

HOW SIDE LINES HELP

Vegetable and Fruit Crops That Help Augment the Income From Poultry

The first two years are the most difficult ones for the average man or woman who starts out to make a livelihood from poultry. This is the period when he is building up his laying flock, extending his housing, and when receipts are the lowest. There are several sidelines that he can profitably make use of on this Community to help carry him over this period.

Among these are a patch of strawberries. Planted one spring they will yield a paying crop the next one. Senator E. D. Smith says there is no place that this fruit grows or yields better than around Sincoe. Raspberries are also a profitable crop, and may be planted in the poultry runs. If three-year-old asparagus roots are put out, they will yield a good crop the next spring. Sweet corn can also be planted on the poultry range. The last three named products furnish excellent shade for the growing chicks in the hot summer



THE BENTON 6 Rooms and Bath Room
This is a compact house for a medium sized family. It is carefully planned for efficiency and comfort. This is a much larger home than it appears. Cost, including land, poultry buildings, etc., \$5,000.00.

months, and the chicks do not interfere with the maturing or harvesting of the crop therefrom.

A poultryman can also raise 200 or 300 extra pullets. There is a good market for these every fall at prices ranging from \$1.50 up.

PROFITS TO EXPECT

What May Reasonably be Expected in Return for Labor From 1,000 Hens

A labor profit of \$3.00 per hen per year is a safe one to count on from a flock of 500 or more hens on one of our Community plants. If the flock is renewed each year with pullets, the balance sheet of a plant with 1,000 layers will, at the end of the year, be about as follows:—

INCOME

Eggs, 12 doz. per hen, at 40c	\$4,800.00
900 hens at 75c	675.00
1,200 broilers at 50c	600.00
	\$6,075.00