MC 2035 POOR DOCUMENT

The Evening Times ★ Star

VOL. VIII. No. 95 | ST. JOHN N. B., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 22, 1913 | TEN PAGES—ONE CENT

COUNCILLORS WILL HELP LITTLE ONES

The Child's Protection Act Endorsed Today

IMPORTANT SESSION

Norton Griffiths Financial Matter in Connection With Building of Larger Dock Taken up—Parish Officers Appointed and Rates Fixed

The Children's Protection Act received hearty endorsement from the members f the municipal council this morning. he bill was read over and Rev. H .E. homas and A. M. Belding were heard explanation. In the discussion the eed of legislation was emphasized by rious members of the council and the solution of endorsation was unanimous- supported.

A rough draft of the terms under which orton Griffiths & Co. woud undertake e extension of the dry dock to 1,500 et was presented to the council. They k for a guarantee of $65,000 a year r 35 years for a sinking fund for the nd issue and offer 25 per cent. of the mmon stock of the company and their dertaking to establish a ship building ant in return.

Parish officers for 1913 were appointed d various reports were submitted. The uncil adjourned at one o'clock to re- me at 2.30 o'clock this afternoon.

The council had adjourned to meet at 0 o'clock this morning and a quarter of hour later the meeting was called to der Warden Carson presided and there re present Councillors Frink, McLellan, ofield, Wigmore, Agar, Smith, Long, ward, Stephenson, Bryant, Golding, n, Black, Corscadden, Shillington, ward and County Secretary Kelley.

ld's Protection Act

he first business was the consideration the bill to provide for an act for the tection of children. It was read by county clerk and on motion of Coun- r Wigmore, was taken up section by tion.

Exception was taken to the section pro- ng that a sum not less than $1 a week ld be provided for the maintenance of child committed to any public insti- on for protection. Coun. Frink said cost in the reformatory was not more one dollar and ran as low as fifty s a week. He moved in amendment the bill read "not more than," in e of "not less than."

oun. McLellan asked if this were not neral act applying to all counties and d what power this council had to with it. The county secretary ex- ned that if it were a private bill each ty would have to pass on it and it 'd have to be advertised in each coun- It was understood that it was to be oduced as a government measure and this would not be required. All that uncil could do would be to give dorsement to the bill as presented n.

r. Schofield moved that the council committee to hear Rev. H. E. as and A. M. Belding as representat- of those promoting the bill. This carried and the gentlemen were asked address the committee.

. Thomas said:—"What we seek is endorsation of this council. We un- and that Premier Flemming is un- g to pass the bill until it has been ed by the county councils. It does mmediately place any burden on the y as it is not operative until a ren's Aid Society is incorporated." garding the need for the bill the er quoted the police magistrate and secretary of the S. P. C. A. and the nents expressed at various represent- bodies and gatherings. He explain- at the purpose of the bill was not form criminals but to prevent child- becoming criminals. It was the ob- o provide a parent for the child when she stood in need of it. They sim- asked the council's endorsement of bill to strengthen their hands when appeared before the government.

M. Belding said that he knew that ouncillors were in favor of the prin- of the bill and the government had for the endorsement of the county before taking action on it. There only two reasons why the en- nt should be withheld, either a of the need for the act or fear of st.

ntinued on page 7, fourth column).

REGISTERED MAIL STOLEN

oston, Ont., Jan. 22—A bag contain- arge amount of registered mail, sent om Kingston post office, was stolen oday from a truck at the G. T. R.

WEATHER BULLETIN

Issued by authority of the Department of Marine and Fisheries. R. F. Stupart, director of meterological service.

weather prevails generally, with old conditions from Lake Superior rta and moderate elsewhere.

Probabilities Here.

time—Local snow flurries but gen- fair and cold today and on Thurs-

THEY WILL GIVE UP ADRIANOPLE

Turkey at The End of The Tether

PEACE IS NOW IN SIGHT

Majority of Ottoman Ministers Reported in Favor of Giving up Disputed Fortress — Austria Hears That it Has Been Decided

(Canadian Press)

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 22—The grand council of the Ottoman Empire decided today in favor of accepting the proposals put forward by the European powers for the purpose of bringing about the conclusion of peace.

