The Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea

The Toronto World.

NOW READY
The Visits of Elizabeth.
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TWENTY-SECOND YEAR — EIGHT PAGES—TUESDAY MORNING JUNE 18—EIGHT PAGES — ONE CENT

CECIL RHODES' RECENT SPEECH ON SOUTH AFRICAN FEDERATION

Senate Reading Room
June 2
SENATE FO

He Pities the Mother State, Cape Colony, Which He Fears Will Emerge From the War in Worse Shape Than Natal—Is He Bidding for the Premiership?

Cape Town, June 17.—Cecil Rhodes, in his speech at Buluwayo, Rhodesia, Saturday, June 15, when he predicted that a federation of the South African States would come in three or four years, made what is regarded in some quarters as a bid for the Premiership of Cape Colony. After eulogizing the action of the Rhodesians and Natalians, he said the only State he pitied was the Mother State, Cape Colony, whose political and religious leaders had incited rebellion. When federation came, none of the other States would have anything to do with her, and he was afraid the people of his old State, who were running about like sheep without a shepherd, were coming out worst. Mr. Rhodes was glad of the opportunity of saying a few words which, he hoped, would be to their good.

BOER WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

London, June 17.—Replying to questions in the House of Commons to-day Mr. Brodrick, the War Secretary, said there were 40,229 persons in the "concentration camps" of the Transvaal and Orange River Colony. The deaths in these camps for the month of May numbered 98 women and 318 children. The announcement of the mortality was received with groans from the Irish members and cries of "scandalous." Mr. Brodrick added that the authorities were arranging for the release of the women and children who had friends to receive them, but the government could not undertake to feed them in isolated positions.

Liberal Split Widened.

The division in the House of Commons on the motion made by Mr. Lloyd-George (Welsh Nationalist) to adjourn the House on the question of treatment of Boer women and children, which was rejected by a vote of 253 to 134, served to accentuate the split in the Liberal party on the government's war policy. Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the Liberal leader, supported Mr. Lloyd-George in denouncing the policy of concentrating women and children in camps, and with Sir William Vernon Harvourt (Liberal) and the Right Honorable William Bryce (Liberal), voted in the minority on Mr. Lloyd-George's motion.

About 50 Liberal Imperialists, led by the Right Honorable H. H. Asquith (Advanced Liberal) and Sir Edward Grey (Liberal), abstained from voting, as a protest against the Bannerman-Harcourt-Morley section of the House of Commons, identifying themselves closely with the extreme pro-Boers.

RUSH ORDERS FOR HORSES.

New Orleans, June 17.—British activity in the port of New Orleans, which slackened a month or so ago, has suddenly revived. Orders have just been received to keep rushing horses and mules to South Africa at least thruout the summer.

Within 24 hours two special trains with 1200 head were rushed in from the west on passenger schedule, and eight of the largest transports to be got are steaming here for loads.

Up to date, in round numbers, 100 transports have taken to South Africa 120,000 head of horses and mules, and to accomplish this more than $25,000,000 has been spent in the United States by Great Britain.

Capt. Marshall, who has represented the British government here since the purchase of American stock was commenced, has been recalled to London for a conference with the War Office. He is succeeded by Capt. Fenner.

MAD MULLAH BADLY WHIPPED BY BRITISH MOUNTED INFANTRY

Column Under Capt. Merewether Struck the Chief's Supply Camp During the Night and Captured 5000 Head of Cattle—A Decisive Action Imminent.

London, June 17.—A despatch to the Foreign Office from the consul-general of Somaliland, says that the Mad Mullah expedition had heavy fighting on May 28.

The flying column of mounted infantry, under Capt. Merewether, struck the Mullah's supply camp during a night march and captured 5000 head of cattle, killed one important chief and captured another, covered 100 miles, fought a shar paction and returned to its base, all in 24 hours.

The main force of the British, under Col. Swaine, departed for El Dab, June 2, leaving McNeil, with 300 men, to guard Zariba. Swaine's column advanced against the Mullah's base. In the meantime the Mullah, with 3000 followers, attacked Zariba three times. He was finally driven off by Capt. McNeill, with a loss of 500 men. The British in Zariba had 10 men killed and 9 wounded.

The Mullah is now cut off from his base and a decisive action is imminent.

TO FISH IN LABRADOR

J. J. Hill Will Be Host to Grover Cleveland and Other Prominent Knights of the Rod.

New York, June 17.—In the cool climate of Labrador, J. J. Hill, the railway magnate, his family and several select friends will spend the summer at his fishing lodge and summer home at the mouth of the Esquimault River, opposite Belle Isle, on the coast of the frigid country.

He has arrived in New York from St. Paul, and is completing the details for his trip. His fine yacht Wacouta, now in this port, is being rapidly put in readiness for the northern cruise.

