

York's Favorite Candidate for the Local Assembly

Slandering their own Friends.

William Richards,

W. T. Whitehead.

Alexander Gibson

George F. Gregory,

William Lemont.

ing to the Organ, were going to "pocket

they were among the "Conspirators

vice suffers by the employment of in-

ferior teachers at a reduced remunera-

payer know that we are stating facts?

olimentary to workingmen.

A Political Weathercock.

A. A. Sterling.

mont and Sterling

Alexander Thompson,

James Hodge,

Z. R. Everett.

John Pickard.

Patrick Dever.

were his friends | | | stoc |

Maritime Sarmer

Practical Issues Mr. Blair came into power on the

policy of Reform. What has he re Mr. Blair promised to abolish the Legislative Council: He has not done

Mr. Blair was opposed to increasing the public debt of the Province; but what is the fact. On Dec. 31st, 1883 the debenture debt was \$963,000, and the Auditor General's report for These were among the men. who, accord 1885, shows that Mr. Blair has increased it to \$1,381,100 and advance of the balance of the Subsidy.

\$418,100 in one year. With the increase of the Debenture who expected to make \$90,000 debt, is the increase of the interest on out of the Government and the Read the Plain Truth of Blair's the same. We paid in interest in 1882, people of York." These were before Mr. Blair come into power, \$46, among the men who the Organ says had 695. In 1883, under Mr. Blair, it PLANNED TO GRIND TOLLS OUT OF jumped to \$59,440; in 1885 it amounts THE PEOPLE, AND THEN STEP OUT WITH \$88,315, an increase over 1882 of \$90,000 in Their Pockets as the Re-

*36,630 WARK OF THEIR RASCALITY." The Organ accused Mr. Wilson (Mr. Blair's public business inside the income, and in candidate) of "Extravagance, Malad-1884 he had a deficit of \$122.900. ministration and Fraud," and now it

Mr. Blair promised to reduce the applies such epithets as the above to number of the Executive from nine to Ave. Mr. Blair has still nine members Richards, Gibson, Hodge, Dever, Everin his Executive. Mr. Blair pledged his word through

his organ, that the Stock Farm would be removed to York. The Stock Farm remains in Kings County. Mr. Blair would reduce the cost of

shown from the Public Accounts that last year his own partner received for egal services, the sum of \$1000.

Mr. Blair as a Reformer, is a THE AUD.

That Railway Subsidy

To influence the electors of York or the western side of the river, the subsi disad organ coins the falsehood, that, for the Woodstock and Fredericton Railway Company. Says the organ :--

5 9 The premoters having a provincial sub-side of \$3,000 a mile to start on, instead of nothing as they would have had if Mr. Blair had not interested himself in the matter, have onganined their company and will; no doubt, carry on the works successfully; which they could not have done if Mr. Blair had not seen discontinuity and acted upon it."

This company as a company has never applied for the local subof the company had applied for the

subsidy, Mr. Blair had no authority from the Legislature to grant it, and hobody knows this better than Mr.

This road should have been subsidiz ed, and Mr. Blair is to blame, that it has not been. ad: Mr. Blair could find subsidies for rail

ways all over New Brunswick, but for the one in which the western parishes of his own county is especially inter-

The Parishes of Kingsclear, Prince William and Dumfries, ought to remember on the 4th of July, that when it was in Mr. Blair's power to grant a subsidy to the Woodstock and Fredericton Railway Company, he turned his back on

We challenge the organ to produce authority from either the President or the Secretary of the Road, that a local subsidy has been granted them.

The Last Ditch

Mr. Blair's organ works itself into rage over what it considers the aristo- oured to discuss the school question. be cratic antecedents of Mr. Hazen and cause the facts are against Mr. Blair, Mr. Wetmore. We were not aware, that and the country is against Mr. Blair's Educational policy. because a man happens to have been born in any particular grade of society, it should be made a canvass against him in an election campaign. The electors of York are not interested in the occupation or employment of either Mr. Hasens or Mr. Wetmore's father. They will be quite content to take both gentlemen as they find them. Moral and intellectual worth is the true standard of nobility in this country, and Mr Hazen and Mr. Wetmore may reason ably lay claim to a fair proportion of both these admirable qualities. Al Mr. Hazen has accomplished, is the result of his own unaided effort, and Mr. Wetmore's good reputation as a lawyer of ability, and as a man of generous, in stincts, may be credited alone to Mr-

these gentlemen.

by Mr. Blair's big financial friend not catepare in eix in York County to day has to do so: accepting office from Mr. Blair by Mr. Wilson will be handsomely beaten in the city. Let the parishes do their in the city. Let the parishes do their day.

by Mr. Blair's big financial friend not catepare in eix in York County to day has the east end of the "ne beat end of th

Mr. Blair's Contempt for the Workingmen.

