

# The Weekly Monitor

## AND

### Western Annapolis Sentinel

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NO 28

#### Wireless Rules For all Nations

Washington, Oct. 11.—William C. Redfield, Secretary of Commerce, endorsed a set of wireless regulations which will be urged for adoption by the International Conference on Safety at Sea, in London, on November 12. They were recommended to him by a special commission he named to study the wireless laws of the United States and other nations. They are based not only on the American laws, but also in principle on the London International convention and the laws of Canada and Australia.

The commission included E. T. Chamberlain, Commissioner of Navigation; Captain W. H. G. Bullard, United States Navy; Major C. McK. Saltzman, United States Army; John Q. Walton, constructor of the Revenue Cutter Service, and Frederick A. Koster, of the Bureau of Standards.

Here are the recommendations:—  
"That efficient apparatus for radio communication be required on all ships in foreign trade which carry fifty persons or more (passengers or crew, or both combined), navigating the ocean between ports more than two hundred nautical miles distant from one another.

"That apparatus to be deemed efficient must transmit messages with sufficient power to be received by day over sea at a distance of at least one hundred nautical miles by a ship equipped with apparatus equal to that of the transmitting ship.

"That an auxiliary power supply should be provided, independent of the vessel's main electric power plant which will enable the sending set for at least four hours to send messages over a distance of at least one hundred nautical miles by day.

"That two first grade operators should be required on all such ships maintaining a constant service, also on all such ships carrying one hundred or more passengers. One first grade and another first or second grade operator should be required on all other such passenger ships. One operator (first or second grade) and one cargo operator or watcher should be required on all such cargo boats."

The second operator or watcher on a cargo vessel will rarely be required for the safety of his vessel or the crew, the Commissioner says. The constant watch is to be maintained almost entirely for the purpose of enabling the master to be at all times in a position to receive radio distress calls and to render any assistance within his power. The proposition, accordingly, is in the interest of the safety of the seafaring world, and is in effect, a tax upon the owners of such cargo vessels for the promotion of the safety of others.

#### SUFFRAGETTE SENTENCED TO IMPRISONMENT FOR ARSON

Cambridge, G. B., Oct. 15.—Miriam Pratt, a militant suffragette school teacher of Norwich, was sentenced at the assizes here today to a term of eighteen months penal servitude on a charge of feloniously setting fire to a furnished residence in this city on May 17, and causing great damage to the house and to one of the university laboratories.

President Poincaré's refusal to attend a ball-dance got up for his entertainment during his official visit to the Spanish monarch was a courageous act. Every seat in the great arena was occupied in honor of the coming of the King and his distinguished guest, but the French President's well-known love for animals precluded his attendance at such a spectacle, and this part of the program was accordingly cancelled. Weekly Globe.

#### New Type of Battleship

Carrying an Immense Armament and Using Oil.

Portsmouth, G. B., Oct. 16.—A novelty in the way of battleships, the Queen Elizabeth, carrying an immense armament and using oil instead of coal for her motive power, was launched at the Royal Navy Dockyards here today for the British Navy. The new vessel, whose keel was laid on October 21, 1912, is of an entirely fresh type, and the details of her construction have been kept secret. It is generally believed, however, that her armament is to consist of ten 15-inch guns, mounted in pairs in barbettes, while her secondary armament of 4-inch or 6-inch guns is also to be placed behind protective armour.

This is a big advance over the armament of her predecessors. Under ordinary circumstances the carrying of such a big battery would imply a considerable increase in displacement, but this has been obviated by the utilization of oil fuel for the engines in place of coal. The substitution in this way has been possible to increase the offensive and defensive armament and at the same time keep the size and displacement of the warship within limits. Should the oil fuel in the case of the Queen Elizabeth prove successful, all large warships of the British navy will in future use it.

The Queen Elizabeth is therefore somewhat of an experiment. The new vessel was not quite a year on the building ways, and will be ready for service in less than two years from the time her first keel plate was laid. Far more work has been done on her before launching than is usually the case in such cases. Her launching was about 30,000 tons, and she was the heaviest vessel ever sent afloat from a building slip in any of the British Naval Dockyards.