London, Jan. 22—The "Times" believes that a majority of the Turkish ministers are now in favor of accepting the powers' advice, and that The Porte will recommend the national assembly to report in that sense. It is expected, therefore, that Turkey's reply to the note of the powers will acquiesce implicitly in the cession of Adrianople.

Constantiople, Jan. 22 — The Turkish losses in the naval battle with the Greek fleet off the Dardanelles on January 18, totalled four officers and thirty-six men killed.

A Greek shell exploded inside one of the turrets of the Turkish battleship Torgut Reis, killing and wounding every man in it and disabling both of the 11-inch guns. Severe damage was also inflicted by the Greek projectiles on the Turkish battleship Asar Tewfik.

The Turkish gunners declared that they inflicted important losses on the Greeks.

Vienna, Austria, Jan. 22—Turkey has decided to surrender Adrianople to the Bulgarians, according to a semi-official telegram from Constantinople through an Austrian source.

WEDDINGS TODAY

A very pretty wedding was solemnized in the Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception at 7.30 o'clock this morning, when Rev. A. W. Meahan, D.D., united in marriage Miss Martini V. Clancy and George T. Gamble, both of this city. The bride wore a tailor-made suit of navy blue cloth, with hat to match, and was attended by her sister, Miss Genevieve Clancy, who wore a suit of tan colored cloth. Frank H. O'Leary supported the groom. Mr. and Mrs. Gamble left on the Halifax express for a trip through the maritime provinces. On their return they will reside at 31 Carleton street.

Both the bride and groom received many handsome presents. The grooms' present to the bride was a pearl necklace, to the bridesmaid, a pearl brooch, and to the groomsman a pearl scarf pin.

Moore-Vincent.

A wedding of much local interest will be solemnized this evening at 7.30 o'clock, in St. Luke's church, when Rev. R. P. McKim will united in marriage Percy E. Moore, of this city, and Miss Sadie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Vincent, of North End. The bride will be given in marriage by her brother, Gilbert G. Vincent, and will be attired in a pretty travelling costume of grey broadcloth with hat to correspond. She will carry a shower bouquet of roses, and will be unattended. The ushers will be Bert G. Pearson and E. Roy Wasson. After the wedding a reception will be held at the home of the bride's parents, 97 Main street, at which will be present the immediate relatives and close friends of the young people. They received a handsome assortment of wedding remembrances, including valuable gifts in silver and cut glass, a handsome parlor suite from the fellow employes of the groom in the St. John Railway Co., and a beautiful cut glass water set from the bride's associates in Robertson's bakery. Mr. and Mrs. Moore will make their home at 123 Victoria street.

Tait-McKechnie.

A wedding of interest to St. John people took place in Hartford, Conn., on Monday, Jan. 20, when Miss Elizabeth May McKechnie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John R. McKechnie, was united in marriage to Hugh Richey Tait, son of the late Hugh Tait, both of St. John. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. John F. Johnstone, of the First Presbyterian church, Hartford. Mr. and Mrs. Tait, after a short visit to New York and other cities, will take up their residence in Bridgeport, where Mr. Tait's business is. Miss McKechnie is a graduate nurse of the Hartford Hospital Training School for Nurses, class '09, and has been practising her profession in Hartford with marked success.

PUBLIC UTILITIES.

The New Brunswick Public Utilities Commission met this afternoon in the provincial government rooms for the monthly meeting. The full board was present, but the only business before them was of a routine nature.

THE BATTLE LINE.

S. S. Himera, Captain Tocque, from Pensacola, arrived at Buenos Ayres yesterday.

CABLE REPORTS CRISIS IN BRITISH CABINET POSSIBLE

Suffrage Bill May Be Cause Of Trouble

RESIGNATION TALK

Sir Edward Grey, Says Rumor, May Resign if Amendment Defeated Except on Its Merits—Meanwhile, Campaign Over Votes for Women is Furious

(Canadian Press)

New York, Jan. 22—A cable to the Tribune from London says:—

The woman suffrage agitation has developed an exceedingly grave aspect. The following statement was made on high authority last night.