With Mr. Hill two women members of his family and Grover Cleveland, Daniel S. Lamont, George F. Baker, president of the First National Bank of New York; C. W. Bunn, general counsel of the Northern Pacific, of St. Paul, and M. D. Grover, general counsel for the Great Northern, will go with the railroad millionaire of the Northwest, and remain as his guests at the Labrador lodge.

Four weeks of the time in northern latitudes will be spent by the gentlemen in the party fishing for big fish. This part of the program is particularly pleasing to Mr. Hill and Mr. Cleveland, both noted disciples of Izaak Walton.

The party expects to start from New York in three or four days.

MR. WILLIAM YOUNG DEAD.

Aged and Respected Resident of Waterloo Passed Away.

Waterloo, Ont., June 17.—Mr. William Young, one of our oldest and best-known citizens, died at his residence, King-street, at noon to-day. Deceased was in his 82nd year, and came to this country from Omagh, Ireland, in 1846. For a great many years previous to his retiring in 1877, Mr. Young was a most successful egg dealer, during which time by shrewdness and industry he accumulated a very large competency. He was a large stockholder and a director for 27 years of the Waterloo Woolen Mills, also a large shareholder in the Dominion Life Assurance Company. A wife and nine children are left to mourn his death.

"All druggists sell Gibbons' Toothache Gum. Ask for it." Price 10c.

Special for the Ladies.

Mr. N. Rooney, 62 Yonge-street, next door to The Globe Office, has in stock a very fine assortment of dry goods, which he will retail to the public at very low prices. These goods are all imported by Mr. Rooney himself, whose reputation for bringing into Canada the very best goods is well known. Mr. Rooney has a fine assortment of table linen, napkins, Webb's towels, towellings, sheetings, pillow cottons, the very best English quilts, a fine assortment of Bonnet's silks, ladies' French costume cloths, travelling rugs, ladies' and gentlemen's Irish linen and cambric handkerchiefs. It will pay any lady wanting goods such as above to look through Mr. Rooney's stock, as price and value cannot be beaten. 2-4-6

Edwards and Hart-Smith, Chartered Accountants, offices Canadian Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto.

Pan-American Accommodations.

A quiet, select home for families, convenient to the Exposition, but away from the crowd and confusion. Rate for rooms from 75 cents a day up. Address Mrs. M. S. Hawkins, 204 Lafayette-avenue, Buffalo, N. Y. ed

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King, W.

Paeonies, Paeonies.

Paeonies of every color are shown at Dunlop's. No more economical or finer flower can be used than these for effective decorations—prices are low—5 King West, 445 Yonge-street.

Cook's Turkish & steam baths, 204 King W., cures colds, coughs and rheumatism.

Cough and Hoarseness After Grip.

Brumell's Cough Drops has no equal for that night cough. 25c, Bingham's Pharmacy, opposite Shea's. 246

DOG HAD APPENDICITIS

So Says a San Francisco Physician Who Performed An Autopsy on His Pet.

San Francisco, June 17.—Now dogs are subject to appendicitis. At least Dr. William Cooper Eldemuller of this city says he has made that discovery while performing an autopsy on his pet.

"When the animal died," said the physician, "I was not satisfied with the cause of his taking off, and made a careful autopsy. I was assisted by a veterinary surgeon, and we had not been long at our task when it became evident death had resulted from acute appendicitis. The animal had been ill for a year, and in reviewing his symptoms I can see that they were identical with those of human beings who suffer from recurrent attacks of this disease."

P.M.M. ON THE SEA.

Sailed From Melbourne for London By Steamer China on June 4.

London, June 17.—(Telegram cable).—Hon. William Mulock, the Canadian Postmaster-General, who represented the Dominion at the ceremonies connected with the inauguration of the Australian Commonwealth, is on his way back from the Antipodes, with Mrs. Mulock and Master Cawthra Mulock. He sailed from Melbourne for London by the steamer China on June 4. On his arrival here it is expected he will confer with the postoffice authorities.

MR. ROGERS IN MONTREAL.

Manitoba Minister of Public Works Says There is No Friction Between Lieut.-Governor and Premier.

Montreal, June 17.—(Special.)—Hon. Robert Rogers, Minister of Public Works in the Roblin ministry, arrived in the city this evening from Winnipeg, and he denies most emphatically that there is any conflict between Lieut.-Governor McMillan and his advisers relating to alleged dismissal of officials.

The minister says the relations between His Honor and Mr. Roblin and his colleagues are of the most cordial character, and in fact it has never been their intention to make wholesale dismissals. The government railway policy, Mr. Rogers states, is overwhelmingly endorsed by the province, and he adds that the government party is solid for 20 years.

BARKER PLACED ON TRIAL.

Charged With Assault With Intent to Kill, in Shooting Rev. John Keller of Arlington, New Jersey.

New York, June 17.—Thomas G. Barker was placed on trial in the Hudson County Court, Jersey City, to-day before Judge Blair, charged with assault, with intent to kill.