#### CHINESE BRIGANDS MURDERED THREE HUNDRED PEOPLE

They Also Burned Two Churches, the Property of Americans.

Pekin, Oct. 17.—A force of Chinese brigands commanded by General Liang has murdered three hundred people in the Province of Fo-Kien, and also burned two mission churches believed to be the property of American Missionary societies. The missionaries from the disturbed district are still in Fu Chow, where they took refuge during the recent troubles.

The Chinese Government troops sent against the brigands have not shown much activity, but the Chinese War Office today promised the American Charge D'Affaires that it would institute effective measures for the suppression of the brigands.

#### INCREASED SALARIES FOR RURAL POSTMASTERS.

(Morning Chronicle)

Ottawa, Oct. 16.—The Postmaster General, Hon. C. P. Pelletier, has decided to increase the minimum of rural postmasters from \$35 to \$50 per year.

The necessary legislative action to give effect to the decision will be taken at the coming session of Parliament. The last increase to rural postmasters was granted in 1908 when the minimum salary was increased from \$25 to \$35. Since then there has been a constant agitation for a further increase to \$50. The increase will effect several thousand rural postmasters in all parts of Canada. The post office surplus for the present year will be much more than sufficient to meet the additional charge on revenue.

#### Annual Meeting of St. James Church Organized Adult Bible Class

The inaugural meeting of this class for the season 1913-14 was held in the St. James Schoolroom last Friday evening, a goodly number being in attendance. President A. F. Hiltz occupied the chair, and after the opening prayer and a few introductory remarks, called upon the Secretary for the minutes of the last annual meeting. These having been read, Secretary W. R. Longmire then read the following report on last year's work:—

Report of St. James Church Adult Bible Class, Season 1912-13.

In looking back over last season's statistics we may report it as the most successful since the commencement of the Class on January 14th, 1910. In all twenty-five study sessions were held—ten before Christmas and fifteen after. During the season no less than sixty-five different persons came to the class either as members or visitors. The highest number attending any one Class was forty-seven and the lowest twenty-two.

The average attendance before Christmas was thirty-eight; after Christmas, thirty, and for the whole season thirty-three. This is, in all respects, a great gain on last year, when the averages, taken in the same way, were respectively 26, 18, 21.

It may be noted that this feature of a larger attendance before Christmas than after, has been the same each year, and may be accounted for by the fact that usually we get a larger proportion of bad weather on the winter and early spring progresses. Also that Spring brings many duties, which prevent some otherwise regular attendants.

Five social gatherings were held, and it is the general opinion that these are a most helpful feature of the Class operation, also that they might be much more so but for the limited space at our disposal.

Looking forward we may know that this year we shall miss some familiar faces, owing to removals, some on or twelve, but we trust others may be forthcoming. Indeed, if each member whether on a Committee or not, would be a worker we could easily surpass last year's excellent record.

The success of the Class in the past has been undoubtedly due to the splendid co-operation of all the members and it surely is not too much to suppose that the same spirit will animate us during the season upon which we are now entering.

As most are aware, the Scripture chosen for study is the Gospel of St. John. This will bring before us some of the deepest and most sublime truths of the Christian faith, and under the guidance and blessing of the Holy Spirit, the Class this year should prove one of rich spiritual blessing. With this in view let us keep the Class and the subject of study much in our thoughts and much in our prayers, then the necessary work to ensure success will follow, and we shall realize that our labor in the Lord is not in vain.

Election of officers for the ensuing season then took place and resulted as follows:—  
President, Mr. A. F. Hiltz; Vice-President, Mr. A. Morse; Secty-Treas., Carl Wm. Gesner; Teacher, Rev. E. Underwood; Assistant Teacher and Chairman of Question Committee, Mr. Thos. Kelley. The various Committees were also appointed.

