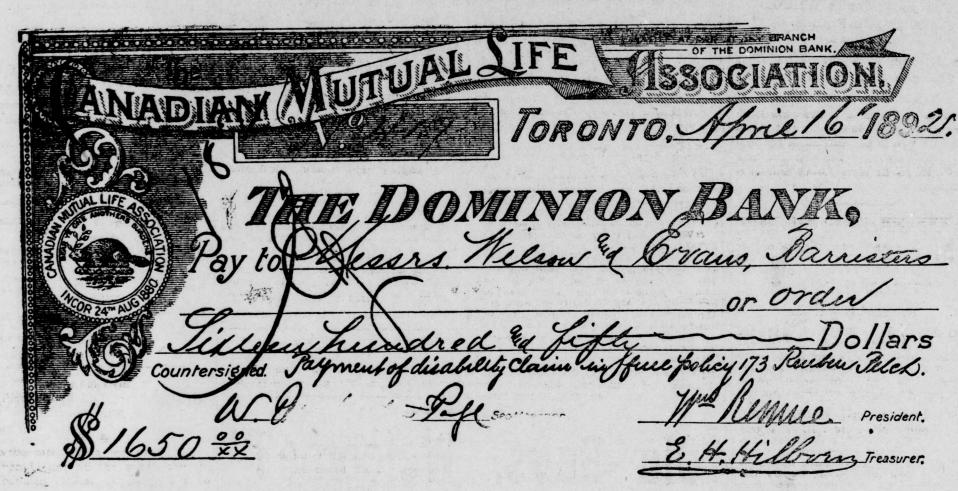
# THE CURE WAS PERM

# THE CURE WAS PERMANENT. afterwards setting fire to the house in which they lived, returned a verdict of murder in the second degree. Novak disappeared after the crime was traced to the Klondike gold fields, arrested and brought home. The Story of a Man Who Suffered the Aconics The Story of a Man Who Suffered the Aconics Mew York, Nov. 24.—The second trial of Martin Thorn, charged with the killing of william Guidensuppe, is progressing much more rapidly than the progressing much more rapidly than the progressing much more rapidly than the second trial of Martin Thorn, charged with the killing of william Guidensuppe, is progressing much more rapidly than the second trial of Martin Thorn, charged with the killing of william Guidensuppe, is progressing much more rapidly than the second trial of of a Living Death.

### EXPERTS PRONOUNCED HIM INCURABLE AND HE Chased by MEDICAL WAS PAID A LARGE DISABILITY CLAIM.

The Case Probably the Most Wonderful in the History of Medical Science---Brought But They Fail to Run Down a Missing College Girl-Her Father from Hopeless, Helpless Inactivity to Health and Strength--- A Reproduction of the Check by which the Disability Claim was Paid.



No other medicine in the world has ever offered such undoubted proof of merit.

### WHAT

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done for others they will do for you, if given a fair trial.

[From the Meaford, Ont., Monitor.]
About two years ago the Monitor
procured an interview with Mr. Reuben Petch, at Griersville, in order to [From the Meaford, Ont., Monitor.] | re, ascertain from his own lips if the re- less, and a burden to himself and solutely no doubt about my cure being ports were well founded that he at- friends. He was then advised to try permanent. Indeed I am in even bettributed his most astonishing return to health to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. The result of the interview was published in the Monitor under the date of Jan. 17, 1896. Mr. Petch's case was certainly ter he began the use of the pills was ply. "Doctors had failed, as had also one of the most extraordinary in the annals of medicine in Canada—if not in the world. He had been ill for five progress toward recovery and activity began the use of Dr. Williams' Pink years, and in that time he consulted was steady and certain. no less than six of the best physicians he could find, but none could give him containing the facts above noted, the least relief. His limbs and body were puffed and bloated to such an extent that he could not get his That a man, whose limbs and body clothes on, and for two years he had were all but dead, who had been exnot dressed. He had lost the use of amined by medical experts, and proto be dead, and pins could be stuck into various parts of his body without being felt or creating the slightest cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, was that we consider his statest intermediately. In the strength in the str fall and would have to be lifted up. He was actively going about to recommend the medicine that has he was unable to open his mouth proved this—but they did not believe sufficiently to take solid food, and had it would prove permanent. In view of sure that if any sufferer will write Mr. to be fed with a spoon like a child. the doubts then expressed, the Moni- Petch, inclosing a stamp for reply, he sibly get better. He was in fact cure was first published, has again Petch's remarkable recovery leaves no nothing more or less than an animated interviewed Mr. Petch, with the result doubt of the wonderful curative pow-Association, and was under their rules has proved permanent. entitled to disability insurance, and On being again questioned, Mr.Petch for him—restore health and vitality.

