Branch Mo. 4, London, Seets on the 2nd and 4th Thursday of every onth, at eight o'clock, at their hall, Abloin cok, Richmond Street. O. Labelle as. Wm. Corcoran, Recording Secretary

C. M. B. A.

The Resolution of Branch 11.

The Resolution of Branch 11.

To Editor of Catholic Record:

DEAR SIR AND BROTHER,—The resolution of Branch 11 published in your last issue, without comment, is calculated to do our association an injury. Most members, not knowing, perhaps they have not the means of knowledge at hand, may accept the premises of said resolution as absolute verity, and before we realize it every branch from Calgary to North Sydney will record similar expressions of opinion and once more disquiet will prevail in our ranks.

Many who favored the formation of the Quebec Grand Council claimed in speech and print that under the Ontario, could hold office in our Grand Council. This was denied: but to little purpose. Yet it had as much foundation in fact as the statement that the Supreme Conneil requires us to pay per capita tax, "without giving to Canada a single voice in the doings of the Supreme Council and cancelling the transfer of members by card."

Under our arrangement with the Supreme Council we are still a part and parcel of that body: we still send our gepresentatives to its conventions where they have voices and votes in the making and unmaking of all laws and who are still eligible for nomination and election to any office within the gift of that body, save the office of trustee. The exception is certainly a fair one; for, if we do not contribute to their reserve and beneficiary funds we ought not to have anything to say in the disposal of them.

It is true that the right once enjoyed by us of transferring members by card into other Grand Councils is very much and very materially limited, but is it not correct to say that it is cancelled. We can transfer members so that they can obtain all the social and fraternal benefits of the association, but they cannot vote or hold office in the branch which accepts their transfers, and they must continue to pay their assessments to the branch from which they wer transferred.

This rule applies to United States members transferred to us, as well as ours transfer

they must continue to pay their assessments to the branch from which they were transferred.

This rule applies to United States members transfered to us, as well as ours transfered to them. The Supreme Council, perhaps, took an over-cautious view of this matter; but one who has given it any consideration surely will not claim that their position is untenable or harshly blame them for being too conservative. The position is simply this: Under the old arrangement the risk was borne equally, mutually, by all members and it made no difference where the death took place. Now, however, Canada assesses for and pays her own death claims, independently of the other Grand Councils: they also doing the same, independently of Canada. If therefore a member is initiated at the age of twenty-five paying an assessment per thousand of 50 cents, should we ask our American brothers, or should they ask us, to accept him on a transfer, and at the same assessment, when he reaches forty or fifty? Again, not only may the age be increased while the assessment remains stationary, but the risk may have become bad through illhealth. To illustrate: suppose the old order of things re transfer cards had been continued what would prevent New York transferring to us a number of those very old men, of whom we have heard so much, together with a few of their consumptives, with whom we have had a more practical acquaintance; and thus increase our assessments from 14 to 24 in a year? or, our sending to them a number of members in the last stage of decline, and by this means, and at their expense, reduce the number of our assessments to 10, I admit that this is an extreme way of putting it; but it is the agrument of our Americans.

St. John, N. B., May 6th, 1893.

The Letter of Bro. Carleton.

We give place this week with pleasure to a very able letter from Bro. Carleton of St. John, N. B., criticizing a resolution passed by Branch 11 touching the payment of our per capita tax to the Supreme Council. With Bro. Carleton's motives we entirely agree, for it should be the duty of every member of the association to promote the utmost harmony in its ranks. We may say, however, that the course of events since the signing of the Montreal compact has led a very large number of members to the conclusion that the Supreme Council had forfeited their right to the payment of the per capita; and the resolution of Branch 11 is but an expression of that feeling. Bro. Carleton says, "We opposed the formation of the Quebec Council because it was a contravention of a certain and distinct agreement, and breach of faith." Herein lies exactly the crucial point of the whole trouble. Immediately after the signing of the agreement, and breach of faith." Herein lies exactly the crucial point of the whole trouble. Immediately after the signing of the agreement the Supreme Council is to work to form a Grand Council in Quebec. Bro. Deare announced in his paper that he received a telegram from the Supreme President to proceed at once to Montreal; and we all know that that brother did his utmost, for a considerable time, to swell the ranks of the Quebec Grand Council, and thus diminish the ranks of those who owed allegiance to the Canadian wing. This course of the Supreme Council necessitated the expenditure of very large sums of money, it being necessary to employ speakers to go from branch to branch and place to place to explain the situation. In self-defence we were forced by the Supreme Council to draw from and even exhaust our general fund. To pay the per capita tax, therefore, a special levy would have to be made; and it is exceedingly doubtful if our members would consent to any such extra tax. From the first it was believed that a very bad bargain had been made