It was decided to have a monthly social gathering on the first Wednesday in each month, unless otherwise appointed, and a box for general Bible questions to be answered the first Friday evening in each month. The membership committee would like it to be known that the Class is open to all interested in Bible study. Free discussion is encouraged, but participation in this is voluntary as also in reading the Scriptures. Membership fee, simply a voluntary collection on the first Friday evening of each month for defraying any contingent expenses.

At the conclusion of the business social intercourse became the order, during which refreshments were served and Mr. and Miss Gertrude Purdy contributed a humorous duet. The first study session will be held in the schoolroom next Friday evening from 7.30 to 8.30.

#### PEKING CHIEF OF POLICE EXECUTED.

London, Oct. 14.—A Peking despatch to the Daily Telegraph says that Chin, Chief of the Peking mounted police, was executed yesterday. Chin was arrested Oct. 10th during the ceremony of inauguration of Yuan Shi Kai, as President of the Republic. He confessed that southern rebels had bribed him to make an attempt to assassinate Yuan Shi Kai, as the President was taking the oath of office.

#### CORRESPONDENCE

EVANGELINE.

For the Monitor:

There is a probability of the "Land of Evangeline" being pretty well advertised, as the Canadian Bioscope Company of Halifax has sent an artist to the "Land of Evangeline" to take views for moving picture shows of the land made famous by the heroine of the story, for exhibition purposes and the stage is bringing out a version of Longfellow's Evangeline by dramatizing it.

Thomas Broadhurst, who wrote the stage version of Longfellow's Evangeline, which opened at the Park Theatre on the 29th of September last, has received from a friend in Kentville, Nova Scotia, an ancient chest made of wood, which, according to the letters accompanying it, went from Acadia in 1755, when the Acadians were exiles, and is still in possession of the family carrying it aboard ship. It returned with the family, and after years of wandering, finally made its way back to Acadia. Kentville is only a short distance from the town where Winslow gathered the Acadians for what is known as "The Great Banishment." The chest, together with other antiques collected from the same place, are to be seen in one of the scenes of the play.

Many Anderson was Longfellow's favorite actress, and whenever possible he witnessed her performances. She was pleased and flattered as she might be, at this delightful tribute to her own art, and she asked mutual friends to arrange a meeting between her and Longfellow. This was brought about almost immediately, and the aged poet, his distinguished face making him notable everywhere, persisted thereafter in meeting the charming young actress after every performance, and with Miss Anderson's father and friends of the star adding to the party, Longfellow would entertain them at tea or supper in his own home.

It was on the occasion of one of these delightful little suppers that Miss Anderson, having just completed the reading of "Evangeline," urged the poet to dramatize it. "I am too old," he assured her. "If I were young," he added, "I would begin immediately to convert 'Evangeline' into a play, provided I could be assured of a star like you to play the title part."

W. H. WELDON.  
Annapolis Royal, Oct. 8, 1913.

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#### A Suggested Selection For Women Investors

To make selection easy for prospective women investors we have grouped five excellent securities, which, as the result of exhaustive investigation, we consider eminently suitable for this conservative class of investment.

Two are bonds, three are preferred stocks—all amply secured by large surplus assets. An outright investment of \$5000 would yield at present low prices a return of almost a dollar a day—and smaller sums in like proportion.

Or they may be purchased in any unit from \$100 up on our convenient partial payment plan. We will cheerfully furnish full particulars on request.

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#### Twenty-Eight Dead in Airship

The Victims Represented the Entire Personnel of the German Admiralty Board—Everyone Who Went Afloat in the Airship is Dead.

Berlin, Oct. 17.—Twenty-eight persons were killed near Johannisthal today in the explosion and fall of Count Zeppelin's latest dirigible balloon, the "L. 11."

The twenty-eight represented the entire personnel of the Admiralty Board which was to conduct the final trial of the dirigible looking to its acceptance by the Government as a new unit of the German aerial navy, the pilot and crew invited guests. Every person who went aloft in the big airship is dead.

Twenty-seven of them were killed almost instantly, by the explosion of the gas in the balloon nets or burned to death as the flaming wreck fell to the ground from a height of nine hundred feet and enveloped them. One man, Lieut. Baron von Bleil, of the Queen Augusta Grenadier Guards, a guest of the Admiralty Board was extricated alive from the mass of twisted wreckage. His eyes were burnt out and he suffered other terrible hurts. Begging his rescuers to kill him and end his sufferings, he was taken to a hospital, where he died tonight.