Mr. Blair has a supreme contempt for the workingmen-for the farmers, and umbermen of York.

Mr. Blair contemptuously referred to Mr. Estabrooks in the election of 1883. as a "straw man," and in the Legisla-

As early as 1881, when a lien bill with what is required. Mr. Lynott, Mr. Blair said that "he found on investigation, that a ien law was quite impracticable to work out."—See Official Report of the Debates, page 50.

In the same debate, Mr. McLellan who is Mr. Blair's Provincial Secretary, said, "the bill should not pass," to the bill, was an argument

s the big guns he is after, those who facts are: are able to contribute to Mr. Blair's ed. regulations, granting a ten years' lease of the lumber lands. The wealthy lum-Mr. Blair delights to call the Opposilease, the smaller operators were not, tion the "Toll Bridge party," but among and the lands are locked up.

A bill to remove the wild land tax from the property of a wealthy corporsage means to deprive certain section of York of hundreds of dollars that have hitherto been applied to the construction and repair of the public roads. This was a direct attack on Mr. Blair's own constituency, but did he rise in his might and eloquence, and protest against the passage of the bill? We invite his subsidized organ to produce Mr. Blair's protest against the passage of the wild land tax bill.

ELECTORS OF YORK.

attack on Education.

A Ten and Twenty per cent Reduc-WARK OF THEIR RASCALITY." The tion of Teachers' Salaries has to be made up by additional Assessment on the Tax Pavers.

The electors of York are interested in the itt, Gregory, Pickard, Thompson, Le question of Education, and especially so at the present time, when an opportunity will be afforded them on election day of voting against the Government by supporting Mr. Hazen. We desire to call attention to some Mr. Blair's School Regulations. of the changes made by the Hon. A. G. Blair in our School Law. These changes vice that Mr. Blair has touched, but has are, it is claimed, in the interests of the criminal prosecutions; and we have been injured by the contact. His incapability, however, is more clearly We wish to make no other point against the shown in his new school regulations the present Government on this question than this: their incapacity. And if incathan on any other point. Mr. Blair, to economize for the benefit of his friends, economize for the benefit of his friends, attacked the educational service of the country, and that too at its most vital point. A well trained, well paid staff of teachers, is the very lifeblood, the suffering from the blundering policy of the country are involved in the matter, each suffering from the blundering policy of the country.

main stay of an educational system. Government. And let us examine (1) THE CHANGE OF SCHOOL TERM The salaries of the school teachers at Formerly we had two school terms, which best, in New Brunswick, was too low for best, in New Brunswick, was too low for the character of the work performed, for practical purposes, made the smaller pupils in one, and the more advanced in the other, the chief element in the school. In the term which opened with November and closed with April, the larger children of the have a few extra thousand dollars to lavish on his friends. When Mr. Blair cut down the school teachers' salaries, will be readily and applied the teachers to will be readily and applied the teachers to will be readily and applied the teachers to will be readily applied to the content to the content of the school teachers' salaries. cut down the school teachers' salaries, he struck a blow at the very ground give greater attention to his classes, and hence do greater justice to the individual pupil. Under the present arrangement, we have a work of education in this Province. and he attacked with the greatest reterm beginning in midsummer; and, as consequence, its membership includes both the elder and the younger pupils, and so with duction, that class of teachers who are employed where the taxpayers are the the other term beginning in midsummer and the other term beginning in midsummer and the ording in midwinter. Now what does that mean for the school? It means that the third class teachers have had pupils of the schools, the children of the country, are to suffer because of this bluntheir salaries reduced twenty per cent. by Mr. Blair's school it makes the school year end with the fiscal law amendments. This is a fact that no sophistry of Mr. Blair, or wild raving of simply an excuse. But let us look still further into this charge of term, and see how his organ, can get over. What is the conit affects the teacher. The one term begins in January and ends with June, the other sequence. Either the teachers are combegins with July and ends with December.
Thus both the vacations are in one term, and, pelled to seek employment elsewhere, or the taxpayers have to make up the deas a consequence, we find about 130 teaching days in the first term of the year and 100 ficiency to retain the teachers. While Mr. Blair economized to the extent of The longer term has 3 months of bad weather in it, the shorter term one month, \$20,000 by reducing the Government because in the former are January, February and March, and in the latter December. The grant to teachers, he grinds that amount out of the taxpayers to make up the teachers remuneration, or if the salaries term are these :-

are not supplemented by the taxpayers 1. The school is placed under serious disto the extent of the reduction of the Government grant, the educational ser-

> 4 The teacher who is able to rest during the cold winter and teaches simply for 100 much pay as the one who, through cold

But how does Mr. Blair's organ meet our charges against Mr. Blair's mismancontroverted? It may be denied, as was the fact that the teachers' salaries have been cut agement of the educational service. Simply as on all other points, by personal abuse, in blazing head lines, and empty vention for ratification simply.
denied, but the facts remain. assertions. It has not honestly endeav-

The Workingman's Son.