made a claim for it. Two doctors, on said: "You see those hands—the skin The check at the head of this article behalf of the association, were sent to is now natural and elastic. Once they is a fac simile of the one by which examine him, and they pronounced were hard and without sensation. You him incurable and permanently discould pierce them with a pin and I and is given in Jurther corroboration

hope that they would help him, but in first interview." hope that they would help him, but in his sad condition he was prepared to grasp at anything that afforded the prospect of even a slight relief. The first change noted in his condition af-

his limbs entirely. His flesh seemed nounced incurable, and on the strength

abled, and in accordance with their would not feel it, and what is true of of his statements.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. He did not ter health than when I gave you the

Pills. To this wonderful medicine I The publication of the interview, owe my release from a living death. I containing the facts above noted, have since recommended Dr. Wilcreated unusual interest, not only in liams' Pink Pills to many of my this section, but throughout Canada. friends, and the verdict is in their favor. I shall always bless the day I

was induced to take them." The above are the chief statements made by Mr. Petch in his latest intersensation. He could not move about, looked upon as a marvel. Many were solutely true and reliable. He has no and if he attempted to get up would skeptical; not as to the cure-for the interest to serve other than a desire The doctors said his trouble was spinal tor determined to watch the case close- will indorse all the statements made sclerosis, and that he could not pos- ly, and now, nearly two years after the above. We may further add that Mr. corpse, so helpless was he. He was a that we are in a position to say most ers of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and it member of the Canadian Mutual Life emphatically that this remarkable cure seems reasonable to infer that they will do for others what they have done

> board in the direction of using its in-President Greer expressed himself as fluence in the fostering of export and import trade by the Canadian railways This was unanimously carried,

INTERCHANGE SWITCHING AC-COMMODATION. A question by Mr. C. B. Hunt, regarding the facilities for grain shipment to Liverpool opened up the question of reciprocal switching accommodation. He expressed his regret that places like Woodstock, Prescott and Brockville had this privilege. He thought it was time the merchants took hold of it, and secured some re-

not, he understood, in a hurry to grant any concessions to shippers, to enable them to ship to advantage over other President Greer said the company had made a subterfuge of the fact that there was no personal grievance. The question had been threshed out, for a short time yesterday, but is and no steps had been taken by the still very weak.

medy from the G. T. R., which was

merchants. Mr. Hunt moved that a committee, composed of J. D. Saunby, W. J. Saunby, Charles S. Hyman and himself (Mr. Hunt) interview the G. T. R. regarding the matter. The motion carried and the meet-

DANCER PARALYZED.

ing adjourned.

Stricken Down on Sunday in Chicago After Dancing. Chicago, Nov. 24.—Dancing on Sun- severed.

day, Martha Besecker, 39 years old, was stricken with paralysis on Sunday afternoon in the Old Settlers' Hall on North Campbell avenue. About 4 o'clock she suddenly fell to the floor, complaining that she was unable to move her right leg. Those

the lawyers on either side anticipated. The first three witnesses called this morning were both employes, who corroborated the testimony as to the identity of the parts of Guldensuppe's

# Bloodhounds

College Girl-Her Father Broken Down.

South Hadley, Mass., Nov.24.-Bloodhounds were put upon the trail of Miss Bertha Lane Mellish, the missing Mount Holyoke College student. They were allowed to sniff at a number of articles in Miss Mellish's study, and then taken to the last place where

she was seen alive. The hounds took up the trail eager-ly, but soon lost it. Since then a large party of men, accompanied by dogs, has been searching every foot of the

grounds near the college.

