

INLAND FISHERIES.

CONFERENCE BETWEEN DOMINION AND PROVINCIAL MINISTERS CONCLUDED.

OTTAWA, Jan. 3.—The conference between the government and maritime ministers, Premier Murray and Attorney General Longley, of Nova Scotia, and Premier Farquharson, of Prince Edward Island, on the transfer of the inland fisheries from the dominion to provincial control in obedience to the decision of the judicial committee of the Privy Council was concluded today, and the visitors left for their homes. Murray and Longley going by way of Boston. The most debatable of the points that came up for consideration was as to whether the decision contemplated the transfer of sea fisheries within the three mile limit from the dominion to the maritime provinces and whether the provinces are justified in claiming the right to administer the fishery bounty derived from the interest on the Halifax award. If the provinces assume control of the fisheries within the three mile limit and collect revenue therefrom, the duty and expense of protecting these fisheries from spoilage would be imposed upon them. The probability is that the dominion will retain control of the fishery protective service. It is likely that the provinces will be allowed to issue licenses for salmon fishing in the rivers and beyond their mouths and for oyster fisheries in small bays, the dominion continuing to regulate and control the lobster fishery. The result of the conference was an agreement to refer the decision of the Privy Council to the department of justice for interpretation upon doubtful points, and if the report prove unsatisfactory to the other party a test case will be taken to the supreme court. No change will take place in the present system of control until the meaning of the decision has been determined and provincial legislation has been adopted providing the local administration machinery.

Another matter brought to the attention of the government was that of disputed accounts between the maritime provinces and dominion. The provincial ministers asked that the dominion government investigate the claims and if they found them to be justifiable to order their payment or failing that to make reference to the board of arbitration for settlement, as has been done in the matter of disputed accounts between the dominion, Ontario and Quebec. No decision as to this matter has been announced, but it is probable that an accounting will be made.

The visitors before leaving expressed their entire satisfaction with the manner in which they had been received by the premier and ministers, Davies, Blair and Fielding. They were given a sympathetic hearing and prospects are encouraging for a satisfactory arrangement of all unsettled questions.

George Bryson, jr., a son of the late John Bryson, the rich lumber man who represented Halifax in parliament, and who died in January, 1896, has begun proceedings to secure a larger share of his father's estate than the executor thinks him entitled. He plainly ranks for \$100,000, but he claims besides three-eighths of the community of the property that existed between his father and mother. The claim is resisted by young Bryson's stepmother and her children who say that \$100,000 covers his share. If he succeeds, the stepmother, half-brother and sister will be practically excluded from participation in the property.

During the negotiations that preceded the awarding of the winter mail contract the chief question of difference between the steamship owners and government was as to the dates of sailing. It has been announced that the Allan and Dominion mail steamers will sail from St. John on Sundays and Halifax on Mondays, each week during the winter months, commencing on January 8. This week the steamer will likely leave St. John on Wednesday and Halifax on Thursday.

CARS DERAILLED.

Accident to a Freight Train at Coldbrook.

A special I. C. R. freight train, in charge of Conductor Daley, met with an accident last Tuesday night at Coldbrook, about three miles from the city, while inward bound from Moncton. The train consisted of 17 loaded cars and was hauled by a large Mergel engine. An axle of one of the cars breaking, is supposed to have caused the trouble. Three cars were derailed, being thrown across the track, blocking traffic. The engine was brought into the city with the conductor who reported the mishap.

Orders for a wrecking crew were issued and Section Foreman Alex Duncan was sent out with section men and some of Foreman Sinclair's road house men. Some new trucks were taken out. The three cars being swung across the track, of course closed the rail and the train which leaves here at 10.10 for the eastward could not get away. Neither could the late train reach the city and it was expected to be well on to morning before all would be clear again.

FATAL SHOOTING ACCIDENT.

Young Victor Barker, of Yarmouth, the Victim.

YARMOUTH, Jan. 2.—A terrible accident occurred today at Kempt, 25 miles from Yarmouth. Victor Barker, aged 19, a son of the Hon. L. E. Barker, was with his brother, Seymour, and George Cain, a teacher, on a moose hunt and young Victor was by accident shot dead.

Has Settled Its Claims.

