Have in bond a large case of superior goods for the fall trade, which will be opened in a day ortwo. Orders solicited.

<del></del><del></del>

### The Secret Out.

"Then," rejoined Mr. Cameron, glowing. "her husband will take you into his confidence. Mr. Gryce, I love my wife. How deeply and how entirely I bever knew until I saw the shadow of seath creeping over her. I must, therefore. save her; for I see that incalcul-The suffering, if not irreparable disgrace, lies before her if I cannot make apparent in some way that the story she told you or Mildred Farley's unlucky end is absolutely true. What will do it? for I am sure something can and something will. Tell me, then, what will it take to satisfy you of her innocence. For though you do not say it. I see that you think she was the one who took the phial from her jewel casket."

'Dr. Cameron," was the quick reply, "the strongest proof of your wife's innocence, as you yourself phrase it, is the lack of any apparent motive on her part to wish ill to the girl. Make that apparent lack an undoubted one, and we must believe her story, preresterous and unnatural as it seems. In other words, unravel the whole secret of their connection. Prove that Mildred Farley had cause sufficient for desiring death and make the conduct of Julius Molesworth seem in accord with the spirit and good judgment of the man."

"I will do it," came from Dr. Cameron's white lips. "I can learn nothing that will me give the pain which your suspicion has done."

"And if in doing this you come across others working in the same field?"
"I can but acknowledge their superright there. I am but working for love, you from official duty. I have neither the facilities nor perhaps the courage to vie with you." And with bow of formal politeness he took a huried leave."

CHAPTER XXII.

Dr. Cameron may have been rash in the making of these promises, but once having made them he meant to keep The sight of his wife's pale face, staring blankly from the almost unruffled pillow where it lay, would have strengthened his determination if it had ever weakened. It brought back so many memories which made her unresponsive glance almost unendurable to bear. If he could but see it beam again with pleasure! If at the first dawn of intelligence in that blank eve. he might lean over her and whisper. "Joy, joy, my darling. All that troubled you is vanished and gone into nothing. Not a soul in the world has enything against you. Awake to peace and hope and love!" That would be a moment worth living for. For this he would strive while she lay here in un-

consciousness. But between hope and fulfillment there is a great gulf. As he withdrew from her side and sat down in her boudoir to think, he asked himself if he possessed any secret knowledge likely to lead to an elucidation of the prob-lem he had set himself. He thought he did. There was a fact that had once attracted his attention and then been forgotten again until this new danger threatening Genevieve had roused all his faculties and awakened all his memories. It was thes: At the moment now some weeks gone by, when Mr. Gryce and himself stood peering through the curtain at the hotel, he had noticed lying on the table at which Mildred Farley had been writing, a pile of manuscript, or rather, a number of closely written sheets of paper, tied into a small roll. It had seemed important at the time, and he had not given it a second thought. But now, in recalling it, the realization came with great force that those sheets might have been letters; and that letters held and cherished by her at such an hour must contain facts relative to her love and life, that it would be of inestimable value to him now to learn. Where was that roll? It had not been found in her bag or mention would have been made of it at the inquest. Had it been destroyed, or was it still in existence? It was certainly his first duty to in-

But of whom? Dr. Gryce? That would not do. Though Dr. Cameron felt every confidence in the detective's integrity, it had become his ambition to refute that detective's suspicions, and how could he hope to do so if he gave away the one clue which he imagined he pos-sessed to a different conclusion from that which present circumstances put upon the police? That he could always fall back upon the detective's knowledge was his excuse for attempting to take the first steps without it. Besides, Mr. Gryce might not know any

more about the matter than he.

The packet might have been removed from the table before that gentleman took his place at the curtain, and if so, the probabilities were that he did not

even know of its existence.
"Let me see," quoth Dr. Cameron to himself, "if I can transfer myself back into that alcove room and into the presence of that despairing girl." And he dropped his head forward on his hands, shutting out to the best of his ability all sight and consciousness of surrounding objects. "It was a picture not soon to be forgotten. Let me see if I cannot recall it." And he bent his mind upon that departed scene and soon beheld rising before him in distint detail the large, stiffly-furnished room, with its one occupant kneeling on the lonely hearth, watching with tearless but miserable gaze the burn-ing of a single sheet of paper. "A single sheet," he repeated to himself, "like the roll, but not part of it. For was tied with a tiny blue rib-

