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WOULD IMPORT LESS AND MANUFACTURE MORE

Foster Deplores $230,000,000 Balance of Trade Against Canada in a Few Years

Ex-Finance Minister Scathingly Criticizes the Liberal Policy Which Robs Canadian Workmen of Labor—Cites the Many Fads While in Opposition and Their Change of Heart After Gaining Power—Cockshutt Talks Along the Same Lines—Paterson Defends the Enormous Expenditure.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Ottawa, March 19—If there were no signs of a general election in the budget speech of the minister of finance that cannot be said of the reply of Hon. Geo. Foster. It would appear that Mr. Foster is looking for a general contest not later than next fall. And in this regard there are many who agree with him.

Mr. Foster spoke for two hours and a half and a little more on Tuesday and about three hours today, making in all a five and a half hours' speech. It was a fighting speech,full of political information, and it will be of infinite benefit to all students who desire to grasp the political situation and secure facts concerning the main issues. During his concluding remarks, Mr. Foster dwelt upon political scandals, the middleman and the grafter.

Hon. Mr. Foster continued in the house today the debate on the budget. He started out by referring to the great increase in taxation since 1896. In 1896 there was taken from the people in the way of taxes $27,000,000 and in 1908, $73,000,000. The expenditure was $42,000,000 in 1896, compared with $110,000,000 in 1908 with a probable and possible extension to $130,000,000 or more.

There never was a time, he said, when it was more necessary to have business men taking an interest in the trade of the country. He asked business men to be on the alert and give the government the benefit of their advice. It was a good time for the country to sit down and take stock and ask where they were drifting. Mr. Foster turned his attention to the different policies that the Liberals pursued previous to 1896. He said that prior to that period the party were always looking for some new resplendent policy and in a year or two casting it aside and looking for a new one. There was, for instance, continental free trade, absolute free trade, unrestricted reciprocity, commercial union and so forth.

In this connection he quoted numerous extracts of speeches from , Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Sir Richard Cartwright and other leading Liberals, showing how they strongly advocated free trade when in opposition and yet when they got into power they discarded their views. Sir Wilfrid had received a Cobden medal for his free trade sentiments.

Fickle Trade Principles.

When getting into office the government was as fickle in regard to their principles as when in opposition. The government gave a 25 per cent preference to Britain and in a fit of loyalty during the Boer war increased this to 33 1-3 per cent and then there came a time when part of this preference was taken away. From change to change and from absurdity to absurdity they proceeded. Then there was the intermediate tariff and the French treaty and he predicted that the French treaty would not work out satisfactorily.

Coming to trade conditions, he showed that the official figures supplied were really fictitious. The values in the trade returns were no indication as to the real volume of the trade of the country. He gave an illustration in regard to wheat. In 1896 wheat was selling at fifty cents or fifty-five cents a bushel, in 1907 it was sold at say $1.20, that on 30,000,000 bushels of wheat would be from $12,000,000 to $15,000,000 more value than in 1896 but that did not represent any real trade. In one year by putting this one idea into force he reduced the trade by $126,000,000.

Adverse Balance of Trade.

Mr. Foster next dwelt at length with the question of the balance of trade theory. He gave statistical tables, showing how the adverse balance of trade had grown extensively since the present government came into office. He hated to attack the balance of trade. They all might have their theories about the matter, but it was plain that all these balances had to be met. About that there was no doubt. It would not do to say that Switzerland was prosperous, and it had an adverse balance against her or, on the other hand, to quote Russia, with no adverse balance, would not settle it. In four years there was an adverse balance of trade against Canada of $223,000,000. These balances had to be paid in either goods or gold. About that there was no doubt.

Mr. Foster then proceeded to say that Canada was a borrowing country. The finance minister could not go abroad now and borrow. It was not a good time to do so. He could get a little in Paris and a little in London. It was said that the C. P. R. and the G. T. R. and other interests were bringing in money. That was

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COUNT BONI'S FORMER WIFE HAS HAD ENOUGH OF MARRIED LIFE

FORMER COUNTESS OF CASTELLANE

New York, March 19—Madame Anna Gould, the divorced wife of Count Boni de Castellane, arrived here today on the steamer Adriatic and took immediate occasion to stifle the gossip which has shuttled between two continents, associating her future plans with the name of Helie de Sagan.

No sooner had Madame Gould set foot upon American soil today than she declared:

"I have had enough of married life. I am not engaged to be married to anyone."