The "L. 11" had it proved successful, would have been attached to the aerial corps of the navy, which after today's fatalities now has only two men trained to command airships.

The official report of the accident says the explosion was due to the ignition of gas in or above the forward gondola, but not within the body of the airship.

The navy was not the only sufferer today through aviation accidents, for three army officers were killed in aeroplane flights—Captain Haseler, Lieut. Koch, and Sergeant Monte.

Emperor William, in a telegram to the Minister of Marine, voices public sentiment concerning the accident by saying:

"The sorrow over what has happened, I am convinced, will only be a spur to renewed exertion to develop so important an aerial weapon into a trustworthy implement of war."

The newspapers reflect the Emperor's belief that there should be no relaxation in the efforts to supply Germany with an adequate aerial fleet.

#### WHOLE SHIP ON FIRE.

The dirigible before she left the Balloon Hall, took on board her regular crew and a number of officers. She headed for Berlin, a short distance off, in a light wind. About a dozen flying men were circling the aeroplane at the time in the aeroplane. Everything was apparently in good order on the airship when she started.

Then suddenly an explosion was heard by those on the ground, evidently in one of the motors in the centre gondola.

A flash shot out and the next instant the whole ship was on fire and plunging downward. Every inch of the canvas covering and the balloons disappeared in a moment.

A second and more violent explosion was then heard, the fire having reached the gasoline tanks, filled with about a ton of explosive liquid fuel, and in another instant the wreck of the newest and most modern of Germany's dirigibles lay a flaming mass on the ground.

#### A MASS OF RUINS.

The fire departments of all the neighboring suburbs, with detachments of the balloon corps, the pioneers and other troops, were soon on the scene, but there was nothing left to save.

The balloon lay in a great "S" curve, a mass of glowing tangled girders and wires. The cylinders of the motors in the centre gondola and one of the after propellers could be distinguished. Otherwise, there was nothing to indicate that the debris was that of Germany's proudest airship.

Pioneers, armed with axes, backed at the wreckage for two hours before they could extricate the last of the bodies of the victims from the blackened ruins.

#### Grain Crop Report For Canada

Ottawa, October 13.—A bulletin issued today by the Census and Statistics Office of the Department of Trade and Commerce gives a provisional estimate of the yield of the principal grain crops and also the average quality of these crops at harvest time.

During the month ended September 30, ideal weather for the ingathering of the grain crops prevailed over all Canada. In the greater part of Ontario and in the Western provinces harvesting operations were well completed by the middle of September and only in parts of Quebec and the Maritime provinces, where the spring opens later, was harvesting carried on during the latter end of the month.

The estimates given a month ago are slightly greater than those issued which may be presumed to be based more or less on results of threshing. The final estimates based altogether on threshing results and calculated on corrected areas will be issued as usual on December 15.

For spring wheat the estimate for the end of September is 188,468,000 bushels as compared with 182,840,000 bushels last year. For fall wheat the estimate is 19,107,000 bushels as against 16,396,000 bushels last year and 18,481,000 bushels in the preliminary estimate this year. The total estimated wheat production this year is therefore 207,575,000 bushels as compared with 199,236,000 bushels last year, an increase of 8,339,000 bushels or 4 1/2 per cent. The yield per acre for all wheat is 21.15 bushels as compared with 20.42 bushels last year. Oats show a total yield of 391,418,900 bushels and an average yield of 40.57 bushels as compared with 361,733,000 bushels and an average yield of 39.25 bushels. Barley gives an estimated total yield of 44,346,000 bushels and an average of 31.00 bushels per acre as compared with 44,014,000 bushels and an average of 31.10 bushels in 1912. For this year the total production of rye is 2,559,000 bushels, of peas, 3,374,000 bushels, of buckwheat, 7,600,000 bushels, of flax 14,912,000 bushels, of mixed grain 17,178,000 bushels, of corn for husking 14,086,000 bushels, of beans 989,500 bushels as compared with a total yield last year for rye of 2,594,000 bushels, for peas of 3,773,500 bushels, for buckwheat of 10,133,000 bushels, for flax of 21,681,500 bushels, for mixed grains of 17,952,000 bushels, for corn for husking of 16,569,800 bushels for beans of 1,040,800 bushels.