bon, and lay apart and by itself on table some few feet away. Had she been burning the roll the circum-

stances would surely have been different. She would have neld it in her hand or the ribbon would at least have been untied, and the sneets laid ready to her reach. No, the paper she burned was a draft of the note she afterwards left for Dr. Molesworth, and though the recollection was a dim one, he felt quite certain ne had also observed a folded paper lying beside the rolled ones. Of the ink bottle and pen he retained a decided impression, and he even remembered how the pen lay half on and half off the table, as if it had rolled thus far and stopped. But the roll, the roll! What had she done with it? Burned it afterwards? There was no proof of this. There had been plenty of testimony as to the

finding of the one bit of charred paper

he had seen blazing on the hearth, but none as to the discovery of the

much greater quantity which the de-

struction of the roll would have oc-casioned. How, then, nad she disposed of it? He tried to put himself in Mildred Farley's place and see; tried to realize what she would do if these letters were what he imagined them to be, tokens of affection from the man she no longer desired to marry. She would not leave them behind her, to be returned to him by careless and possibly inquisitive hands. They were too sacred for that, possibly too precious. Since she had not the courage to return these compromising sheets at the moment he had displeased her, she would take them with her and keep them till time and opportunity came for disposing of them with pro-priety. She had accordingly put them into her bag; and since from a nice calculation of time and distance he had already satisfied himself that she must have gone without any delay up-town, he concluded that she carried them into Mrs. Gretorex's house. But had they gone out with her? That was not so easy to determine; for let alone the possible interference of Mr. Gryce, the purpose and determination of Dr. Molesworth showed him perfectly capable of opening her bag and taking out these papers either before leaving the

existence, where in Mrs. Gretorex's house would he find them? Why, in Genevieve's room, of course. And where in Genevieve's room? As he asked himself this question he raised his head and unconsciously he glanced about. As he did so his eyes fell on a certain chintz-covered sofa that filled one corner of the apartment in which he sat; and, remembering that it was the one article which Genevieve had requested him to have brought over from her old home, he ose hurriedly and approached it.It was old, it was ugly, it was uncomfortable; he had never seen her lie or even sit on it, and yet she had not been easy till it was brought into the house and established in this room, where each and every object surrounding it was a work of the highest art and the greatest expense. There must be a reason for this interest in so incongruous an article. Could it be— He did not complete his thought, but rapidly stopped and ran his hand around the seat. He stopped suddenly. He had touched something smooth and firm and round. It was a roll of paper, and the moment he drew it out he recognized it for the one he was in search of, by the looks of the writing upon it, and the small thread of blue ribbon that

house or during that nideous ride he

took with her dead body. But if he had not meddled with them and Mr.

Gryce was ignorant of the fact of their

surruonded it. It was one of those cases where perverse or illogical reasoning still brings one directly to a definite issue. There had been a dozen contingencies against the hope that he would find that roll still in existence, and in a spot available to him; yet they had all gone for nothing, and the one line of argument he had allowed himself to pursue had brought him straight to the object he was seeking. It does not happen often, but it happened in this case, and he accepted the result with gratitude.

(To be continued.)

Everywhere We Go

We find some one who has been cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and people on all handsare praising this great medicine for what it has done for them and their friends. Taken in time Hood's Sarsaparilla prevents serious illness by keeping the clood pure and all the organs in a healthy condition. It is the great blood purifier.

Hood's Pills become the favorite cathartic with every one who tries them. 25c per box. If a good face is a letter of recommendation, a good heart is a letter of

We have no hesitation in saying that Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial is without doubt the best medicine ever introduced for dysentery, diarrhea, cholera and all summer complaints, sea cickness ato. It promptly gives relief credit. sickness, etc. It promptly gives relief, and never fails to effect a positive cure. Mothers should never be without a bottle when their children tle when their children are teething.

A woman who has never seen her husband fishing doesn't know what a patient man she has married. The Ills of Women.

Constipation causes more than half the ills of women. Karl's Clover Root Tea is a pleasant cure for Consumption. For ale by W. T

If two young men call on a girl at once it is no sign of her popularity, but rather that the men are afraid

to go alone. It Saves Lives Every Day.
Thousands of case; of Consumption, Asthma,
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Husband-This cake is very good, my dear, but it seems to me there ought to be a little more— Wife (in clear, icy, incisive tones)—That cake came by mail, and was made by your mother. Husband-Yes; as I was saying, there ought to be a little more-

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to pro-

cure it for you. Dyspepsia is the remorse of a guilty

All Recommend It.