made, however, it would have been our duty to abide by it had not this breach of faith been committed by the Supreme body. This is exactly how the matter stands. We do not pretend to speak for the Grand Council, and we do not know what course the executive will take; we merely give expression to the feeling which we know prevails largely among our members. With pleasure we will give space to branches and individuals who may wish to advance their views on this question. We will not, however, admit any letters written in a bitter and unbrotherly spirit. The calm and judicial style of Brother Carleton may be taken as a good model. Letters of anonymous sharp-shootens add fuel to the flame and provoke a spirit which retards the growth of the association. Meantime, let us all work to swell the ranks of the C. M. B. A., and the legislative part of the work may be left to those to whom we have entrusted it, at the proper time and place.

Meeting of Branch 26.

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Meeting of Branch 26.

Montreal Gazette, May 9.

The regular meeting of Branch 26 C. M. B. A. of the Grand Council of Canada, was held at Glenora hall last evening. The meeting was very largely attended. Mr. John H. Feeley, President, occupied the chair, and amongst those present were; J. E.H. Howison, assistant Grand Secretary; Deputy Dandelin; Brother Ward, of Smith's Falls, Ont.; and Brothers P. Reynolds, A. Brogan, N. P., Edward Jackson, J. Ryan. J. Coughlin, Wm. Palmer, Thos. T. Flynn, David Smith, Robert Warren, B. J. Doyle, J. J. Costigan, J. H. Sullivan, Owen Tansey, Daniel Dineen, Frank Collins, T. J. Finn, James Milloy, J. McIntyre, James Manning, James Millway, B. Campbell, A. H. Hardy, A. Menzies, H. J. Ward and about twenty-five others.

There were several applications for admission to membership, and one new member was initiated. President Feeley and First Vice-President Reynolds were elected the official representatives of the Branch to the Advisory council. The report of the Advisory council was read and approved. Grand Deputy Finn made a brief address on the present standing of the association. A communication-was read relative to the standing of Branch No. 117, of Joliette, P. Q. This Branch had at the beginning of the recent troubles in the association decided to await the decision of His Grace the Archbishop before taking any action as to which council it would attach itself.

His Grace having decided in favor of the Grand Council of Canada, the branch has finally decided to conform to the views of His Grace, and will remain a part of the said council.

A. Brogan, N. P., was unanimously elected second Vice-President of the branch, Vice

onneil.

A. Brogan, N. P., was unanimously elected second Vice-President of the branch, Vice Brother T. J. Lyons, resigned.

Assistant Grand Secretary Howison made a brief address, as did Brother Ward, of Smith's Falls, Ont. The reports presented showed the branch to be in a most flourishing condition, and will shortly retain its old position as the banner branch.

C. M. B. A. Entertalnment.

special place. Now, however, Canada assesses for and pays, her own death claims, independently of the other Grand Connells; they also doing the same here of the property of the content of the paying an assessment they also doing the same here of the paying an assessment through all at the same assessment, when he reaches forty or flighty Again, not only may the age be increased while the assessment remains the through like health. To illustrate: suppose the old order of things re transfer cards had been continued what would prevent. Never yell men, of whom we have head so merty old men, of whom we have head as one prevent assessment, and the transfer cards acquaint from 14 to 24 in a year? or, our sending to them a number of members in the last stage of the critical and the property of the pays of the critical pays of the pays of the

betier quality of Canadian risks; and under the economical and careful management of the Grand Council of Canada it is a certain consequence that the present satisfactory condition of the association will eventuate in a state of prosperity unsurpassed in the history of friendly societies. Mr. Dowdall was favorably impressed with the general appearance of comfort and prosperity in Lindsay, and anticipates for it a flourishing future.—Lindsay Post.

