runchey being under 21 years of age, application was made to Master in Chambers Cartwright for an order allowing her to sue by a next friend. His lordship granted her husband her next friend, and gave the costs of the motion to the defendant in any event.

UNITED STATES INTERVENTION

Is Not Improbable in Republic of Hayti.

PORT AU PRINCE, March 31.—The report circulated to the effect that the arrival of the German cruiser "Albatross" would bring about another crisis, in which Germany would intervene upon immediate payment of a claim made by a German resident of Hayti, one Rebois, is not confirmed.

The German attitude on this subject is the same now as it was two months ago, when President Alexis was asked to permit the deportation of Rebois and would continue to press his claim for adequate compensation.

Reports were made this afternoon that American intervention would probably result from the present complicated condition of affairs.

IS THE DENTIST NEEDED?

Your tooth may ache and throb, but that's no reason for pulling it out, but this—rub Nerivine over the gums and put some battering soaked with Nerivine in the cavity and the pain goes right away. Nothing half so good for toothache as Poison's Nerivine.

THE T. EATON CO. LIMITED

THE HOUSE THAT VALUE BUILT

Sporting Goods: Get Out-of-Doors!

The stirring up in the Sporting Goods Section hints plainly at the approach of a great season of out-door games. New goods are piling in. Prices are low. Choose yours now.

Baseball Goods: A bigger-than-ever stock. These and more: Baseballs—Young Canada, .15; King of the Diamond, .25; Professional, .50; Amateur, .75; College, 1.00; league, 1.50.

Bats—Amateur, .10; Clipper, .25; Winner, .45; Cyclone, .75; Deckers—.25, .50, .75, .90, 1.25 and up.

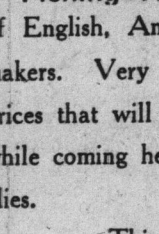
Finger Gloves: Boys—.25, .40, .50, .75. Men's—1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 2.00 and up. Masks, blue or bright steel wire, padded, with or without head and chin pieces—.25 to 2.50.

Chest Protectors—1.50 and 3.25. Golf Needs: Just received our big spring shipment. Spalding's "Gold Medal" line. A well selected stock. Mid-irons, cleeks, putters, etc.—1.75 each.

Drivers and brassies—.25. Golf Bags—1.75, 3.00 and 5.50. Golf Balls—Wizard, .55; Haskell, .55; Wizard remade, .25.

Fishing Tackle: Best goods of English, American and Canadian makers. Very large selection and prices that will make it worth your while coming here for all fishing supplies.

This Bicycle has Dunlop detachable tires, all the latest improvements, and is fully guaranteed.



BICYCLE

\$27.50

WITH COASTER BRAKE

\$32.50

GET YOURS NOW

Cricket: Goods were specially selected for us by an expert cricketer. Complete line of the famous Gunn and Moore, and Shaw and Shrewsbury goods. We're satisfied that an inspection of the stock will please the most exacting cricketer, and he'll be glad to pay the prices.

—Sporting Goods Department in the Basement.

THE T. EATON CO. LIMITED

190 YONGE STREET, TORONTO

WANTS FIRE ALARM BOX AT LARGE INSTITUTIONS

Chief's Recommendation Where Lives Are at Stake—Budget From the City Hall.

The board of control will to-day begin the work of overhauling the board of education estimates, amounting to \$1,420,000. The total amount asked for buildings is \$450,000. The increase in salaries is more than \$80,000, \$65,000 being for public school teachers, \$15,000 for high school teachers, and \$4000 for teachers in the technical schools.

The fire and light committee yesterday agreed to recommend that the city provide further means of fire protection for the Sacred Heart Orphanage at Sunnyside. Chief Thompson recommended the laying of a 4-inch water main, and the placing of one hydrant in front and another behind the building. The cost he estimated at \$845.

It is also of opinion that this and all other institutions of a similar character should have a fire alarm box in the building, he added.

Mayor Oliver and Controllers Housen and Harrison yesterday conferred with Hon. J. J. Foy regarding that portion of the city's bill which seeks to recover for the city those powers for which it contended before the privy council.

Controller Housen last night expressed hopefulness that the city may yet be able to wield a club on the company. He thinks Corporation Counsel Fullerton has prepared a strong case, based on the argument that the privy council's decision was founded largely on a provincial statute, and not on the agreement with the city.

The necessity of appointing a park commissioner without further loss of time was urged by Controller Spence at yesterday's meeting of the board.

Changes in Street Names. The following changes were recommended by the street-naming sub-committee of the board of works yesterday: Chestnut Park-road to Chestnut Park, Belford-avenue, north of the railway tracks, to Egan-avenue; Denison-square to Corley-avenue, and Bellevue-place to Burlington-avenue; Farley-avenue to West Richmond-street.

