



After All, What Is Criticism?

JUST one person's opinion and then some others. There never was and never will be anything quite perfect. Ask anyone their opinion about something you think is just about O.K. and you will find they won't agree with you, but would have added to or taken from it to some extent. They will differ with you every time, just to have their say as it were. Naturally you say what has all this to do with **Clothing?** "Everything." We don't believe there is anything made that is more subject to criticism than clothes.

We have shown garments to customers that we thought were just about works of art, from a tailor's viewpoint, but when we heard what the prospective buyer had to say about them it made us think, then think some more and double it, after which we came to the conclusion that after all it was just **one** man's opinion, because it wouldn't be long after that the same garments would find ready sale and immensely please some other patron, and yet, if it were not for criticism we might get into the rut, instead of striving as we do every season to create and manufacture the best tailored garments for our ever increasing business, and so placing before you for the new Spring season the very best and smartest models that our designers are capable of producing. Of course they are open to criticism, also to your judgment. After all, it's just **your** opinion and **others** that keeps us alert and keen to keep our Sovereign Brand neck and shoulders above all competitors.

From \$15.00 to \$40.00 we have a truly splendid showing of smart, breezy suits, and all our **LUCKY SIGNS** point to this as going to be the banner year for us in clothing.

OAK HALL, Clothiers

Cor. Yonge and Adelaide Streets

J. C. COOMBES, Manager.

OPEN EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT TILL 10

BRITAIN WILL CUT IMPORTS GREATLY

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Britain can bear that burden successfully right to the end. Timber to the amount of 6400,000 tons had been imported, he said, and if this tonnage was to be saved, this timber problem must be dealt with. Investigation was being made as to the best methods of economizing timber behind the lines and in England. Another method was to make the army in France self-supporting.

Need Much Iron Ore. Regarding iron ore, he said, "We are importing millions of tons, but the importation cannot be diminished unless more iron ore is found in our country. There is plenty of low-grade ore, however, in this country, and if the supply of labor can be augmented we can increase enormously our output. The saving of tonnage would be large, but unfortunately it would come late in the year."

Increased Food Production. "Farmers can increase even now by hundreds of thousands of tons for this year the food supplies of the country. If all the plans are carried out a very considerable quantity of tonnage will be saved, but future tonnage is urgently needed. The French ambassador has been here begging for more ships, and the Italian ambassador has just left after making the same request."

"We need an immediate and substantial saving of tonnage. Let us come down ruthlessly on imports which are not essential. It is idle to suggest that we who are comfortable at home should not be prepared to surrender the things unnecessary." The premier also announced that the importation of books, periodicals and other printed matter would be prohibited entirely.

CALL TO FARMS MEN AT FRONT

French Parliament Votes for Recall of the Older Classes.

SHADOW OF FAMINE

Schoolboys Are Asked to Raise Vegetables on Vacant Lands.

Paris, Feb. 23.—The chamber of deputies today adopted a resolution asking the government to recall by March 1 all farmers of the classes of 1888 and 1889 who are now at the front or in the interior zone in order to intensify agriculture.

"The country would not forgive us if we did not take measures to avoid famine, and I ask the chamber to impose its will on the government," said Fernand David, former minister of agriculture, in arguing for the adoption of the measure.

Deputy F. Brun likewise laid stress on the danger of a dearth in wheat. All the school boys in France have been asked by the government to cultivate vacant land and raise vegetables. Premier Briand and Minister of Commerce and Agriculture Clementel joined in the appeal, which was posted today in all the schools, high schools and colleges.

Under official direction pupils will be organized village by village and commune by commune for truck gardening on all unused land.

MORE ANTI-ALLIES PAPERS PROHIBITED

American Publications Unfriendly Have Been Put Under the Ban by Canada.

By a Staff Reporter. Ottawa, Feb. 23.—More American publications unfriendly to Great Britain have been prohibited entry into Canada. They are: The New World, New York; The Jewish Morning Journal, New York; Oregon Deutsch Zeitung, Portland, Ore.; Raivaja, a Finnish daily newspaper at Fitchburg, Mass.; Bull, New York; Atlantis, a Greek daily of New York; Dziennik Ludowy, Chicago; Free Press Herald, Minneapolis; and Christlicher Bundebote, Berne, Ind.

NUMBER OF CANADIAN PROMOTIONS ANNOUNCED

Majors Davies and Sparling Raised to Command of Battalions.

Canadian Associated Press Cable. London, Feb. 23.—The London Military Gazette announces Captain G. G. Blackstock, artillery, appointed D.A.G., vice Major A. G. Cameron, D.S.O., locals; Majors R. D. Davies and H. C. Sparling, infantry, promoted to lieutenant-colonels commanding battalions; Captains J. A. Keifer, Pioneers, and W. J. A. Lalor, infantry, promoted majors; Captain J. G. Wilson, Medicals, resigned his commission on his own request; Lieut. A. C. Maud, locals, appointed flight commander and temporary captain.

