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PROBS— Moderate winds; thunderstorms in a few localities; mostly fair and quite warm.

FOURTEEN PAGES—SATURDAY MORNING JULY 31 1915—FOURTEEN PAGES

VOL. XXXV.—No. 12,680

HEAVY ATTACK ON BRITISH NEAR HOOGE

Enemy, Using Flame Projectors, Penetrate First Line of Trenches

Austrian Attack on Pelagosa Repulsed

French Aviators Busy

RUSSIANS LAY WASTE AREA AROUND WARSAW; EVACUATION NEAR

NEW FLIERS PUT GERMAN CRAFT AT INFERIORITY

New French Aeroplanes Much More Powerful Than Previous Machines.

ARMED WITH CANNON

Latest Craft Also Protected by Armored Plates and Have Great Speed.

PARIS, July 30.—The armed aeroplanes officially reported to have bombarded a train and obliged a German flying machine to alight, are supposed to be the new fliers that have been the subject of much mysterious private talk, but of which nothing has been known officially. Just what they are no one has any right to tell further than that they are more powerful than any of the preceding French machines, and are armed with a new cannon especially made for them, supposed to fire an inch and a half shell.

From many allusions to this new arm it appears that it is expected to accentuate the superiority of French over German aviation. The German machines were better prepared for warfare at the beginning, had more powerful motors and could distance French machines in an air chase. The French brought out more and more powerful motors, protected some of their machines with steel plates and armed them with special guns. These machines, in the hands of civilian aviators, who volunteered for the war, and who have specialized themselves in the chase of German aircraft, put an end to the aeroplane raids upon Paris.

French Airmen Superior.

A document published by the general staff of one of the German armies recognizes the superiority of the French aviation corps, particularly in directing fire of the artillery.

Recently the Germans announced the appearance of a new machine supposed to surpass everything yet produced, with four propellers and two motors to each propellor. A letter from a French aviator says regarding an engagement with one of these machines:

"Each time he passed me the machine gun man fired a whole band of cartridges. Then the machine swung around and came back above me. Four times he repeated the manoeuvre and it seemed each time that I could see the bullets. My passengers and I fired all our ammunition, but the machine was too fast for us. Then we turned to draw the enemy towards our lines. At 1200 metres he scented the ruse and turned full." As fast and efficient as these new machines may be, the French say that their new air engines will revolutionize this kind of warfare.

VIOLENT ARTILLERY COMBATS IN FRANCE

Various Points in Whole Battle Line Centres of Engagements.

PARIS, July 30.—Violent artillery engagements are reported in Belgium, around St. George and Steenstraete, on the Quennevieres plateau, in the Champagne, and in the region of Auberive en Susi by the French War Office tonight. Bomb fighting, accompanied by a violent cannonade, took place in the Argonne, especially towards St. Hubert. The artillery fire was centred on the region of the Montmarie wood and the forest of Le Pretre, in the district between the Meuse and the Moselle.

No infantry engagements were reported during the day on the French lines.

SPY OF ENEMY JOINED ARMY AT BRANTFORD

Austrian Now a Prisoner Awaiting Action by Military Authorities.

BRANTFORD, Ont., July 30.—Investigation by Chief of Police Slemin has led to the discovery that Matthew Kallejuk, who enlisted here a few days ago, giving his nationality as Russian, is an Austrian, and it is charged that he is an enemy spy.

He was today made a prisoner of war and stripped of his uniform. Word is being awaited from Ottawa as to what will be done with him.

GERMANS FIGHT HARD TO RECOVER TRENCHES

Enemy, Again Resorting to Flame Projectors, Breaks Thru First Line of Trenches on Front of Five Hundred Yards Near Hooge.

LONDON, July 31, 12.10 a.m.—The following official statement was given out by the British war office Friday night:

"This (Friday) morning the enemy began a bombardment of our trenches north and south of Hooge (east of Ypres, Belgium) and followed these by an attack with the flame projectors, delivered chiefly against the trenches recently captured by us at Hooge. By this means the enemy succeeded in penetrating our first line trenches on a front of about 500 yards. The fighting is still in progress."

AUSTRIAN LOSSES AT GORIZIA HEAVY

Twelve Thousand Left on Field When Attack Was Repulsed.

BIG FORCES ENGAGED

Italians Hold Nearly All Positions Taken in Past Fifteen Days.

GENEVA, July 30.—(Via London)—A telegraphic despatch to The Tribune from Laibach, in Carniola, says:

"The Austrians attacked the Italians at Gorizia with 170,000 men, including 30,000 Bavarians, on the night of July 28, with disastrous results. The Austrian losses numbered 12,000.

"On the following day a fierce Austrian attack on Carso Plateau also was repulsed.

