

UNITED STATES DEFINITELY REFUSES TO WITHDRAW TROOPS

FOOD RIOTS BREAK OUT IN MUNICH; THROUGHOUT ALL GERMANY SITUATION IS SERIOUS

Carranza Stands by Ultimatum; Mexicans Seem Eager to Tackle the States

UNITED STATES REFUSES TO TAKE ITS TROOPS OFF MEXICAN SOIL

Note Flatly Rejecting the Demand of General Carranza Handed to Mexican Government To-day--Repukes Mexican Officials For Their Haughty Tone.

By Special Wire to the Courier. Washington, June 20.—The American note flatly rejecting General Carranza's demand for the withdrawal of United States troops from Mexico and rebuking the Carranza Government for the discourteous tone and temper of its last communication was handed to-day to Eliseo Arredondo, the Mexican ambassador designate.

Long continued outrages against Americans and their property, both in Mexico and on American soil, are reviewed in the note and warning given that the troops will be kept in Mexico until such times as the de facto government performs the duty which the United States has not sought of pursuing the bandits who ought to be arrested and punished by the Mexican Government.

Will Not Back Down. It concludes with the statement that if the de facto government continues to ignore this obligation and carries its threat to defend its territory by an appeal to arms against the American troops, the gravest consequences will follow.

No Further Invasions. "While this government will deeply regret such a result," says the note, "it cannot recede from its settled determination to maintain its national rights and to perform its full duty in preserving the independence of the territory of the United States and in removing the spirit which Americans along the international border have borne so long with patience and forbearance."

Americans Not Wanted. "I am reluctant to be forced to the

conclusion which might be drawn from the circumstances," Secretary Lansing declares, "that the de facto government in Mexico, did not intend or desire that these outrages should be captured, destroyed, or dispersed, by American troops, or at the request of this government, by Mexican troops."

The purpose of the United States government towards Mexico, questioned in the last Mexican note, are announced in the following language:

No Utter Motive. "If a denial is needed that this government has had ulterior and improper motives in its diplomatic representations, or has countenanced the activities of American sympathizers, and the American press, opposed to the de facto government, I am glad most emphatically to deny it."

"The United States government has been more active than the press in the United States in endeavoring to inflame the two peoples against each other and to force the two countries into hostilities."

PARLIAMENT MEETS TO-DAY

Much of Importance Has Happened Since Proclamation.

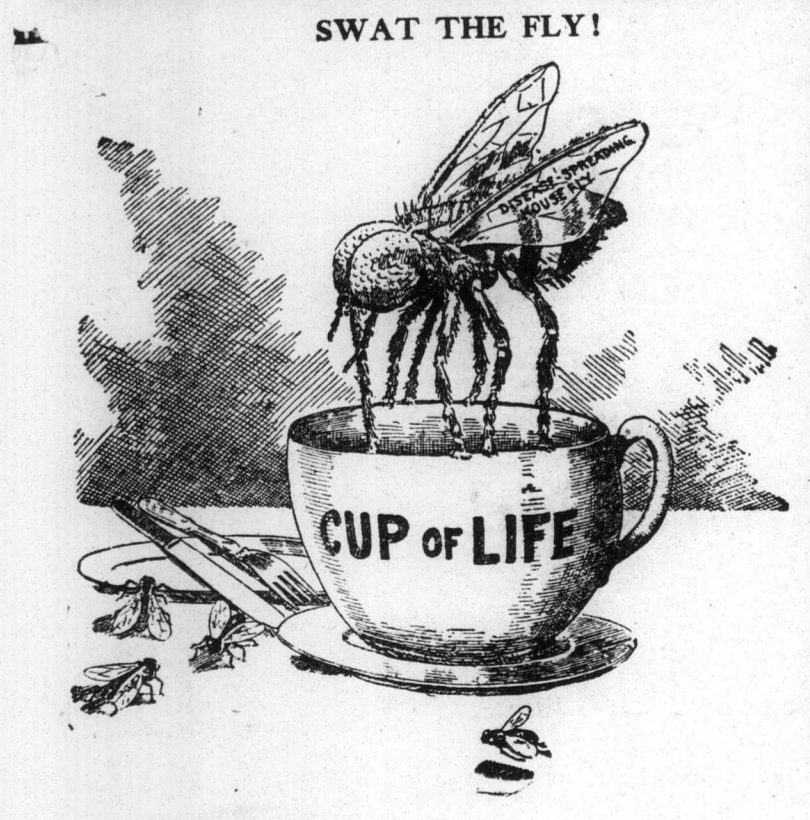
By Special Wire to the Courier. London, June 20.—Matters of great importance await the consideration of parliament which reassembles to-day. Since recess was taken three weeks ago there have been three happenings of great moment, namely, the naval battle off Jutland, the allies economic conference at Paris and the death of Lord Kitchener, which necessitates the appointment of a new war minister. The legislators will want much information concerning these matters and in addition the attitude of the allies toward Greece and the Irish problem provide questions for deep consideration.