Canadian Cabinet Ministers Receive One Hundred Callers

Canadian Associated Press Cable. London, Feb. 23.—The Canadian ministers today received between them over one hundred callers, in addition to lunching with the Duke of Connaught at Clarence House and hearing the prime minister's speech in the house of commons. Their engagement with the Duke of Connaught compelled them to leave the commons before the premier had finished.

STEAMERS SUNK

Steamers yesterday reported sunk were: Belgier (British), 4588 tons. Washfield (British), 2012 tons. Dorovese (Norwegian), 2760 tons. Imroseid (British), 1415 tons. Ape (British), 464 tons. San Michele (Italian), 685 tons. Giovanni P. (Italian), 102 tons. Adalina (Italian), 528 tons. Monarch (not identified). Enemy (not identified). Vessels sunk since Feb. 1 (trawlers not included), 144; total tonnage (estimated), 904,113.

PREMIER'S POLICY EVOKES SUPPORT

London Papers Endorse New Regulations Announced by Lloyd George.

TO AFFECT TRADING

Some Critics Already Object to Brewing of So Much Beer.

London, Feb. 23.—The statement in the house of commons by David Lloyd George, the British prime minister, of the government's plan to meet the serious situation due to the shortage in tonnage, which he said was now affecting the ordinary needs of the nation and military exigencies, has been received by the press with universal approval, and in many cases with enthusiasm. Even newspapers which are least friendly to the government accept the government's restrictions uncomplainingly, and declare that the nation will loyally respond to the plan.

"It is a small sacrifice," said the anti-Lloyd George Daily News, "that the citizen at home is called upon to make, in comparison with the ordeal others daily are facing for his security across the sea."

Fearless Leader. The newspapers which opposed the old coalition write enthusiastically of the country having found a fearless leader, and declare that the measures now proposed ought to have been taken two years ago. The hope is expressed in these quarters that that section of the British people which hitherto had indulged in the comfortable conviction that nothing serious can happen to them will be jerked out of their easy complacency by the premier's declaration that the food stocks are alarmingly low.

The Liberal newspapers criticize adversely some details of the scheme. The Daily News, for instance, is indignant that 10,000,000 barrels of beer will be allowed to be brewed. This newspaper also re-affirms that the agricultural production cannot be increased if the army is allowed to draw away farm laborers.

Other Measures Needed. The Daily Chronicle maintains that if farm restrictions are to be minimized the new measures must be accompanied by many other measures, and also by a good deal of commandeering.

Referring to the restrictions on paper, The Daily Chronicle suggests that the government, which now occupies large space in the newspapers with the official announcements, should now discover other means for publicity.

Everywhere it is recognized that the ordinary routine of trading will be seriously affected but it is generally yet to give any reliable indications in this direction. Some traders have issued a statement that shows that considerable alarm exists in some quarters, for instance, in the fruit market, which it is declared will have to be closed as regard foreign fruits.

SCORE'S TALK ON CLOTHES.

The morning coat is an indispensable garment for informal wear.

We have just received from our manufacturers in Great Britain a shipment of a black Vicuna cloth which is a favored material for this garment. We are offering, as a specialty, a morning coat and vest made to your measure at \$28.00. We invite inspection. R. Score & Son, Ltd., Tailors and Haberdashers, 77 King street west.

TIGHTENS CONTROL OVER TRAVELERS

Ottawa Issues Stringent Regulations to Govern Persons Leaving Canada.

TO STOP ESPIONAGE

Precautions Adopted Will Render Communication Difficult With foe.

By a Staff Reporter. Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 23.—Stringent regulations were promulgated today regarding persons attempting to leave Canada, and orders were issued to naval and military authorities and immigration officers to prevent the departure of any person who is suspected of being an attempter to leave Canada for the purpose of communicating, directly or indirectly, with the enemy.

The persons prevented from departure will have the right of appeal to the minister of the interior.

The authorities at ports or other points of entry are also instructed to compel persons landing in the Dominion to make a declaration as to any letters or messages intended to be posted or delivered, and these authorities may make a rigid search of the clothing and baggage of these passengers.

No person is allowed to send from the Dominion any communication or document which is not visible or legible unless heat or some other treatment is applied to it, nor is any secret means of communication allowed. The regulations regarding passports are also made more strict.

NOTHING NEW ON FOE FRONT.

Berlin, Feb. 23.—(Via Sayville.)—The supplementary official statement issued by the German War Office this evening says: "It is officially reported that no incidents of importance have taken place."

SANITARY WASHED WIPER RAGS AND CHEESE CLOTH.

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