Ask you physician, your druggist and your friends about Shiloh's Cure for Consumption.

They will recommend it. For sale by W. T.

"Why, sir," exclaimed an enthusiastic member of a regimental band; "we cay play the most intricate airs at sight!" "I should like to hear you play the airs the drum-major puts on," re-

plied an unbelieving listener. A Prominent Lawyer Says: "I have eight children, every one in good health, not one of whom but has taken Scott's Emulsion, in which my wife has boundless confidence."

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Cooked Ham, Canned Beef Tongue, Potted Meats for Sandwiches, Scotch Herring in Tins, Finest Brands of Sardines, Olives Pickles, Sauces, etc.

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(Continued from page 4.)

be added to the United States, out of which new slave States might be carved. There had been added to the Union many free States, by the rapid increase of a free population and by immigra-Slavery forbade skilled labor, and the kinds of agricultural pursuits for which northern States were fitted were not such as would permit of the profitable employment of slave labor. The South had hoped that California would have become a slave State, but the discovery of gold, and the tens of thousands of seekers of the precious metal who flocked into that territory settled the question in favor of freedom. The next struggle was over Kansas. Then the Missouri Compromise, which for-bade the establishment of slave States north of 36 1-2 degrees north latitude,

was repealed as ultra vires. Three interpretations of the constitution now sprang up in Congres and in the Supreme Court. The first was the ancient interpretation, that slavery was local, and depended upon the positive law of the State in which it was established, and could not exist outside of the territorial area in which that law operated. The only exception to this was that provision of the constitution which gave the right to reclaim a party who escaped from service. If a slave holder took a slave, by his own voluntary act, into a free State, the law of the free State emancipated him, for he could not claim him under a provision of the constitution, which only applied to fugicives. Those who held to this view of the constitution also maintained that the territories were under the absolute jurisdiction of Congress; that it could make all needful rules and regulations for their government, and had over such territories sovereign authority. A second view of the constitution was the one promulgated by Mr. Douglas, and which related only to the territories, and was known as the doctrine of

SQUATTER SOVEREIGNTY. The advocates of this doctrine held that persons who went into the territory and settled there, carried with them the sovereign powers of a State to establish such a government, subject to its being republican, as they thought fit. They could establish or exclude slavery, and exercise all the powers of self-government belonging to a State. It was during the period than this doctrine was most prominently before the public that the conflicts in Kansas were carried on. The South, until Kansas was lost, accepted it. The third doctrine was that put forward by the South. The South held that the States were sovereign; that the planter was entitled to protection for himself and his property in every part of the Union. That going into a free State with his slaves, so long as he did not become domiciled there, he was by the comity of nations and the terms of the Union, as much entitled to protection as a northern man would be, and for any property which he carried with him, were he to cross the Ohio and go into a slave State. The territories were claimed to be the common property of the partnership, and the slave holder claimed the same right to carry thither his slaves as the northern man had to go thither with his cattle, and he maintained that it was the duty of the cenral Government to protect him in his possessions until the territory in which he became settled became a sovereign State, and when it could decide for itself what its social institutions should be. This doctrine was, after the Dred Scott decision, in the ascendant, until the election of Mr. Lincoln; and it is, indeed, difficult to say how much longer it would have been maintained, if the South had not RUSHED HEADLONG INTO RE-

VOLUTION. The South strove to protect its pe-culiar institution by the manipulation of slaves States, and by an ascendancy in the Senate, to counterbalance the numerical superiority of the North in the House of Representatives. the Kansas conflict ended they were numerically inferior in both Houses. The action of the South in the Democratic convention of 1860, which refused to accept of a free State man as a can-didate for the Presidency, showed that they staked their assent to continuing in the Union upon the condition that the chief magistrate of the Republic should always be a Southern man. With the election of Lincoln that condition came to an end, and the South declared against the Union. An institution like slavery is, in the very nature of things, aggressive; and the South grew in arrogance until every other interest in the republic was subordinated to the right of one man to hold another as his chattel. The war which this arrogance provoked destroyed slavery; and those who at the beginning were ready to give additional security for its maintenance, for the sake of the Union, had forced upon their unwilling vision the obvious fact that between freedom and slavery there could be no peace, and that the Union could only be maintained by the complete triumph of the one or the other. The giants in the old classic fable could not scale the battlements of heaven, no more could slavery triumph in its contest with freedom. "John Brown's body lay moldering in the ground, but his soul went marching on," until vict-ory was achieved and every slave became free. THE FUTURE OF THE COLORED