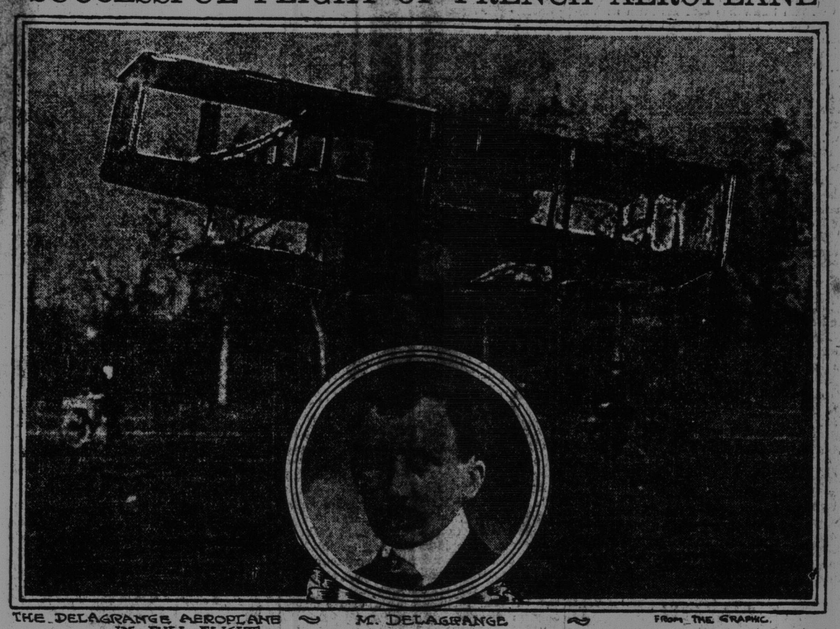
Madame Gould was accompanied from Paris by her three sons, Boni, Jay and George, the custody of whom the French courts awarded to her. The party was met at the pier by Miss Helen Gould, Mrs. George Gould and Mrs. Tyler Morse. All were driven to the Fifth avenue home of Miss Gould.

"My visit here is to repay a visit my sister Helen made me in Paris a year ago. I had often wanted to visit my own country during my married life, but Count Boni always objected.

"I am more delighted than I can say to be back in America."

Madame Gould added: "Notwithstanding this is my first visit here in nearly five years, and that I live in Europe, my heart is still here and will always remain."

SUCCESSFUL FLIGHT OF FRENCH AEROPLANE



THE DELAGRANGE AEROPLANE IN FULL FLIGHT. ~ M. DELAGRANGE. ~ FROM THE GRAPHIC.

Paris, March 18—M. Leon Delagrange made several successful flights with an aeroplane at Issy Les Molineaux and was heartily congratulated by those who followed his painstaking practice during almost eighteen months. The Delagrange aeroplane is practically an exact copy of the Farman machine. It was built about three months ago by Volsin Brothers to replace an earlier model of the same type, destroyed in an accident.

M. Delagrange was out as early as 7 o'clock. He had made several short flights before 8, and about 10 decided to see how long his machine could be made to remain in the air. Leaving one corner of the field, he covered almost an entire kilometre in a graceful semi-circle. He descended to avoid a collision with a boundary wall of the parade ground.

Speaking with a correspondent, M. Delagrange said he thought he had at length got practical knowledge of his machine.

"It has taken a long time," he said, "but it has been worth the trouble. The sensation of gliding steadily through the air, which I only experienced for the first time this morning, is one which is worth some pains to experience. My previous flights of 100 metres or so now look like little jumps to me. It is a long drawn out rush through the air. The feeling of independence and the smoothness and noiselessness of the motion have fascinated me, and, so far as I know, there is only one other man living, Mr. Farman, who has been able to experience the same sensation."

$50,000,000 LIQUOR COMBINE TO BUCK PROHIBITION WAVE

Montreal Dealers Organize to Fight Monster Temperance Petition Sent to Quebec Legislature—Canadian Manufacturers Decide Not to Help Brewing Interests.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Montreal, March 19—A $50,000,000 combine of brewing and liquor interests is under way here in order to take up the defi of the Dominion Alliance, Anti-Alcoholic League, and other temperance organizations who are threatening the prosperity of the trade.

The liquor movement so far is provincial and was inaugurated at a meeting here today at which it was claimed that $50,000,000 of capital invested in the liquor traffic was represented.

Lawrence A. Wilson, the "Tammany" leader, stated that the position was becoming serious with a concerted movement made by the French clergy and the press to secure more drastic liquor laws, which had already resulted in a petition with 100,000 signatures being sent to the Quebec legislature asking for a general reduction in licenses. It was decided by the liquor men to send a big delegation to Quebec to combat this move, and use every influence toward preserving the law in statu quo. Liquor men contend that a reduction of licenses will not diminish the evils of the traffic.