Deputy Sheriffs and detectives gaore are on the scene, and a Boston detective has reached here to work on the case. The Connecticut River in the vicinity of Smithsville was dragged, but without result. The pond off the Smith's Ferry road was dragged, but Last evening an officer started for

Springfield to see Mrs. Wurm, who claims to have seen the missing girl at the Springfield Union Railway depot on Friday afternoon. He will try to get her to identify a photograph of the girl. Mrs. Wurm is so positive in her statement that her story has given the case a new turn. The college authorities met and de cided to offer a reward for the discov-

ery of the girl's whereabouts. The selectmen of the town are to take simil-A search will be made of the gulch at the foot of Mount Holyoke Mounrain. This was a favorite resort of Miss Mellish, and some think she may have met with an accident there. State Detective Munyon says there is no doubt in his mind that the girl's body will be found in the Conecticut River in time. The Holyoke police think she may have been kidnapped, but the Pinkerton men place no faith in this

gestion that she may have run away room, where the gas meter was situwith some admirer. They say that she ated. Here the pipes were evidently cared nothing for the society of men. | melted, and the escaping gas provided and there is nothing at all romantic in her disposition. Rev. Mr. Mellish, the missing girl's of the building was abaze, and the father, went to his home in Killingly, Conn. He is completely broken down.

#### BOTHWELL.

shooting in the vicinity. Mr. Snellgrove, of Thamesville, spent L. Appleford, and F. Fleming were

in town on Sunday as usual.

Miss Clara Sussex left today for Detroit to spend the next month vis-John Dillon, of Detroit, is spending a week with his relatives in town and vicinity.

Wm. Kennedy, of Detroit, formerly of town, is spending a few days hunting, also renewing old acquaintances in town.

#### RIDGETOWN. Ridgetown, Nov. 24.-Mr. John

Moore, aged 70 years, was buried at Greenwood on Monday. Rev. Philp Willie Crosbie, aged 10 years, son of Mrs. Crosbie, 75 Broadway street, who has been ill for some time, was buried yesterday at Greenwood. The public schools are making elaborate preparations for their Christmas concert.

Mr. Robert Ferguson, M. L. A., was in town on Monday, and accompanied Mr. Gardiner up to the Park. Two young moose, destined for the Park, have reached here from Algon-

#### TILSONBURG

Tilsonburg, Nov. 24.-Mrs. P. Fall is still seriously ill, and her son, who resides in Manitoba, is on his way to

Grading is being pushed rapidly on the extension of the Port Burwell road into the town. Gangs of men are at work on Mr. Tilson's property on each side of the river, where heavy fills have to be made for the approaches to the bridge. No contracts for the erection of the bridge have yet been

Ross & Scott made large shipments of hogs on Monday from Tilsonburg to Delhi.

Mrs. John F. Tribe is seriously ill. An excellent article by Mr. A. H. D. Ross, M.A., on "Why We Should Stuly Science," will appear in the next number of the Educational Monthly. The paper was read before the Avondale Literary Society. Miss M. E. McIntyre, of the kinder-

garten department of the Model School, Toronto, is on a visit of inspection to the kindergartens here. Miss Florence Livingstone is visiting her sister, Mrs. David Gibson, in Mr. W. R. Hobbs was able to be out

Mr. E. Decou had a serious and painful accident at Courtland. At the cheese factory a butter-making plant is being added, and Mr. Decou had the contract for the mason work fo: the new boiler. While preparing the foundation it was necessary to clear a stump out of the way, and the man who was using the axe, in cutting the roots, by some means allowed it io glance, striking Mr. Decou on the inside of the right knee and inflicting an ugly and very painful gash. The bone is cut, but not seriously, and fortunately no arteries or ligaments were

#### AILSA CRAIG.

(C. Walker, Business Agent.) Ailsa Craig, Nov. 24 .- I call the attention of the authorities to the condition of an old man living in East and ought to be taken care of in some way. This man has been spending his winters in the House of Refuge at Strathroy, but comes out in the sum-mer. His case should occupy the at-wife. At that time Thorn gave his tention of the municipal authorities, name as Braun.



reverence does the grocer's boy regard Chase & Sanborn's

Coffee. Often has he been admonished to bring only Chase & Sanborn's Seal Brand, he now realizes that it stands in a class by itself.

The best people to whose houses he is sent demand this brand.

No matter what he may forget, no matter what he may bring wrong, he never makes a mistake in bringing another kind of coffee when Seal Brand is ordered.

All grocers sell it, in pound and two-pound tin

#### Gone Up in Smoke.

Losses and Insurance in Connection With the Stratford Fire.