If the suffrage amendment is defeated and Sir Edward Grey feels that the decision has not been arrived at on the pure merits of the case and without consideration of any possible danger to the government, he will feel compelled to vote against the franchise bill on the third reading and resign.

It was on the understanding that no consideration except that of suffrage should be allowed to enter into the division that Sir Edward Grey agreed to the course adopted by the cabinet on this question, and Mr. Asquith will probably make it plain this week that this is the attitude adopted by the cabinet."

With regard to the general question of suffrage, the House of Commons may be divided roughly into four great parties:—

First—Those opposing woman suffrage.

Second—Those supporting woman suffrage.

Third—Those supporting woman suffrage in a limited degree.

Fourth—Those who support Premier Asquith before anything else.

Possible Developments

There are three possible main developments. In the first place, Sir Edward Grey's amendment to omit the word "male" may be defeated. In the secind place, it may be passed and then all the definite woman suffrage amendments may be defeated. In the third place, one or other of the woman suffrage amendments may be passed in committee.

Of the three alternatives, the defeat of Sir Edward Grey's amendment would cause the government the least embarrassment. Its acceptance, followed by the defeat of all the definite suffrage amendments, would cause the government the most immediate, though not the most serious embarrassment, since the course taken by the house would then have been most illogical.

The acceptance on the other hand, of one of the three suffrage amendments would probably involve the government ultimately in the greatest embarrassment of all. If Sir Edward Grey carries out his threat and votes against the third reading of the franchise bill, a cabinet crisis of the greatest gravity, reaching beyond his own resignation, can hardly be avoided.

In such case the position of the other cabinet ministers who had voted for his amendment, David Lloyd-George, John Burns, Augustine Birrell and Sir Rufus Isaacs, to mention only the more prominent, will be extremely delicate, and it is more than probable that his resignation will be accompanied by that of one or more of his suffragest colleagues.

Campaign Grows Strenuous

Meanwhile the campaign is growing daily more fast and more furious. Paid canvassers in the outer lobby of the House of Commons are now supplementing the efforts of members within the house to secure a victory in next Friday's franchise fight. In Parliament Square, the placard propaganda of the rival sandwich women adds to the rigor of the game. Within the recollection of the oldest parliamentarian there has never been such activity as now prevails in Westminster. Even the House of Commons post office is feeling the burden of the crusade, members receiving more literature for and against the enfranchisement of women than has ever been the case before in connection with any parliamentary proposal.

PREMIER FLEMMING IN CITY

The Rumor of His Intended Resignation —The River Glade Sanitarium

Premier Flemming arrived in the city today from Woodstock, to attend a meeting of the Sanitarium Commission this evening. Great progress has been made in the work of preparing the buildings at River Glade, he said. It was expected that at the meeting this evening a date would be fixed for the opening of one of the buildings, and arrangements made for the receipt of applications of patients. The final opening of the remainder of the buildings would not take place until later in the year.

The premier smiled when asked concerning the rumor that he was soon to retire from active political life, and said that he had already answered the question to the effect that "it would not be for some time at least." The house would met on February 13, but he said complete arrangements had not yet been made. A meeting of the government will be held before that time.

SENT UP FOR TRIAL.

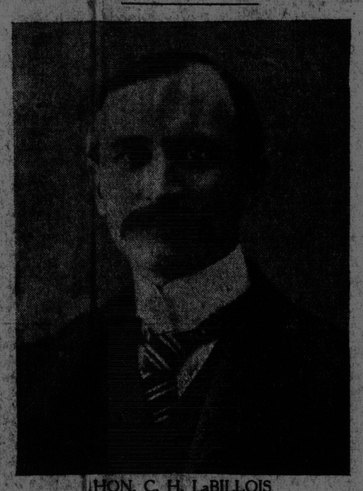
The German who was arrested by the local police on Saturday last on suspicion of having broken into several summer houses at Grand Bay, was taken before Justice Thompson at Grand Bay this morning and was committed for trial.

ACCIDENT

Joseph Baxter, a trucker, had one of his arms slightly injured while working at Sand Point this morning. His injuries were attended to at the Emergency Hospital.