Mr. Blair's organ urges the election of Mr. Wilson, because he is a Working True. But when Mr. Wilson was ntesting the Mayoralty Election in Fredericton, eighteen months ago, he was heard by a gentleman we can name, present arrangement Fork County, although gross value, which entitles to a vote. If any nearthe educational centre of New Brunswick, man in any or many wars makes a total to express himself as anything but com-"The most absurdly placed in this matter. Our trouble with this election," said part is under the control of an Inspector who raversee the county from St. Mary's up the man who does not possess a qualification Mr. Wilson the Workingman's Son, "is Nashwaak, around the North Shore to Campthat every man who owns a belltown; another part is under the charge of one who lives in King's County, and the pick axe or shovel, has a vote.' achools of the remaining part are instacted by without difficulty, as he is expected not only to visit Carl-ton County as well, but all the Wetmore.

The organ must be hard up for something upon which to base an attack on thing upon which to base an attack on the gentlemen.

Mr. Wilson's public career.

Independent in 1882: willing to run thing upon which to base an attack on the gentlement in 1883, till advised by Mr. Blair's big financial friend not the gentlement of th

Farm still remains, or the other gentleman farmers' sons, are entitled to be placed upon who is obliged to revolve around the entire | the list. Province. And these gentlemen are to come twice alrear to our schools, are they? We'll bill show plainly that it is a most liberal The above simple and plain clauses of the believe they can do it when we experience it, but not before. New, outside of this chies, and but the slightest remove from man-

question of two visits a year, why has York hood tax-paying suffrage. it to suit the convenience of some other place, or a concession to the demands of some members of Mr. Blair's executive. The latis a "straw man," and in the Legisla-ter, we presume, is the more correct. The whole arrangement of our school inspection is absurd—the inspectorates themselves and the work that can actually be done, as compared

introduced in the Legislature, by (3) THE LOWERING OF THE TEACHERS' SAL-ARIES A DIRECT TAX ON THE

RATEPAYERS. In the anxiety of the Government to save in some direction, that it might spend on favorites and monopolists and partizans in another, the sacrifice fell directly upon the interests of education. What else could suffer? The Executives' salaries could not be lessened, the bridges for friends and for party considerations must be built,—and we said, "the bill should not pass,"
In 1884 when another lien bill was introduced by Mr, Wetmore, Mr. Blair had no good word for the measure.

Mr. Blair could have carried the lien bill if he had co-operated the with Mr. Wetmore. He chose rather to remark to the House that "the fact of the special committee having reported unfavorably all, "They receive as much now in a year as we do for a month, and its too much.—Cut down the teachers' salaries, and then, if they persist in living and teaching, let the ratepayers pay the difference. We will reduce the higher salaries 10 per cent., and let having reported unfavorably the sicher districts make up the difference:

| As if to disprove the old saving that "the course of true love never did run smooth," a Methodist clergyman, in the person of Rev. Mr. Estey of Tabusintac, was also among the passengers and to him Jacob confided the information that he had a visible districts make up the difference:

| As if to disprove the old saving that "the course of true love never did run smooth," a Methodist clergyman, in the person of Rev. Mr. Estey of Tabusintac, was also among the passengers and to him Jacob confided the information that he had a provided to be married to be married at once.

| Confidence of the boneful signs of the times in the saving that "the course of true love never did run smooth," a Methodist clergyman, in the person of Rev. Mr. Estey of Tabusintac, was also among the passengers and to him Jacob confided the information that he had a provided to be married to be married at once.

| Confidence of the course of true love never did run smooth, and the course of true love never did run smooth, and the course of true love never did run smooth, and the course of true love never did run smooth, and the course of true love never did run smooth, and the course of true love never did run smooth, and the course of true love never did run smooth, and the course of true love never did run smooth, and the course of true love never did run smooth, and the course of true love never did run smooth, and the course of true love never did run smooth, and the course of true love never did run smooth, and the course of true love never did run smooth, and the course of true love ne

1. The teachers' salaries have been lessenelection fund. He made new lumber 2. The ratepayers must make this up, as the teachers could barely live before. 3. The better class of teachers have been reduced ten per cant., and the lower classe

bermen were able to pay for a ten years' nearly twenty per cent.

