

Telegraphic News.

Ottawa, Aug. 25.
Several incendiary fires have occurred here lately, the perpetrators of which have not been discovered.
Huntington has no intention of giving evidence before the Royal Commission.
London, Aug. 24.
Late details from the railroad collision at Bedford place the killed at four only, but fifteen persons were badly injured, several beyond recovery.
The C. & N. are organizing for a movement on Madrid.

New York, Aug. 25.
A gas fire at 11 West 12th St., during the pale of yesterday afternoon, swept away 125 buildings, including all the prominent shops and business, and leaving 130 families homeless. Most of the buildings were of wood, on Union and High streets, and the loss is estimated at half a million dollars.

The Maine captives have been sentenced to be hanged at Fort Klammath, Oregon, on the 3rd of October.

A delinquent of \$10,000 has been discovered in the National Exchange Bank of Albany.

Gold 116.
Advice from Montana report a fight between General Custer's command and a body of 800 hostile Indians, in which the latter were defeated. Gen. Custer and Adjutant Metchum had their horses shot under them. Lieut. Braden was badly shot in the thigh; Private Tuttle, Custer's orderly, was killed, and twenty soldiers were slightly wounded.
Indian loss is estimated at forty killed and wounded.

UNITED STATES RAILWAYS.—The railway system of the United States has during the past few years assumed vast proportions. There is a valuable annual publication which gives reliable information of the finances and mileage of all the American railways, and from this book, H. V. Poor's Railway Manual for 1873-4, the following is mainly summarized.—The American railway system being in 1870, when throughout the United States there were but 23 miles of railway. In 1891 the system had grown to 31,286 miles; at the close of 1872 it was 67,104 miles, and during that year 6,427 miles had been added. The aggregate cost of the American railways is stated at \$1,159 millions dollars, of which 1,648 millions are capital stock and 1,511 millions various forms of debt, chiefly bonds maturing at distant periods. The cost of the roads per mile was slightly over \$55,000. In 1873 the gross earnings were \$73 millions, 28 per cent, of it being from passenger transportation, and 72 per cent, from goods traffic. \$8,256 represents the average receipts per mile, and the ratio of earnings to the population of the country was \$11.76c. per head. It took 65 per cent, of the gross receipts to operate the lines, leaving 35 per cent., or 1,654 millions, for net earnings, or five and one fifth per cent. on the total cost of the railways, the gross receipts being about 15 per cent. on the total cost. Of the net earnings 64 millions were paid in dividends, being three and one-tenth per cent. on the capital; while the balance which went to pay interest on debt was equal to six and seven-tenths per cent. on the total debt.

A new Mayflower Voyage.

Among the arrivals by the steamer "Hammon," at New York, last week, were 19 families, numbering about a hundred in all, of the sect of Mennonites. This is the second body of this peculiar class which has arrived in America this summer. The homes of this people were at Fiodora in the Crimea, where they lived in plenty of considerable farms. The estate of the Czar to Russia in exchange for their long-time exemption from military service, and by trying to induce them to adopt the Russian tongue in place of their ancestral German, and to conform in other respects to Russian customs, determined the Mennonites to emigrate. This colony of Baptists, tinged with the Quaker tenet of non-resistance, has been given by the Russian Government a space of 10 years in which either to emigrate or to adopt wholly the Russian spirit and ways. After that time if they remain they must be content to lose themselves in the general level of Russian subjects, with the enjoyment of no special privileges of any kind. Notwithstanding the announcement of the Government that any of this sect are at liberty to emigrate at any time within the prescribed ten years, the body which has just arrived had considerable difficulty in getting permission to leave the country. Only after repeated applications to provincial governors, to the Governor-General, and finally to the Minister at St. Petersburg, were they allowed to go. They have started for Kansas, where lands have been secured for them. Their first thought was toward Canada, as the English Government promised them immunity from military service.

Mr. Justice Denman, in a recent charge to the grand jury at the Oxford England, assizes, stated, as the result of experience, that he found "with high wages and great prosperity drunkenness and crime go hand in hand together," and that as regarded crime higher wages are the sure forerunner of expenses attended with violence. This coming from a Judge whose position gives him opportunity to see and a right to express his opinion, must be true, cause extreme pain to those who have labored for the working man.