FRIENDS PAY TRIBUTE TO HON. C. H. LaBILLOIS

Address and Purse in Honor of Completion of Thirty Years in Political Life of New Brunswick



HON. C. H. LaBILLOIS

(Special to Times)

Dalhousie, N. B., Jan. 22—A very pleasing event took place on Tuesday evening at the residence of Hon. C. H. LaBillois, when a committee of friends presented to him an address, accompanied by a purse on the occasion of his completion of thirty years of public life.

The presentation was made by A. E. G. McKenzie, of Campbellton, who, speaking on behalf of friends in the county of Restigouche and the province who had subscribed to the testimonial, said that Mr. Labillois' work as a public man was appreciated by people of both sides of politics.

Mr. Labillois, who made a fitting reply, spoke at length and thanked those who had expressed their kind feeling towards him in subscribing to the testimonial. He said that he was grateful to the committee for their address. He said that his happiest feelings in retiring for the present from politics was because of the numerous friends he had made all over New Brunswick during his public career.

WANT RECIPROCITY

Bermuda and Bahama Islands Representatives Before Washington Tariff Committee -- Cut in Some Schedules Sure

(Special to Times and Montreal Star)

Washington, Jan. 22—Representatives of the governments of the Bahama Islands, and of Bermuda made a virtual appeal for trade reciprocity with the United States at yesterday afternoon's sitting of the house committee of ways and means. The brief which Lorenzi George Brice presented to the committee bore the statement that he had been appointed by the governor of the Bahama Islands to represent that colony.

H. H. Uterbridge and S. S. Spurling, both declared that they were members of the Bermuda parliament and had been deputed by that body to proceed to Washington. The plea of the three was for such a lowering of duties as would encourage trade with the United States.

"Is it the aim of Bermuda to enter into reciprocity trade relations with the United States?" I asked Mr. Spurling, when he had concluded his evidence.

"That question has not been brought up in our parliament," he replied "and we have no authority to discuss it here. But such is the ultimate aim. We have persistently turned down reciprocity with Canada because we are so bound up, commercially speaking, with the United States."

Mr. Brice, in urging for a reduction in the duties on sponges, pineapples, grapefruit, oranges and salt made the statement that "if you drive us from your doors we might go across to the Canadian border, and that does not suit the Bahamas, nor does it suit Bermuda. We are simply customers of the United States, and we have got to pay in kind."

In his brief he declared that "the commerce of the colony is conducted almost wholly with the United States, which nation is treated in regard to tariff duties on exactly the same terms as the United Kingdom, Canada and the British West Indian Islands." The Bermuda representatives complained of the manner in which the value of Bermuda products was appraised on entry into New York and specified onions, parsley and celery in particular as fit subjects for reduction in duty. They further made the plea that the alien tax of $4 each which they had to pay on entering the United States, was "most unjust," in view of the close relations between Bermuda and the United States.

Evidence throughout the morning, afternoon and evening was confined to the agricultural products and provisions schedule. There were the usual protests against reductions of duty, but the democratic members of the committee made it pretty clear that the new tariff will make severe cuts in this schedule with every probability of fresh meats being placed on the free list.

"Don't you know," Mr. Palmer asked of one witness, who had been appealing for the maintenance of the duty on onions, "that the democrat party is pledged to a reduction in these tariff taxes and principally on food products? Are you not simply asking us to break our pledges by leaving the tariff as it is?"

The number of witnesses who declared themselves as Democrats hailing from the democratic south, was legion, and practically they all believed in the virtues of protection where their own industries were concerned. "We voted the democratic ticket in spite of programmes and politics," a Texas cattle raiser declared. "If the democratic platform says prohibition, we vote for it. If it says anti-prohibition, we still vote for it."

But such unswerving allegiance was displeasing to the democratic members of the committee who taxed the cattle-raiser severely on economic ethics which permitted the placing of most things on the free list, but demanded high protection for livestock.

Cattle

Free trade in cattle, the witness prophesied, would result in a general dumping of cattle into the United States from Canada and Mexico. Formerly, he added, the United States had exported considerable numbers of cattle to England, but this trade had been captured by Canada and the Argentine. For the first time in history Canada had passed the United States. Toronto exported more cattle to England than did Chicago.