Merritton.

On Sunday last, Branch 61, C. M. B. A. approached Holy Communion in a body. It is only fair to say, however, the members had attended individually to this important duty at Easter. The Branch assembled in their hall, whence they marched, headed by the president and respective officers, to the church, where they occupied special seats. The branch here is in a very prosperous condition; several new members joined recently, and other applications are now pending. Father Lynett preached an eloquent and instructive sermon, which cannot fail to add new names to the roll. He sketched the history of the association, and showing its power for good, expressed the hope that in a short time every worthy name in the parish may be read on its list of membership. Sunday last was truly a red letter day for Branch 61, Merritton. Resolutions of Condolence.

At the last regular meeting of Branch 57, Orillia, held in their hall on Wednesday even-

Donell, M. D., by removing from earth to heaven, their beloved little daughter, Bessie, be it therefore
Resolved that we, the members of Branch 75. tender our united sympathies to Brother and Mrs, McDonell in their bereavement, and trust that the Dispenser of all good may enable them to bear this sudden and severe affliction with humbly Christian resignation to His holy will, and that this seeming affliction may prove a prelude to heavenly biessings which we earnestly pray food the Father of mercles may abundantly shower down on our Brother and every member of his household, and that he may realize to himself and be consoled by the happy thought that the dear departed "is not dead but sleepeth." Be it also
Resolved that a copy of the foregoing be presented to Brother McDonell, and to the CATHOLIC RECORD for publication.

Orillia, May 3rd, 1893.

Brantford, May 5, 1893.

Orillia, May 3rd, 1883.

At the last regular meeting of Branch 5, Brantford, it was moved by Bro. W. Camer ford, seconded by Bro. J. J. Hanlon.

Whereas this branch has learned with feelings of profound regret the sad announcement of the death of Bro. Monahan's infant son, Resolved that we, the members of Branch 5, assure our respected Brother that we fully sympathize with the intensity of the grief which filled his home, and beg totender him our heartfelt sympathy in his bereavement, and earn estiy pray that a benificent Providence may assuage his sorrow and grant him grace to bear his affliction with Christian fortitude and resignation. Be it further.

Resolved that a copy of this resolution be sent to Bro. Monahan, and to the official organs of the C. M. B. A. for publication, and recorded on the minutes of this meeting.

WENDLIN Schuler, Secretary.

Guelph, May 8, 1885.

JOHN RYAN, President.

WENDLIN Schuler, Secretary.

Guelph, May 8, 1883.

At the last regular meeting of Our Lady's Branch, No. 31, Guelph, held on the above date, the following resolution were adopted unanimously:

Moved by Geo. Urquhart, seconded by Theodore Heeg.

Whereas God in His infinite wisdom has been piensed to remove by the hand of Death our esteemed Brother, William Kennedy, therefore be it

Resolved, that while humbly submitting to the will of our divine Kedeemer we sin cerely regret the loss of an earnst and devoted Brother, and we desire to convey to his wife and family our sincere sympathy in their sad bereavement.

Resolved that the charter of our branch be draped in mourning for a period of thirty days; that these resolutions be entered on the minutes of the branch and that a copy of the same be presented to widow of the deceased, and forwarded to the CATHOLIC RECORD and Catholic Register for publication.

C. M. B. A. Relief Association.

Branch No. 15, of C. M. B. A. Relief Association.

is wife and family our sincer sympathy in their said bereavement, in wife and family our sincer sympathy in the said bereavement, and the said bereavement after of our branch is decreased, and forwarded to the CATHOLOG MILES AND CANDELS AND CANDE affable young ladies at "central," we are all more or less acquainted with; now let us look at one or two that at present we "know not of," but which the eloquen automatic projectors would like for unit of the project of the projec

needed would be the ability to ring a telephone bell.