4. The better districts, therefore, make up what they cannot efford to, and the poorer districts even more.

"But," said the Attorney-General in his convention speech, "the teachers actually receive more than before." That means that ation is before the Legislature. Its pas-cutting down prices in anything makes it more valuable in the market. "But," says the Government, "we make no part of the salary contingent on ranking, and give you a definite amount instead,"

By taking, as doubtless the Attorney General did, the number of teachers in the countries in 1899, and Marie and M

eral did, the number of teachers in the country in 1883, and allowing each one to teach full time, the ealaries would equal about what the teachers actually received under the former system for that year; but let us not overlook the fact that many of the schools were open only part of the year, or term, and hence to compare a full term in every school in the country with the actually part term schools of last year, is unfair. part term schools of last year, is unfair. The Attorney General, however, so far as

back district which aforetime received a few away, and this money concentrated on five points in the county. What say Kingsclear, Mouth of Tay, Penniac, the Barony, Southampton, English Settlement, Cork, Pokiok, thrilling and glorious contents of the great fore, but are now ruled out to make way for the centres of education. Take the five points in the county which now receive the full allowance and go over the Educational circulars from 1880 to 1884, and you will find that these schools combined did not pass over 30 per cent. of all the pupils passed in the county. The other districts which passed in the county. The other districts which passed from King Theebau of Burmah, county which averaged about \$700 superior allowance money gets \$500 instead. The ratepayers of York who have children will find enough cause in this one question

atone to lead them to support Mr. Hasen and vote against Mr. Bluir and his relative,

THE FRANCHISE BILL.

A Near Approach to Manhood Suffrage.

I From the Sun. The disfranchising bill is the name given to the present franchise bill passed in the Dominion Commons. Let us see if it de-serves the name, and if it will take from or add to the electorate in our own Province Any one who own real property to the value of \$300 in cities, and \$200 in towns, will have a vote. At present the real property qualification is \$400. In this we find

a substantial reduction, and one which must result in a large addition to the voters' list. Any tenant who pays \$2 per month, \$12 per half year, or \$20 per year will be entit-led to vote. This will add a large number of working men and laborers, who real estate, but simply live in rented houses our cities and towns.

Any person who is a bona fide occupan

of property to the value of \$300 in cities and \$200 in towns, under license or under agreement to purchase, will have a vote. At preeent we have no occupants' franchise.

Again, the sons of residents who live with their parents will be entitled to vote upon town is concerned, she went down to the property of the father, if that be sufficent in value to give the right. That is, where now is citize were all the sufficient in the sufficient in value to give the right. That is,

cent in value to give the right. That is, and unsung. The only mourner at the where now in cities upon real property of \$1,000 in value, only the father can vote as of a most chequered description. For parowner, the father and two sons will be entitular reasons we purposely suppress names; titled to vote under the new bill, and in towns if references were plainly made, the living the father and four sons will be entitled to might be injured in material prospects. This vote. That this franchise, which is now unpersonage, true to a vow she had made, gave known in our Province, will largely increase the number of voters, every one can readily

This will, in fact, include all working men who are not taken in under the other fran- ancestry to boast of, wooed and won the

we confidently challenge anyone to show and it was only three days ago we ascertainthat, as compared with our present franchise, ed, through quite a special channel, that she the Dominion bill will not result in a large and lived and died at Preston. A short addition to the electorate, and we are certain that it will disfranchise none. It is true that the personal property qualification is done away with, but the other bases of

two nave six men doing what eight did before, and making two pusits a year for one before—23 times as much work. The doing away with ranking schools sannot have less send the work that much, or else the work some persons who live on a small lot and in of ranking must have involved much attential the first place there are no voluminous correspondence has been committed to the flames by order of certain authorities, and a diary kept by husband and wife send the work that much, or else the work some persons who live on a small lot and in books bore marginal notes in ink, and these. of ranking must have involved much attention to the condition of the school. And less than \$150, but this is hardly conceivable that is just where the benefits of inspection and if it be so, these persons must follow officially given, all manuscripts and letters by close to them, so close that, in sailing that is just where the benefits of inspection and if it be so, these persons must follow some other trade or calling which will ensurable that is just where the benefits of inspector in our midet, and when we wanted advice or instruction knew just where to address him or, by appointment, where to meet him. Hew is it with York County to-day? Under the an income and earnings basis of \$300 in value. and earnings basis of \$300 in value vear's earnings of \$300 he becomes a voter