Boston, Jan. 3.—The Dover Clothing company, which failed last fall with liabilities of \$70,000, as the result of the Sawyer Woolen company's failure, today announced its settlement of claims at 25 cents on the dollar.

HUNTER AND CROSBLEY

Are Holding Revival Services at Boston.

The well known evangelists Hunter and Crosley are having a revival in Boston. The Globe of that city says:— "The People's temple series of revivals began auspiciously yesterday. The attendance drawn, both morning and evening, to hear the Canadian partners in revival work, Messrs. Hunter and Crosley, was large and apparently sympathetic to a notable degree.

"The connection of the two visitors with the morning service was merely incidental and subordinate, as it was communion Sunday, but in the evening they ran things in their own peculiar way, and gathered quite a harvest of self-accusing sinners, after it was all over.

"After an hour or more of quite impassioned exhortation by each of them alternately, and of singing of a somewhat pathetic order by the evangelists, the vocalists of the evangelistic team, fully 25 men and women, most of them young and more or less prosperous looking, advanced to the altar rail to receive special prayers, and three remained for further ministrations after the rest of the congregation had gone home.

"The first thing to impress a man of the world in these two religious workers is their resemblance in some ways to the members of a once famous dramatic partnership, Messrs. Booth and Barrett. Mr. Hunter looks very much as Booth did, say at the age of 35, and he is decidedly dramatic in all his methods, while Mr. Crosley has the same peculiar intonation when he talks or sings—that Barrett did, although he looks nothing like the actor, having a very mild, smiling and benevolent face, adorned with a full beard and crowned by a very bald head.

"Mr. Hunter described with much enthusiasm his recent conversion of the wicked but worthy and noted lawyer in Minneapolis, and said that the lawyer did not give himself up fully until 2 a m the night of the revival.

"At that hour he was awakened from his sleep in the hotel and saw the Saviour with bloody wounds upon his hands and head and a voice say to him: 'Peace, be still.' Whereupon all tendency to be bad and profane left him permanently.

"Nothing is too hard for God!" exclaimed the revivalist; "you say he can't convert doctors, lawyers and newspaper men, but he can, for only recently a bar-keeper was brought into the fold."

BAPTIST HOME MISSIONS.

Talk of Entering Newfoundland—House of Worship on Tobique—Other Matters.

The Baptist Home Mission Board of the New Brunswick convention met in regular monthly session in Brussels street Baptist church, Tuesday afternoon and evening. Those present were: Revs J. A. Cahill, J. H. Hughes, S. H. Cornwell, F. W. Patterson, S. D. Ervine, W. E. McIntyre, and Messrs. R. H. Hall, B. Cottle, G. S. Frost, C. W. Morrell, T. L. Hay, W. H. Morrell, D. H. Sprague, G. L. Strange and J. S. Tilley.

At the afternoon session reports were presented from the committees on publication and colportage. It was stated that the annual report for the immediate distribution to the churches. Letters and reports were presented from Revs. J. A. Cahill, J. H. Hughes, S. H. Cornwell, F. W. Patterson, S. D. Ervine, W. E. McIntyre, and Messrs. R. H. Hall, B. Cottle, G. S. Frost, C. W. Morrell, T. L. Hay, W. H. Morrell, D. H. Sprague, G. L. Strange and J. S. Tilley.

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The new house for worship on the Tobique was reported to be opened on Christmas day. This board donated over \$100 to the aid of this house, which cost in the vicinity of \$1,000. It was opened successfully by Misses D. F. Allen and J. W. Young. There are two other houses of worship in course of construction on the Tobique, in which the board is aiding.

The board also yesterday considered the advisability of opening a mission at an early date in Newfoundland. There are no Baptist churches there, nor no missions. English Baptists had missions there for a time but not now, and as the New Brunswick convention is nearest the island, the matter is interesting that body. Further consideration was delayed till next meeting.

Troops for Guam.

Boston, Jan. 3.—Lieut. Col. Percival C. Pope, U. S. M. C., marine commander of the Charleston navy yard, has received orders detaching him from this station and to hold himself in readiness to proceed to Guam Island, in the Pacific, to command the land naval forces at that new station. First Lieut. Charles C. Long, also of this yard, will accompany him. Major Henry Clay Cochrane, now at Newport, R. I., will undoubtedly be the new marine commandant here.