action. Much attention will also be given to finance as the new budget is promised for next month and another vote of credit is scheduled for early in August. There remains besides the problem of the extension of life of the parliament, a division among the members of the cabinet over the proposals for the settlement of the Irish question which is one of the principal topics of discussion in political circles to-day. It has been stated that the Irish negotiations have been stopped for the moment owing to this difference of opinion. Deep interest was shown in the cabinet meeting at which it is expected an attempt will be made to reach a settlement.

Philip E. Curtis, author of many short stories, was married in Hartford, Conn., to Miss Maud Knust, whose stage name is Phyllis Maud.

Accused of culpability in the death of William Jurgens, three years old, East New York, Mrs. F. N. Fitcher, Christian Science healer, was held in \$1,000 bail.

COURIER'S DAILY CARTOON



LT. COCKSHUTT BURIED BY SHELL

Capt. Patterson of Paris Says He is Either Killed or Prisoner.

(Special to The Courier.) Paris, June 20.—Major Patterson received word from his son, Capt. W. R. Patterson, of the Mounted Rifles, to-day. He states that he came through the big fight safely, but was sorry to say that few of the boys escaped without some injury or another.

LT. COCKSHUTT'S FATE. Lt. Harvey Cockshutt while working with his men at the front, was wounded and buried by the explosion of a heavy German shell. If he got out, he is now a prisoner in the German lines, but Capt. Patterson had not yet time to get a casualty list. He stated he would write later.

CARRANZA IS DEFIANT; WILL NOT BACK DOWN

Stands by Original Ultimatum: American Troops Must Not Advance.

PATRIOTISM IN THE CAPITAL Parades and Demonstrations and U. S. Consulate Stoned.

By Special Wire to the Courier. Mexico City, June 20.—General Carranza in a statement to the press last night reiterated his declaration that any movements of American troops except to the northward, would be considered hostile, and that Mexican commanders had been ordered to repel the same.

The First Chief said that Mexico desires to avoid hostilities at any cost save the loss of national honor, but that in any event, foreigners whose stage name is Phyllis Maud.

Americans Must Withdraw. Minister of Foreign Affairs Aguilar declared that serious complications could only be avoided by the withdrawal of the American troops. He said that he regretted that the United States misunderstood the attitude of the Mexican people, who had become distrustful because of Carranza's note demanding removal of American troops from Mexican territory, strongly condemn the Washington administration for refusing to recall General Pershing's column and request the American government to make good its oft repeated protestations of non-interference in the internal affairs of Mexico.

Determined to Resist. The streets and public squares of the capital were thronged all the afternoon with patriotic parades who marched to the various public offices by bands and carrying the national emblem, as evidence of their willingness to defend the country's honor and dignity in case of a foreign war.

Not Looking for War. More than 10,000 persons gathered in the great square bounded by the cathedral and municipal palaces, where they were addressed by General Carranza and War Minister Obregon and other members of the government. General Carranza told the assembled throng that Mexico was not seeking war, but would not avoid it at the cost of national dignity.

