lear pork and plate beef are lower, pound lard higher.

GRAIN, SEEDS, HAY, ETC. ats, beans and pot barley are lower. varies considerably in value and

| (local(on track ... 0 34 (Ontario) on track ... 0 35 (P. E. 1.) on track ... 0 37 small lots ... 0 37 s (Canadian h p) 1 80 s. prime ... 1 70

FLOUR, MEAL, ETC. his whole list, except cottonseed , is marked lower than a week the decline being quite a sharp

FRUITS, ETC.

mons have sharply advanced. New s and plums and Canadian grapes quoted. Samples of new dried are coming in. Onions are

Aper.
Ins. California Muscatels 0 05½ " 0 06½
Ins. Sultana 0 06½ " 0 07
Incla, new 0 04 0 04½
Incla layer, new 0 05 0 05½
Ints, per bbl, new 0 03% 0 04½
Ints, cases, new 0 04 0 04½
Ints, cases, new 0 04 0 04½
Ints, cases, new 0 04 0 04½
Ints, cases, new 0 00 0 05½
Ints, per crate 2 00 2 50
I apples 0 05½ 0 06
I apples 0 05½ 0 06
I apples, new per lb 0 07½ " 0 08
Ins. Messina 0 00 " 10 00
Ins. Messina 0 11 0 15

LUMBER AND LIME. market is dull. There is no defor birch timber. The United spruce market is less active earlier in the season.

FREIGHTS. reights are dull. The ocean rate is ut 37s 6d, and to U S ports the rate ow and business very slow. rpool (intake measure). !

ol Channel ... Coast Ireland.... OILS.

surning oils have eased off a little ently. Linseed oil is firmer, turtine lower.

an prime white (bbl 0 19%, " 0 21% 0 17¼ " 0 18 0 59 " 0 60 0 62 " 0 63 0 45 " 0 46 ofl ... 0 45 0 46
oil (steam refined) 0 28 0 30
oil (steam refined) 0 38 0 43
oil (commercial) 0 35 0 90
r oil (commercial) per lb 0 0614 0 07
lard oil 0 65 0 70
lard oil 0 66 0 6 8 COAL

me advances are to be noted in list, notably in hard coals. Mines Sydney 0 00 " 6 00 oria (Sydney) per chal. 0 00 " 4 6 Mines Sydney 000
oria (Sydney) per chall 000
ng Hill, round, per chald 000
donia, per chald 000
donia, per chald 000
donia, per chald 000
lia (Pictou), per chald 000
ins, per chald 000
ins, per chald 000
ins, per chald 000
ins, per chald 000
cen (affithracite) per ton 000
cen (affithracite) per ton 000
e or nut, per ton 000
stnut, per ton 000
trut, per ton 000
trut, per ton 000

IRON, NAILS, ETC. per 100 lbs or ordized, 2c per lb, net, 2 15 " 2 30 rra ... 0 00 " 0 00 or 0 o

cut nails, 50d and 60d, anish pink is a new insecticide, to destroy potato bugs, cabbage is and caterpillers more readily Paris green and to be less danus to handle.

NOVA SCOTIA.

The Business Portion of Liverpool Destroyed by Fire.

Fifteen Stores, Many Dwellings and Two Newspaper Offices Burned.

AMHERST.

Amherst, Sept. 6.-While being driven to Amherst driving park this morning, Isabelle, the handsome four-yearold bay mare of J. R. Lamy, dropped dead. Isabelle was by Sir Nutwood, dam Lyra, and was a very promising animal, showing a 54 clip at the time

John A. McKinnon, barrister, and bride, of Halifax, are spending the

At a meeting of the ratepayers tonight to hear the report of the committee on sewerage, it was unanimous-ly decided to adjourn the meeting indefinitely, and that the report be filed in the town clerk's office to enable the property holders to examine. This practically settles the question of sewerage for the present.