"I dunno I exactly agree with dat speakin'," remarked Erasmus Pinkley, as he was walking home from the lecture with Miss Miami Brown.

"At what point does yoh comprehend dat?"

"Well, if he says he favors de policy of expansion, I dunno I on stan's'm. But if he favors de expansion o' policy, I's right wif'im."—Washington Star.

Easy to Take
Easy to Operate
Are features peculiar to Hood's Pills. Small in size, tasteless, efficient, thorough. As one man said: "You never know you have taken a pill till it is all over." See C. I. Hood & Co., Proprietors, Lowell, Mass. 25¢ only price to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Boston, Jan. 3.—The Dover Clothing company, which failed last fall with liabilities of \$70,000, as the result of the Sawyer Woolen company's failure, today announced its settlement of claims at 25 cents on the dollar.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Strengthen Weak and Nervous People.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

Mr. Jas. Purcell, a well known farmer living near Orofino, Ontario, says:—"For several years I have been a sufferer from nervousness and general debility. I believe my troubles originated in overwork, aggravated by a severe cold. I had been from the time of my marriage, but did not get any better. Then I went to Toronto for treatment, and for a time experienced some relief, but it was only temporary, and soon was worse than before. Some of my neighbors advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Before the first box was gone I found relief, and after I had used a few boxes more I was rejoicing in complete recovery, and my health has since been excellent. Words fail to express the value I now place on the little pink messengers of health, and I only hope other sufferers will follow my example."

NERVOUS AND RUN DOWN—CURED.

Mrs. C. Roblin, of Kingsville, Ont., says:—"I have derived much benefit from the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. My nervous system was completely run down, and the nerves of my eyes were so much affected that I could scarcely see, and I had to go to an oculist and have glasses made to order so as I could walk about. I tried many kinds of medicine without any beneficial effect whatever. One day a little book advertising Dr. Williams' Pink Pills was left in my house, and after reading it I determined to try this medicine, and to my surprise I began to feel better before I had finished the first box. I have used three boxes and find my nervous system as strong as ever it was, and my sight has improved to such an extent that I go around half the time without using my glasses."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills build anew the blood, strengthen the nerves, and restore the glow of health to pale and tallow cheeks. They are a cure for all troubles peculiar to the female system, young or old, and also cure such diseases as rheumatism, neuralgia, partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia, St. Vitus dance, nervous headache, nervous prostration, the after effects of a grippé, influenza and severe colds, diseases depending on troubles in the blood. They cure chronic erysipelas, etc. Do not be persuaded to accept any imitation, no matter how cheap, before you try who offers it. Imitations never cured any one. See that the full name, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People is on the wrapper around every box you buy.

SWEPT TO DEATH.

Another Disaster on the Chilkoot Pass—Six People Lose Their Lives in an Avalanche—A Report Reaches Wrangell of the Loss of a Sloop in Which Twelve Miners Were Bound North.

(Vancouver World.)

After five days' buffeting in the storm-tossed northern seas, steamer Rosalie reached here about midnight last night. She had an average number of passengers, mostly men hailing from the coast and the trail, and a few from Alton. There was no one from the interior gold fields, which are now according to the just returned northerners, shut off from all communication. The lakes freeze over some weeks ago, and were soon deeply covered with snow, but the Chinook winds, with their warm breath, softened them into snowy swamps, and travelling is out of the question. The soft weather is already responsible for another horror such as occurred on April 3rd of last year, when over 150 men were swept into eternity by an avalanche. This latest addition to the list of catastrophes which have occurred on the Chilkoot pass occurred on December 9th, and by it six are known to have lost their lives, and others are believed to be lying beneath the mass of snow and ice which came hurtling down the steep incline at the foot of the Chilkoot pass at the south end of Crater lake. The dead identified up to the time those who came by the Rosalie left were Mrs. Darling, of Lake Lindeman, who is thought to be the wife of a Seattle grocer, and her two sons; Harry Shaw, a packer on the Chilkoot trail and owner of a hotel at Crater lake, and Bert John of Juneau, believed to be a relative of M. M. John, a jeweller of Pendleton. Oregon; there was also another young man found killed, whose name could not be learned.