The immense cost of the system in a large city would far overbalance the amount of the wages of a few girls, while the uncertainty of results would be a serious, if not a prohibitive drawback. We have fresh in our mind the words of caution given on the subject of elec-

tric investments by the President of the Canadian Electrical Association at its last convention, but do not think that investors, though they may not know very much about the matter technically, will place much fatth in a telephone compuny who would offer to equip every town and village in the county and build trunk lines from New Brunswick to British Columbia on a capital of \$250,050.

A MONTREAL SENSATION.

Facts Proved to be Stranger Than Fiction— The Remarkable Cure of a Long Time Suf-ferer—Rheumatism of Ten Years' Standing Permanently Cured—A Story Full of Inter-est to all Other Sufferers.

Sunday Morning News, Montreal.

Sunday Morning News, Montreal.

Impressed with the persistency with which the most astonishing accounts of cures effected through the agency of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People in aimost all the newspapers of Canada and the United States, a reporter for the Sunday Morning News, to satisfy himself generally of the genuineness of these cures, determined to investigate a case for himself, which had recently been brought to his notice, where the cure was clamed to be zue entirely to the efficacy of this medicine. Aware that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had been tried in the case of a gentleman residing at 700 Sherbrooke street, in the city of Montreal, who had for years been afflicted periodically with rheumatism, the reporter set out on a journey of inquiry to ascertain what the result had been. Arriving at the home of Mr. Granville, the gentleman referred to be found him apparently enjoying perfect hells of Mr. Granville, and the reporter accepting the invitation of his host to the control of t

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills may be had of all

MARKET REPORTS.

London. May 18.—Grain deliveries were limited, and wneat had no change from \$1.10 t \$1.12. Oats were scarce, \$1.98 per cental. The meat supply was ample, and veal was the most prominent article, and it was a drug at 4 to 6 cents a pound by the carcass. Beet was firm, at \$6 to \$7.59 per cwt Mutton, 7 to 9 cents a pound. Spring lambs sold for \$1 to \$1.59 a piece. Fork was scarce, at \$7.50 to \$1.75 per cwt. Butter sold at 17 to 20 cents a pound. Eggs jumped up to 13 cents a dozen single, and 11 to 12 cents by the basket and store lots. Potatoes were scarce, at \$1 to \$1.50 per barrel. Hay, \$8 to \$9 a ton.

Toronto, May 18.—Flour.—Straight roller, \$3.00 to \$3.20; extra, \$2.50 to \$7.50 to \$60; cell white, 67 to 68c; No. 2, 8prng. 68c to 61c; red white, 67 to 68c; No. 2, 8prng. 68c to 61c; red white, 67 to 68c; No. 2, 8prng. 68c to 63c; Toxest No. 1, 70 to 71c; peas, No. 2, 58 to 60; barley, No. 1, 41c to 42; No. 2, 37 to 371c; No. 2, 371c; No. 2,

Ottawa, May 18.—Rhubarb sold at from 60 to

Ottawa, May 18.—Rhubarb sold at from 30 to 15 cents ber dozen bunches. Tomato plants made their first appearance, 20 cents per box. Butter remains at is to 23 cents per lb. for tub and print. Eggs very plentiful, 11 to 13 cents per dozen. Potatoes still sl.19 per bag. Pout iry a trifle cheaper, 75 to 80 cents per pair for fowl being the ruling prices. Oats sold freely at 35 cents per bushel. Not much hay offered and sold quickly at 810 to 812 per ton.

Latest Live Stock Markets.

Latest Live Stock Markets.

TORONTO.

May 18.—Butchers cattle—Good cattle sold well to-day, but at considerably under Tuesday's prices. If 4c per 1b was paid it was only in exceptional cases, and a large amount of stuff changed hands at 34 to 35c per lb, and common down to 26c. There was some enquiry for good stockers at 34 to 4c per 1b., and very few here to meet the demand. Milch Cows and Springers.—The demand was active at prices ranging from \$35 to \$59 per head.