Amherst, N. S., Sept. 8 .- At the close of the communion service in Amherst Baptist church this morning Rev. Dr. Steele gave the church notice that he intended to occupy the pulpit of the new church for one year only, and then that his services as pastor would end. The reasons given are that it was difficult at the best to lead'so large a church, with its various interests, with the aid and sympathy of all, but when there is not full sympathy it is an impossible task. Understanding that there was some dissatisfaction, he preferred to tender his resignation rather than work when there is not perfect harmony. His reasons for giving a year's notice instead of the usual three months were that it was due to himself, after the part he had taken in the rearing of this new building, that he should preach in it for a time, and also that there were some matters of importance that needed attention before he could hand over the reins to his successor. Dr. Steele has labored faithfully and with great acceptance in the Amherst Baptist hurch for twenty-eight years, and his resignation came like an unexpected blow to the majority present this morning. What action the church may take is a matter of conjecture as yet.

son here this morning announced the sudden death at Yarmouth of Miss Bessie A. Wilson, up to last August a teacher in the Amherst academy. Miss Wilson was a daughter of John and Mary Wilson, formerly of Halifax, at present of Roxbury, Mass,, and was of her death. Her body will be brought to Amherst for interment.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Page,

vices were conducted by Rev. Dr.

BRIDGETOWN.

Bridgetown, Sept. 2.—Clark Bros. of Bear River are getting 300,000 feet of lumber from Hampton, a small village five miles from here. It will be taken to Rosario Argentine Republic.

Loss. Insurance. Hendry & Millard \$9,000 None. A. W. Hendry 4,500 None. Andrew W. McNutt 10,000 \$3,600 Tribby Block 5,000 4,000 The schrs. Muriel and E. Norris are lightering the cargo to Digby Basin, where it will be loaded on the threemasted schr. Arona, Capt. Parker.

al Sunday school convention of Annapolis county will be held in Providence Methodist church, Bridgetown, Sept. It is rumored that Wm. Banks, who

was supposed to have committed suicide by hanging, met his death by some other means. His body is to be exhumed and an examination made. Bridgetown, Sept. 2.- One of the most important arbitrations ever held in this county has just been concluded and the "water question" of Midbecome a hone of contention has hanbeen settled. In 1890, Fletcher B. Wade of Bridgewater, Robert G. Leckie of Acadia Mines, Hector Mac-Lean and John Ervin of Bridgetows and others were incorporated as the Middleton Water Supply Co., Ltd., with a capital stock of twenty thousand dollars, and having the exclusive right of supplying the town of Mid-dleton and the inhabitants thereof with water for the period of twenty years for domestic, fire and other puroses. Provision was made for the town to have the right to take over water supply system at a fair valuation over and above the actual cost of the construction thereof whenever they should become incorporated, the amount to be paid to be determindissatisfied with the management of the system and last winter had an act

ed by arbitration. The town became passed incorporating themselves for this purpose, and forced the company to submit the question to arbitrators Some time ago the company offered to sell out and save expenses of arbitration for \$22,500, but the town refused to accept. The court sat Middleton for eleven days and heard a great deal of evidence. The company claimed about \$35,000, while the town appeared to think \$15,000 a reaonable figure. The court closed the 17th of August to meet again in Halifax last week to make up the award. The award was completed on last Friday and on receiving notice to that effect the town promptly paid the expenses of arbitration and got a copy of the award.

By the decision of the arbitrators e town will have to pay \$21,304.26 to the company, also costs of the refer ence, amounting to \$978.65. In addition to this the town owe the company for rent of taps ,\$100, and for hydrants

HALIFAX.

Halifax, N. S., Sept. 5.- Professor Lawson, who has occupied the chair of chemistry in Dalhousie college since the re-opening of the college in 1863, has tendered his resignation to the reason. The board will meet tomor-

row to consider the matter, and it is hoped Professor Lawson will be induced to reconsider.

J. A. McKinnon, a popular barrister of this city and graduate of Dalhousie law school, was today married to Miss Nettie N. Murray, only daughter of Robert Murray, of the Presbyterian Witness. The groomsman was G. W. Schurman, brother of President Schurman of Cornell university.

A special freight train on the D. A. R. from Windsor Junction to Kentville tonight ran over and killed Alex. Mc-Donald of St. Croix, near Newport, From the position of the body, it appears the man was lying with his head on the rail.

Early this season the hard coal dealers of this city agreed to charge \$5 per ton. H. D. Mackenzie entered the field and made a deal which has caused the price to drop all round. The combine is broken and hard coal can now be bought here at from \$4.25 to \$4.50 per ton.

Hallfax, N. S., Sept. 6.-Rev. Allan Simpson of this city, who has been pastor of Park street Presbyterian church for thirty years, has been in poor health for some months. He has been granted a furlough and in a fortnight will start on an extended trip

The Ramblers' Cycle club tourists start tomorrow afternoon. They will arrive at St. John by steamer from Yarmouth next Friday evening.

Professor Lawson's resignation of the professorship of chemistry was accepted today by the board of governors of Dalhousie college. The position will be filled this session by a temporary appointment. A number of candidates have applied for the place, one being from St. John.