On Feb. 3 last Barker shot the Rev. John Keller of Arlington, N.J., vicar of Trinity Chapel in that place. Barker told the authorities he shot the minister because his wife had told him that Keller had been guilty of a criminal assault upon her.

Mr. Keller for weeks lay in a dangerous condition, and it was feared that even if he recovered he would lose his eyesight, but he recovered, and he retains the sight of his left eye. Mr. Keller has always said that he did not see his assailant when he was shot, and immediately after the shooting he refused to sign a complaint against Barker on that ground. When informed of the alleged confession of Barker's wife, he denounced the whole story as utterly false.

THREE MEN DROWNED.

Wealthy Farmer and Two Surveyors Lost in Long Creek.

Portage la Prairie, June 17.—William Arbuthnot, a wealthy farmer, north of here, in the Longburn District, was drowned on Thursday, with two surveyors, in Long Creek. The report has just reached here.

CANADIAN PACIFIC TRACKMEN HAVE GONE OUT AND STORY IS TOLD FROM TWO STANDPOINTS

The Strike Committee Claims That Ninety-Five Per Cent. of the Men Have Laid Down Their Tools—Officials of the Company Say They Will Have No Trouble in Keeping Their Road in Condition—Some Districts Not Affected—Reports From All Sections of the Line.

When the order came from headquarters yesterday morning for the C.P.R. trackmen to strike, the members in Toronto obeyed the summons and laid down their tools. The workmen here, as ordered by the union, reported for work at 6 o'clock, but when no settlement had been arrived at at the appointed time there hurriedly came the word to strike. The number of trackmen on the system in Toronto is about 10, constituting one gang. They are located along the Esplanade, and connect with the gangs at East Toronto and Toronto Junction. The men on striking held a short meeting and decided to stand by the other strikers. They will remain out until ordered to return by the committee. The strikers in Toronto expect to have the support of the other railway organizations in their fight, and in this way look forward to win.

On the other hand local C.P.R. officials were little concerned yesterday over the strike. General Superintendent Timmerman was of the opinion that the men who went out will soon return to their work. According to reports received from various roadmasters in the division, many trackmen are not working on the line to Detroit, Smith's Falls and on the Owen Sound and Elora branches. The officials say that the places of the strikers will be taken by men some of whom are already engaged.

THE POSITION IN MONTREAL.

Montreal, June 17.—(Special.)—The strike which has been predicted for some days past, and as often denied, is now on, and it now remains to be seen which side will first come to time.

Mr. D. McNicoll, manager of the C.P.R., states that a good many men have quit, but he cannot say definitely as to the number; reports are coming in slowly.

"But there need be no anxiety on the part of the traveling public," Mr. McNicoll added, "for we have taken every precaution to protect those who travel on our trains. The track will be patrolled by competent men, already engaged for that purpose, and we do not expect to experience any appreciable inconvenience thru the action of our men. They have been ordered to strike, and have done so, more thru a misapprehension than from any grievance. The Canadian Pacific pays its trackmen more than any railway in Canada, and they are granted privileges which no other company allows its men. We feel that they will return to work when the situation is explained to them, and we shall send men to do this."

From the Men's Side.

Mr. John T. Wilson, president of the Brotherhood of Railway Trackmen of America, said:

"Our men have responded nobly, and I may say truthfully that every division of the Canadian Pacific is to-day swept clean of its trackmen, bridgemen and track watchmen. From St. John, N.B., to Vancouver, B.C., our advices tell only one story. We had not dared to hope that more than 60 per cent. of the boys would go out to-day, for doubtless many of them have not yet received the strike order. We are extremely hopeful of victory, and that before a great while.

"Between Montreal and Ottawa there is only one gang at work; in all probability they will quit to-night. Between Megantic and St. John, N.B., the men are all out, and they will remain out until they are granted an increase to $1.50 per day, whether it be a week or a year."

Mr. Wilson, who had gone to Portland, Maine, to attend a meeting of representatives from the other organized bodies on the Maine Central, was asked what the situation there promised.

"We are certain of victory," he answered. "Our men are standing firm, and the company is unable to fill their places. Eighty Italians, who were brought from Boston last Tuesday, threw down their shovels on Saturday and returned home. They told me they had been engaged to work on an extension to be built, but when they arrived they found their places were on the sections, which had been left by our men.

"Telegrams have been sent to the grand chiefs of all the railway brotherhoods, notifying them that trouble has occurred between the Canadian Pacific and its trackmen, and asking them to be governed accordingly."

THE OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

Montreal, Que., June 17.—In reply to an enquiry regarding the strike of trackmen this morning Mr. McNicoll, second vice-president and general manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway, said this evening that while some of the trackmen had quit work the great majority had not, and he fully believed that within twenty-four hours the trouble would be over.

