PEERS UNHAPPY LACK THE SNAP OVER ELECTION

Proud Names

COOKS AND BUTLERS

Among the Progenitors of Earls and Lords if There's Anything in Etymology

LONDON, Jan. 14—In the present flerce party struggle one really cannot fierce party struggle one really cannot help feeling some sympathy for the unhappy peers of these islands. Not only are their looks, their personal habits, their possessions or debts, as the case may be, dissected and mercilessly criticised by all, but investigators are at work raking up their old family histories and their origin, with the object of proving or disproving their more or less andient rights to stand as hereditary legislators of the stand as hereditary legislators of the

S. Baring Gould, a noted writer, has published a book on the family names of English peers, in which he shows that very many of them started at the bottom of the social ladder. Thus the Duke of Northumberland is not actually a Percy, but a Smithson, and must recognize that his ancestor wielded the hammer at the anyil. Lord Gwydyr is a Burrell, and his ancestor to Thidding by the name, was a Gwydyr is a Burrell, and his ancestor, judging by the name, was a weaver of coarse cloth. The ancestor of Lord Aiverstone was a Webster or weaver. That of the Marquis of Headfort was a tailor, and no disguise of tailor into Taylour can obscure the fact. Earl Winterton is the descendant of a turner, dismified into Turnour. The ancestor of Lord Castlemaine must have been a John the Cook in home nobleman's or squire's house, Cowper derives his family and titular

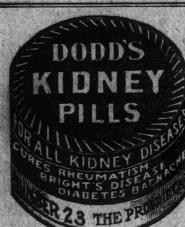
clear enough. Lord Bateman, as his name implies, could trace his descent from the man who baited some rich tom to keep these animals. The Earl of Morley, as a Parker, must have had as ancestor one who saw that his master's park was in order. The Earl of Harrowby is a Ryder, and of this hame we are told that the barons ed "Reuters" by the English, who changed the snelling to Rider and Ryrick and Lanesborugh, the Marquis of Ormonde and Baron Dunbdyne, all of whom bear the family name of Butler. Baron Calthorpe is a descendant from a maker of balls with spikes, used in war (calthrops). Earl Somers had as his nominal ancestor a Sompner, or summoner, who served sum-

The ancestor of Thomas William Coke, Earl of Leicester, was obviously a cook and that of Sir Anthony Asher, Lord Teynham, being a Roper, have descended from a cordwainer or rope-maker. Baron Newland's ancester was a hosier. Lord Belper is the grandsen of Jedediah Strutt, a

cloth worker; the Earls of Craven to tailor; the families of Dartmouth, Ducle, Tankerville, Dormer, Romney, Dudley, Fitzwilliam, Cowper, Darnley, Hill, Normanby, all sprang from London shops and counting houses.

Talking of family names, the new issue of the London directory pro-vides some curiosities. Sebastian Bach is a horse dealer; Robert Bruce and John Bunyan are green grocers, John Milton is a chandler and James Boswell a mason. William Shakespeare is the name of a barrister, a tallor, and a van builder. There is a Crusoe and also a Gulliver. Julius Caesar is a chemist; Livy keeps apartments. Homer is a lighterman, Pindar an electrical engineer. Mars retails beer and Venus, not inappropriately, sugar candles. Francis Bacon is an architect and Bayard a dairyman. And what could be better for the name of a saddler than Whippy?

Before His Honor Justice McLeod in chambers yesterday the claim of the Bank of Nova Scotia for \$1237.00 against the liquidators of the firm of H. H. Dryden and Company, Limited, of Sussex, was heard. The Bank abandoned their claim on the opening of Court to \$927.00. The liquidators objected to the claim on the ground that the Bank had been preferred within the thirty days before the winding up order had been issued. His Honor reserved judgment. Geo. W. Fowler, K. C., appeared for the Bank, and Fred. R. Taylor for the liquidators,



OF AMERICANS

Lowly Origin of English and Yankee Actors Compared

CECIL RALEIGH'S VIEW

English Do Not Act Together So Well, He Asserts

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LONDON, Jan. 7 .- "American actors will paint themselves green if the stage directions specify a green make-up. any make-up that obscures his inherent beauty. For instance, George Alexander as 'Lorimer Sabiston, Dram-atist,' and Lewis Waller as 'Sir Walter Raleigh' both discarded the beards and noustaches called for by those roles ecause they and a pew full of their Whoever heard of Sir Walter without a moustache.