Sheep and Lambs.—Sheep sold lower at \$5 to \$7 per head and good grain fed yearlings brought about 6c per 1b. Quite a number of

apiece.—One bunch of 39 fairly good calves.
Calves.—One bunch of 39 fairly good calves.
averaging 125 lba., sold fat 85,50 each. Prices
ranged from 25 to 57
Hosse-Oneor two lots of choice picked hogs
Hosse-Oneor two lots of choice picked hogs
the offerings changed hands at 85,50 to 86,85 per
cwt, for the bestaninals, 80,25 to 83,50 for stores
and 36 to 86,25 per cwt for rough and light fat
hogs.

and \$i\$ to \$0.25 per cwt for rough and light fat hogs.

East Buffalo, N. Y., May 13.—Cattle—Two cars on sale; trade dull.

Sheep and Lambs—Forty-five cars on sale—25 cars sheep; a load of the best in the market was taken on an order at \$5.25, with a few small lots at \$5 and with a large part of the stock on sale green and half fat; \$4.50 to \$5 is a fair quotation for the fair to good sheep on sale; the lamb market fell easy, with yesterday to 10c lower, and an only fair enquiry was the rule; the best lambs sold at \$6.5 to 10s.55; 1 load of choice full clipped, \$6.75; 1 load fair Kent spring lambs sold at \$8.5 to 10 sols; 1 load of slow, and fair light lambs only sold at \$4.5 to up to \$5, with light and cull sheep \$8.25 to \$8.50.

Hogs—Fifteen cars on sale; strong; 10c to 20c higher; York men paid \$8 for most of their purchases, quality and sort, more than weight, regulating to \$7.50 to \$7.50, while heavy hogs of the loads, and full decks of packers' weights, sold about the same price as light weight Yorkers, and pigs \$7.50 to \$7.50, straight lots of pigs, roughs, \$8.55 to \$7.50, straight lots of \$7.50

On Sunday, the 21st, the children preparing for Communion will receive for the first time. Arbor Day was duly celebrated by the students of St. Jerome's College. Improvements were made in the play-grounds and in the college park.

Rev. Father Halter's series of lectures on the Catholic Church is attracting considerable attention. These lectures help to clear away the prejudice and ill-feeling which was aroused recently by an itinerant anti-Catholic speaker.

"A CATHOLIC."—If you will consult your pastor he will direct you as to the works you should purchase giving full explanations of Catholic doctrine. Were we to go into the matter at length it would fill the RECORD for the next three months.



THE WORLD'S FAIR.

SALE OF 150

BY AUCTION.

THE HONORABLE JOHN CARLING HAS Instructed A. B. Powell, of the Real Estate and Fire Insurance Exchange, 437 Richmond street, to offer for sale by Public auction, on Thursday, June 15th, at 1 o'clock p. m. sharp, all that valuable land remaining unsold, known as Carling's Heights. This property will be sold in building lots according to the plan which may be seen at the office of the undersigned, 437 Richmond street.

One-fifth of the purchase money in one month from the day of sale, the remainder to be secured by mortgage, payable in five equal annual installments, with interest at six percent.

Genees.
TITLES PERFECT.
For further particulars apply to the understance.

Exchange,

437 Richmond St., London.

G and Trunk Railway Co. Single Fare

Queen's Birthday.

Tickets on sale May 23rd and 24th, good to return until May 25th, between all stations in Canada, also to Port Huron, Detroit, Buf-(alo, Rouse's Point, Island Pond, etc. Apply to any Ticket Agent of the Company for further particulars.



TO ARTISTS.

THE Government of Canada propose erecting
I in the grounds of the Parliament Buildings,
at Ottawa, a bronze statue, nine teet high (9°),
of the Sir John A. Magdonald.
Artists are invited to submit models, 2 ft, 3 in,
in higher, which must be accompanied with
proposals for the bronze statue complete.
And the artist whose model and proposal are
accepted. \$39,00 will be paid for the model considered next in order of merit, and \$200,00 for
the 371 successful model.
The models must be delivered to the Department, of Public Works, Ottawa, on or before
the Ist day of November next, and the premium models will remain the property of the
Department. The others will be returned to
submitting them.
Copies of the conditions, etc., may be obtained

the artists, if they so express their desire when submitting them.