FOOTPADS IN MAINE.—A special telegram from Bangor, Me., says that the Ellsworth and Cherryfield stages have been stopped three times within a week by some unknown men,

who, however, allowed it to go on unmolested. The old driver has refused to drive, and a new one has been appointed. Deputy Sheriff Peterson, of Hancock County, while out driving with his wife a few nights since in the neighborhood of Bucksport, was set upon by three highway men. The Sheriff, being an athletic man, jumped out and killed two of the robbers, while the third took to his heels. The two prisoners were taken to Bucksport and held for trial.

VALUABLE IMPORTATION OF CATTLE FROM CANADA.—If anything is needed to prove the superiority of Canada for rearing and feeding cattle, it might have been found in the importation of cattle by Allan's mail steamer Sarniam, which arrived in the Mersey on Tuesday. She brought upwards of thirteen head of cattle, which were consigned to Lord Dunmore. It appears the sizes and dams of these were purchased by Mr. Cochran and other noted Canadian breeders from Lord Dunmore some time ago, the breed of which having so much improved, Lord Dunmore has purchased these from the Canadian owners.

The Standard.

SAINT ANDREWS, AUG. 27, 1873.

New School Building.

The new School Building on the lots corner of William and Carleton Streets is now nearly completed, and will be ready for occupancy next week. It is situated near the centre of the Town, on an elevated position and has ample play grounds for pupils. The building is 40x60 feet, two stories high, and surmounted by a tower 20 feet high and 11 feet square, the vane of which is a large quilt with index pointing N. S. E. W. It has not yet been determined whether a large Gong or bell will be used for summoning the pupils. An addition 48x10 feet, has been erected in front to the building the same height, affording spacious hall and cap rooms, with separate entrances for girls and boys.

On each day there are two school rooms, 22x32, well lighted by large windows, with two black boards in each room, 22 and 14 feet in length; also cloak rooms 6x12 feet in length attached to each room for girls. From the tower, a magnificent view of the Bay and surrounding country may be had, and indeed the prospect from the upper flat is very fine. The rooms are properly ventilated, the foul air being carried off by pipes leading to the air flows in the chimney. Two rooms in the third flat not yet finished will be 20x28 feet each.

The building presents an imposing appearance, is an ornament to the Town, and a credit to the architect, Mr. Stinson, when finished it will compare favorably with any school building in the County, and supply a want long felt by the school children of the place, of well ventilated and commodious school rooms. Underneath the building is a large cellar for coal and wood, and immediately in rear a well finished outbuilding on an improved plan.

As comparisons are odious we need not allude to the antiquated and dilapidated buildings in which scholars were heretofore confined for several hours each week day, for many years, as a better order of things now prevails, and children's health as well as their education is attended to. It will now be a pleasure as well as a profit to the student to pursue his studies in a pleasant and well ventilated room, under the tuition of thoroughly qualified teachers.

We congratulate our townsmen on this new educational establishment, and the energetic and industrious Trustees on their admirable selection of a site for the building, and their successful efforts in having it finished before the Fall term. After the schools are fairly at work, we hope to find time to visit them and will report accordingly.

BOOT AND SHOE FACTORY.—Mr. J. Hanson has leased the premises adjoining Mr. Siskney's Jewellery Store, for the purpose of establishing a boot and shoe factory, and is putting up the machinery necessary for carrying on the business. We learn that during next month, he intends commencing operations, and will give employment to about twenty men. Mr. Hanson, who is a native of this County, has had several years' experience in some of the largest factories in the States, and thoroughly understands the business. We trust that his enterprise will meet with such encouragement, as to warrant him to enlarge his factory.

THE MESSRS. O'NEIL have purchased the large store at Indian Point, formerly occupied by Mr. Goldard, and intend having it placed on the site of their building destroyed by fire ten days ago, head of the Market Wharf, fronting on Water Street. The work of moving the building is under the superintendence of Mr. Geo. Gilley, which is a sufficient guarantee that it will be expeditiously and well done. The store is a comparatively new one, and in good repair. We congratulate the Messrs. O'Neil on their enterprise and energy, and trust that in their new building they will add to their already large patronage.

NEW GAZETTEER.—Mr. Lovell, the great Montreal publisher, has in press a Gazetteer of British America, specimen sheets of which are before us, and from them we believe the Gazetteer will be all that could be desired; the descriptions of places in our own Province, are well written and true to the letter. We trust Mr. Lovell's enterprise will be largely patronized.

THE NEW DOMINION MONTHLY for August is received, and as usual contains articles of national interest to Canadians. The tales are interesting and founded on fact, and are written in a pleasing

and familiar style, and the selected articles are amusing and instructive. Price \$1.50 per annum. John Dougall & Son, Montreal, publishers.

