

from £15 15s. See Advertisements in daily papers for these and many other lines. Bedding, &c., by all lines, 20s. to 30s. extra. Applications may be made at the Colonial Emigration Society, 13, Dorset Street, Portman Square, London. Introductions given to governesses to the Colony. Apply for general information to Agent-General for Victoria, 8, Victoria Chambers, Victoria Street, London, S.W.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

Area.—316,320 square miles, three times as large as Great Britain and Ireland. First settled in 1788. The Government is popular and representative. Population, 922,000, 100,000 more males than females. Capital, Sydney. Population, 221,000; a splendid city with a splendid harbour.

Climate.—Beautiful and healthy. Hot in the summer (January and February). Greatest heat 99° in the shade, and lowest 39°. Rainfall at Sydney is 50 inches, or twice that of London. Plenty of rain along the coast, less in the west and on the flat country. Liable to droughts, which do much damage.

Education is compulsory for children between six and fourteen years; fee is 3d. a week per child. It is secular, but clergymen may appropriate one hour a day for religious instruction. Fourteen and a half per cent. of persons over ten years are illiterate. The Sydney University grants degrees, and is open to all. Sunday-schools, and all home societies and amusements abound. There is no State church. Protestants in 1881 numbered 516,512, of whom 342,359 were Church of England.

Pastoral wealth is the grand feature of the Colony. There were 32,000,000 sheep (chiefly Lincolns), and 1,408,353 cattle in 1884. They are very cheap to keep, as they find their own food and shelter, winter and summer.

Agriculture.—Total area under cultivation is 789,082 acres, employing 76,000 persons. Nearly a third is wheat, and a