"The Italians held all the positions they have captured in the last 15 days, except the advanced trenches before Gorizia, which have been evacuated."

GERMANS IN CANADA SEND MONEY HOME

Aliens Working on Welland Canal Use Wages to Fight Allies.

MAKE BOAST OF IT

Thought Government Deals Leniently and That Strong Action is Needed.

Special to The Toronto World.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., July 30.—This afternoon a party of Austrians, numbering eighteen, were brought here from Thorold where they were arrested by Police Officer J. W. Sterne of Niagara Falls for neglecting to register with the local authorities. They will be placed in the detention camp here.

It is stated that there are over 200 alien enemies—Austrians, Germans and Turks—at present working on the Welland Canal government contract, and that most of them admit sending money regularly to New York to be forwarded to their native land.

Prominent men here consider that the government is dealing too leniently with these aliens, and that stronger action should be taken when it is known that the money sent home is being used by the enemies of the allies to wage war against them.

Austrian Warships Failed In Attack Upon Pelagosa

Forces Which Landed on Island in Adriatic Recently Seized by Italians Compelled to Re-embark in Hurry After Suffering Losses.

ROME, July 30.—(Via Paris, 5.45 p.m.)—An attempt was made by a squadron of Austrian cruisers and a flotilla of torpedo-boat destroyers yesterday to recapture the Italian Island of Pelagosa, in the Adriatic, which was occupied by Italian naval forces last Monday, according to an official communication issued today by the Italian ministry of marine. The attack was repulsed, the statement adds, and some members of the Austrian landing party were forced to swim to their ships.

The statement, which was signed by Vice-Admiral Paole Thaon di Revel, chief of the Italian naval staff, follows:

"The enemy attempted yesterday morning to regain possession of the Island of Pelagosa. Two light cruisers and six torpedo-boat destroyers bombarded the island from the sea while a detachment of sailors disembarked.

"Our assailants were repulsed with losses, some being forced to swim to the ships.

"Our casualties were two men wounded."

BREAKING OF CABLE COST EIGHT LIVES

Twelve Others Injured in Accident in Pennsylvania Colliery.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 30.—Eight men were killed and twelve injured at the Patterson mine of the United Coal Company, near Elizabeth, Pa., fifteen miles from here, this afternoon, when a cable hauling twelve cars up a steep incline broke. A crowd of laborers working on the tracks were buried under an avalanche of coal and broken cars. Among the killed was the coal company's superintendent.

LEELANAW NOTE MAY BE PRESENTED TODAY

Ambassador Gerard Expected to Make Representations This Morning.

BERLIN, July 30, via London, July 31, 12.25 a.m.—The American representations regarding the sinking of the United States steamer Leelanaw, which was sent to the bottom by a German submarine off the Orkney Islands last Sunday, will probably be presented to the German Government by Ambassador James W. Gerard Saturday morning, it is stated.

ELEVEN POINTS BOMBARDED BY FRENCH AIRMEN

Series of Grand Aerial Raids Conducted by Many Squadrons.

MUCH DAMAGE DONE

German Asphyxiating Gas Plant Target for Aerial Bombs.

Special Cable to The Toronto World.

PARIS, July 30.—No fewer than eleven points were visited by French aviators and aerial squadrons last night and this morning, and great destruction was wrought by the dropping of aerial bombs. German lines at various strategic points on the battlefront were bombarded, as was also a factory at Dernach, Alsace, producing asphyxiating gas.

A raid of a squadron of 45 aeroplanes against the German petrol works at Pechelbronn, Alsace, encountered adverse weather conditions and only part of the fleet was able to reach the goal and dropped three bombs.

The official statement of the French general staff on the aerial exploits is as follows:

"On the 29th instant our aeroplanes bombarded the Ypres-Roulers railroad near Passchendaele, the camps of the Germans in the region of Longueval, to the west of Combres; the German lines on the Brimont Hill, near Rheims, the military station at Chatel in the Argonne and the station of Burthecourt in Lorraine.

"During the night of the 29-30 one of our aviators bombarded at Dernach (Alsace) a factory producing asphyxiating gases. Today an aerial squadron bombarded the station of Fribourg. Another squadron, including ten aeroplanes from the Paris entrenched camp, dropped 44 bombs on the station at Chauny (Department of Aisne).

"A squadron of 45 aeroplanes set out this morning, having as its objective the petrol works of Pechelbronn, between Hagenau and Wissembourg (Alsace). A cloudy sky and many mist banks permitted only part of the squadron to reach the goal. Three bombs were dropped on Pechelbronn.

"In addition six bombs were dropped on the station at Detweiler near Phalsbourg, and six on the aviation sheds at Phalsbourg.

"Every aeroplane came back safely."