"English actors play to themselves; American actors play to their audi-

difference between English and Ameri-can acting has been stated neatly, comprehensively, and by a man with a practical knowledge of the drama.

But Cecil Raleigh, the perennial playwright of the Drury Lane melodrama is famous for his dynamic remarks about the stage. Besides being a suc-cessful dramatist. Raleigh has ridden

and R. C. Carton wrote "The Great Pink Pearl." Some years ago Augustin Daly secured the American right of "The Great Ruby." Daly who had had a succession of failures was amply repaid by this play of Raleigh's; at the end of five months he cleared \$110,000. When "Sporting Life" was produced in Chicago the run on the box office was so great that one of the stones in the vestibule floor was worn down to an add the United States. We have a vestibule floor was worn down to splendid advertisement for the play.

Raleigh attributes climatic as well as ational causes to the difference beween American and English acting. "In New York," he says, "a man akes in with the crisp air, whiffs of hampagne and cocktails. The result that the nerves of actors are screwed up, the play jumps rapidly along and the audience is alert. Time, fog, and ale hang heavy upon the Londoner; he in a different pair of shoes.

"When 'Strongheart' was given here vitality was admired the play didn't ing in St. John. run long enough to soak in his first season; the second season he played to packed houses.

grab the arms of your chair or neigh bor; after the climax you mop your brow and gasp, 'Gad! What a scene!' In an English theatre you would find yourself saying, 'Jolly good actor, that

Raleigh has shown that the financial prospects of an English actor are far from cheerful. Acting is a trade whose members are wholly unfitted for any other trade, and in England the theatrical profession is overcrowded and the salaries received are impossible. Revelatory of the underpayment of actors Raleigh says:

a sack of potatoes he gets a definite result for his labors. But if a man Dukes of Leeds trace back to a result for his labors.

acts for a year, where is the result and worker; the Barls of Craven to a how is one to determine the value of

"On the lowest possible basis, sup-posing a man consumes in order to keep alive something which is equivalent to 100; and he receives in remun eration something equivalent to 80, that man is underpaid.

"It is easy to tell how much an actor should be worth on the lowest rung of the ladder. He is worth enough to Keep him alive. And in a given vicinity one can always figure how much that is. I use the word 'figure' in your honor." he said to me, "instead of 'calculate' as we do in England." The average actor Raleigh said is engaged for about twenty-five weeks a

ear. If he is very lucky it may be thirty-five weeks. "Thousands of actors get no more than \$10 a week. Some only \$7.50 or \$5, and there is a thing called a 'joint

engagement' of man and wife at \$8 a week for the two, which is a crying iniquity." The minimum annual expenditure of an actor Raleigh estimates as follows: Renewal of clothes (for stage

use and private wear)..... \$50.00 Two pairs of boots..... Two pairs of gloves..... Re-covering umbrella Bedroom, including light and fire for fifty-two weeks at \$1.25 Washing at 55c. a week...... Postage stamps and stationery .. Omnibus and subway fares.....

Carriage and baggage on tour .. . Tips to dressers Haircutting ... Subscription to Actors' Association

This leaves the \$7 a week man \$164 a year for food, which means \$3.15 week, or 15c, a meal. "This to an educated man," said Raleigh, "is rank, horrible starvation. My estimate represents a Budget with-out any B.—no books, no baccy, no

tap of conceited incompetence which is flooding the stage

SUGGESTS THAT SUPREME COURT JUDGE BE GIVEN POWER TO REGULATE 'PHONE RATES

Committee Probing Telephone Rates Submits Its Report to the Council of the Board of Trade -- Believes That St. John is Being Sled to Meet Deficit Incurred by Operating Other Parts of the Company's System

The council of the Board of Trade not paid over to the shareholders in met at 4 p. m. yesterday for the purmet at 4 p. m. yesterday for the purpose of receiving the report of the committee of the board appointed to consider the increase in telephone rentals in the city. The report which was accepted by the council, is not in favor of the company. It states that the result of the investigation has been to show that the company's stock is "watered" and that St. John telephone users are being bled to meet the one users are being bled to meet the tion other than earnings. deficit incurred by operating other parts of the company's system. The report suggests further that one of the judges of the Supreme Court be given authority to regulate telephone rentals.

in the city of St. John beg to submit the following report:

Immediately on our appointment we proceeded to take up with the officers of the company the matter entrusted to us and found them willing to discuss the question in a friendly spirit, and to furnish us with all the information they had in their possession.