Those who had gone out were, no doubt, actuated by a desire to redeem their promises to the committee rather than by any feeling of discontent at their treatment by the company. As a matter of fact, the Canadian Pacific Railway paid higher wages to its trackmen than any other road on either side of the line traversing similar territory. The wages paid east of Lake Superior, for instance, were higher than those paid by the Grand Trunk or Intercolonial; the wages west, than those paid by the Northern Pacific or Great Northern.

The New Rules.

Rules had lately been put in force for the purpose of removing any possible cause for complaint that might arise. Some of the questions discussed with the committee were of such a nature that long and careful consideration would have had to be bestowed on them before they could have been put in such a shape as to prevent them from becoming a source of continual annoyance to the men, as well as to the company. Under these circumstances, the best of men, those who had been in the company's service for years, were sure to feel that there was no justification for the proclamation of a strike.

Meanwhile, the company's lines from end to end of the system were in splendid condition, and any number of new men were soliciting work, the high wages paid by the company being an attraction even in good times like the present.

Unionism No Factor.

On being asked whether the question of recognizing labor unions was a factor in the dispute, Mr. McNicoll replied that it was not a factor in the dispute so far as the company was concerned. The conditions attending work in the track department are different from those in other departments of the railway, and it seemed impossible to formulate any scheme that would be workable. Nearly every man in the more important branches of the company's service is a member of one or other of the railway brotherhoods or unions, and no friction has resulted or is likely to result. The president, said Mr. McNicoll, in conclusion, had made this very plain to the Trackmen's Committee, when they called on him.

CONDITIONS AT WINNIPEG.

Winnipeg, June 17.—(Special.)—The local C. P. R. trackmen are still at work this afternoon, and one of their number, questioned to-day, stated that they had not yet received notification from headquarters in the east. He expected that they would act in conjunction with the eastern trackmen, when such notice was received. It was also expected that many who were working on the track, who were not union men, would go out in sympathy with them. There were about 30 men engaged on the C.P.R. tracks in Winnipeg.

Later it was stated that the men had gone out.

In an interview, Mr. Leonard started, in reply to enquiries, that the number of maintenance-of-way employes on his division was between 900 and 1000. He had had no communication with the men in regard to the anticipated trouble, and no doubt their representatives would see him before taking action in the matter.

Speaking of the track, Leonard said it had never been in better shape, as large extra gangs had been employed in putting in new ties and doing other necessary repairs since the frost had left the ground. In case of trouble the company would be in a position to have the tracks inspected as usual, and they would be kept in efficient shape. The men sent out west from this city were not for his division, but they would act as patrolmen on the Pacific division.

ALL OTTAWA MEN OUT.

Ottawa, June 17.—Obeying the mandate of the International Union, the trackmen of the C.P.R. to-day went on strike, and Ottawa, in common with the rest of the line, is affected. In this city 25 men quit work, and at the yards and junctions of the C.P.R. all operations have been suspended. What the men claim to be their grievances are not mere local ones, but extend over the whole road, so the Ottawa trackmen are striking merely at the request of the general union. A number of concessions are asked for, but one of the men stated that the main demand is for an increase of about 20 per cent. in wages. They state that the average wage per day is $1.15 on the road in general, or $1.20 at the terminals, such as Ottawa. Respecting the hours, it is stated that the men have no special grievance to urge. They work 10 hours per day now. The C.P.R. trackmen in Ottawa are employed in gangs of five or six at the following points: C.P.R. yard, Union Depot, Chaudiere Junction, O. & N. Y. Junction, and Sussex-street Depot. As before stated, about 25 men employed at these points are striking, while, between this city and Carleton Place, about 50 are out.

The C.P.R. claims, after investigation, that it is paying as much, and, in many cases, more, than is paid by other roads, and that the condition of its sectionmen, on the whole, is much better on the C.P.R. than elsewhere. The company, moreover, claims that the union has failed to give and sound reasons why their demands should be complied with.

PACIFIC COAST DIVISION.

Seven Hundred Men at Vancouver and Kootenay Sections Quit.

Montreal, Que., June 17.—A special to The Star, from Vancouver, B. C., says: The track and bridge men on the Pacific

Continued on Page 2.

WHAT THE STRIKE IS FOR.

The strike committee of the C.P.R. present their case this way:

The trackmen receive an average of $1.15 a day and want an increase of from 10 to 20 cents a day, according to locality. They claim that, while the Canadian Pacific pretended to increase their wages 5 cents a day, they really had decreased, previously to that, the week's wage by 57½ cents, thru cutting down track walking, so that the company, with the apparent increase, still had the better of the trackmen by 27½ cents a week.

HARRY DID NOT SHOOT HIMSELF, BUT JURORS DO NOT SAY WHO DID

Responsibility For Young Sedwick's Death Must Rest With Persons Thru Whose Negligence the Loaded Revolver Was Left in an Accessible Place.