Big Lumber Yard Blaze in Saginaw,

Stratford, Nov. 24.- The fire in the city hall this morning apparently started about the furnace room, and when first noticed had worked its way Miss Mellish's friends scout the sug- up the elevator shaft to the janitor's first-class material for the flames, for in a short time the whole upper part efforts of the firemen were powerless to stay the progress of the flames. The building is completely gutted nothing remaining but the bare walls The contents of McCauley's and T. Bothwell, Nov. 24.—Thomas Wear, of B. Johnson's butcher shops, together Windsor, is spending a few days with part of Marshall's stock, and a few books from the library, were removed. The vaults are intact, and is is expected the contents are all right, Loss about \$15,000. Insurance, c.ty \$5,000 on building, \$1,000 on contents, Perth Mutual; public library, \$2,000 on contents in Gore District; W. R. Marshall & Son, \$1,000 in Commercial Union, \$2,500 Imperial; W. Lawrence, barrister, and city treasurer, \$200 on

furniture. It was fortunate that snow covered the roofs of the surrounding buildings, as a fresh breeze carried the burning embers to some distance. The building was erected in 1857. It is thought the walls are in good shape and can be utilized in rebuilding.
Saginaw, Mich., Nov. 24.—The extensive lumber yard of Col. Aaron J. Bliss, at Carrollton, three miles below this city, was wiped out by fire during last night. Col. Bliss estimates his loss at \$50,000, fully insured. Property adjoining was damaged to the extent

## Tragic Ending

To a Quarrel That Occurred Ten Years Ago.

John Ratza's Trial Results in a Verdict of Manslaughter.

Pembroke, Ont., Nov. 24. - John Ratza was brought up for trial this morning for the murder of Antoine Kurze at Barrie, Renfrew county, on Monday, April 19 last. Kurze and Ratza quarreled ten years ago, but to all appearances were friends. While at Drohan's hotel, on the night of April 19, the conversation drifted to the old quarrel. Both got angry, and agreed to settle the matter by fighting. They went outside, but friends interfered, and peace was restored for the time. They went back to the hotel, when Kurze struck Ratza a blow in the face with his fist. Ratza then went out, but returned shortly, and taking a poker from the wood-box struck Kurze a blow on the back of the head, fracturing his skull. Kurze dropped to the floor unconscious. He was taken to the general hospital, but he never regained consciousness, and died on the following Saturday.

Ratza was arrested and charged with murder. The grand jury found a true bill and the trial proceeded. The defense said the blow was delivered in self-defense. Ratza was found guilty of manslaugrter and sentenced to three years in Kingston penitentiary.

#### GULDENSUPPE TRACEDY. Thorn's Trial Again Under Way Damaging Evidence Against Both Prisoners.

New York, Nov. 24.—During the Guldensuppe murder trial today Bernard Buala, the owner of the Woodside cottage, and his wife identified Thorn as the man who said his name was Braun.

Mrs. Clara Nunheimer, whose residence in Woodside is in the rear of the famous cottage, identified Mrs. Nack as the woman she had seen enter the cottage with Guldensupp. Mrs. Marie Haften identified Mrs. Nack as the woman who was with Thorn when he got the keys of the cottage. Mrs. Buala also pointed out Mrs. Nack as the woman who calle!

The court roon was crowded with

## Winter Port of Canada.

The London Board of Trade Consider the Matter.

Address on the Advantages of John Over Portland.

There was a large and representative gathering of the business men of the city at the board of trade yesterday afternoon to hear the address of Mr. W. S. Fisher, president of the St. John, N. B., board of trade, on the advantage that city possessed as a Canadian winter port.

Among those present were: President Greer, ex-President Bland, J. Mattinson, W. J. Saunby, J. D. Saunby, R. Houston, C. B. Hunt, John Campbell, J. Patmore, John McCiary, John Labatt, James Hamilton, M. Masuret, A. M. Smith, R. Inglis, T. H. Smallman, J. H. Ginge, J. Burgess, H. Plewes, A. H. Beddome, W. R. Lannigan (of the C.

P. R.), and Secretary Nelles. Mr. Fisher, in his opening remarks, referred to the great expenditure the people of St. John had gone to in order to build and improve their port. They had spent \$750,000 out of the general taxes on this purpose—not to make the port a local one, but truly national. The people in the east had done their share in helping to build up the Northwest, and put a railway across the continent, and they now expected that all Canadians would help to diverge a large portion of their export trade by Canadian, instead of through foreign ports. It had been agreed by the transportation companies to give St. John as low a rate—if not a lower rate -both in imports and exports, as those to and from foreign ports. The opinion prevailed abroad to too large an extent that Canada was snow and icepatch. He hoped for the hearty supopen port was Halifax. St. John should
not be considered a rival of Halifax,
but its port should be taken advantage
of because of its geographical position.