The killed fortune seekers were encamped in a tent in the direct path of the avalanche that swept them to their doom. There are frequently very narrow paths in the path, and old-timers say it is extremely hazardous to delay there for even a day. The path down from the summit is a sort of gulch with the last incline of Chilkoot trail on the left, and a precipitous mountain ascending at a pitch of 80 degrees to the right. The mountain is 500 feet higher than the summit of the pass and in the winter time is covered with snow and ice that not only a slight jar at the bottom to send hurtling down in a terrible avalanche thousands of tons. The natural path of these slides is over the places chosen by trails for camping, and thence down to Crater lake.

At the foot of the summit, the scene of this deadly avalanche of snow and ice, is considered the most dangerous place on the dreaded Chilkoot trail. It is the

Nervous People.

Nervous people not only suffer themselves but cause more or less misery to everyone around them. They are fretful, easily worried and hence a worry to others. When everything annoys you; when your pulse trembles and your heart beats excessively; when you are startled at the least unexpected sound, your nerves are in a bad state and should be promptly attended to.

NERVOUSNESS IS A QUESTION OF NUTRITION. FOOD FOR THE NERVES IS WHAT YOU WANT TO PUT YOU RIGHT, AND THE BEST NERVE FOOD IN THE WORLD IS

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

They give strength and tone to every nerve in the body, and make despondent, easily irritated people feel that life has renewed its charms. But you must get DR WILLIAMS' Substitutes never cured anyone—the genuine pills have cured thousands who are willing to say so.

If your dealer does not keep them they will be mailed, post paid at 50 cents per box, six boxes for \$2.50, by address to the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

end of the route over the pass, from there on to Lakes Lindeman and Bennett being easy travelling down gentle slopes that offer not the slightest peril to anybody. Sheep Camp, the place the slide of last April occurred, when so many persons lost their lives, is from a mile to a couple of miles from the summit. From there to the summit the trail is comparatively safe, although the ascent is steep; but beyond, from the head of the pass down to Crater lake, there is a drop of 350 feet, at an angle of 45 degrees, that is as perilous as a toboggan slide.

Parties which have followed the Chilkoot route to the lakes have been accustomed to wrap their supplies in tarpaulins and to carry them down by the hill side, while they followed in much the same manner. The heavy travel down has out and packed paths in the snow that are frequently so deep as to reach to a man's shoulders. The last part of the journey being the most difficult, there is generally a rest made at the foot of the summit and at the base of one of the highest mountains in this vicinity.

The altitude of Chilkoot summit is 3,775 feet, of Crater lake, 3,038 feet, and for the eight miles on to Lake Lindeman there is a declivity of 898 feet. The bodies of five of the victims were found on Sunday, December 11th, and were on their way to Skagway when the Rosalie left that port. They were found by a searching party, a member of which arrived by the Rosalie. He says the scene was one of horror. Protruding from the heterogeneous mass of ice and snow, mixed up with rocks and timber, which had swept down the pass, was a woman's head and hand, both cold in death. About two hours afterwards, and still buried, the bodies of the unfortunate were not crushed and mangled as were those of the victims of last year's horror. They had been smothered to death apparently without suffering.

Mrs. Darling, who, with her sons was lost in the avalanche, left the Sound on September 30th by the steamer Farallon with a party led by a man named Reukh, which was going to Dawson. She intended going to either Lake Bennett or Lake Atlin, but after arriving at the head of Lynn canal she met Shaw, with whom she was evidently associated in a business way, and took charge of his boat at Crater lake.

She conducted this until a month ago, when Shaw returned to Seattle to settle some business, while Mrs. Darling remained at the Olympic hotel at Dyea until he returned. He arrived back there late in November, and the party was made up for a store, where Mrs. Darling was to manage a store, or other business to be established. She was formerly a school teacher in Snohomish county.

Shaw had been packing between Dyea and Bennett for the last year. He is said to have recently had trouble with his partner, who skipped out, leaving many bills unpaid.

Bert John, of Juneau, was but 18 years of age, and the reason for his taking the dangerous trip does not appear. He was a friend of the Darling boys. The name of the sixth person cannot be

EXTREME NERVOUSNESS.

Frequently brings its Victims to the Verge of Insanity—The Case of a Young Lady Given up by Two Doctors.