DRUG STORE.—From a card in our advertising columns, we learn that Mr. J. Inglis Street, has disposed of his stock in trade, here, to his brother Mr. E. LEE STREET, who will continue the business at the present stand. Mr. Street is already known as an attentive, obliging and competent Druggist, and anything we could say would not add to his popularity. This however, we may hope, that the patronage extended to him will be commensurate with attention and desire to please.

THE PIC NIC of Thursday last, at Mowat's Grove, was admitted on all hands to be THE PIC NIC of the season. A number of respectable young men, natives of St. Andrews conceived the idea of having a Town Pic Nic, to which invitations were given by the Executive Committee to the residents of the Town. The day was all that could be wished a clear sky and moderately warm weather. The tables were laid in the grove and filled with a banquet of good things, from the mostly costly cake to plain bread and butter, with pies, tarts, raspberries, blueberries, and the inevitable tea and coffee, all of which were dispensed to the large company, by the attentive and willing hands of the young ladies who presided, whose winning smiles and pressing invitations to partake of the repast were cheerfully responded to. After having furnished the large tables four different times, and all were satisfied, the ladies who presided sat down and partook of tea and coffee, &c., while the young regaled themselves with swings and other amusements. In the field adjoining a butt was erected for the archers; some capital shots were made and prizes awarded. Foot and sack races were also run. The St. Andrews Band meanwhile discoursing sweet music.

On the green a platform was erected where a large number enjoyed themselves tripping the light fantastic toe, the music for which was executed by the Band, and on the violin by Mr. M. Holden, who aroused a terpsichorean spirit among the young people. A more happy party rarely meets than that of Thursday last at the grove; all appeared to enjoy themselves, and the best of feeling prevailed. The shades of evening brought to a termination the days enjoyment, and all returned to town, delighted with the Pic Nic. The young men who got it up and carried it out so successfully, are entitled, and no doubt have received the thanks of the numerous company; they modestly, however, has led them to publish a "card of thanks," which will be seen in another column.

From the time His Excellency the Governor General, the Countess of Dufferin and suite entered this Province, they were received with the strongest demonstrations of loyalty and homage. The great ball at St. John concluding the festivities in that city on Friday evening. On Saturday, the vicar royal party went to Fredericton, and were received with unbounded loyalty and respect by the Local Government and populace, and were the guests of Governor Wilnot. The daily newspapers have already heralded their movements and it is not necessary to reproduce them. They were to leave for Woodstock yesterday, and proceed thence by coaches to Riverview. It is a pleasure to learn that wherever His Excellency visited in the Province he made hosts of friends, and is universally respected. It is probable that he will again visit the Province next year, and make himself acquainted with its manufactures, resources and general interests.

SCARLET FEVER is so sorry to state, is attacking the children in this Town, in two families the disease has proved fatal.

The Storm of wind and rain on Sunday last, did but little damage in this section. The sch. "Alma" was driven ashore on Navy Island, but is not injured. Some old trees were blown down, and fences shattered. The wind continued during the day and until early on Monday morning. The weather is now fine but has a tinge of fall.

The Hon. Dr. Tupper left here on Monday morning last for Nova Scotia via St. John. He will probably meet Mr. Mackenzie, and reply to his attack on the Government. These meetings will benefit the Privy Council, as the false reports will be proved to be malicious.

The Hon. Charles Macpherson is in town. James Hall, Esq., of Peterboro, Ontario, is on a visit to Sandford Fleming, Esq. G. W. Lampson, Esq., of Boston, is at Clark's Hotel.

NEW ROUTE FROM NEW YORK TO LONDON.—A quicker route from New York to London is suggested, to wit: By rail to Shippan, on the Gulf of St. Lawrence, thence across the Gulf by steamer to St. George's Harbor, Newfoundland, thence by rail to St. John's, thence by steamer to Valencia, Ireland, thence by rail to St. George's Channel and by steamer to England. The time of this route can be reduced to seven days three hours, the longest water steaming being 4 days to St. John's to Valencia, 1,600 miles. At the present time, from 10 to 12 days is occupied by the fastest steamers in sailing from New York to Liverpool.