> Then there is the farmer's son's franchise. If for instance a farmer has real property, not only he can vote, but for every \$150 with over and above the first \$150, he can give a vote to one of his sons. So that if he were worth \$750 of real property, he could vote

A Romantic Marriage on the (Advocate,)

A rather unusual event took place on Fri day last on board the steamer "Miramichi," at Burnt Church on her regular trip of that day. It apppears that Jacob Price of Ta-busintac had, for some time, been very much in love with Jane, daughter of his neighbor, Mr. John Murray, Jane being now very little, if any more that 16 years old. Jacob, unlike his patriarchal name sake, was not willing to jacket, green spectacles, and a wait for the object of his affection any longer than he could help, so he procured a marriage certificate some time ago, and having induced

A California man who re young lady's father and mother than the could help the country of the country Jane to accompany him, made for Neguac on Friday where the two boarded the steamer. Parties on board at once surmised that an elopement case was in progress, and that it the richer districts make up the difference; it we will reduce the lower salaries nearly one-fifth, and let the back districts, where these make that up! But did they carry out the richer districts where these make that up! But did they carry out the results of his own area to convince him that the against it."

Mr. Blair has no regard for the interests of the small lumber operators. It

we will reduce the lower salaries nearly one-fifth, and let the back districts, where these go, make that up!' But did they carry out such a plan? Ask any teacher in the council of his ewn eyes to convince him that the couple meant business and that if he did not marry them some other clergyman would, so marry them some other clergyman would, so in the view of the possibilities of the situation he made "the twain one flesh." The newly-wedded couple at once retired to the after part of the ladies cabia and com-menced the honey-moon, their mutually af-fectionate demonstrations being a matter of amused interest to their fellow-passengers. Arrived at Chatham, they put up at the Dominion House, and have since returned to Tabusintac, where no doubt, Jane has been forgiven by objecting parents, and Jacob is bappy with his youthful bride.

Barnum's Enormous Show. The White Elephant and Jumbo

Coming. Barnum's magnificent hippodrome is sufficient to put the entre city in a state of excitement. Old and young, rich and poor, enthuse over this event when they would not over any other; and well they may, for the entertainment furnished this year is of so royally magnificent a character that it has been compared to a cyclone of splendor by the press and public of the country. The mention of a few only of the marvelous features of the United Barnum and London Shows and Sanger's me can learn, does not tell us that to many a Double Menageries seems like taking a chapter from the " Arabian Nights." First, there dollars extra in working up pupils for superior allowance, that privilege is now taken three big rings; then there are the special Royal Road, Temperance Vale, Tay Settle-ment, and many other places, all of which passed pupils in the required standard be-jockey, hurdle, steeplechase, foot and animal ore, but are now ruled out to make way for races, on a track forty feet wide and nearly Wild Men, Flat-Heads, and others; then the onster world-famed Jumbo whose immense height creates a feeling of awe in all behold ers; then the 300 tons of performing ele-phants, and the twelve little fellows doing all inds of odd, tricks; then the world of natural history confined in cages, besides birds, beasts and huge serpents; then the big tents and the myriads of features, such as dwarfs, fat people, skeletons, &c. As a show, this is the eatest the mind of man every gave birth to, and when exhibited in the city of New York navy and the nation, and highly endorsed by wonderful affair, and well deserves its title of the greatest on earth, while the admission price is the same as to an ordinary show— everything, Jumbo and all—fifty cents. These Wednesday, July 8th. Two performances will be given at 2 and 7 P.M., and the parade

kes place in the streets at 8 in the morning. Queen Victoria's Cousin. A MYSTERIOUS STORY CIRCULATING IN

The following extraordinary story gone the round of the Scotch papers:—
A few days ago there died in Preston, an ordinary cottage house in a street on the descent—a second cousin of Queen Victoria, it is distinctly asserted; and, so far as the no general cue to her character or lineage. So well was this yow kept that only a limit-Again, any person whose earnings or in- the secret. Descended from a Royal stock come amounts to \$300 per annum, shall be of peculiarly historic renown, the woman entitled to vote. At present the income is \$400, and does not cover simple earnings. vicinity of Balmoral Castle. A braw Scotch laddie, well educated, but with no fine

They were married; but the marri-Lt is difficult to see who will be excluded.

Between the real property, the tenancy, the occupancy, the residents' sons, and the income basis it will be possible for every deserving man to be registered upon the voters, and the voters, and the secrecy was not approved of in certain high quarters, and the wedded couple afterwards took their departure and located themselves in a neighbouring Scottish town.