"We find that Harry Sedwick died at 701 Yonge-street at 4.40 p.m., on Friday, June 14, 1901, from the results of a pistol shot wound, the pistol being in the hands of a person or persons to the jury unknown, there being no evidence presented to the jury to show that it was not accidental.

"We further find that the responsibility for this occurrence rests, morally, on the persons thru whose negligence the loaded pistol was left in a place accessible to the young children, and we recommend that this matter be brought specially to the attention of the Attorney-General, with a view of having such negligence prevented and punishable in the future."

The foregoing verdict was returned at an early hour this morning by the jury empanelled by Coroner R. J. Wilson to inquire into the death of Harry Sedwick, the six-year-old lad who received fatal injuries last Friday afternoon, while he and his sister Olive were playing with a revolver at their home, 701 Yonge-street. The inquest was conducted at VanCamp & Co.'s undertaking rooms, 673 Yonge-street. Olive, the sister of deceased, did not testify, it being argued on her behalf by Barrister J. A. Ferguson that she was of too tender years. She is 10.

Dr. Bertram Spencer, who, with Dr. McClennan, conducted the autopsy, gave it as his opinion that the pistol shot wound in the brain, shock and hemorrhage combined had caused death. Because of the absence of powder marks on the deceased's hands, the absence of singeing of the hair near the wound in the head, and the position of the wound, the physician did not believe the injury was self-inflicted, altho he admitted it was possible for the boy to have shot himself.

Mrs. Eleanor Sedwick, mother of the dead boy, testified that the deceased came home from school on Friday last about 3.45 p.m., when he complained of the intense heat. Mrs. Sedwick sent the boy to her sleeping room to get a change of clothing, and did not see him again till after the report of the pistol was heard, followed by Olive's screams. The witness also testified that she had spoken to her husband nearly a week before the tragedy about leaving the revolver in the bedroom, but, at that time, Mr. Sedwick assured her that it was not loaded.

Albert Sedwick, father of the boy, said the revolver belonged to his brother-in-law, John Dickie. He had not seen it for seven years prior to the tragedy. The drawer where the weapon was kept was always locked, but not because he considered the revolver dangerous. Unimportant evidence was also given by J. J. Madden, 31 Hayden-street; Miss Rachael Hazza, 15 Charles-street, and Miss Sarah Forrest, 154 Cumberland-street. Mr. Richard Reynolds was foreman of the jury.

JAIL BIRDS STILL FREE.

Sheriff of Kent County Has Offered a Reward for the Capture of the Culprits.

Chatham, Ont., June 17.—It is reported that the three escaped prisoners, Epperson, Abram and Siddell, were seen in St. Thomas last night, but nothing definite is known. The Sheriff has offered a reward of $100 for the capture of Epperson and Abram, or $50 for either of them. The men are described as follows:

Andrew Epperson, alias Beck, is about 30 years of age, weighs about 150 or 160 pounds, and is 5 feet 8 inches in height, dark-complexioned, resembling a half-breed. He is said to be part Spanish, or part negro. The man is easily distinguishable by a very large birthmark, which extends over the right eye and forehead. When the man is excited, this spot is particularly noticeable. Epperson has a peculiar-shaped head; the back part is quite high. He might easily be mistaken for a tramp.

Frank Abram, alias Riall, is about 22 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches in height, weighs 140 or 150 pounds, dark complexion, dark hair.

Samuel Siddell is 5 feet 6 inches in height and weighs about 145 or 155 pounds. His complexion is lighter than either of the other two men.

Several reports of the capture of the men, or one of them, gained current to-day, but, up to the time of writing, there was nothing to warrant such statements.

AFTER THE CIRCUS PEOPLE.

Queen St. Druggist Had Passes for the Show, But Was Turned Down—Will Seek Satisfaction.

John C. Gray, druggist, of 1400 West Queen-street, intends issuing a writ against the proprietors of Ringling Bros.' circus for alleged breach of contract, and will claim $500 damages for his wounded feelings. He claims that he gave his show windows for the display of lithographic posters of the great circus, and received therefor two passes to the exhibition. Yesterday he took a friend, T. M. Humble, to see the show, and on presenting the passes at the entrance the ticket takers refused him admission, giving as a reason that the contract had not been fulfilled. Mr. Gray then tendered the regular admission fee, but this was refused, and he was kept in the roped square for some time during the crush before he could get out to the ticket wagon, experiencing much discomfort and a sacrifice of personal dignity. On reporting the circumstances to Provincial Detective Rogers on the grounds, he was referred to local Detectives Slemin and Perter, who referred him back to Rogers.

Detective Slemin informed Mr. Gray that several complaints of a like nature had been made to him, and he came to the conclusion that he was a victim. He declares that he has good grounds for action against the circus people, and will seek satisfaction in the courts.