Copies of the conditions, etc., may be obtained on application at the office of the High Commissioner of Canada, No. 19 Victoria Chambers, London, S. W., England, Hon, Hector Fabre, 10 Rue de Rome, Paris; Direction generale des Beaux Arts, Department of the Interior, Brussels, and to the Secretary of the Department of Public Works, Ottawa, Canada, P. E. F. E. ROY, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, April 17th, 1893.

WANTED LADIES OR YOUNG MEN TO take light, pleasant work at their own homes. \$1 to \$3 per day can be quietly made work sent by mail. No canvassing, Address STANDARD MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Lockbox 107, South Framingham, Mass. Enclose stamps. Mention RECORD.

PISO'S CURE FOR
URES WHERE ALL FLSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use
In time. Sold by druggists.

C. C. RICHARDS & Co.

Gentlemen,—The top of my head was bald
for several years. I used MINARD'S
LINIMENT, and now have as good a growth
of hair as I ever had.

MRS. ALBERT MCKAY.

Wheatly River, P. E. I.

I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT freely on my head and now have a good head of hair after having been bald for several years. It is the only hair restorer I have ever found. Mrs. C. Anderson. Stanley Bridge, P. E. I.

Yes, but feed it with Scott's Emulsion Feeding the cold kills it, and no one can afford to have a cough or cold, acute

Of pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites

strengthens Weak Lungs, checks all Wasting Diseases and is a remarkable Flesh Producer. Almost as Palatable as Milk. Prepared only by Scott & Bowne, Belleville.

Margaret L. Shepherd

A COMPLETE ACCOUNT OF HER LIFE.
Address, THOS. COFFEY, Catholic Record

THE RITUAL OF THE P. P. A.

We have published in pamphlet form the entire Ritual of the conspiracy known as to P. P. A. The book was obtained from one of the organizers of the association. It ought be widely distributed, as it will be the means preventing many of our well meaning Protant friends from falling into the trap set them by designing knaves. The book will sent to any address on receipt of 6 cent stamps; by the dozen, 4 cents per copy: by the hundred, 3 cents. Address, The COFFEY, CATHOLIC KNCORD Office, London, Ontario.

WANTED AN ENERGETIC CATALONS TO THE BOOK OF THE BOOK O

BOYS If you are intelligent and energetic enough to sell goods and honest enough to make prompt returns, address J. J. HAZELTON, Guelph, Ont.

FATHER DAMEN'S LECTURES. One of the most instructive and useful pamph-lets extant is the lectures of Father Damen. They comprise four of the most celebrated ones delivered by that renowned Jesuit Father, namely: "The Private Interpretation of the Bible." "The Catholic Church, the only true Church of God," "Confession," and "The Real Presence." The book will be sent to any address on receipt of 15 cents in stamps. Orders may be sent to Rev. Father Harnols, O. M. I., 198 Wilbrod street, Ottawa, or to Thos. Coffey, Catholic Record Office, London.



TENDERS FOR COAL

TITLES PERFECT.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

A. B. POWELL

Real Estate and Fire Insurance

Exchange.

The undersigned will receive tenders, to addressed to them, at their office in the Parliament buildings. Toronto, and marked "Tender for coal," up to noon on Friday, the 26th day of the following the form of the form

ASYLUM FOR INSANE, TORONTO. Hard coal—1,100 tons large egg size, 125 tons tove size, 75 tons nut size, 450 tons Straitsville ump, soft coal.

MIMICO BRANCH ASYLUM. Hard coal-2,125 tons large egg sixe, 150 tons tove size, 25 tons soft coal.

ASYLUM FOR INSANE, LONDON. Hard coal—2,500 tons large egg size, 255 tons egg size, 160 tons stove size, 100 tons nut size, 75 tons soft coal. Of the 2,500 tons 800 tons may not be required till January, 1894. ASYLUM FOR THE INSANE, KINGSTON.

Hard coal--1,800 tons large egg size, 165 tons small egg size, 30 tons stove size, 15 tons chest-ASYLUM FOR INSANE, HAMILTON. Hard coal—1,775 tons small egg size, 250 tons stove size, 36 tons chestnut size. Soft coal— 1,020 tons Reynoldsville, 399 tons Reynoldsville at pump house, 50 tons grate coal.