The court of revision spent a busy hour and a half yesterday when nearly 100 local improvement assessments, mostly on sidewalks, were confirmed. The assessment of the widening of Orford-avenue so as to make it a uniform width of 38 feet from Parliament-street to Clara-avenue was, however, allowed to stand over.

The exhibition management have definitely decided not to build a new transportation building this year.

The city engineer, after a visit to the western seaboard of the island, has decided to recommend that a heavy barrier of brush and willow cuttings be placed along about 800 feet of the most exposed portion.

RECIPE FOR THREE-CENT FARES—JUST "STICK."

Detroit Free Press: The Saturday Evening Post offers a word of cheer to Detroit in its combat for three-cent car fares. After looking over the whole ground The Post announces that our city "is making progress." It is not so far advanced as Cleveland, but it is traveling the upward road and expects to make

THOSE WHO HAVE BEEN WAITING FOR

New Maple Syrup

CAN GET IT NOW AT MICHIE'S. A consignment has just arrived from the Eastern Townships, and Donlands comes along each day or two, but does not keep up with the demand for it.

Michie & Co., Limited

PHONE M. 7591. Private branch exchange connecting all departments.

WAS NEPHEW OF CLIVE.

Body Found Jammed Between Rocks on Coast.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., March 31.—Jammed into a crevasse between two big rocks off Coronados Boulevard seawall, the body of Guy Clive, a citizen of England and a nephew of Lord Clive, the British leader in the wars in India, was found late yesterday.

The body was fully dressed, the clothes were damp and flecked with seaweed, showing that the breakers yesterday morning had drenched the body. Clive was missed Sunday afternoon. It is thought that the inquest will reveal death from natural causes.

Guy Clive was 38 years of age and had never been married. He had traveled much and had chosen to reside here. Remittances came from England for his support.

BOY KILLED BY CAR.

Tommy Gibson Meets Instant Death on Bloor-Street.

Tommy Gibson, aged eight, son of Thomas Gibson, 822 Bathurst-street, was terribly mangled beneath a street car on Bloor-street, near Manning-avenue, at noon yesterday. He ran directly in front of the car and was dead when Dr. W. C. Dumble, who saw the fatality, reached the body. The car was going at a moderate speed. Motor-man Sharpe was so affected that he had to be assisted home.

Cornerer McConnell opened an inquest at the St. Alban's Hotel. It was adjourned until April 9 at 9 o'clock at Ossington-avenue police station.

Riverdale Business Men's Association. The annual meeting of the association will be held in the rooms of the Royal Canadian Bicycle Club, in Broadview-avenue, on Thursday evening.

THE TRADERS BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1888

Joint Deposit Accounts

A special convenience in force in our Savings Department, is the "Joint Deposit Account."

This means that an account may be opened in the names of two persons (husband and wife or any two members of a family) so that either may withdraw money on their individual checks.

In case of the death of either person, the entire account may be withdrawn by the survivor.

\$1.00 opens a Savings Account. Interest added quarterly.

FIVE BRANCHES: Yonge and Bloor Sts. Avenue Road, cor. Davenport Queen and Broadview Ave.

JOHN

LADIES SUIT C. A splendid coat lined with fur back with smart ma Serge in Copenhagen SPECIAL.

LADIES COAT. Manufactured to fitting and wearing stripes, ch Would be BOUGHT.

CHILD REEFEE. We are Child's colors and ing from.

TOWEL. The ted initials up for the Towel with worked up capable at These T huck—full homestitch ered initial per dozen.

WASH. Our sto bries is so not do it. Sufficient color or wear amongst of.

NEW K. A splen of Knit W which eve of \$6.00, \$8.00.

SHIRT SPECIAL. Waist N the back and val ed back—

Ladies' C request. MAIL OR

JOHN 55, 57, (OPP

RETAIL Objections clet

There w way Hal chants' As Operative thru the I clation is a bill, to the Ching Mr. Mu provinces all with the posing the

The Co would allow tering bus with the tal Assoc bill passes some \$50,000.

WHERE New Motto Fr

Prof. Joh Verity of t ment writ "The citi rude shock ed from ac in The Sta control press. In state of the also had the accu had been the provin "It is di type of ne does not t so ignor ne of the published. the pristn Surely also that the pe ally belie pure, when residents of last three polluted.

"Large c and Europ bulletins is supplies. Have the fa The citize expect to and if they city health elsewhere."

Redu The boar duced the missions a year amou struck off asked for \$20,000.

While de C.P.R. Tel 8 Allen-st from the fr 9 o'clock