The executive committee of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, at a meeting held today, discussed the prohibition movement in the province of Quebec, owing to requests sent them by manufacturers of bar fixtures and billiard tables that they inaugurate some move "to stem the growing prohibition wave that is sweeping the country."

The manufacturers, however, did not see their way clear to interfere in the matter and let it drop without taking action. After the meeting several members denied newspaper reports that the association would do anything to oppose the temperance propaganda and opined that no such action would ever be taken.

It was also decided to memorialize the government for a cancellation of present "reciprocal" arrangements regarding the Detroit tunnel, under which supplies for the international tunnel go into Canada or the States duty free. It was stated that, owing to a curious construction of the agreement, Americans were getting all the advantages and supplying the whole of the material for the Canadian side free of duty, while the Canadians could not get to the American side, the duty free clause being construed there as only applying to that part of the tunnel actually under water. The Canadian manufacturers regard this unfair to them, and especially with so many factories and workmen lying idle in Canada. The works involved meant an expenditure of about $3,000,000.

The association also decided to try to induce the various provincial governments to allow incorporated companies to vote on all money by-laws affecting the municipalities in which they paid taxes, just as members of business firms did.

EXTRA ISSUE OF ROYAL GAZETTE TO CONTAIN SOME APPOINTMENTS

Friday, March 20.

The Robinson government resignation while practically made last night will be handed to Lieut.-Gov. Tweedie this morning and during the day Hon. Mr. Tweedie will call on Mr. Hazen to form a new government, and the members of it will be sworn in Tuesday in Fredericton.

While the Royal Gazette yesterday contained no notice of appointments there will, it is understood, be an extra issue of the Gazette, containing some appointments and this will be issued today or tomorrow.

The Royal Gazette, published in Fredericton yesterday contains notices relative to incorporation of companies, solemnizing of marriages and other matters such as make up the routine of an ordinary issue of the Gazette, but there is not a word relative to appointments.

The reticence which marked the premier and his colleagues relative to the intentions of the administration, and when asked about business transacted at the last sessions of the government, was still in evidence last evening. Hon. Mr. Robinson, who returned from Fredericton yesterday morning, continued his policy of silence and when asked last evening had no announcements to make.

It had come to be the belief that the government had intended to transact its business and give out nothing until official notification was given in the Royal Gazette but the fact that the Gazette has nothing on the matter was read as meaning that those who expected the offices were to be disappointed, and that for some reason Mr. Robinson was leaving the appointments for Mr. Hazen to make.

This strengthened an impression that had gained some force yesterday that the outgoing administration might do nothing in the matter, though whether or not it was anticipated that Governor Tweedie would not sanction the filling of the offices could not be said.

At the banquet given in honor of Chief Justice Barker in the Union Club last night, Governor Tweedie, in his speech, significantly said he had no advisors now, which naturally was taken by his hearers to mean that the Robinson government had resigned. He also said, referring to an earlier call of "Louder," when some announcements were being made that he had no doubt Mr. Hazen would be able to hear him when he called him this morning.

Hon. Mr. Robinson was asked at the close of the banquet to the chief justice if he could say definitely whether or not the government had resigned. He replied that there was nothing to say.

The fact that the Royal Gazette contained no notice of appointments to the vacant offices was drawn to Mr. Robinson's attention and that this would be taken to mean that no appointments were to be made was drawn to Mr. Robinson's attention but he would say only that there was nothing for him to say until everything had been closed and announced.

GOVERNOR GUILD SLIGHTLY IMPROVED

Boston, March 19—At 11 p. m. the following bulletin was given out by Dr. Winslow:

"The governor's condition on the whole is somewhat better than last night. There has been distinct but slight improvement."

Bishop Cameron Improved.

Halifax, March 19—(Special)—Bishop Cameron of Antigonish, who has been ill with throat trouble, shows decided improvement.

HOLINESS CONVERT CONFESSES TO BEING A FIREBUG

Would Rather Take His Punishment Now Than Hereafter

Ontario Young Man's Novel Method of Ending Competition to His Father's Business Nearly Wiped Out Village.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Ottawa, March 19—Philip Lowe, a young man of Finch, Dundas county, has pleaded guilty to setting fire some time ago to a building which nearly wiped out the village. He says the reason for his act was that on account of his father being in business, and competition in the village being so keen he decided to wipe out the others.

A few weeks after the fire Lowe went to the United States but returned early in the winter. He has since embraced the Holiness movement religion and made the confession voluntarily, saying he would sooner take his punishment now than in the hereafter.