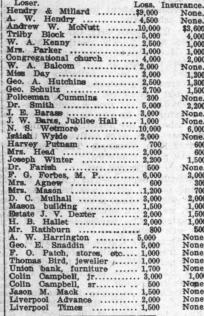
Among the passengers on the I. C. R. fast express to take the I. C. R. at St. John tomorrow for Toronto will be Hon. Capt. Colborne, Judge Henry, Walter Lawson, manager of the Commercial Bank of Windsor, J. S. Ken-

nedy, G. A. Smith and W. L. Kane. The twelve year old son of widow Fitzgerald was playing leap frog yesterday in St. Patrick's school play ground. Fitzgerald was standing close in front of the boy whose turn it was to stoop and allow another to leap over him. As the jumper came over the head and shoulders of his mate his foot violently struck Fitzgerald in the stomach. The sufferer was taken home and this afternoon died of rup-

LIVERPOOL.

Halifax, Sept. 8.—An incendiary fire started in an unoccupied building at 3 o'clock this morning, destroying the business portion of Liverpool, N. S., including fifteen stores, the Advance A telegram received by B. J. Law-on here this morning announced the office, a number of dwellings, the Congregational church, the Trilby hotel, the Music hall, the Jubilee hall, the Western Union telegraph office and several offices. The loss exceeds \$125. 000, with insurance for only half that sum. A stiff northwest breeze prevailon her way to her parents at the time ed and the single antiquated fire engine was powerless to arrest the pro-gress of the flames. By the time the church bells rung for service the heart wife of W. C. Page, took place at High-land cemetery this afternoon. The ser-of ruins.

A death in the home of a Western Union telegraph operator, a few hours before the fire broke out, necessitated the removal of the corpse twice to places of safety. The losses and insurances are, as far as known:



(Halifax Herald.

It was a pretty wedding that took place at Studley yesterday afternoon, when John A. Mackinnon, of the law firm of Hanright & Mackinnon, and Miss Antoinette N. Murray, only daughter of Robert Murray, editor of the Presbyterian Witness, were married. Rev. John McMillan, pastor of Chalmers church, was the officiating clergyman. The bride was charming, beautifully attired in a white corded silk dress; she carried a bouquet of white roses and carnations. Miss Lucy Stikeman was bridesmaid, also wearing a dress of white silk. George W. Schurman, of the New York bar, assisted the groom. The wedding ceremony was performed in the presence of relatives and intimate friends of the bride and Mr. Mackinnon. The bridesmaid a turquoise ring. There tained what is practically a defeat were many presents from friends of and, as I think, a deserved defeat, at the friends, made the presentation Children who hear verses read as taken by surprise, but he proved equal law school, and one of the most prom-

ladies of Halifax and is universally liked. The happy couple have the Herald's best wishes for a long, useful and prosperous life's journey.

PRINCIPAL GRANT.

First of His Series of Letters From Manitoba.

The School Question—Difficulties and Defects of the Old System.

Catholic Position Under Existing Laws-Could the Old System Have Been Treated Less Radically ?- Summary of Situation.

(Special cor. Toronto Globe.)

larly that kind of politics which is sometimes called paternalism, and at practical, so far as Protestants are other times unnecessary government concerned at any rate. Of course, interference. This is a wide and in-cion and irritation there is difficulty. viting subject, but I shall touch only In those circumstances all education on one aspect of it, that, namely, is conducted at a disadvantage. The which concerns the schools of the pro- moral is that there can be no greatvince. If Mr. Martin had been wiser er injury done to our schools than the in 1890 he would have been satisfied with a less dramatic and startling measure of reform than that which he forced on the provincial cabinet: and if the dominion government had been wiser in 1895, when the privy council answered the reference made to it, they would have been satisfied with a more unpretending message to Manitoba than the remedial order

different times, and, in consequence, the province of Manitoba has suffered and is likely to suffer still more before its school question is finally adjusted. In saying this there is no desire to reflect on the powers that be. It is easy to be wise after the event. But it must be said that I have met no one who does not condemn Mr. Martin's conduct and Sir Mackenzie Bowell's remedial order. Neither is it meant that the province as a whole is thinking much about the school question at present. The harvest, the temperature, the prices, the questions of threshing and of transportation, these absorb the thoughts of the vast majority. But the school question is also in the mind of almost everyone, and you have not to go very far to come to it. So far as my own experience goes it is talked of less, save in a few circles in Manitoba, than in Ontario, Quebec or the mari-

whole dominion, was unnecessarily forced upon Manitoba in 1890 from within, and is now being forced upon within, and is now being forced upon Practically it came to this, that where it from without, with just as little necessity. It may be said that we have only to do with the present and that bygones must be bygones. That is a half truth, and half truths are special township tax was concerned.