POISONOUS COBALT COMPOUNDS.—According to some experiments of Siegen, the compounds of cobalt are to be reckoned among poisons. This savant experimented with nitrate and chloride of cobalt, and found that one sixth of a grain of either substance would kill a frog in half an hour, and five grains killed a strong rabbit weighing over 3 lbs. in three hours. The poison seems to act di-

rectly upon the muscles of the heart. A frog was poisoned whose heart had been previously exposed, and its contractions became from 50 to 25 per cent less frequent; and after five minutes it stopped, and mechanical scratching failed to produce any farther contractions. With rabbits 1-66 grains produced a strong dyspnea, and the pulse fell from 178 to 128 per minute. [Scientific American.]

TO REMOVE PAINT.—Chloroform will remove paint from a garment or elsewhere, when benzol or kerosene of carbon fails.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE for September contains probably a greater variety of interesting and entertaining matter than was ever included within the covers of a single number of any Magazine. It contains twenty two articles besides the five Editorial Departments. Of these, seven are illustrated, if we include this article in the Drawer on London Street Luxuries.

A second paper is contributed by Col. Aubrey, describing General Sherman's tour in Europe and the East. The illustrations relate to Ephesus and Constantinople, and are in the very best style of art.

An especial interest exists now regarding institutions for deaf mutes, and no better example of these could be selected than that in New York, lately presided over by Dr. Harvey L. Peet. An able illustrated article describing this institution is contributed to this number by Mary Barrett.

There are several other interesting papers from the pens of leading literatures of the United States. The Editorial Department is well filled with instructive matter.

The St. John Daily Tribune, of the 22nd inst., gives the address of the Governor General to the Trustees of Schools, and mentions the following pleasing incident:—

A Presentation to Lord Dufferin.—T. H. Rand, Esq., Supt. of Education, was invited from Fredericton by special request of the Governor General. Mr. Rand had a long conversation with His Excellency, who was most anxious for information in regard to the work of the Board of Education. Everything in connection with the work of the schools was discussed by the two, His Excellency expressing the greatest interest. Mr. Rand requested His Excellency to accept a copy of each of the series of reading books, compiled and adopted for our schools, which he accepted. In the fifth book of the series is an extract, "Iceland and the Geysers," from Lord Dufferin's work, "Letters from High Latitudes," which is also nicely illustrated. His Excellency expressed himself very much flattered by this extract, and more so when Mr. Rand assured him that it was selected entirely on its own merits. It is a question which is the more thoughtful act—His Excellency's having Mr. Rand invited, or the Superintendent's remembering the infantility of the Governor General and presenting this series for the children's use.

SUMMARY.

—The Jesuits expelled from Germany have in part found a home in the county of Lancaster, England. After they had wandered through France, Belgium and England, the brothers Stapleton placed an estate at their disposal, and the fathers at once established a convent at Dillon Hall, with nearly one hundred inmates. Other colonies of German Jesuits have established themselves at Stonyhurst and St. Bonos, in North Wales.

—The drain of emigrants to America," says the "Lancet" Reporter, "is absolutely alarming. The people are leaving the country in crowds; a respectable, well-to-do, intelligent and orderly population are abandoning their native country in countless numbers."—The plans for the suspension bridge over the Mississippi, proposed to be built near Minnabaha Falls, have been drawn. The bridge is to be built in two equal spans and will be seven hundred and twenty feet long. The central tower is to be one hundred and forty eight feet in height and the shore towers each fifty feet high.

—M. B. Palmer, brother of A. L. Palmer, Esq., M. P. was elected to the vacant seat in the local legislature for Albert County on Saturday last by a majority of about fifty votes. The opposing candidates were Messrs. Chas. A. Peck and Peter Duffy.

—The grain crop now being harvested in Arroustook County, Me., is the best that has been produced for several years.

—The system of "dead heading," so much abused on the lines of railway in this Province and Nova Scotia, has been abolished.

Many of our readers will regret to hear of the accidental death of the Rev. Thomas Johnson, son of James Johnson, Esq., of the Customs Department, who was thrown from his carriage while on his way to attend divine service on Sunday 17th inst. near Toronto and instantly killed.

—The chief of the Bureau of Statistics in the United States has addressed a letter to consuls in Europe requesting them to furnish such information as they can gather as to the average wages received by mechanics and others, prices at retail of principal articles of subsistence, cost of house rent, and such other statistics of labor as can be procured.

—The North German Gazette stigmatizes as "a disgusting invention, the report in Bismarck in which the Prince was made to say he would extirpate the idea of God, and substitute that of the State. It declares that Bismarck never used such language or advocated such sentiments, and believes the

falshood originated in the machinations of the Jesuits.