WHOLESALE GROCERS PROTEST AGAINST PURE FOOD REGULATIONS

Want Privilege of Putting Their Own Labels, Instead of Manufacturers, on Packages.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Ottawa, March 19—A deputation representing the wholesale grocers associations of Canada waited on Hon. Sydney Fisher today to ask that the meat and canned foods inspection act, passed last session, be amended so as to allow wholesale grocers to put their own labels on canned goods which they sell.

At present the inspection is carried on only at factories and only factory labels are allowed to be placed on cans.

The deputation represented that many wholesalers had their own distinctive brand of canned foods and the provision compelling them to forego the privilege of a distinctive label was proving an injustice to them. Hon. Mr. Fisher promised to give the request careful consideration.

NOVA SCOTIA ORANGEMEN FAVOR ORPHANS' HOME

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Truro, March 19—The thirteenth annual session of the Grand Lodge of Orangemen opened in Truro today. The grand master's report drew attention to the propriety of marking the semi-centennial by completing a home for the orphans under the jurisdiction of the Orange order. An organizer and lecturer were also urged as essential to nature and aims of Orangemen.

It was decided to heartily co-operate with the Grand Lodge of New Brunswick in the matter of establishing as soon as possible an institution for the protection of the orphans of Orangemen.

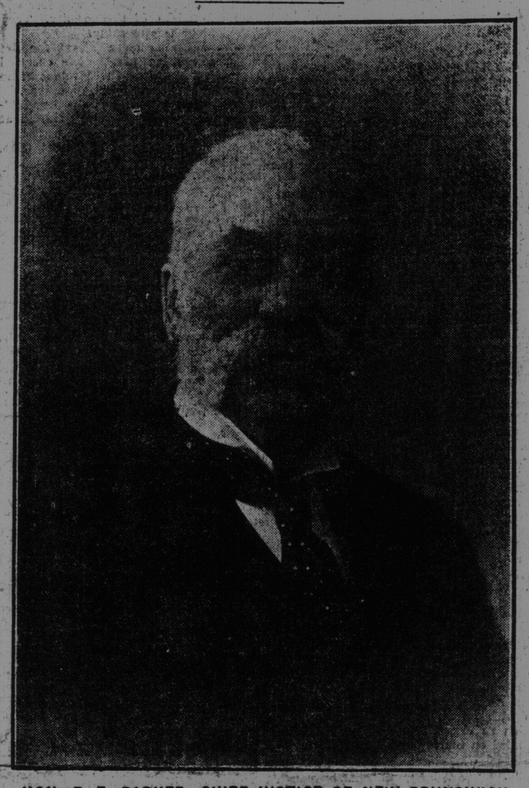
Aged Nova Scotia Lawyer Dead.

Halifax, March 19—(Special)—George Thomson, of Wolfville, formerly a member of the law firm of Thomson & Bullock, Halifax, died today aged eighty-two years. He was a native of Jamaica and came to Halifax when a boy.

ENTHUSIASM AT BANQUET TO CHIEF JUSTICE BARKER

Unusually Felicitous Function at the Union Club Thursday Night

Many Deserved and Hearty Tributes Accorded the Guest of Honor---The List in Attendance, the Toasts and the Speeches---An Evening of Rare Enjoyment.



HON. F. E. BARKER, CHIEF JUSTICE OF NEW BRUNSWICK

The banquet which was tendered by the Barristers Society of New Brunswick in the Union Club Thursday to Hon. Frederick E. Barker in honor of his appointment as chief justice of the supreme court will long be remembered as one of the most representative gatherings of the legal profession here in many years. Nearly every county in the province was represented. The many eloquent references to the high qualities and attainments of the guest of honor and the enthusiasm with which the toast of his health was received left no doubt as to the popularity of his appointment or the personal esteem in which he is held by the members of the bar who practice before him. His brethren on the bench, Lieut.-Governor Tweedie and ex-Chief Justice Tuck, who were also guests of the society, spoke in eulogistic terms of the new chief.

About 100 guests sat down to the banquet, which began a few minutes before 9 o'clock. M. G. Teed, K. C., president of the society, was in the chair, having the guest of honor on his right and the lieutenant-governor on his left. The dinner was served with the usual well ordered appointments and culinary perfection for which the cuisine of the Union Club is noted. The menu was as follows:

Hors d'oeuvres.
Spanish Olives. Salted Almonds.
Selected Oysters on the shell.
Consomme a la Macedoine.
Potage a la Asperges.
Fillets of Chicken Halibut, sauce Hollandaise.
Lobster Cutlets.
Kidney and Mushroom Patties.
Boiled Turkey and Ham, parsley sauce.
Roast Spring Lamb, mint sauce.
Riced Potatoes. Spinach. Cauliflower.
Chancellor Punch.
Roast Brant, port wine sauce.
Harengs Laitances.
English Plum Pudding,hard and brandy sauce.
Fruit Jellies.
Coffee Ice Cream.
Celery Cheese. Coffee.
Dessert.