In justification of the present increase in the telephone rentals the company contends that the present net income from its telephone system in

In justification of the present increase in the telephone rentals the company contends that the present net income from its telephone system in the province does not afford a reasonable return upon the capital stock which has been issued. The company lower than those charged by other Back of the question of the amount

pany claims the right to have a rea-What is the amount of capiplaywright dates from 1865, when he tal stock, if any, of the company Pink Pearl." Some years ago Augustin And, second: What is the amount, if

> and the United States. We have a States in which competitive systems izens from the monopoly of the Bell Telephone Company. The rentals in before the present increase. phone rentals charged in various countries in Europe. Where comparison can be instituted the statement shows that the prevailing rates are a great

The contention of the company when "Then again, Daly wasn't understood applied to long-distance tolls is equally is first season: the second season he wick may be less than the ruling inen. From butlers or botellers (the played to packed houses. wick may be less than the ruling ormer walters, the latter leather bot-

CAPITAL STOCK.

which has been issued by the company is \$1.175.960. Up to the time of its absorption of

the Central Telephone Company in 1907 the New Brunswick Telephone Company had, according to the statement given us, issued stock as follows:-To The Bell Telephone Co. \$82,400

Stock issued to the Telephone Company at Newcastle for its Exchange 5,000 Stocks sold for cash206,832 Stocks issued as Stock Divi-

dends

The present officers of the Company stated they knew nothing regarding the stook issued to the Bell Telephone Company except what appears in the ooks of the Company.

This statement given us by the officers of the Company is at variance with the statement of Senator Thompson, Managing Director of the New Brunswick Telephone Company given under oath in 1905 before a Select Par-liamentary Committee at Ottawa appointed to enquire into telephone systems in Canada.

The following is the evidence given by him on this point:-"Q. Did they take up stock for their urchase money

"Ans. They took \$25,000 cash and stock \$25,000. "Q. I see the purchase price was \$50,000 and \$25,000 was in cash and

\$25,000 in paid up stock "Ans. Yes; that is right! We could not have raised all the money or would have bought them out. The statement given us by the Comnany varies from Senator Thompson's evidence in another particular. Senator Thompson on p. 512 states "at the end of 1904 the stock amounted to \$204,059 or 4,981.550 shares, of which the Bell people hold \$69,100 or 1,382 shares, and the difference between \$25,000 of paid up stock issued to the Bell Company (issued for its system in New Brunswick) and their holding of \$69,100 had been paid for in cash by the Bell Telephone Company." According to the statement furnished us by the Company the stock issued to the end of 1904 was \$230,950 or \$26,850 more than the amount given by Senator Thompson in his evidence as issued to that If the Senator's statement is true, and from his position as Managing Director we must assume that it is, \$57,400 of the paid up capital stock

report suggests further that one of the Judges of the Supreme Court be given authority to regulate telephone rentals. The report in part is as follows:

Your committee appointed to consider the increase in telephone rentals in the city of St. John beg to submit the following report:

portion of the term being considerably cheaper, it is surprising to find the company contending that its system in the city of St. John, which was the largest and most profitable portion of its undertaking up to the time of the merger, has in the two years which have elapsed since become so unpi an additional burden upon its patrons in the city of over \$14,000 per annum in

far from showing a great change for the worse financially, actually shows after making all proper allowances for interest on the additional capital expenditures which have been made, and for depreciation upon the additional less to interfere provided that it did plant installed, largely increased and largely increasing profits.

While we have in deference to the 8 per cent, upon its total pald upon the language.

npany's contention looked into the capital stock. matter of its capital stock, the question whether the present increase in rentals is justifiable is not to be decided by an analysis of either the capital stock account or the capital expenditure account of the company.