For the three Northwest provinces the total yield of spring wheat is estimated at 183,852,000 bushels, of fall wheat at 5,264,000 bushels, of oats at 239,595,000 bushels, of barley at 27,304,000 bushels, of rye at 686,000 bushels, of flax at 14,808,000 bushels. The average quality of these crops measured upon a per cent basis of 100 as representing grain well headed, well filled, well saved and unaffected to any appreciable extent by frost, rust, smut, etc., is as follows: spring wheat 83.17, oats 90.52, barley 88.25, rye 85.41, peas 81.71, beans 78.48, buckwheat, 73.40, mixed grains 90.59, flax 82.68, corn for husking 75.16. Of these wheat, oats, barley and rye are above the average quality for either of the last two years.

The potato and root crops continue to show good figures, as representing average condition during growth. The condition of potatoes is 83.59, turnips 82.62, mangolds 83.64, sugar beet 82.63.

The General leaves Southampton Oct. 23rd, and proceeds direct to Toronto, arriving on Saturday, Nov. 1st where his engagements will keep him until Nov. 6th, after which he will go on to Winnipeg, remaining there until Nov. 11th.

Commissioner David C. Lamb, International Secretary and head of the Emigration Department, Commissioner John Lawley and Colonel Theodore Kitching will accompany General Booth from England.

All the officers of the Army and delegates in the territory extending from Port Arthur to Halifax, also from Newfoundland will meet their leader at Toronto, and those from Fort William to the Pacific Coast at Winnipeg.

#### SUFFRAGETTE BREAKS POLICE LINES IN LONDON.

London, Oct. 15.—A futile attempt to reach King George and Queen Mary was made by a militant suffragette, Margaret Sterling, as their Majesties were driving to St. James' Palace to attend the wedding of Prince Arthur of Connaught and the Duchess of Fife. The woman broke through the lines of police waving a petition, but she was seized and arrested.

#### Four Hundred Men Perished in Colliery

Mine Disaster Greatest in the History of South Wales.

Cardiff, Wales, Oct. 15.—A disaster, possibly the greatest in the history of the South Wales coal fields, whose annals are bristling with terrible catastrophes, occurred yesterday through an explosion in the Universal Colliery near here. Shortly after the day shift of 931 men entered the mine a great explosion shattered the works. During the day and the early part of the night about five hundred miners were brought to the surface alive. After midnight the rescuing parties began to get the fire under control, and at 2.30 o'clock this morning twenty more men were found alive at the bottom of the pit. This gave hope that others may be found, but there is still a probability that nearly our hundred men perished. Including the bodies recovered and those killed at the pit head, the known death roll numbers sixteen. Doctors with oxygen and medicaments descended the shaft at an early hour this morning. A crowd of 40,000 distracted persons surrounded the pit head all night and another 5,000 waited for news at the Cardiff station.

#### FIRST VISIT OF GENERAL W. BRAMWELL BOOTH TO CANADA.

The Salvation Army in Canada will shortly celebrate an event of historical importance to that organization in the welcome to the Dominion for the first time of their new General, W. Bramwell Booth, eldest son and successor of the late General William Booth, founder of this world wide movement.

Toronto and Winnipeg are the only centres to be visited by General Booth, and extensive arrangements for public and private gatherings are being made.

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What is there about Red Rose Tea that keeps old friends and wins so many new? The genuine goodness of the tea maintained year after year.

N.B.—Coffee users will find Red Rose Coffee as generously good as Red Rose Tea.



RED ROSE TEA is good tea

### Royal Bank of Canada

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RESERVE FUNDS - \$12,500,000  
AGGREGATE ASSETS - \$175,000,000

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