THIRTY THOUSAND MEN ARE NEEDED IN WEST

First Harvesters' Train Will Leave Ontario on Wednesday, August Nineteenth.

WINNIPEG, July 30.—A meeting of representatives of the three prairie provinces and three transcontinental railways was held in Winnipeg today to discuss the question of labor help for the coming harvest. It was stated that 20,000 men would be needed, and it was believed that these could be obtained in the eastern provinces.

The first special train will leave Ontario on Aug. 19 and a half cent rate will be granted from Winnipeg west.

DEATH OF LIEUT. COOPER.

LONDON, July 30.—Relatives announce the death from wounds of Lt. Henry Mark Cooper of the King Edward's Ward, eldest son of the late Rev. U. S. Cooper, St. George's Church, Canterbury, well known in Canada.

Holland Prepares.

THE HAGUE, July 30, via London, 6.52 p.m.—The new Dutch Landsturm bill was adopted by the first chamber today and became a law. The measure provides for an eventual increase in the total trained soldiers of Holland to approximately 550,000 officers and men instead of 330,000, who are now under arms.

RUSSIANS TO LEAVE WARSAW WITHOUT LOSING ARMIES

Grand Duke Has Arranged for Successful Withdrawal, Belief of London Critics—Two Months Required for Big German Offensive in France and Flanders.

LONDON, July 30, 10.30 p.m.—The Russians now are facing the problem of evacuating Warsaw and the surrounding country without losing their armies, while the Austro-German forces are making a supreme effort to get across their line of retreat. The Teutons are said to have met with partial success in this attempt, a Berlin official report this evening stating that Field Marshal Von Mackensen, resuming the offensive, had reached the Cholm-Lublin railway, about midway between those two cities, and that southeast of this, as far as the Bug River, the Russians' front had been shaken.

The success of Gen. Von Mackensen in getting across this railway, after having been virtually stopped by the Russian counter-attack, denies at least one line of retreat to the Russians, who might still be between him and Warsaw, and also places the Germans in a position to move against the Bug River front should this be decided upon.

Russians Pretty Safe.

British military critics, however, refuse to believe that Grand Duke Nicholas, commander-in-chief of the Russian forces, has not provided for all contingencies or that he was not pretty sure of the safety of his troops before indicating to the world that he had decided to take up a new line. Indeed, the news contained in the Berlin official statement that the Germans have crossed the Vistula River southeast of Warsaw, between the Pilica River and Kozienice, leads the military writers to the belief that the Russians would have fallen back in this region, and that perhaps even the fortress of Ivangorod has been left to its fate.

There is no news of the situation on the Narew River or of Gen. Von Buelow's wider outflanking movement in Kovno Province. However, the opinion is expressed here that as the German plans contemplate a series of attacks rather than a simultaneous attack, it is believed probable that they are waiting for Field Marshal Von Mackensen to reach some previously arranged position before they resume their attacks.

Country Put to Torch.

According to despatches received here the country around Warsaw which the Russians are leaving to the invaders has been put to the torch, while the city itself has been denuded of everything that might be of use to the Germans when it falls into their hands. It may even be some days before the Teutons occupy the Polish capital, for the Russians are fighting more than a rear-guard action. In fact, they are still delivering very heavy blows at their opponents, and are gaining some local successes, particularly on the Narew and southeast of Cholm, where they are opposing the efforts of the Austrians to get across the Bug River. However, military critics say that these local successes will not affect the Russian plan of falling back to a shorter and stronger front.

May Turn to West.

As soon as the present operations against Russia are concluded, whether or not they succeed in destroying any large part of the Russian army, it is expected that the Germans will turn to the west, a movement which, however, will take a couple of months at least. It will, therefore, be a race between the Teutonic forces and the British and French as to which side will take the offensive in France, where the situation remains as it has been for weeks past, except in Alsace, where the French continue their attacks on the positions protecting Munster. There has been sharp fighting here, the French advance converging on Munster from the north and from Metzeral to the southeast of Munster Valley, in which the town stands on the open road to Colmar.

Bad weather again is interfering with the operations in the Austro-Italian theatre.

NEW INDUSTRIES TO BE CREATED IN DOMINION

War Orders Will Be Received From British War Office for Articles Not Yet Produced in Canada—Conference of Sir Robert Borden and Lloyd George.

Canadian Associated Press Cable.

LONDON, July 30.—Premier Borden, accompanied by Major-General Sam Hughes and Sir George Perley, had a long conference today with the minister of munitions and several officers of his department. It is understood that the result was satisfactory, and that Lloyd George is disposed to utilize the industrial resources of Canada as largely as possible for the supply of munitions of war. It is also understood that suggestions were made by Lloyd George as to certain articles not yet produced in Canada, but which may possibly be supplied there. Major-General Hughes immediately after his return will take up such matters with manufacturers and producers.