Another objection to the section is that it vests even this phantom control in the hands of the executive. Apart from those reasons which render Governments very unsatisfactory tribunals for such a jurisdiction, the We feel satisfied, however, from the

that after making all a the Exchange's operating expenses, maintenance and renewals and its share of the general expenses of the Brunswick might not be desirable from company, and of the interest on the a financial standpoint, bonded and floating indebtedness of In New Brunswick w the company, there will, without tak-The total amount of capital stock ing into consideration the increased revenue which will result from the pre sent increase in rentals be a net p on the present year's business of the exchange of upwards of \$36,000, or over 12 per cent on an amount which satisfied does not exceed the present value of the Exchange.

WITHDRAWN DISCOUNT,

The company has lately withdrawn its discount of 5 per cent allowed cus tomers for prompt payment. As the gross revenue of the Exchange last year amounted to about \$78,000, this withdrawal will doubtless add upwards of \$2,500 to its revenue during the pre-\$466,800 sent year. The management estimates that the present increase of rentals will give an additional income of \$11.-536.55. If the present year adds the year the net profit from the St. John Exchange will reach the large amount

The tolls collected in the city of St. John with the exception of tolls for services within the city do not enter into the question referred to us, still we think that the fact should be menned that last year the company received from these tolls a very consid-

To sum up the results at which we have arrived: Up to the time the New Brunswick Telephone Co. took over the bus! ness of the Central, the business of the former was very profitable, and the business of the latter company had, believe, been carried on at a loss.

2. The issue of a considerable quan-

tity of the stock of the New Bruns-

wick Telephone Co. issued up to that time was unjustifiable, and the business of the Central Company was taken over at an excessive valuation. 3. The business of the St. John Exchange was before the merger and still is a lucrative business, and the rentals before the present increase were sufficiently high to afford, and they afforded after deducting all costs operation and maintenance and allowances for depreciation a good re-

4. In increasing the rentals and tolls the company is seeking to relieve itself from the effects of over-capitalization and losses resulting from unpro fitable business in some portions of its system.

The difficulties of entering into com petition with the owners of a so-called natural monopoly like a telephone system are so great that people are deterred, except under very exceptional circumstances, from installing a rival plant. With regard to such monopolies which are public utilities some controlling power should do what the law of of the Company, which professed to be competition does in other industrial issued to the Bell Telephone Company for plant was not so issued. There is the people, who by the nature of things a mystery connected with this transac- are forced to deal with them, immunity tion with the Bell Telephone Company | from imposition in the way of rates. Various expedients have been resorted which we have not been able to fathom. The \$173,568 paid up Capital Stock to at different times and in different mentioned above was issued as stock countries to accomplish this end, an dividends and professed to be for end which experience shows to be very earnings of the Company which were difficult of accomplishment. The most

ship and public centrol of rates. The Legislature of New Brunswick, by chapter 37 of the statutes of 1901 intended to provide for both in the case This section does not authorise ex-

propriation by municipalities, . . It authorises expropriation by the pro-vince only. In view of the fact that all franchises have under this act to be paid for we think expropriation under it would be another instance of a cure worse than the disease. John of a separate system is one solution of the problem.

government in Great Britain may be conceded to be superior to minicipal government in Canada, still, the results of municipal control in the Old Land may be studied by us with profit. Mr. Bennett, general manager of the Glasgow Municipal Telephone Department, speaking of the system under his control, says:—"We have three times as many telephones in Glasgow as when the Corporation Exchange was started. We have a good service, instead of an atroclously bad one. Any person can have a telephone for £5 5s., instead of which was formerly charged:

system could be installed which would give an equally efficient service at reced rates and still yield a profit to

mined with regard to the cost of inment of that exchange alone. Acting patrons of any exchange pay whatever rates it saw fit and the Lieutenant

We feel satisfied, however, from the information we have been able to gather that a valuation so made would small to justify the imposition upon We have arrived at the conclusion in this section. To appoint a Commission to regulate the control of telephones and telephone rates in New

> in having Judges of the Supreme Court who are admirably qualified to exercise control over the regulations and tariffs of telephone companies. ontrol of telephone rates by the Court yould insure justice to all parties.

We recommend:—

1. That Section I. of the act be mended so as to allow incorporated towns or municipalities to expropriate local telephone systems within their borders and to exclude as subjects of compensation franchises gratuitously ferred by the legislature upon tele-

2. That Section 8 be repealed and a section substituted therefor vesting powers of revision over the tariffs and regulations of telephone companies in the hands of the judges of the Supreme Court with regard to appeal to the dividual judge, and

3. That on failure to obtain such legislation, steps be taken to authorize the installation by the city of an independent talenhous cooks. Dated this twelfth day of January, A. D. 1910.