Great secrecy was not approved of in certain high quarters, and the wedded couple afterwards took their departure and located themselves in a neighbouring Scottish town.

time before her death she, with her son, went especially to London and stayed there for a week, certain arrangements being made for a week, certain arrangements being made dency upon the prevailing scientific theories during their sojourn in the metropolie. In of cause and effect as the lightning. This dualification are so varied and so generous that any person who formerly qualified in the former can now qualify upon some one or other of the later. Our readers will see how unfair and untruthful has been the course of the opponents of the measure who would fain have us believe that its result would be to restrict the suffrage.

In courties the franchise will slo be large.

In courties the franchise will slo be large. don and Scotland and the deceased, which inclines us to think the so-called error of her omena which are probably reserved for the In counties the franchise will also be largethe relative was presented by him to the conty extended by the bill. At present the pesty ention for ratification simply. It may be

| In counties the franchise will also be largemarriage was viewed in a by no means very
marriage was viewed in a by no means very
lession of \$100 of real property, or \$400 inharsh light, and the events which submarriage was viewed in a by no means very
lession of \$100 of real property, or \$400 inharsh light, and the events which submarriage was viewed in a by no means very
lession of \$100 of real property, or \$400 inharsh light, and the events which are probably reserved in
marriage was viewed in a by no means very
lession of \$100 of real property, or \$400 inharsh light, and the events which are probably reserved in
marriage was viewed in a by no means very
lession of \$100 of real property, or \$400 inharsh light, and the events which are probably reserved in
marriage was viewed in a by no means very
lession of \$100 of real property, or \$400 inharsh light, and the events which are probably reserved in
marriage was viewed in a by no means very
lession of \$100 of real property, or \$400 inharsh light, and the events which submarriage was viewed in a by no means very
lession of \$100 of real property, or \$400 inharsh light, and the events which submarriage was viewed in a by no means very
lession of \$100 of real property, or \$400 inharsh light, and the events which are probably reserved in
harsh light, and the events which are probably reserved in
his viewed in a by no means very
lession of \$100 of real property, or \$400 inharsh light, and the events which are probably reserved in
his viewed in a by no means very
less of a coming Newton to explain densed, but the facts remain. The next ground of disapproval is

(2) THE CHANGE IN INSPECTION.

Either we need or we do not need inspection. If we need it, let us do away with the facts. We have six men doing what sight did before, and making two marks a very for one has been committed. completely covered with plates of gold, and contains 1,500 rubies and 8,000 turquoises ities, and a diary kept by husband and wife has shared the same cruel fate. Many of the books bore marginal notes in ink, and these,

> have been destroyed, while some articles have been sent off to London and Scotland.
>
> "One result of the investigations of the kinds of wild flowers growing on the rocky hores. These channels are so narrow, and oval commission on the housing of the working classes," says the London Globs.
> appears to be the discovery of a new cure et so deep, that one can sail through theu for days and weeks, and thus distinguish the or consumption. The Highlanders, who dowers on either sic moke form peat fires, are stated to enjoy a completed a list of casualties in the Federal ingular immunity from phthisis, owing to army during the late war. The list the antiseptic properties of the tar, creosote, thought to be the most accurate yet publisheannin, and volatile oils and resine contained and. The aggregate number of deaths in n the beck, unciuous peat they use as fuel

Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites In Lung Troubles and Cholera 2.500.000.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Newsy Notes and Notions of Everything

Come, love, to me by the sleeping saa; For I have a pressing need of thee; Thy father's bull dog is on the shore— He runneth loose in quest of wore; If you don't call him off blamed soon, He'll chew me up under the pallid moon,

By the sleeping sea. A fish has recently been discovered which has 10,792 bones—just eight less than shad. as 10,792 bones—just eight less than shad.

A new engine of the London and North

A new engine of the London and North astern Railway, is reported to have attain ed a speed of eighty miles an hour. Minister Sackville West at Washington, while playing lawn tennis, wears a pea-

jacket, green spectacles, and a serious, that is A California man who recently killed anything to marry an orphan. Sir Samuel Baker, who is on a shooting

excursion in India, writes that he has obtained plenty of exciting sport. One day's bag consisted of three tigers and five panthers. An old and well tried remedy is Baird's French Ointment. By its use Salt Rheum. Fever Sores, Ulcers, &c., are soon healed. It will care the lich in a few days. Sold by French Ointment. By its use Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Ulcers, &c., are soon healed. t will cure the Itch in a few days. Sold by terians.