Last night he called up Press Agent Brady at the Rossin House, but Brady had retired.

A CROSSING ACCIDENT.

Horse Killed and Its Owner, Mr. Hugh Killoven, Hurt—Napanee Citizens Dead.

Napanee, Ont., June 17.—About 8 o'clock this evening, while Hugh Killoren, a farmer, living in Richmond, was driving over Selby-road crossing on the G.T.R., close to the depot, with a team, his wagon was struck by a train, killing one horse and injuring the other and smashing the wagon. He was badly injured himself, but, it is not thought, seriously.

John Grant, M. D., one of the oldest doctors in town, was taken sick last night with pneumonia, and died this forenoon.

R. S. Shipman, for years agent for the Rathbun Co. here, died suddenly Saturday night.

DEATHS.

FOY—At 188 Jarvis-street, Toronto, on Sunday, June 16, Helen Josephine Foy, second daughter of the late Patrick Foy.

Funeral private. No flowers. Requiem mass at St. Michael's Cathedral on Wednesday, June 19, at 9.30 a.m.

HAMILTON—On Sunday, June 16, Alicia Perry Hamilton, relict of the late James Hamilton of Port Credit, in her 64th year.

Interment at Trinity Church, Port Credit, Tuesday, June 18, at 3 p.m.

MILLGATE—At residence of her father, 45 Medland-street, Toronto Junction, on Monday, June 17, Ethel L. Millgate, beloved daughter of Mr. H. G. Millgate, in her 22nd year.

Funeral service at residence of her father on Tuesday evening, June 18, at 8 o'clock. Funeral to Queenslawn Cemetery, Grimsby, by G.T.R. train, Wednesday morning, June 19.

MURPHY—At his late residence, 19 Bernard-avenue, on Monday, June 17, 1901, Edward F. Murphy, aged 63 years.

Funeral Wednesday morning, at 9 o'clock.

PACKHAM—On Monday, June 17, 1901, at his late residence, 14 Farley-avenue, Charles Packham, in his 84th year.

Funeral Tuesday, June 18, to St. James' Cemetery, at 3 p.m. A member of Brighton Lodge, S.O.E. Friends will please accept this notice.

SCHAEFER—At 261 Seaton-street, Jessie May, aged 15 years.

Funeral Tuesday, at 1.30 p.m., to the Necropolis. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

TROMAN—At Crewe, England, on June 2, of pneumonia, Harry W., eldest son of George and Katherine Troman, aged 27 years.

LUMBER GONE UP IN SMOKE

Ontario Lumber Company's Yards at French River Attacked By the Fire Fiend.

PROBABLE LOSS ABOUT $250,000.

Between Fourteen and Fifteen Million Feet Destroyed—Insurance Not Learned.

Parry Sound, Ont., June 17.—Word reached here to-day that all the lumber yards of the Ontario Lumber Company at French River were destroyed by fire yesterday. The yard was full of lumber, and probably four or five million feet were burned. Charlebois' boarding house and J. Gillies' dwelling were also destroyed. The sawmill, storehouse and other buildings were saved.

The Loss is Enormous.

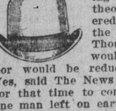
Later reports of the fire at French River place the quantity of lumber destroyed at between fourteen and fifteen million feet and the probable loss about $250,000. The lumber was insured, but to what amount cannot be learned to-night.

BIOLETTI A FREE MAN.

Acquitted of Charge of Murdering His Brother-in-Law, David Karr, at Innisfail.

Calgary, N. W. T., June 17.—The Bioletti murder trial was concluded to-night. It has been in progress the past few days. The prisoner was charged with the murder of his brother-in-law, David Karr, on the latter's farm near Innisfail, Alta. The judge charged in favor of the prisoner, and, after being out ten minutes, the jury acquitted him. Bioletti was released.

A Day Dream.



What an economic saving it would be, said a theorist, if the state ordered everyone to wear the same style of hat! Thousands of dollars would be saved, and labor would be reduced a thousand fold. Yes, said The News reporter, if you wait for that time to come there will be only one man left on earth, and his brain will have become so withered that it will not be necessary to cover it with a hat, and with this he took the philosopher into Dineen's, corner Yonge and Temperance-streets, to show him the largest collection of hat styles in Canada, and he pointed out to him that it was just as necessary to have different styles of hats as it is to have different styles of men and women and trees and flowers and shrubs, and the philosopher was satisfied that Dineen had the best collection he had seen, and came to the conclusion that matters are better left as they are.

SHOWERS, THEN WARMER.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, June 17.—(8 p.m.)—The weather continues cool and showery in Manitoba, but there is now good prospect of an improvement, as the conditions are of a decidedly summer type thruout the continent. The weather to-day has been fine from Ontario to the Maritime Provinces, and has been fairly warm everywhere, except where the winds have been directly off lake or sea.