Will Know What to Do. "Mexico," said General Carranza, "will not declare war on the United States, but will know how to do her duty if hostilities are forced upon her."

During the demonstration yesterday, the American consulate was stoned. The stoning occurred while

(Continued on Page Four)

A Call For Service From Brig.-Gen. Logie

TO THE CITIZENS OF BRANT COUNTY.

Speaking with authoritative knowledge of the immediate need for men, I make this appeal to the County of Brant. Brant's quota required to complete its Battalions now authorized is 900 men. This County has never in its history failed to rise to its full responsibility. Surely the women, the Churches, the Boards of Trade, the Canadian Clubs, and other Patriotic and Fraternal Societies, and the business interests will, by one last united effort, give the men so urgently needed.

215th Battalion Has Passed the 500 Mark; Strength Now Totals up to 502

Remarkable Record Made by This Unit and Proud Record for County.

Progressing steadily and diligently with the work of recruiting, and achieving splendid results just at the moment when Brant County was believed to have been exhausted, the 215th Battalion has now reached the 500 mark, and passed it, in a little over three months' active recruiting.

WHAT WILL GEN. CARRANZA DO? He Must Either Back Down, or War Will be on With United States.

MEXICANS ARE HASTILY ARMING American Gunboat Commander on West Coast in Clash.

By Special Wire to the Courier. Washington, June 20.—In the face of a multitude of reports indicating that the seething war spirit throughout Mexico, the United States' emphatic refusal to withdraw General Pershing's expedition was to be communicated officially to General Carranza to-day. Whether the result will mean war depends on the Mexicans and Mexicans, said General Carranza.

U. S. Is Arming. Mobilization of the national guard in every state was being rushed to-day. The United States reply to Carranza's note demanding removal of American troops from Mexican territory had passed through the printer's hands to-day and state department officials said it would be handed to Eliseo Arredondo, Mexican ambassador designate before noon. It was to be made public then.

Patience Exhausted. Its terms leave no doubt that the United States Government is approaching the end of its patience with Mexican annoyances, but that it still maintains its original policy of entering war only for defense.

Even while these assurances were being conveyed, came reports that Mexicans were enlisting for military service under the impression that the United States armies are about to attack Mexico.

Trouble With Navy Men. An ultimatum, said to be virtually a declaration of war has been served on Commander Kavanagh of the United States gunboat Annapolis by the state of Sinaloa, west coast. It is reported to the naval authorities. The hostile stand grew out of the clash Sunday at Mazatlan between blue jackets from the Annapolis and Mexicans, resulting in casualties on both sides.

Preparing to Attack. Mexican Government troops were reported last night marching on Del Rio, 100 miles up the Rio Grande from Eagle Pass, with the intention of attacking.

FRENCH LOSSES. The Total in Verdun Fighting Amounts to 165,000.

By Special Wire to the Courier. New York, June 20.—A despatch to The Sun from Geneva, dated June 5, says: The French losses around Verdun in killed and wounded amount to approximately 165,000 to date. These losses have occurred on a front which is not more than thirteen miles long.

As a reward for his services as president of the Catholic Club for the last five years, Michael J. Mulqueen, New York, has been made a Knight of the Order of St. Gregory by Pope Benedict.

FOOD RIOTS IN MUNICH; TWENTY FIVE THOUSAND IN DEMONSTRATION ON SATURDAY

Mob Smashed the Windows of the City Hall and of Neighboring Houses—"We are Starving! We Want Bread! We Want Peace!" the People Cried.

SHORTAGE IS TERRIBLE

By Special Wire to the Courier. London, June 20, 2.56 p.m.—Twenty-five thousand persons are reported to have taken part in demonstrations in Munich on Saturday, in the course of which considerable damage to property was inflicted.