There could be but one opinion among
Canadian shippers, and that was to
support the scheme, and help to build

The port was Halifax. St. John should
they were waking up to the fact of the extent of 25 cars each. The facilities at St. John would be made comnot be considered a rival of Halifax,
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here help to foster the ports of a country that had shown so little consideration for Canada? He did not want to speak against the United States, so much as for the benefit of Canada. As showing how the port had developed, Mr. Fisher mentioned that the Beaver Line, which, with a small subsidy, formerly gave a fortnightly service between St. John and Liverpool, were

now running a weekly service, and there was a fortnightly service to London, Glasgow, Dublin and Belfast, while there would be three sailings during the winter to Aberdeen. No sooner had the port become successful on a small scale than the United States government passed a resolution to expend \$300,000 to improve the harbor and shipping facilities of Portland, to retain the Canadian trade. The Canadian government, he said, at the time refused to grant a subsidy. Mr. Fisher gave a few interesting figures showing the business done. The winter exports last year were 78,000 tons of general freight, 1,435,625 bushels of grain, 7,953 cattle, 3.291 sheep and lambs, and 1,208 horses. Mr. Fisher quoted from a railway rate sheet, showing that the im-

port rate on first-class goods by the all-Canadian route was 36 cents, against 53 cents by the American route. This was a striking difference. As instance ing the increase in the lumber trade alone of St. John, Mr. Fisher stated that in 1895 63 sailing vessels and 55 steamers carried 129,000,000 feet lumber to the old counin 1896, 52 sail and 95 steam craft carried 168,000,000 feet; and in the ten months of 1897, 52 sail and 180 steam craft carried 226,000,000 feet of lumber. Turning to trade with the West Indies, Mr. Fisher pointed out that there was a field for Canadian enterprise. The present was an admirable time for shippers of flour to secure a foothold in the West Indies, as he was informed that Canadian millers could undersell the American millers. Last year there were shipped out of New York 600.000 barrels of flour, which showed that there was the business to secure. So without the United States traffic they far as the facilities at St. John were could not afford to do it. Half the rail- who sought to help her found that concerned, Mr. Fisher promised that exporters would be given quick dispatch. He hoped for the hearty suppatch. He hoped for the hearty suppatch.

up Canada. Why should the merchants form European houses with whom they by Mr. John Campbell: "That this did business to ship via the Canadian meeting reaffirms the pelicy of the heartily in support of the scheme.

Mr. John McClary was a little shaky and seaports." on the question, and said he did not know whether he could conscientiously as was also a hearty vote of thanks to support it or not. If the purpose of the Mr. Fisher for his able and instructpeople of St. John was merely to se- ive address, which was listened to with cure a subsidy from the government, deep interest. he did not feel inclined to support it. He was a "protectionist," but a legiti mate one. Transportation companies knew their own business best, and if they could afford to haul freight 800 miles to Canadian ports, at the same rates that other roads could haul them 500 miles, he would support the Canadian road. He bought where he could buy the cheapest, and shipped on the roads giving the best rates. He would not, however, oppose the scheme.

Mr. Campbell said there could be but one opinion, and that was to appreciate the step the people of St. John had taken. It was for the London board to help build up the Canadian port and not foster foreign ones. Mr. Mattinson asked if any arrangements had been made with the C.P.R.

for rapid delivery of goods. He said the experience had been that via New New York was quicker. Mr. Fisher said this had not proved Mr. Lanigan pointed out that goods

could hardly be expected to reach here from St. John as quickly as from New York, because the distance was much greater. In answer to a question regarding preferential rates to different points, Mr. Lanigan said that the railways, like all other concerns, were not in business as a matter of sentiment or for the good of their health. As far as he was aware the rates were in some quarters ex-ceedingly low. This was the case in Chicago, where they had to accept the fast through freight to Boston at the competitive rate, but in doing so they were enabled to give Canadian shippers three fast through trains daily, and

Vinton, Iowa, Nov. 24.—The jury in the case of Frank Novak, charged with killing his room-mate, Murray, and man nature.

The man who had a good opinion of himself is often a poor judge of human description.

The man who had a good opinion of himself is often a poor judge of human nature.

The man who had a good opinion of himself is often a poor judge of human nature.