J. N. HARVEY. H. A. POWELL, W. E. FOSTER, J. G. HARRISON,

TWISTS SPINAL CORD BY A VIO-LENT SNEEZE

Traction Conductor Gives Loud Screech and Falls Insensible

ALTOONA, Pa., Jan. 17.—Giving way to an impulse to sneeze, Jacob L. Leidy a conductor for the Altoona and Logar Valley Traction Company, this afternoon let go with a screech that was heard half a block and fell insensible to the platform of his car. Physicians who were summoned declared that he had twisted his spinal

cord and was fatally injured. Leidy remained unconscious for sev-Medical authorities declare this to be most unusual case, and they canno

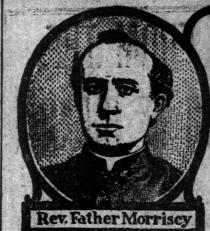
account for the result that followed

HICHEST FOOD-VALUE. Epps's Cocoa is a treat to Children A Sustement to the Worker.

A Boon to the Thrifty Housewife, COCOA

BREAKFAST SUPPER In strength delicacy of flavour,

nutritiousness and economy in use "Epps's" is unsurpassed. Children thrive on "Epps's,"



Rheumatism for Several Years-

Now as well as Ever 647 Main St., St. John, N. B. Nov. 27. 1908. Father Morriscy Medicine Co., Ltd.

I am writing to tell you I have been a victim to Rheumanam for several years, and have been treated by seves doctors without finding any permanent relief until I got Father Morriscy's medicine. It has cured me so I am able to do my work and find I am as well as ever in my life.

Rheumatism cannot exist when the kidneys are in perfect working order for then they take out of the blood all the Uric Acid, which

Father Morriscy's "No. 7" Tablets

act directly on the kidneys, toning them up and helping them to clear the blood of the Uric Acid. If the Rheumatism is of long standing it may take some time to clear out all the poison, but almost from the first "No. 7" Tablets relieve the pain, and if used faithfully they rarely fail to cure.

Even if other remedies have done you no good, do not give up till you have tried Father Morriscy's "No. 7" Tablets.

50c. at your dealer's.

Father Morriscy Medicine Co. Ltd.

- Chatham, N.B.

TWO MORE SUMMER HOMES BROKEN INTO

Cottages at Ketepec and Saints' Rest Entered and Damage Done by Vandals

Stanley W. Thorapson, who Sunday visited Ketepec, found that the cottage occupied by his mother, Mrs. F. S. Phompson and family, during the summer months, had been broken into re-cently. The back door was broken from its hinges, and nearly all the windows smashed. Tramps or small boys are believed to be responsible for the

When W. G. Tibbits of Fairville went to his summer house at Saints' Rest yesterday he found that it had been proken into, and things in the house badly damaged. It is expected that arrests will follow.

That Old Winter Cough

The Cough Syrup You've Taken Has Sickened But Not Cured

You'll Never Be Well Till You Hea' the Lungs With "Catarrhozone"

Nothing pulls down strength, nakes you wretched, miserable, and despond-ent, like a chronic cough. The oldfashioned liquid mixtures slip down fre throat, enter the stomach, and do little else but ruin digestion

Catarrhozone is the only breathable cold, catarrh, and cough medicine. Instead of taking drowsy drugs, chloral, morphine and oplum mixtures, you simply inhale the richest pine balsams, breatne into your jungs the healing, scothing vapor of a scientific remedy that commands the admiration of all good physicians.

The extraordinary efficacy of Cat-

arrhozone is without a parallel. A sneezing cold is cured in ten minutes, sneezing cold is cured in ten minutes, a harsh cough is eased in an hour, the most offensive catarrh is thoroughly drawn from the system. In case of asthma and bronchitis the relief and certain cure that comes from the healing balsamic extracts in Catarrhozone is simply wenderful.