Minimum and maximum temperatures—Victoria, 52—74; Kamloops, 48—88; Calgary, 36—70; Qu'Appelle, 46—62; Winnipeg, 48—70; Port Arthur, 50—66; Parry Sound, 52—76; Toronto, 50—70; Ottawa, 46—76; Montreal, 52—72; Quebec, 42—76; Halifax, 46—72.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes—A few scattered showers in early morning, then fine and becoming warmer with westerly winds.

Georgian Bay—A few scattered showers, but for the most part fair and moderately warm.

Upper St. Lawrence and Ottawa Valley—A few scattered showers, but for the most part fair and moderately warm.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Fair and moderately warm.

Maritime, East and West—Light winds; fine and moderately warm.

Lake Superior—Westerly winds; fair and a little warmer.

Manitoba—Westerly winds; fair and a little warmer.

Pan-American Weather.

Generally fair; moderate temperature; fresh to brisk variable winds, becoming westerly.

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

June 17.	At.	From
Boyic	New York	Liverpool
Vaderland	New York	Antwerp
Livonian	Glasgow	Montreal
Laurentian	Glasgow	New York
Carthaginian	St. John's, Nfld.	Liverpool
Britannia	New York	Marseilles
Siberian	Glasgow	Philadelphia
Belgenland	Queenstown	Philadelphia
Koenign Luise	Bremen	New York

A. E. Plummer & Co., financial agents 16 King-street west. 246

EARL RUSSELL ARRESTED

British Nobleman Met on Arrival in London By Detectives With a Warrant.

FORMALLY CHARGED WITH BIGAMY

Climax of the Reports That the Earl Unlawfully Married Mollie Cooke in America.

London, June 17.—Earl Russell was arrested to-day on a charge of having contracted a bigamous marriage in the United States. The Earl was met at the railway station upon his arrival from the country this morning by detectives with a warrant, and was taken to Bow-street Police Court, where he was formally charged. The nobleman appeared to be quite unconcerned.

While Earl Russell awaited in the anteroom the summons to appear before the magistrate, the woman he married in America joined him. The Earl sat at a table unconcernedly chatting and swinging his legs. When the case was called a representative of the public prosecutor said the prisoner was charged with feloniously marrying Mollie Cooke in America, April 15, 1900, while his wife, Mabel, Countess Russell, was alive.

About a year ago it was announced that Earl Russell had obtained a divorce in Nevada, and had there married Mrs. Mollie Somerville, daughter of the late George Cooke of Combernauld, Scotland. Mrs. Somerville had also obtained a divorce, in Nevada, from her husband, George J. Somerville, a Scotchman. Later the Earl and his new countess went to England, and the first countess threatened to have the Earl arrested for bigamy.

The Prosecution's Case.

The prosecution proceeded to outline the Earl's marriage to Mabel Scott (his first countess), their separation, his subsequent disappearance from England with a neighbor, Mrs. Somerville, and the discovery that he and Mrs. Somerville were together in Nevada. On April 14, 1900, Earl Russell obtained a license to marry Mollie Cooke, otherwise Mrs. Somerville, and a judge performed the ceremony April 15. Counsel for the Earl pointed out that the prosecution omitted mention of the divorce proceedings instituted by His Lordship in America. In the event of a conviction the case will be taken to the House of Lords, as Earl Russell is entitled to a trial by his peers.

The prosecution announced that the Nevada district judge, Mr. Koelher, and witnesses of the marriage, had arrived in England to prove the ceremony. Counsel for the defence intimated that Earl Russell, having secured a divorce in America, believed his subsequent marriage was legal.

CONSERVATIVE MEETINGS.

J. W. St. John and other leading Conservatives will address a Liberal-Conservative rally at Aberfoyle to-day.

A meeting in the interests of the Conservative candidate for North Bruce will be held at Tara on Friday, June 21.

Arrangements are being made for a Liberal-Conservative convention in West Victoria at an early date.

Try a Russian Bath—129 Yonge St.

Montreal's New Chief of Police.

Montreal, June 17.—(Special.)—Chief Legault of the Provincial Police of this city was to-day appointed chief of the Montreal police force. The other candidates were Capt. Chartrand of Kingston and Detective Campau.

MARRIED IN LONDON

Miss Muriel Dobell, Daughter of Hon. R. R. Dobell, the Wife of Captain Hull.

London, June 17.—(Telegram cable).—Hanover Square Anglican Church was the scene of a fashionable wedding to-day, in which the Canadian colony in the metropolis took a lively interest. Miss Muriel Dobell, daughter of Hon. R. R. Dobell, Quebec, a member of the Canadian government, and grand-daughter of the late Sir David Macpherson of Toronto, was married to Capt. Amyot Hull of the Scotch Fusiliers. Among the distinguished guests present were Lord and Lady Aberdeen and Lord and Lady Strathcona.