Practically it came to this, that wherever there was a mixed community, with the minority too weak to sustain a school of its own, the majority had to sustain the school, so far as the special township tax was concerned. generally whole lies. We cannot understand the present condition of affairs or judge fairly as to the present state of schools in Manitoba without going back to 1890. There is a quarrel now and it is a fair question to ask, Who began it?

THE OLD SCHOOL SYSTEM.

Up to 1890, the school system in Manitoba was denominational. The board of education consisted of two mon sense in the legislature of Mani- their children, the clergy will give way sections one embracing the Protestant and the other the Roman Catholic members. There was a superintendent of the Protestant and a superintendent of the Catholic schools, and board. Under this system the schools were, in my opinion, as well taught and managed as was possible under the circumstances of a province so sparsely settled, and with the winters so severe that to this day, in not a few sections, the schools are closed from December to April, and-partly to make up for that-there is no midsummer vacation. There was no religious difficulty then, and yet religious instruction was given to a less or greater extent in all schools. We are sometimes told that Protestants cannot agree on this subject. That is a delusion. There has never been any difficulty in the Protestant schools of Quebec. There was none in Manitoba. I might go further. No insuperable difficulty has been found in the mighty city of London in giving Bible instruction in the board schools to Protestants and Roman Catholies alike, there being, of course, a conscience clause, though

it is seldom taken advantage of. THE BIBLE IN THE SCHOOLS. By Bible instruction I do not mean, on the one hand, dogmatic teaching nor, on the other hand, the mere reading of passages from Scripture without note or comment, such as we have in the public schools of Quebecc. groom's present to the bride was a section of the London school board gold spray of forty pearls, and to the wanted the former, but they have susand, as I think, a deserved defeat, at the happy couple. A specially beauti- the hands of the progressives. But ful one was an onxy clock given by the progressives are in favor of Bible Mr. Mackinnon's fellow-boarders at instruction, and there can be no in-Hillside hall, with whom he was very struction if neither questioning nor popular. Colonel Curren, on behalf of notes and comments are allowed. after dinner at Hillside on Wednesday fetish will learn nothing of the facts evening, doing so in a felicitous and of the Bible, its history, geography, witty speech. Mr. Mackinnon was biographies, or its literature. They may study every literature intelligent to the occasion and responded in fit- ly except that which is at the root of ting terms. After the wedding cere- our own best language, life and literamony an hour was spent in expressing ture and the unintelligent reading of congratulations and good wishes, and portions of it is an effective way of then the train was taken for a three teaching them that the Bible is not or four weeks' honeymoon trip to New intended to be understood. How far Brunswick, P. E. Island and Cape Brethis Ontario farce of Bible instruction ton. Mr. Mackinnon is one of the is responsible for neglect of Bible readbrightest graduates of the Dalhousie ing in after life I shall not venture to say. I am only concerned now with ising young barristers of the Nova pointing out that the supposed diffi-Scotia bar, and is a personal favorite culty of giving religious instruction

SCHOOL SLATES

ONE CARLOAD JUST RECEIVED. ALSO:

Slate Pencils, Carter's Ink, Lead Pencls,

. Chalk Crayons, Mucilage, Pen Holders.

PRICES VERY LOW.

Winnipeg, Sept. 2-***Politics are responsible for a good deal. particu-

creation in the public mind of either suspicion or irritation. DIFICULTIES AND DEFECTS. I do not mean to imply for a moment

that the Manitoba school system prior to 1890 was perfect. It was very far from that. It had grievous defects, and it says little for the wisdom and energy of the board of education that no vigorous efforts were made to remedy these. Here, as in many other nor the federal government was possessed of the wisdom required at the one of those defects, from the case of the school section in which I am writing this communication. It includes the whole township, and therefore some of the scholars have to walk more than three miles to reach the school yet the whole number of scholars is twelve, and the attendance is other day six were present. The teacher seemed to me a governess instructing the children of one family, for the six were of different ages, and there were three or four reading classes. It can be understood at once that the school tax in such a section must be pretty heavy; yet under the old law it was not permitted to levy a rate on Roman Catholics in a Proestant section nor on Protestants in a Roman Catholic section. This section has two Roman Catholic families one of them owning a thousand acres. Under the old law he was assessed time provinces; but it would be a tees received a lawyer's letter demand-great mistake to assume that there ing the money back with interest. The great mistake to assume that there is any question more really vital to the unity of feeling, the harmony of races and to everything else that makes for the true prosperity of the province. And it is provoking to think that this question, in its present position so threatening to the whole dominion was unpacesserily.

