

attended his country's national day at Expo '67 on June 28.

Queen Elizabeth and Prince Philip of Britain arrived in Canada on June 29 for a six-day visit to take part in centennial and Dominion Day celebrations. [Some of the details of the royal visit appeared in the *Canadian Weekly Bulletin* No. 28, Vol. 22.]

Prime Minister Forbes Burnham of Guyana and Mrs. Burnham visited Canada from July 9 and 15. In addition to Ottawa and Montreal, Mr. Burnham visited Toronto and Quebec City.

CANADA-CARIBBEAN CADET EXCHANGE

Sixty-two Royal Canadian Army Cadets, accompanied by 13 officers and senior NCOs, left Ottawa by RCAF *Yukon* aircraft on July 24 to spend three weeks training in the West Indies. A similar group from the West Indies will come to Canada on exchange visits.

Twenty-six Canadian cadets will travel to Jamaica, 16 to Barbados, a further 16 to Trinidad and Tobago and four to Grenada, where they will train with cadets on those islands.

Twenty Trinidad and Tobago cadets, 5 from Grenada, 20 from Barbados and 31 from Jamaica and with conducting staff, arrived in Canada on July 26 and were taken in buses to Ipperwash, Ontario, to join Canadian cadets in training there. The West Indian cadets will take a cadet-leader course during the time they are at Ipperwash.

The Jamaican cadets will leave for the Army Cadet Camp at Farnham, Quebec, on August 1 and will attend Jamaica's national day at Expo '67. The rest will move to Farnham on August 6, where, besides continuing their training, they will have the opportunity to see Expo before their departure from Montreal airport on August 14.

LABOUR FORCE

Employment increased in Canada during May and June by an estimated 158,000 to 7,567,000, a somewhat smaller increase than usual for this time of year. Unemployment decreased by 12,000 to 292,000; the decrease was somewhat below the average for this period during recent years. At 7,859,000, the labour force was 146,000 higher than in May.

In June, the labour force stood at 326,000, or 4.3 percent higher than in June 1966. Employment was 264,000 or 3.6 percent higher than in June 1966, unemployment was up 62,000.

EMPLOYMENT

Farm employment remained virtually unchanged during May and June. In non-farm industries, seasonal employment gains were fairly general. The increase in construction employment during May and June however, was below average for the time of year, continuing the pattern of recent months.

Some 110,000, or 70 per cent, of the increase in employment during May and June was among persons under 25 years of age, about the same number as in previous years and related to the influx of students into the labour market. The employment increase for persons 25 years of age and over was slightly below the average for the past few years.

Total employment was substantially higher than it was a year earlier. At 7,567,000, the June estimate represented an increase of 264,000, or 3.6 per cent, over the figure for June 1966. Gains in employment were largest in community, business and personal service (131,000), transportation, communication and other utilities (56,000), and trade (39,000). Construction employment was 38,000 lower than in June 1966.

The number of women employed increased by 137,000, or 6.2 per cent, over the year. The number of employed men was higher by 127,000, or 2.5 per cent.

Employment was higher than the figure recorded a year ago in all regions, ranging from 6.9 per cent in British Columbia to 1.3 per cent in the Atlantic region.

UNEMPLOYMENT

Unemployment decreased by an estimated 12,000 to 292,000 during May and June. In comparison, the average May-to-June decrease in unemployment over the past five years was 23,000.

Unemployment among persons 14 to 19 years of age increased during the month by 33,000 as students looked for summer employment. Among persons 20 years of age and over, unemployment declined by 45,000, slightly less than normal for this time of year.

The unemployment total of 292,000 was 62,000 higher than in June 1966. Of this total, 211,000 were men and 81,000 were women. Unemployment was higher than it was a year ago for both groups.

Of the total number of unemployed, 221,000, or 76 per cent, had been unemployed for less than four months. Some 34,000 had been unemployed for four to six months and 37,000 for seven months or more.

Total unemployment in June represented 3.7 per cent of the labour force compared to 3.1 per cent in June 1966, and 3.5 per cent in June 1965. The seasonally-adjusted unemployment rate in June 1967 was 4.4 per cent.