ASYLUM FOR IDIOTS, ORILLIA. Hard coal-2,200 tons large egg size, 100 tons

CENTRAL PRISON, TORONTO. Soft coal — Select lump, Straitsville, preferred, 2,000 tons; 50 tons hard coal, nut size. The soft coal to be delivered in lots of 165 tons buring September, October, November, December and January next.

INSTITUTION FOR DEAF AND DUMB, BELLEVILLE. Hard coal—Large egg size, 700 tons: 84 tons small egg size; 15 tons stove size; 3) tons No. 4 size; 4 tons soft lump.

INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND, BRANT-FORD. Hard coal-Egg size, 45) tons; 150 tons stove size; 15 tons enestant size; 5 tons grate coal. MERCER REFORMATORY, TORONTO.

Hard coal-525 tons small egg size 150 tons

Hard coal—525 tons small egg size 150 tons stove size.

The hard coal to be Pitston, Scranton, Lackawanna, or Loyal Stock. Tenderers are to name the mine or mines from which they propose to supply the coal, and to designate the quality of the same, and, if required, will have to produce satisfactory evidence that the coal effect will also be received for screening of the best imported quality, hard and soft, not exceeding 25 per cent, of the gross amounts advertized for at the several institutions.

Delivery is to be effected satisfactory to the authorities of the respective institution.

Tenders will be received for the whole quality above specified, or for the quantities required in each institution. An accepted cheque for \$500 payable to the order of the provincial secretary, must accompany each tender as a guarantee of its bona idea, and two sufficient sureties will be required for the due fulfilment of each contract.

Specifications and forms and conditions of tenders are to be obtained from the bursars of the respective institutions.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

R. CHRISTIB, T. F. CHAMBERLAIN.

accepted.

R. CHRISTIB,
T. F. CHAMBERLAIN.
JAMES NOXON.

Inspectors of Prisons and Public Charities.
Parliament buildings, Toronto, May 13, 18.9

VOLUME X

A FAIR-MINDED It is a real pleasur manner in which some

Protestant Churches affecting Catholics a Too many of them, w wrap themselves up i uncharitableness when Rev. J. Farquharson, B pleased to state, not o the April number of Monthly there appear very able letter or School question. The it the proper course to schools in the North fancy, pause in the were they to carefully Indeed even Dalton be likely to conclude that all his argum separate system, were weak. We regret space for the

salient points, a car study of which will b portune and profitab ranks amongst the m ances that have app this vexed question : Is there any reason the large majority Manitoba School law and afterwards susta should be reopened state of matters b the law as it stand Catholics are compe which they derive are being taxed on which Protestants while they are, in ac schools for the educa

children. Does the

We have, however,

seem to be an injus will say that, unle reasons for such a ta it ought to be colle the Roman Catholics pay taxes spent on Protestant childsen educate his own as b out any help from Pi the law does not for the school for the su is compelled to pay. reason for raising th anew, and calmly an amining its merits?

Some tell us that ness of the Roman C is a sufficient bar to tempt to satisfy the first demand is co should such a thoug amining the justice demand? With it deal at present ; and too. Meantime, we make a just settleme before us.

Why cannot the Ro

advantage of the Pu law does not shut I free to enter as neighbor. No doub If he allow himself Protestants will tre they treat themselv one of them, so far cerned, he will sha vantages the Pub Surely this is lil persecutor would r same language wi ligion he sought to Church and creed o have been made ex The difficulty was the advantages offe figure that they p ment and death to Just so with the and the advantage school: he app lightly that, althou

support, he provid his children. Further, is there just at hand why lies may, under se send their children and yet feel themse to support Sepa Roman Catholics, children to the P feel themselves gralaw which abolish The Roman Catholi cation, separated struction, is only a and, in support of to the fact that criminals are we while a host of pet up the attention trates from week ignorant enough. whom judges and at the assizes are m

And are there no ants who sympat' that education a anything, to lesser is the Roman Cat