

genial clergyman gathered about him a little group of the most notable loyalists in St. Andrews in an organization known as "the Friendly Society." Its members held weekly meetings, at which they discussed questions of religion, morality, law, medicine, geography, and history, besides contributions of importance in newspapers and magazines. By an article of their constitution, they limited themselves to "spirits and water" as the only refreshments permitted in time of meeting. Their philanthropy was manifest in their purpose to exert their influence in suppressing immorality in the community of which they were the leaders. It should be added that during the summer of 1800 three members of this society, namely, Dr. Caleff, Colonel Wyer, and Henry B. Brown, together with Mrs. Robert Pagan, rendered heroic service in combatting an epidemic of smallpox that swept St. Andrews and vicinity. Of the five hundred and more cases that developed, only three were lost. The society flourished during the lifetime of its founder, that is, for thirteen years, and then died.\*

Aside from the town plot of St. Andrews, the Old Settlers' Reserve at Scoodic Falls, (now the town plot of St. Stephen), the Indian Reserve. (now Milltown), and a few scattered lots reserved for public use, six tracts of shore and river lots were granted to the Penobscot Associated Loyalists in 1784. These tracts extend from Bocabec on the inner bay of Passamaquoddy to Sprague's Falls on the St. Croix, and include two ranges of lots on Mohannes Stream. They form the greater part of the water front of the present parishes of St. Patrick, St. Andrews, St. Croix, St. David, Dufferin, and St. Stephen, and extend over nearly half the length of Charlotte County.† In this region, the associators formed their settlements, among which were Bocabec, Dufferin, Moannes, St. Croix, and St. David. St. Croix was first settled along the river of the same name and the Waweig, while St. David sprang up at the head of Oak Bay, all around which extended settle-

\*Acadiensis. July, 1907. 187-192; Raymond, Winslow Papers. 455.

†Acadiensis, July, 1903. 172.