> THE CHANGE TOO RADICAL. a house down in order to taste crack- the clergy are opposed to what the toba to wipe out the absurd law that or something will break. "in no case shall a Protestant rateinsufficient inspection, the employof the school taxes levied on corporacommon sense of the people. man Catholic schools under the old

intolerable.

very large supposition, two or three method equal to the slow and sure.

questions remain to be put. First, THE OLD SYSTEM DEFECTIVE. are not poor schools better than poorer, and are not the poorer better than none at all? As a matter of

MARSHALL'S

HERRING KIPPERED.....

......HERRING IN TOMATO SAUCE......HERRING IN SHRIMP SAUCE.

Delicious Delicacies for the Camp, Picnic, Supper Table, etc.

JARDINE & CO., 28 and 30 Water St.

school system is really to make edu- have no doubt that some of the quescumstances of the case be taken into bounds examined the scho cation, and it is not easy to teach English to children whose parents believe their own language and litersometimes two. When I visited it the ature to be decidedly superior, and who still cherish the notion that there may be a French-speaking nation on the continent of America. The notion is preposterous, but the only way of treating it is by ignoring it and allowing it to die out of the minds of those who entertain it on what seem to them sufficient grounds. Petty persecution, or what seems to them persecution, will only cause it to take

firmer root. POSITION OF THE CLERGY. Instead then of charging the Roman Catholic clergy with being indifferent to education, we should re-member the difficulties which they have always had to encounter in the Northwest. They were to a large extent the picneers of religion, civilization and education in the country, and their people are not likely to forget nor to be ungrateful to them. Attacks on them from without will oaly strengthen their power, and the more thoughtless and unjust these attacks are, the more will their people be consolidated. Policy and tustice alike demanded treatment of a clergy of any denomination have in This would have been bad enough the present day, they have it solely had the population been as dense as in virture of their people's belief in in Ontario. But where the majority their goodness, their disinterestedness in the section often numbered only and their wisdom; and the people half a dozen families or less it was themselves must be left to find out whether or no they are infallible. What is happening in Ontario and There is no need, however, to burn Quebec now shows clearly that when

Who insisted, two years ago, on getpayer be obliged to pay for a Catholic ratepayer schools of Kingston but the Roman for a Protestant school." So with Catholic laity, with the result that, at these two were the secretaries of the other defects in the old law, such as this year's entrance examination to the collegiate institute, the second ment of ill-qualified and non-certifi- third and fourth places were taken by cated teachers, the unfair distribution pupils from those schools? Who are now insisting in Ottawa on getting good tions, and possibly one or two other teachers into the separate schools but minor defects. Any government pro- the Roman Catholic laity? They will posing to remedy these would sooner get their way, too, no matter what or later have been sustained by the the archbishop or Chistian Brothers may think of their attitude. Who are It is alleged that most of the Ro- pressing for reforms in the Roman Catholic schools of Quebec now but system were badly managed, badly distinguished Roman Catholic laymen, taught, badly inspected, and that no school inspectors and others well acserious attempt was made to teach quainted with the actual state of af-English in them. Even if these al- fairs? It may take a long time to get legations were true, and that is a reforms in this way, but there is no