(From the Smith's Falls News.)

Many cases have been reported of invalids who had suffered for years, and who had been given up by the attending physician who have been restored to health and vigor through that now world-famed medicine, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, but we doubt if there is one more startling or more convincing than that of Miss Elizabeth Minshull, who resides with her brother, Mr. Thomas Minshull, of this town. The News meeting Mr. Minshull asked him if the story was correct. He replied: "All I know is that my sister had been given up as incurable by two physicians. She is now well enough to do any kind of housework, and this change has, it is my honest conviction, been brought about by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. My sister is 20 years of age. She came to Canada from England about ten years ago and resided with a Baptist minister, Rev. Mr. Cody, at Sorel, Que. In April of 1896, she took ill and gradually grew worse. She was under a local physician's care for over five months. The doctor said that she was suffering from a complication of nervous diseases, and that he could do little for her. The minister then wrote me and I had her come to Smith's Falls in the hope that a change and rest would do her good. When she arrived here she was in a very weak state and a local physician was called in to see her. He attended her for some time, but with poor results, and finally acknowledged that the case was one which he could do very little for. My sister had by this time become a pliable object; the slightest noise would disturb her, and the slightest exertion would almost make her insane. It required someone to be with her at all times, and often after a fit of extreme nervousness she would become unconscious and remain in that state for hours. When I went home I had to take my boots off at the doorstep so as not to disturb her. When the doctor told me he could do nothing for her, I consulted with my wife, who had great faith in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I concluded it would do harm to try them anyway, and mentioned the fact to the doctor. The doctor did not oppose their use, but said he thought they might do her good, as they were certainly a good medicine. In September of last year she began to use the Pills, and in a few days she was better. She began to show signs of improvement. She has continued their use since, and is today a living testimony of the curative power of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

BURNED TO THE GROUND.

ST. GEORGE'S CATHEDRAL, KINGSTON, TOTALLY DESTROYED.

KINGSTON, Jan. 1.—St. George's cathedral, Anglican, was burned down this morning. The fire was discovered at 5 o'clock and in a few hours the fine structure was a mass of ruins, supposed to be from an explosion of gas in the furnace. The fire was very intense, and the fire was 12 below zero and the fireman's work was very hard. St. John Barnes and John Sands, were seriously injured by falling lava. Mrs. Arnold, an old lady living opposite the church, dropped dead from excitement. The cathedral was built in 1825, and remodelled at several later dates. Probably a hundred thousand dollars have been expended upon it. The debt was thirty thousand dollars. Insurance twenty-five thousand in the Sun, Lancashire, Northern Alliance and Mutual. A portion of the records and vestments were saved. Many fine windows, memorial tablets and brasses were destroyed. The church will be rebuilt.

The Fighting Engineers of the Oregon.

Eternal vigilance is the price of good engines. Robert Milligan, fighting engineer and the men under him put the Oregon where the men behind the guns could destroy the best ships of Spain. The Oregon started down the Pacific without a war time complement of men—27 short in the engineer's force, and 67 less than her builders furnished on her trial trip. This meant work for the 91 who had to steam her to Jupiter Inlet. When the ship stopped they worked all the harder, for there was coaling to be done, and overhauling in careful haste. When the coaling was specially rapid, the officers and men of the engineer's force worked 24 hours on end. The ship started when the bunkers were filled. Not an ounce of salt water was allowed in the Oregon's boilers. Milligan, writing from Callao to a brother officer, said: "I fear that I am rapidly becoming the most unpopular man in the ship, because I am determined that we shall not put salt water in the boilers, and to that end have insisted to the captain that, if necessary, we must cut down the fresh water allowance for officers and men to the bare amount necessary for drinking and cooking."—Arthur Warren in the Engineering Magazine for January.

Watchers of the Bank.

BOYS can earn a Steady \$100 a month worth of cash, and no experience necessary. Boys who send to the States for goods in a spec. duty. Goods not sold exchanged, no money required. Write at once, stating your father's occupation, and we will mail the goods.

Manufacturers Agency Co., Toronto, Ont.

The Bank of Nova Scotia declares a semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent. The Halifax Banking Company declares 3 per cent; the Merchant's Bank of Halifax, 3 1/2 per cent.