Quoting from official reports, Mr. Kitchin strongly contested this point and endeavored to show that exports in cattle from the United States to England far exceeded in value Canadian exports. But the witness persisted in his statement. "When Canada," he said, "can export to England in competition with Argentine, 157,000 head of cattle on the hoof, and it exports very little beef and comes into competition with Argentine beef in England, it must do it at the expense of profits."

This fear of Canadian competition was expressed by more than the cattle-raisers.

Nova Scotia Fish

Earlier in the sitting the fish-curing industry of Massachusetts made a very serious protest against competition from Nova Scotia. The brief of the Gloucester Board of Trade, and the Master Mariners Association declared that the "Canadian and Newfoundland governments are doing all in their power to hamper our fishermen," and to remove the duty on fish would be to grant to Canada that compensation "which she had refused with insults when coupled with the reciprocal features of the reciprocity act."

In contrast was the plea of L. J. Auerbach, of the Ambrosia Milk Corporation, New York, for a reduction in the duty on preserved milk used in such large quantities that supplies had to be obtained in Canada to meet the demand.

PROVIDING GOOD STREETS FOR ST. JOHN

FIFTH AVENUE AND BOWERY IN ACCORD

Join in Interest in Wedding of Miss Helen Gould

CEREMONY AT NOON TODAY

Wealth of Gifts to Bride—As Mrs. Shepard Her Philanthropic Work Will go on—Still Has Nearly all Her $10,000,000

(Canadian Press)

New York, Jan. 22—The Bowery and Fifth avenue found a common focus for their interest today in the wedding of Helen Miller Gould, daughter of the late Jay Gould, to Finley J. Shepard, of St. Louis, son of a New England clergyman. Society was interested because the wealthy Gould family has been considered part of it; the Bowery poor and the thousands of others in needy circumstances, who have benefitted by Miss Gould's philanthropies were interested because they considered Helen Gould as their friend. Neither Fifth avenue nor the Bowery was represented at the wedding, however, as, in line with Miss Gould's other endeavors to avoid ostentation, the guests were only close friends and relatives.

The scene for the ceremony was the southwest parlor of Lyndhurst, the bride's country home, overlooking the Hudson River, at Tarrytown, where the principals rehearsed their parts last evening. During the forenoon, Miss Gould was busy supervising the final setting and the forty-five employes of the estate seemed to vie with each other in carrying out her wishes to the best effect. She was in the best of spirits with the showers of gifts and congratulations and telegrams descending upon her up to the very hour of the wedding at noon.

The main consignment of presents was received at Miss Gould's New York house, however, and these were taken to Tarrytown in an automobile van guarded by detectives. Nearly a score of these men were stationed about the house and village today as the crowd of curious folks, including many strangers was expected to be large.

In various ways it has been intimated that the philanthropic work in which Miss Gould has been prominent since she came into the millions left her by her father, is not in the least to be affected by her marriage. The fortune which she inherited was about $10,000,000 and, notwithstanding her large gifts to the Y. M. C. A., which she has promoted in the army and navy and railroad circles, and many other benefits, it has been estimated that she has nearly all her wealth invested, mainly in railroads in which the family has been prominent.

Miss Gould is now forty-four years old. She was twenty-four when her father died and when she was called upon to decide whether it should be society or business, philanthropy and a quiet life, she chose the latter combination.

(Continued on page 7, seventh column).

LIBERALS WIN

Flint Boroughs Seat Theirs in Spite of Great Unionist Efforts

London, Jan. 22—The bye-election in the Flint boroughs, caused by the death of T. W. Summers (L.) resulted as follows: T. H. Parry (L.), 2,152; J. Hamlet Roberts (U.), 1,941. Liberal majority 211. The Liberal majority at the last election was 509.

The Unionist workers made a vigorous effort to carry the election. A special appeal was made to members of the Church of England to defend the national church from those who would disestablish and disendow it. The Bishop of St. David's addressed a Unionist meeting at Mold on last Wednesday.