Near Belgian Border. "Serious disturbances took place in Als-la-Chapelle Saturday. Thousands of people gathered in the streets and marched in procession. Afterward they assembled in large crowds which had to be dispersed by police charges. Almost complete absence of food stuffs was the cause of the outbreak."

"An American who was in Berlin about the middle of May, writing in the Daily Mail, says: "Fats, Oils, Butter Scarce. "I found fats of all kinds and oils and butter are not to be had, at least so far as the common people are concerned. Eggs are plentiful. It is not exaggerating to say that over two-thirds of the tubs of butter in greater Berlin are closed on account of the lack of supplies. Potatoes were still to be had in small quantities at about three times the normal cost. Onions practically are unobtainable. Other vegetables are scarce and dear."

Very Dear. "Tinned fruits and vegetables and marmalades are still plentiful, but frightfully dear. Sugar is almost unobtainable. At the time it was there very little coffee was for sale. Tea, cocoa, spices, and other similarly imported articles were extremely dear or not to be had at all."

No Milk Anywhere. "There is a dearth of milk everywhere. In Berlin and other large cities, cream is absolutely unobtainable. Dutch and Swiss cheese can still be had, but German cheese has entirely disappeared, undoubtedly the most in Germany at the present time is fish."

"Such, in brief, were the conditions of food supply which I found in the enemy's practically all the middle of May."

Holland Helps Vienna. The Daily Mail's Amsterdam correspondent says that, according to the Vienna Reichspost, Queen Wilhelmina sent several wagonloads of condensed milk as a present to the women and children in Vienna, in response to an imploring telegram from the wife of the Viennese burgomaster, Weisskirchner.

Situation in Saxony. The Morning Post's Amsterdam correspondent says: "In several German towns the price of milk has again increased. At Leipzig and other towns in Saxony there is an almost total dearth of potatoes, the situation being even worse than in Berlin. In Saxony popular feeling is very excited, and discontent is universally increasing. At Leipzig only three pounds of potatoes are available per week for each person."

Potato Famine. "The shortage of potatoes continues. The ration allotted for the

Russians Opened Drive With Great Gas Attack

Composition of Gas is a Secret, But There Are No Antidotes for It Known—Hurricane of Artillery Fire Followed the Gas.

By Special Wire to the Courier. Petrograd, June 20.—(Despatch to the London Morning Post)—General Brussiloff's great push opened with a gas attack. Over a section 30 miles in extent, the new Russian gas was projected into the enemy positions, and was followed up by a hurricane of fire from a tremendous weight of artillery. The composition of the new Russian gas is, of course, a secret, but I am informed there is no antidote, and it is not subject to attack upon the wearing of ordinary masks.

German methods of gassing. The gas is launched in a definite direction and carries for miles, thanks to the propelling force which is employed in a special manner. For use at greater distances than three miles, it can be combined with explosive charges of big shells. No form of mask hitherto in use is of the slightest avail when it is used, but the Russians have a specially constructed helmet which gives immunity from it without certain drawbacks attendant upon the wearing of ordinary masks.

THEATRE OF FEATURES Thompson & Griffin Comedy Acroats Commencing Monday Harry Watson America's Greatest Comedian, in the Great Comedy Series—The Mishaps of Musty Suffer One Each Week

Theatre MANAGEMENT 10c AND TUESDAY Bosworth in "Colorado" Drama in 5 Acts AND SATURDAY DUAL SHOW and Laughter

COLONIAL THEATRE To-Night "Peg O' the Ring" —and— "GRAFT" And Two Special Vaudeville Acts

Five, Life and Accident INSURANCE IN THE LEADING BRITISH and CANADIAN COMPANIES. J. E. HESS Phone 668, 11 George St. Brantford, Ont.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and enclosed in a Tender for Supplying Coal for the Dominion Buildings, will be received at this office until 4.00 P.M. on Wednesday, June 23, 1916, for the supply of coal for the Public Buildings throughout the Dominion.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS. THE sole heir of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Application must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

THE BRITISH LIBRARY