I have then very little doubt that many of the Roman Catholic schools in Manitoba, prior to 1890, were about course, they have been poorer since 1890, because they have been starved, and now I understand that many of them are to be closed altogether for lack of funds. I have already seen lack of funds. I have already seen the spectacle of school houses with well as in their inability to speak Engthe windows boarded up, and a sorry spectacle it is, especially when it is that trustees of schools and munimade in the alleged interest of a cipal councillors should be able to read made in the alleged interest of a "national" system. Sydney Smith and write was significant. Equally defined the Irish church as "a church por the Irish people". If "na significant, I may remark, was the function of the Irish people". not for the Irish people." If "na- tillity of enacting the law. Asking the not for the Irish people. It is tillty of enacting the law. It is till to enacting the law. It is secretary-treasurer of a French multiplication of the law. with the nation they must come un-der a portion of the reproach which councillors were able to come up to the der a portion of the reproach which led to the disestablishment of the Irish church. Secondly, was there any possible way of making the alleged poor schools better, save with leged poor schools better, save with law?" "Well," he slowly replied, "you the hearty concurrence of the people? see, it is quite easy for a man to learn DISCONTENT OF THE CATHOLICS to write his own name, and, having Now, far from gaining the concurdone so, it is just as easy for him to ence of the people, the native half- read it." But, notwithstanding all preeds, the immigrant French, the that can be said on this side, good immigrant French-Canadians and all work was done in many of the schools who look to the Roman Catholic Ridicule has been cast on the characclergy for light and leading have ter of some of the questions on which been alienated. A sense of injustice, candidates for teachers' licenses, were with all the bitter feelings connected examined, but it is forgotten that therewith, has been engendered in those questions are picked out from natures naturally sensitive and gen- the paper on religion, and that as the erous. This is the result of legislat- schools were at that time, frankly deing without regard to the facts of the nominational, the questions were necase and of supposing that laws will cessarily such as a Roman Catholic execute themselves. The government teacher might fairly be asked. Good has no power to initiate schools. All work was done for generations in the that power is in the hands of the parish schools of Scotland, but the people, in the townships and munici- teachers had to be Presbyterian and palities. To render them hostile to a had to know the shorter catechism. I

cation impossible. Thirdly, in contions put to them, or put to their pudemning schools ought not the cirpils, when the presbytery of the consideration? It is not easy to teach have sounded very ridiculous in Ropeople who have, as yet, no great appreciation of the advantage of edu"to live and let live," if a mixed community is to prosper.

A SUMMARY. It seems to me then that the provincial

a great mistake in summarily abolishschool system. They have been at war ever since with the prejudices, the feelings and even the religious convictions of a section of the population that deserved to be treated with the utmost consideration. They believe the war would end if it was not supported from without, but on this point I venture to disagree with them. It will which, to the mass of the people interested, seem reasonable, and the sooner these are made the better. A government is unwise which arrays a peris no force so permanent, and at the same time so easily aroused, as religlous conviction, or-if people prefer the word-religious prejudice. In the same way, it seems to me that the federal government is making a mistake manent force, and one which appeals, and child in the province-I mean the ment. Sir Mackenzie Bowell, in the course of his first parliamentary adpeople of Manitoba may see their way clear to settle this question among themselves. . . If the people of Manitoba are patriots they will keep this question out of the arena of dominion politics." Permit me to point out respectfully that the people of since the last decision of the privy council was given to express views on the subject, but that the federal government has thrown it into has thus aroused a state of provincial feeling which makes it almost impossible to discuss the question on its merits. The sooner it retraces its steps the better. In the meantime the people suffer because the kings-provincial and federal—are unwise, if I may be

allowed a free translation of a well-known Latin line. G. M. GRANT. FROM THE PACIFIC SLOPE.

MR. JOHN RANSWEILER, of Avon Ranch, Ashford, Wash., U. S., writes: "I was advised when in N. S. last year bring home with me some of your PRUSSIAN OIL, and we and our neighbors have found a great friend in it for Headache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, etc., which it cures very quickly. We don't want to be without it and I wish you would please send me by mail 2 or 3 bottles of it if you can. Please try and pay the duty, as it will save us a lot of trouble, for we are over 50 miles away from any railway point or Custom Offices. I will remit by express order if you will let me know what the amount is

Inkstains on anything white can be salt and mater and then in lemon uice. This does not rot the fibres like

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To canvass for "Life and Work of Mr. Gladstone," by J. Castell Hopkins. Introduction by the Hon. G. W. Ross, LL. D., the scholarly Minister of Education. A thrilling narrative of the wonderful career of Mr. Gladstone. Profusely illustrated with portraits of great men of the century, with many of Mr. Gladstone, starting when six years old, published by his permission. A big book, nearly 2 in thick, 3 in wide, 10½ in long. Restall \$3.00. Agents' sample book sent on "epositing \$1.00, which we return with order for twelve books. From \$15 to \$56 a week, according to ability. BRADLEY, GARRETSON & CO., Brantford, Canada. 1650

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WANTED—Agents for Houghton's "Safety" Holdbacks for buggy shafts. Entirely new ides. Straps attached to shafts or detached instantity. No smaps used. Sample pair post-paid 25c. HOUGHTON MANFG CO., Paris, Owieris.