Commissioner Agar's First Annual Report

WORK OF 1912 REVIEWED

Cost of Work in Charlotte and King Streets and Elsewhere—Main Street Problem — Plans for East and West Side—The Parks and Playgrounds

In his first annual report to the common council M. E. Agar, commissioner of public works, presents some interesting facts and figures regarding the work done by his department during the year of 1912, showing the large amount of new work which has been accomplished, in addition to carrying on the usual features of the work. His 1913 forecast of the work which is to be undertaken by this important department is also of much interest.

Your Worship and Gentlemen:—

I have the honor to present my first annual report of the expenditure in the public works department for the year just closed.

The department as now constituted under the new form of government, which was inaugurated on May 7 last, is confined to the control of, and construction and upkeep, of streets, parks and playgrounds.

The care of streets involves the greater part of the energy of the department. The mileage of the streets on the east and west sides being about fifty-one miles. The topography of St. John is a city of hills and valleys, making it quite difficult and expensive, therefore, to build and maintain streets.

The parks under the control of the city are not large, but sufficiently so to be worthy of care and pride and should be carefully maintained.

The playgrounds are only a late development, but must surely become an important feature in the future welfare of the city.

(Continued on page 8, first column).

HERE FOR GOLDEN WEDDING OF PARENTS; DIES IN THE DEPOT

Henry Calvin Stricken This Morning While Checking Trunk

The summons of death came swiftly this morning in the Union Depot to Henry Calvin, of New York, formerly of Grand Bay, who, with his wife, had just entered the baggage room to attend to the checking of his trunk. He was seized with a hemorrhage and died within a few minutes. The bursting of a blood vessel caused so great a loss of strength that it was impossible to have medical attendance before he had expired. Dr. Christie was hastily summoned.

Mr. Calvin came to St. John only a few days ago from New York with his wife, and since that time had been residing with Samuel Johnston in Simonds street. Their purpose in coming here was mainly to be present at the golden wedding anniversary of his father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. John Calvin of Grand Bay, which was soon to be celebrated, and in the meanwhile his intention was to take a quiet rest. His trunk reached here yesterday from Boston, and he and his wife went to the depot this morning to have it checked to Grand Bay.

He was thirty-five years of age and had been in New York for the last few years working with his brother, John, in the erection of gas tanks. His wife is two years younger, and is a native of Scotland, without any relatives here, and being practically a stranger makes the circumstances all the harder.

Besides his parents, Mr. Calvin is survived by four brothers, Bruce and James, at Grand Bay; Joseph, of Indiantown, and John, of New York, and three sisters, Mrs. Elizabeth Harkins and Mrs. Sarah Morrow, of Grand Bay, and Mrs. Alonzo Stewart, of Adelaide street. The news of his death was sent to his old home this morning, and it is expected that the body will be taken there for burial.

LOSS OF $50,000 BY FIRE IN NEW GLASGOW

(Special to Times)

New Glasgow, N. S., Jan 22—The most disastrous fire that has visited New Glasgow in recent years this morning wiped out the large wooden block at the corner of Provost and Forbes streets, owned by Norton Lodge I. O. O. F., and occupied on the ground floor by Bent & Coohen, hardware merchants, and L. Higgins & Co., boots and shoes. The upper storey was used as a lodge room. The building directly north, owned and occupied by Wm. McIntosh & Co., was badly damaged. The plate glass windows in the north of Chambers block and in front of Mason's candy store were destroyed and the large panies in the Two-Barkers store badly damaged. Several windows were broken in the Evening News building.

There was a constant succession of explosions, probably of small arms ammunition, but the firemen never flinched in their duty. By nine o'clock the fire had made its way through the wall in places and great masses of flames burst with a roar from the windows of the several stories and it was seen that the building was doomed.

Following is the loss and insurance:—

Norton Lodge, loss $15,000; insurance, $8,000.

Bent & Coohen, loss $20,000; insurance, $10,000.

Higgins & Co. loss, $12,000; insurance, $6,000.

Wm. McIntosh, loss not known; partially covered by insurance.

Mason's confectionery, $1,500, fully covered.

Two-Barkers, $250, fully covered.

The fire is now under control but New Glasgow firemen assisted by the Stellarton brigade are still playing water on the smouldering ruins.