For more than twenty years I suffered with a cough, bronchitis, asthma, and nasal catarrh," writes J. E. Fenwick, of Staunton, P. O. "Every at-tack I had seemed to grow worse, and I could hardly breathe on account of an accumulation of phlegm in the nose and throat. One day I tried Catarrhozone, and in ten minutes was wonder fully relieved. I could breathe freely and naturally through the nose, and plood spitting was stopped, the plegm was cleared away, and my regular breathing restored. No remedy can do

nore than 'Catarrhozone.'" There is no remedy so certain and safe as Catarrhozone, but, being a good remedy, it is imitatd. Beware of the substitutor. Large Catarrhozone lasts two months, price \$1.00. Smaller sizes 25c. and 50c. All reliable dealers or the Catarrhozone Company, Kingston, Ont.

ONLY \$20 FOR COMELY GIRLS IN NEW YORK

Fact Elicited Through Probing of Rockefeller

Grand Jury NEW YORK, Jan. 17 .- The price of comely girl in New York is \$20. For

investigating the white slave traffic in Greater New York, Six indictments in all were returned this afternoon—the first since the grand jury began its sessions—and two arrests were made almost immediately

rest in East 79th street, according to

indictments returned this afternoon by

Paul Drinko and Philip Mangold were arraigned before Judge O'Sullivan in the court of general sessions and held in \$7,500 bail each for trial. Other arrests will follow. The prisoners are charged with abducting and

GIRL, SINGLE-HANDED, LANDS HER PRISONER

She is Deputy Sheriff Out in Indiana and Sizes Up to

Her Job

WINIMAC, Ind., Jan. 17 .- Miss Maude Sanders, twenty years old, was recently made a deputy by the sheriff of Pulaski county, and to-day, single-handed, she took a prisoner giving the name of John Doe from this city to the jall at Knox and delivered him to the sheriff of Starke county. Doe was arrested here on a charge of

assault and battery, and when no other officer could conveniently take the offender to the Starke county jail at Knox Miss Sanders volunteered her services. There is no jail in Pulasid tination with the prisoner Miss Sanders had to change cars at North Judson. her girdle, and sat in the same seat in the car with her prisoner.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 17 .- A great sensation has been caused by the arrest of ten men of the Tenth Jats Regiment, charged with sedition. It is believed but the regiment will be immediately Tenth Jats was recently the Tenth

When Cold Winds Blow

When cold winds blow, biting frost is in the air, and back-draughts down the chimney deaden the fires, then the

PERFECTION Oil Heater (Equipped with Smokeless Davice)

shows its sure heating power by steadily supplying just the heat that is needed for comfort. The Perfection Oil Heater is unaffected by weather conditions. It never fails. No smoke—no smell—just a genial, satisfying

Automatic heat. The new Smokeless Device

prevents the wick being turned too high. Removed in an instant. Solid brass font holds 4 quarts of oil—sufficient to give out a glowing heat for 9 hours—solid brass wick carriers—damper top—cool handle—oil indicator. Heater beautifully finished in nickel or Japan in a variety of styles.

Every Dealer Everywhere. If Not At Yours, Write for Descriptive Circular to the Nearest Agent of THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY,

H. P. Dole couver

Man

Centre (From The Sun SUSSEX, Janu Maggs, of the A Moneton, spent th

H. P. Dole, M. recently in char School, Calgary, tion in one of t duties to-day.

every success in

ne attended the

Farmer staff left train for Montrea towns and Chicag for two or three Seth Jones spen

the short course cultural College

turned home Frid M. A. MacLeod ime Farmer retu ricultural Coll riday's C.P.R.

The Glen View sex, had quite a at the Moncton week, and carried cases despite the petition was very

C. W. McDougal

ent, was one of t

courses last weel

Truro Agricult

Truro for sever the regular stud cheese and bu George M. McIr

At the annual time Stock Breed in Truro last wee ery-Campbell, Fo elected president. a member of the inception, and is the doings of the years. The other sociation are:-S

herst Point: W and R S. Starr, Lower Millstrea Sackville; and R am. Directors Island-Walter oper, Charlotte Biddeford Graham's Road. ort showed a

Large A

Mee

DIGBY, Jan. attendance at the ing of the Digby sociation held her an enthusiastic by County are ta agriculture. An made by the ref B. Nelson, who onditions of t and how to keep a satisfied mo The election of sulted as follow W. W. Cossaboo treasurer, Fran lirectors-W. D. H W. B. Warne son, Joggin Br Earton; Herman Harvey Chisho

Paulhan Dro

LOS ANGEL the thousands field the al