The first grant was made to the Institute in 1881-a grant of \$500. The expense of maintaining it during 1903-4 was \$9,167, but \$3,301, the share of the Women's Missionary Society, and \$2,081, students' fees, left a hurden of but \$3,805 upon the shoulders of this Society. The school is full to overflowing. It will accommodate ninety boarders, and every room is occupied. There were ninety applications for admission that could not be entertained. Many of the pupils are from Roman Catholic families. The staff are competent and earnest. Prayers, and study of the Bible and religion, are regularly observed. The moral influence of the Institute is strong, and felt hy the whole body of pupils. It is one of the beet and most prosperous of church schoole in Quehec. It is a growing institution, and ought to he enlarged to meet the requirements of the day. It may he expected to eend out Protestant and Methodist ideas through all the Province of Quebec, and to supply the church in years to come with euitable men and women to carry on the work of this We cannot withdraw from a work like this.

Furthermore, on some of our missione we have our own echools, and our children are under our own care. At Actonvale, for instance, we have a regularly constituted diesentient, or Separate, School. At its late meeting the Executive of this Board was asked for aid in establishing another on the St. Philippe de Cheeter Mission, which aid thie Board ie expected to grant. If there are to he Separate Schools in our country, and if our Roman Catholic neighbora find great value in them in the way of training their children for the church, let ue make full use of our privilege, when we think it advantageous to do eo, and rear our young people for Proteetantism and Methodiem.