

and in what way a reduction could be made. We should however remember that it is more difficult to withdraw a right or a privilege once granted than to grant it not or refuse it, if it be demanded.

The annual tabular statement of the Notaries by District, would be, no doubt, of great value to find some combination to carry out this suggestion if your honorable Board desire to adopt it and apply to the Legislature for its sanction.

Other suggestions, no doubt, could also be made, for instance, the adoption of some means to give effect to the 172nd section of the 39th Vict. Chap. 33, which allows the Board to submit those aspiring to the practice, to one or more examinations on the study and the practise of the Law during their indenture; also the purchase by the Board of books and other classics in use in the institutions of public education to give to their pupils a liberal and classical education, but this report is already too long.

In conclusion, I feel called upon to here express publicly to the secretaries of the Board of Notaries my thanks for the very hearty manner in which they have responded to my request, to transmit me the statements showing the number of persons admitted to the study and to the practice of the Notarial profession by the Boards of Quebec and Montreal, and by the Provincial Board since its establishment.

The whole nevertheless respectfully submitted.

D. E. PAPINEAU, P. N.,

Ex. Pr. C. N. Q.

Montreal, 2 October, 1879.