The floral decorations on the tables were tastefully arranged in vases of which there were between fifty and sixty placed at short intervals. Roses, tulips, carnations and stocks blended with ferns and smilax made a charming combination in which the prevailing colors were pink and white.

Those Present.

Those present were M. G. Teed (presiding), Chief Justice Barker, Lieutenant-Governor Tweedie, Hon. W. H. Tuck, Mr. Justice Hanington, Mr. Justice Gregory, Mr. Justice White, Hon. C. W. Robinson, Judge Forbes, Sheriff Ritchie, Hon. H. A. McKeown, Hon. F. J. Sweeney, Judge Carleton, H. A. Powell, G. A. Henderson, J. A. Sinclair, L. P. D. Tilley, T. P. Regan, B. L. Gerow, H. S. Keith, G. L. Harris, H. H. Pickett, E. A. Riley, G. H. V. Belyea, J. McIntyre, G. R. Vincent, J. W. Richardson, J. M. Price, Arthur Freeze, J. B. M. Baxter, A. R. Slipp, J. D. Hazen, W. C. H. Grimmer, W. A. Ewing, J. C. Hartley, A. Mott, L. A. Currey, Hon. R. J. Ritchie, E. G. Kaye, John Willet, J. King Kelley, J. E. Cowan, W. J. Mahoney, H. Robertson, W. H. Trueman, R. G. Murray, S. B. Bustin, E. T. C. Knowles, C. L. Hanington, D. I. Welch, H. H. McLean, Silas Alward, J.

(Continued on page 2 fourth column.)

FREDERICTON HOCKEY TEAM DEFEATS CHARLOTTETOWN

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Fredericton, March 19—Although weakened by the absence of Goal Keeper Morrison, the Capitals this evening defeated the Victorias, of Charlottetown, in a hockey match for the Starr trophy by a score of 8 to 5. The Capitals appeared to be off-color all the way through and their combination work was very ineffective. About 400 spectators saw the game and there was no very marked enthusiasm shown. Dunphy was easily the star for the Capitals and put in seven of the eight goals made for his team.

Splendid stops made by Goal Keeper Campbell, of the Victorias, was the feature of the game. Reddin, of Charlottetown, also played the game well, repeatedly carrying the puck the full length of the rink.

At the end of the first half the score stood 4 to 3 in favor of Fredericton. Maher scored twice for the Victorias in the second half and Dunphy three times and Stuart once for the Capitals. The final goal was shot by Dunphy from the centre of the ice and was undoubtedly one of the best plays of the evening.

The game was an exceptionally clean one and good feeling prevailed among the players. Stuart and Music, of the Capitals, were penalized for tripping Reddin, of the Victorias,and put off for falling on the puck. "Shorty" Trites, of the Moncton Victorias, refereed in a satisfactory manner. The line-up:

Victorias.		Capitals.
	Goal.	
Campbell		Titus
	Point.	
Prouse		Musick
	Cover Point.	
Cornfoot		McDonald
	Rover.	
Reddin		Dunphy
	Centre.	
Ramsey		Stuart
	Left Wing.	
Maher		Murphy
	Right Wing.	
Burns		Hughes

Summary—First half—Capitals: Dunphy, 20 seconds; Victorias Reddin, 5 minutes; Capitals, Dunphy, 8 1-2 minutes; Victorias, Reddin, 15 minutes; Capitals, Dunphy, 15 1-4 minutes; Victorias, Maher, 16 1-2 minutes; Capitals, Dunphy, 22 minutes.

Second half—Victorias, Maher, 6 1-2 minutes; Victorias, Maher, 15 minutes; Capitals, Dunphy, 17 minutes; Capitals, Dunphy, 23 minutes; Capitals, Stuart, 27 minutes; Capitals, Dunphy, 27 1-4 minutes.

Penalties—Musick, 5 minutes, tripping; Stuart, 3 minutes, tripping; Musick, 2 minutes, tripping; Reddin, 3 minutes, for picking up puck.

Referee—"Shorty" Trites.

Goal judges—Fred Baird, R. B. McFarlane.

Penalty timers—Robert Lowe.

Timers—W. E. Jardine, Harry Crotty.

The Victorias are champions of the P. E. Island League and winners of trophy, also winners from the Sydney hockey team, champions of the Cape Breton League.