One of the hopeful signs of the times in Ireland is the fact that several landowners have taken to breeding pheasants again, and getting up a head of game in their preserves. This looks as if they had some faith in the

tutions), be given regularly PHOSPHORIZED Emulsion, to keep up the waste that is continually going on in the system during the growing period. Always ask for PHOSPHOR-ZED Emulsion, and be sure you get it. Baptismal boxes are the newest feshions.
They are very large—quite large enough to hold the babe; yet not intended for that purpose, but to contain costly gifts. The box is made of beautiful word, inlaid with iyory and gold, also having at the sides, in words gold, the names of the godfathers and relief gold, the names of the godfathers and

Druggists and general dealers.

The time of day is announced every day at Woolwich, England, 1 P. M., and 9.30 P. M., by firing off a blank charge of powder from a nine-pounder bronze gun. Notwithstanding this fact, a courageous little sparrow has riage on which the gun rests, and has hatched out five little sparrows. Joseph Rusan, Percy, writes: "I was induced to try Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for a lameness which troubled me for three or four

years, and found it the best article I ever tried. It has been a great blessing to me." Beware of similarly named articles; they are imitations of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. A Boston man suffering from indigestic tried various kinds of exercise to no purpose, but being at last prevailed upon to allow himself to be tossed in a blanket every other morning for a fortnight recovered his health. There used to be a report that old John Jacob Astor, when too feeble to stir around was regularly subjected to this treatment.

the coming autumn nearly every castle and moors may let well, but the agricultural delairds cannot get their rents as formerly. Fat at about fourpence and fivepence the pound. HANINGTON'S QUININE WINE AND IRON. and Tonic Dinner Pills, cleanse and enrich the blood and may always be relied upon to cure all eruptive diseases. Beware of imitations. See that you get the original and genuine. For sale by all druggists and general dealers in Canada.

There is a man near Bowden, Ga, 85 years attracted the enormous number of 500,000 old who has lived 56 years at the place and visitors; creating in Philadelphia a most profound sensation, and everywhere else the same. It has been visited by judges, lawyers, has never had the measels, has never had a lawyers and the laddictions of the same house where he now lives; has been married three time, raised 22 children, has never had the measels, has never had a lawyers. clergymen and the leading men of the army, pair of boots on his feet, never was sued never sued anybody else, has served 30 years all and every one. It is certainly a most as justice of the peace and never had a judg The Australians are discussing the effect of the climate on the physique of children born and brought up in the colonies in com-

parison with that of Europeans, A New South Wales journal points out triumphantly that the average height of the men composing the Volunteer contingent to the Soudan is over five feet ten and one-fourth inches, which exceeds the general average of English regiments.

To the Invalid, the convalescent, the aged and infirm we would recommend the use of Baird's Beef Iron and Wine. It gives tone and vigor to the whole system, and is rightly

Paul Pinkham of Millbridge, Me., a blind man, has followed the lobster business for ten years. His boat is guided by his wife, but he hauls his traps, takes out his lobsters and outs on the bait as quickly as if he could see. He has caught a ton a week for three weeks Mr. Pinkham makes his own traps and builds picks berries for the local canning factory nearly as fast as those who can see. At Buxton, in England, lately, a man who

was ill began to recover, but conceived the deautiful stock of English, French idea of stimulating death when the doctor ame and was able to persuade the doctor hat he was dead. A certificate was accord ly made out. The man arose, shaved off beard and became "the brother of the ngly made out. The man arose, shaved off lefunct," registered his own death, obtained an insurance claim, and was well on his way to foreign parts when his trick was found

the monster iron gun destined to be sent to the Antwerp Exhibition. It is now completed and mounted on its carriage, and is 11 metres 35 centimetres in length—about 35 feet. It weights some 37 tons, and the carriage weighs 20 tons. It will throw a Muslins, Lawns, Chambrays, &c. cone shaped projectile, 3 feet long and weigh ing 450 kilos, a distance of 20 kilometres—

No freak of nature has so disturbing a ten The throne of the Empress of Russia

besides many other rare and costly geme The throne of the Czar, known as the dia mond throne, is true v a marvel. It is gen precious stones than any other nation, a majority of which were procured at the expense of blood. The jawels in the cathed-The islands along the North Pacific coas

Adjutant General Drum, U.S.A., has jus ed. The aggregate number of deaths is hown to have been 359.496. Of these 29. After this we are quite prepared to hear of the beneficial qualities of London smoke."

48 prisoners of war. The total number of war. as prisoners of war. The total number of troops reported as furnished by the variou-States under the various calls was 2,772.408' Some of the returns were duplica ed, and it is

At all seasons, when the system is foul Branch Store, - - St. Mary's.

