

Lequel de ces livres voulez-vous?	Which (one) of these books etc.
N'importe lequel.	No matter which = either.
Ou l'un ou l'autre.	Either one or the other.
L'un et l'autre.	Both (i. e. the one and the other).
Tous les deux <i>or</i> tous deux.	Both.
Je ne veux ni l'un ni l'autre.	I want neither.
Ni l'un ni l'autre ne me plaît.	Neither pleases me.
Il n'y a pas de livre, <i>or</i> il n'y a aucun livre.	There is no (= not any) book.
Je ne veux aucun de ces livres.	I want none of these books. (8)
En avez-vous? — Aucun.	Have you any? — None.
Il ne dort, ni ne mange.	He neither sleeps nor eats
Il ne veut ni dormir ni manger.	He neither wants to sleep nor eat.
On doit ou manger ou dormir.	One must either eat or sleep.
On doit et dormir et manger.	One must both sleep and eat.
Ou vos frères nous ont trompés, ou la porte est fermée.	Either your brothers have deceived us, or the door is closed. (9)
S'il ne vient pas c'est qu'il est malade.	If he doesn't come it is because he is sick.
Je vous estime d'autant plus que vous êtes pauvre.	I esteem you all the more (or so much the more) because you are p.
Je suis d'autant plus content de rester ici que je suis pauvre.	I am all the more pleased to stay here, because I am poor. (10)
Ainsi soit-il.	Thus be it = Amen.

The Body and its Attributes

Il a la tête dure.	He has the head hard, <i>his head is hard.</i>
Ils ont la tête grosse.	They have the head big, <i>their heads are big.</i>

(8) AUCUN, AUCUNE (*fem.*), requires the negative NE before the verb, but may be used alone (like RIEN) with NE and the verb understood.

(9) French has no exact equivalent: to *either ... or, neither ... nor, both ... and*, although much the same idea is rendered by doubling the conjunctions OU, NI, and ET, as above.

(10) **Que** is here equivalent to **PARCE QUE**, as it is in **C'EST QUE**.