ANXIETY FOR FOUR BOYS.

Left Port Arthur on a Fishing Expedition, But Have Not Returned—Tug Gone in Search.

Port Arthur, June 17.—Considerable anxiety is felt around town to-day over the absence of four boys who left yesterday to go down the bay shore on a fishing expedition. The boys are Jack McAvey, Milton Cooper, Alfred Perkins and Fred Armstrong, all about 16 years of age.

They left yesterday about 3 o'clock on a sail boat, and expected to be back this morning at 9 o'clock, but as nothing had been heard of them at 3.30 this afternoon Mr. McAvey decided that he would take the tug Inez and cruise down the shore in a search for them.

Free to the Public.

The Mountain View Park, Hamilton, is an ideal place for excursion and picnic parties. It is situated on the brow of Hamilton Mountain, and is easily reached by street cars and incline railway. A large portion of the park is laid out for baseball and other athletic sports. There are large and airy refreshment rooms and a splendid pavilion for dancing. Music is supplied to parties at lowest terms. Intending excursion parties will do well to remember this excellent summer resort when arranging for their annual picnics.

TRIOLET.

She stood at the head of her class,
But the other co-eds didn't care;
She seldom looked into her glass;
The she stood at the head of her class
She was clearly the homeliest lass
Among all the girl graduates there—
She stood at the head of her class,
But the other co-eds didn't care.

Turkish and Steam Baths—129 Yonge St

"Clan Mackenzie" Scotch Whiskey.

Used in all the leading clubs, hotels and restaurants in the British Empire. Acknowledged to be the finest whiskey distilled. George McConnell & Co., agents, Colborne-street, Toronto. ed

TO-DAY IN TORONTO.

Cobourg Old Boys, St. George's Hall, 8 p.m.

St. Michael's College commencement, 9.30 a.m.

Victoria Memorial Committee, City Hall, 8 p.m.

House of Industry, Board of Management, 4 p.m.

Special meeting High School Board, 8 p.m.

Munro Park, vaudeville, 8 p.m.

Hanlan's Point, vaudeville, 3 and 8 p.m.

Cigars Manuel Garcia, Oscar Amanda Japs, five cents. Alive Bollard

Offered Prof. Steen's Position.

Montreal, June 17.—(Special.)—The Rev. O. W. Howard, assistant minister of St. George's, has been offered Prof. Steen's position at the Diocesan College.

NEW TELEGRAPHIC INVENTION

Twenty-Four Messages Can Be sent Over a Wire at Once.

London, June 17.—Some important experiments in connection with a new telegraph system, which is said to cheapen considerably the cost of telegrams, have recently been conducted by the postal engineers between London and Glasgow. The new apparatus is the invention of a French engineer of the name of Mercadier, and, by its means, it is possible to send separate messages over one wire at the same time. The system is also capable of being duplexed, by which 24 separate messages can be sent at one time over a single wire.

The details of the apparatus are comparatively simple. The wire is attached at either end to twelve sending wires, and, in another case, to 12 receivers. At the sending end, the currents are interrupted by twelve rapidly-vibrating metal reeds, each reed vibrating at a different speed. At the receiving end are 12 telephone receivers, with membranes of different thickness, capable of vibrating at a certain rate, but at no other. The different rates of these receivers are identical with the rates of the reeds at the sending station.

When a message is sent, or when 12 separate messages are sent, what happens is this: The twelve currents enter the wire, each impressed with a different vibration rate. At the receiving station, they pass thru a microphonic receiver, which gives them added strength. They are then discharged thru the 12 receivers. As each of these receivers only responds to vibrations of a certain rate, they select each the currents belonging to its particular message, but are impervious to all the others. By this means, the messages are accurately sorted out and kept distinct.

ADDRESS ON DOMESTIC SCIENCE

Miss Ravenhill of England Explains Her Work to a Small But Interested Audience.

A very small and likewise a very interested audience gathered in the top flat of the City Hall yesterday evening to hear Miss Ravenhill explain the system of domestic science in vogue in England.

Miss Ravenhill is the representative of the British government and the Sanitary Institute of Great Britain on this subject. Her remarks, therefore, are of particular value.

Instruction in domestic science, she said, was given in nearly all elementary schools in England. Laundry work was regarded as of nearly equal value with cooking. Needlework was obligatory in the schools. The aim in teaching the subjects was to place them on a scientific basis, so that the object was educational as well as economic. The great stress laid upon this class of teaching may readily be grasped from the fact that in London alone over a million dollars is expended annually for technical education.

SEVERAL THORNY QUESTIONS.

Which Should Have Lord Pauncefote's Consideration.

London, June 18.—The Daily Mail, in an editorial, urges the British government to retain Lord Pauncefote at Washington, as several thorny questions are still awaiting settlement. The editorial further advocates giving the United States every facility to construct the Nicaragua Canal, provided it is neutral and an