Mr. John Goorge Adair of Rath Dair, in Queen's Co., Ireland, whose death was lately

reported, was quite a representative man. and probably owned more land in his time than any one in Her Majesty's Dominions, for at the period of the famine in Ireland, when land was a drug in the market, he bought encumbered estate on estate, anticipating the speedy rebound of price. These estates he cleared in many cases of weak or defaulting tenants (a painful process, and not without risk or loss of life,) and sold at a great profit. Latterly he bought large tracts of real estate in Western America for ranche purposes,

According to the Methodist year book for 1885, the statistics of membership in the different Protestant denominations are as follows: -Methodists, 25.839, ministers, 3,-993,724 members; Baptists, 19,246 ministers. 2,552,199 members; Presbyterians, 8,898 ministers, 1,002,944 members; Lutherans, young lady's father and mother has married the young lady. Some men will do most of Christ 3,488 ministers, 563,928 members; Congregationalists, 3.723 ministers, 387.619 members; Episcopalians, 3,630 ministers, 313,889 members. It will thus be seen that the Methodists and Baptists are far ahead of the other bodies, and that while the Presby-

April 15th.

maintenance of law and order and the stability of the status quo.

Boys and Girls who are growing rapidly, should, (to ensure strong and healthy constitutions), he given rapidly Propagator.

grown to such proportions that it is Don't go Limping about with Rheumaa necessary he should have MORE TISM, feeling miserable and boring your friends with your troubles, but get at once a pottle of SCIATICINE and be cured perman- out of his plans, he has therefore ently. It acts by neutralizing the RHEUMA-TIC POISON in the Blood. For sale by all TRADE for the present.

THE WHOLE STOCK

CARPETS

will be sold at such prices

DURING THE

egularly subjected to this treatment.
A leading Edinburgh writer states that in Months of April & May.

continuing in the trade THE STOCK CONSISTS OF

Brussels, Tapestry, Wool, Union, Dutch, Hemp, &c.

Fredericton, April 15, 1885.



June 16th.

NOW SHOWING

and German

English, Canadian and American Prints.

A complete range of prices in our popular

from 90 cts. to \$3.00 per yard, qual-

75 cts. \$1.00 \$1.25 per yard, in all

Sunshades and Parasols Silk, Satin and Satteen, Plain and

Rouillon's First Choice Kid Gloves. CORSETS AND HOSIERY.

Milliney and Fancy Goods Ladies' and Childrens' Underwere

Everything necessary to wear or

make up at this most interesting period of life. INSPECTION INVITED

prompt and careful attention. F. B. EDGECOMBE, Queen St., Fredericton

Orders by Mail will receive

Fredericton, June 17

WHEN BUYING OIL,

SEE THAT YOU GET

Handsome Paper Label on Head.

APRIL, 1885

NEW GOODS.



New Spring Dress Goods

New Spring Prints.

Direct from the Manufactories.

Black and Colors

OTTOMAN

TENNANT, DAVIES & CO.,

Directly Opp. Normal School,

Agents for the celebrated M.

Balbriggan and Merino Shirts

ALL SIZES, CHEAP, AT

White, Dress and Regatta Shirts; Collars, Cuffs, Neckwear, &c. :

C. H. THOMAS & CO'S

Oustom Shirt Makers. and Gents' Furnishers redericton, May 20, 1885

COUGHS.

CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA

WASTING DISEASES OF CHIL-DREN, &c. It contains 65 per cent. of

Cheaper than any other Emulsion Made.

GEO. H. DAVIS, Druggist, Cor. Queen & Regent Sts.

NOTICE.

CABBAGES TOMATOES. Acme, Mayflower, and Yellow.

Hubbard and Boston Marrow. ALSO; Cauliflower, Celery, Cucumber, and Green Pepper Plants.

By Orders left at John Owens', Grocer, or the N. B. & N. S. Land Company's Office; York Street, will be promptly attended to

SQUASH,

Tennant, Davies & Co.

New Hamburg Embroideries.

Queen Street, Fredericton,

R. & A. dollar Unlaundried Shirt,

KEEP COOL!

A large Stock Cheap, at C. H. THOMAS & Co's.

and Drawers

C. H. THOMAS & Co's,

Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil

SCROFULOUS PROSTRATIONS

PURE COD LIVER OIL. The taste and smell of which are so thorou disguised that the youngest children not only take it readily, but look eagerly for more.

Gladis Wood Conservatory,

I AM prepared to supply the property in general, with fine thrifty Plants. The beds are imported from one of the best Seed Houses in New York. have in EARLY kinds, also LATE for Winter.

CHAS. M. GODKINS May 36, 1885

NERVOUS PROSTRATION.