RACE
is, in the neighboring republic, still
an unsolved problem. What it is to
be I am not here going to discuss. Let
us hope for the best. It is not their condition, but our own which most concerns us. It is our business to con-sider that this country of which we are citizens, requires from us. It is for us to consider how much the fortnues of the State are bound up in what we are and what we may become. We see in the neighboring republic how rapidly it rushed on to conflict when men undertook, in the name of Christianity, everywhere to proclaim that evil was good. Nothing can be more true than this, that the fortunes of a countrty are inseparably joined to the personal character of its people. No nation can rise to eminence whose people have no moral stamina, and who do not prefer honesty and truth and duty to what seems a momentary personal or pecuniary advantage. The greatest work on political philosophy that has ever been written is the Old Testament, and it everywhere proclaims that national greatness is the outcome of personal excellence; without personal excellence it can neither be attained nor maintained, and that a noble character is the most precious gift that is in the power of man to bring to the altar of his country. The man who is really free is the man who is emancipated from the slavery of vice, who considers the interests of his neighbors as well as his own, who endeavors to do to others as he would that others should do to him, and who trains up those over whom he has authority to deal honestly. to speak the truth, to be industri-ous, and thereby aid in maintaining contentment, peace and good-will in the community, and to the best of his ability, the prosperity of the State. These are the obligations which free men owe to a free State, and which they are loyally bound to discharge.

congratulate you on the success of your celebration, and trust that the lessons which it suggests may be al-ways worthy of the day." The honorable gentleman resumed his seat amid loud applause.

Latest News From Western Ontario. Mrs. James Brebner, Ingersoll, is

Thursday next is Aylmer's civic

Blenheim is to have a new Presbyterian Church Southampton has a pleasure resort called Whisky Island.

The Berlin customs officer's shortage is now put at \$10,00. Chatham will have a new central school, to cost \$30,000. Capt. Baxter and H. W. Ball, of the Signal staff, Goderich, are both suffer-

ing from inflammatory rheumatism. John Christopher, Ingersoll, accidentally tumbled down stairs the other night and sustained severe injuries. A. Coxworth has purchased a farm in

Stephen township, the property of the late Jacob Finkbiner, paying for 100 acres \$5,500. Geo. Webber married Miss Mary Matheson, daughter of John Matheson,

Nissouri. They have gone to New Zealand to settle. G. A. Everett, Cassel, has purchased a 50 acre farm, lot 3, con. 2, Blandford, and is moving his stock and implements

to his new home. The London "Advertiser" says typhoid fever is becoming quite prevalent in Exeter. The 'Tiser must refer to

some other place.—Exeter Times. Mr. D. B. Hyatt, of Fergus, formerly principal of the public school there, died on Wednesday after a short illness from inflammation of the lungs. C. A. Mayberry, B.A., LL.B., principal of the Stratford high school, was married at Walkerton on Wednesday, to Helen, daughter of John Coates, of

Mr. Jennings, proprietor of the Central Hotel, Wyoming, has been laid up during the past week with an attack of inflammation and is still low. A nurse from the London Hospital is in attendance.

The death is announced of Mr. D. Mc-Vicar, Petrolea, aged 65. The funeral was very large. He was a member of Howard Lodge, I. O. O. F., Strathroy, and about 100 Oddfellows attended in a body.

The waterworks people who have been digging artesian wells at Berlin, struck water at a depth of 150 feet. There is a stream five inches in diameter, which throws a volume of 500 gallons of water a minute. The water is excellent, and will henceforth be supplied to the town.

Wm. Renwick, of Stratford, claims that he had a narrow escape from being lynched on Tuesday night. He says that he was going home in a slightly dazed condition, when three men attacked him, stopped his cries for help, and knocked his hat over his eyes so that his view of what was going on was rather indistinct. They then dragged him about the streets with a rope about his neck. The trio charged with the crime were arrested.

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Weakness of Body and Mind. Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble Manhood fully Restored. How to enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Undeveloped Organs and Parts of Body. Absolutely un-failing Home Treatment—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

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signature of

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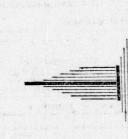
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