Two Germans Executed For Spying in England

LONDON, July 30.—(8.40 p.m.)—The following official statement was made public tonight:

"It is officially announced that two prisoners who were charged with espionage were tried by general court-martial on the 16th and 17th. They were found guilty and sentenced to death, and the sentences, having been duly confirmed, were carried out this morning."

The British Government, in an official statement Thursday in regard to the question of espionage, said that in addition to five persons whose conviction already had been announced, ten other persons had been apprehended and would be tried for spying. One of these was a German with an alleged forged American passport.

AVIATORS ATTACK FRIBOURG

LONDON, July 31.—(1.27 a.m.)—A despatch to Reuter's Telegram Company from Amsterdam says it is officially stated in Berlin that three allied airmen appeared early Friday over Fribourg and dropped several bombs. One civilian was killed and six civilians were wounded. The material damage done is declared to have been unimportant.

BAVARIAN PRINCE PERCEIVES DEFEAT

Allies' Growing Strength Makes Doom of Germany Inevitable.

NO LONGER HOPEFUL

Germany's Power Now at Maximum and Must Soon Wane.

Special Cable to The Toronto World.

LONDON, July 30.—The crown prince of Bavaria has practically conceded final victory to the allies, according to a despatch received here this evening from the correspondent of the Central News in northern France.

"I can vouch for the following, which is authcritative," the correspondent states. "Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria, while conversing with a member of the reichstag who is visiting the German lines in Artois, said:

"'I must confess immediately that I am no longer an optimist. It will take some time before the allies can seriously affect our positions in France, but the roles will undoubtedly be reversed in the end. The enemy's strength and resources are now too well organized. He is in a position to hold the balance in his favor.

"'It must be obvious, even to our best friends, that we are utilizing the maximum of our resources while the enemy is now in much improved positions. Also he has at his command important reserves.

"'The new British army has now had the advantage of long training, and is presumably a most efficient fighting machine.'"

HYDRO FOR MILVERTON.

MILVERTON, Ont., July 30.—By a majority of 155, only seven ratepayers voiting against, Milverton today carried a hydro-electric-by-law.

AMERICAN MARINES KILLED BY HAITIANS

Snipers Shot Two of Landing Force From Cruiser Washington.

AN ATTACK REPULSED

Admiral Caperton Reports There is No Cause for Alarm.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Two Americans of the landing force from the cruiser Washington, were killed at Port au Prince, occording to a message from Admiral Caperton, received today.

The men, members of a patrol, were shot from ambush by snipers last night. The marines returned the fire and no further disturbance occurred.

Admiral Caperton reported the town was attacked from the south at 8 o'clock last night. He had been warned, disposed his forces for defence, and repulsed it. He said there was no cause for alarm.

The battleship Connecticut with 500 additional marines has been ordered to Port au Prince from Philadelphia.

WANTED: A PRESIDENT.

PORT AU PRINCE, July 30.—The Haitian chamber and senate convened today and were declared to be in continuous session. The two houses sent instructions to all the military chiefs calling upon them to maintain order.

The senate offered the candidacy for the presidency, made vacant by the assassination of President Guillaume, to M. Guilbaud, former minister of justice. M. Guilbaud declined. G. Dartiguenave, president of the senate, probably will accept the candidacy, it is stated.

The majority of the people express disapproval of the landing of American marines who were sent ashore from the cruiser Washington after the revolutionary outbreak. However, the city remains calm.

Russian Pretty Safe.

British military critics, however, refuse to believe that Grand Duke Nicholas, commander-in-chief of the Russian forces, has not provided for all contingencies or that he was not pretty sure of the safety of his troops before indicating to the world that he had decided to take up a new line. Indeed, the news contained in the Berlin official statement that the Germans have crossed the Vistula River southeast of Warsaw, between the Pilica River and Kozienice, leads the military writers to the belief that the Russians would have fallen back in this region, and that perhaps even the fortress of Ivangorod has been left to its fate.

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Bad weather again is interfering with the operations in the Austro-Italian theatre.

The Climax of the Straw Hat Season is Here.

Today—right now—the Straw and Panama Hat season reaches its zenith. Your biggest saving chance of the summer is today at Dineen's, 140 Yonge street. "Quality" Straws and Panamas are selling at half-price. Felt Hats by celebrated English and American makers are unusually reduced. Silk Hats worth regularly $6 and $7, now $4.75. Raincoats, Motor Dusters, Summer Overcoats and Outing Caps clearing at one-third off. Visit Dineen's and make a profitable choice for the holiday, Monday. Store open till ten tonight. Get along sometime sure.