DIED.

On the 24th inst., after a long illness, which bore with Christian resignation, Margaret Ann, wife of Mr. Carnaby Morrison, aged 70 years.
On the 24th inst., of scarlet fever, Jane, eldest daughter of Mr. Henry Cougan, aged 15 years.
On the 22nd inst., of scarlet fever, Eliza Gertrude, youngest daughter of Henry and Agnes Whittaker, aged 3 years.

Ship News.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.

Aug. 20, Schr. Emma Pemberton, M. Quinn, Davares Port, ballast.

Matilda, Stinson, St. Stephen, gen. cargo.

Aug. 20, Ethel, Maloney, Boston, 2700 sleepers, Goodnow & Co.

22, Olive Matilda, Waycott, Portsmouth, 2250 sleepers, R. Ross.

25, Daisy, Maloney, Portland, 1600 sleepers, R. Ross.

Ulrica, Maloney, Boston, 2273 sleepers, Goodnow & Co.

Card of Thanks.

THE PIC-NIC COMMITTEE return sincere thanks to all, through whose kind assistance they were enabled to make the Pic Nic of Thursday last a complete success.

Their thanks are especially due to Col. Mowat, to the gentlemen who furnished lumber and horses free of charge, and to the Ladies, without whose aid all the efforts of the committee would have been in vain.

Signed on behalf of the General Committee, JAMES STOOP, J. A. WADE, W. SNODGRASS.

Aug. 27, 1873.

SINGING SCHOOL.

MR. BENNISON having arrived at Saint Andrews, and the All Saints Episcopal Sabbath School Room, having been kindly given him for to teach in; he has much pleasure therefore of announcing that he will open an

Afternoon Singing Class, at the above named place.

On Monday next, 1st September, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

The price of tuition being only \$1 per scholar for 24 lessons, he anticipates a large class.

Every child should be taught to sing as much as to read and to write.

Aug. 27. R. S. BENNISON.

NOTICE.

The Under-igned having this day sold his Stock in Trade in St. Andrews to E. A. LEE STREET, begs to tender his thanks to his friends for the liberal patronage bestowed upon him, and requests a continuance of the same to his successor.

J. INGLIS STREET
St. Stephen, Aug. 26, 1873. 1st

CARD.

THE Subscriber respectfully renders his thanks to the Fire Companies and Citizens generally, for their kind efforts to save his property from fire, on Monday morning, 18th inst.

Aug. 27. JAMES STOOP.

REMOVAL.

JAMES STOOP, MERCHANT TAILOR, begs to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that in consequence of the destruction of his property by fire, he has removed to Falls' Store opposite the Post Office, where he will continue his business, and be happy to see his customers, and by promptness and efforts to please, to receive a continuance of the patronage hitherto afforded him.

Aug. 27. ROBERT J. MILLER.

NOTICE.

My wife BARBARA having left my house without just cause, I hereby forbid all persons trusting her, or furnishing her with anything on my account.

St. Andrews, 20, 1873. R. J. MILLER.

EDUCATION OFFICE, PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

FREDERICTON, Aug. 11, 1873.

PERSONS intending to present themselves as Candidates for Teacher's License at the Examination beginning on the 16th of September next, are required to transmit to the Chief Superintendent forthwith, satisfactory proof of their eligibility, as is required in reg. 30 (1) of the Board of Education.

Candidates are requested to give notice of the class of license for which they are prepared to undergo examination, and at which of the stations of examination they will present themselves, reg. 30 (3).

THE HON. H. RAND,
Aug 20th Chief Superintendent of Education.

Whitman's Threshing Machine.

Superiority is claimed for these Machines in the following points:

FOR Threshing and Cleaning more Grain, suitable for market, with less power and less wear and tear, than any other machine in the market. For sale by C. E. PIKE, Agent, Calais, Me.

Time for Sale.
300 BARRIS First quality of LIME, also offered for sale by W. M. DICKINSON.

St. Andrew.

THE Subscriber inhabits of St. Andrew and will keep cons.

Drugs.

PATE.

DY.

Cleaver's.

QU.

Fellows.

Ayer's.

SHOSH.

Dr. Ba.

with.

DRUGS, PERI.

ENGLISH.

with.

St. Andrew, A.

EDWARD.

OFFICE.

RESIDENCE.

ST.

RE.

H. O'NEIL.

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St. Andrews.

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Aug. 6.

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June 23 18

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