The official war bureau makes the following The statement from German sources, that there has been a rebellion in British Somaliland, and that Berbera, with all the British officers, has been taken, is entirely without foundation. The situation in the remains unchanged since the outbreak of the war.'
BELGIANS MADE SPIRITED DEFENCE.

The official press bureau issued the following statement at midnight: "Thruout yesterday the enemy made a vigorous attack against the allies' front, but were beaten back, suffering considerable losses. The Belgian army in particular distinguished itself by its spirited and brave defence of its position."

"In regard to the last part of the above announcement by the war office, the press bureau has received from an authentic source the following description of the Belgian army's work, which will be read with pride both by the many Belgians who have had to flee from their native land, and by those allies among whom they are now finding temporary rest and shelter:

"'For the last four days the Belgian army have been in the trenches, holding a line of some 30 kilometres (18½ miles) with the greatest determination against heavy odds. On several occasions they have made brave and successful counter-attacks against the German forces, attacking the position they hold, and have shown the soldier-like qualities that have distinguished the Belgian army during the long period they have been fighting against superior forces of the enemy in their counter." heir country."

LILLE A SEETHING VORTEX.

The German right wing is wavering all along its tortuous length from the force of blows delivered by the allies. Lille is a seething vortex, and both sides seem bent on holding the town, now occupied by the Germans. The French and British troops are gradually closing in on the position, in the face of perhaps the most stubborn resistance which they have yet encountered. Every few yards German trenches and barbed wire entouclesses. and barbed wire entanglements render attacks extremely difficult. These latter have caused the most serious trouble, the time occupied in their destruction exposing assaulting forces to a withering fire from the German trenches. It has been suggested that the men called on to break down these entanglements be provided with bucklers, not dissimilar from the shields of old, which were used to such good advantage by the Parisian police in capturing the notorious automobile bandits who fortified themselves in houses on the outskirts of the capital, where they were almost improvements.

capital, where they were almost impregnable.

It is also suggested that men be tolled off especially and provided with apparatus to tear down the barbed wire barricades. If this sug-

with apparatus to tear down the barbed wire barricades. If this suggestion is acted upon they will become an integral part of each regiment, and will represent a distinct fighting corps of engineers, whose duty will be the most hazardous of almost any force in the army.

Included in the prisoners taken around Lille are a number of 18-year-old boys and men above the 50 mark, providing conclusively that the last German line is now on the field of hostilities. The older men are said to show the fatigue very plainly, many of them being in the greatest physical distress. Sore feet and distempers arising from the condition of the German trenches are much in evidence.

COMMUNICATION NOT CUT.

Just as the Germans have been unable to make good their ad-

Just as the Germans have been unable to make good their advance along the channel, so have the allies failed to cut the line of mication between the Germans in France and those com from Belgium. All efforts to hack thru the kaiser's lines have met with repulse, and the allied commanders are loth to make the sacrifice of life which accompanies frontal attacks on a scale sufficient to accomplish this purpose. The flanking operations of General Joffre have proved the most effective in dealing with the invaders, and both the French and British are proving adept in whip-saw manoeuvres, which are marked by a demonstration in force at one point, and sudden, dare-devil drives a few miles away. With these tactics the centre of the German line between the two points attacked nearly always give ground, and a few more miles are gained.

It is declared by correspondents at widely-scattered points that the stand of the allies and the steady receding movement of the kaiser's army at many points has caused the gravest anxiety among German officers, and something akin to alarm among the German people.

(Continued from Pane 1).

(Continued from Pane 1).

(Continued from Pane 1).

(Continued from Pane 1). from Belgium. All efforts to hack thru the kaiser's lines have met with

THE KAISER'S PREDICTION.

Both began to fear that the kaiser's prediction that all of his troops will be in Germany before Christmas may be fulfilled in a way he had not anticipated. Indications of this anxiety are shown in the orders countermanding a big feast which was to have been held at Ghent, where as many officers as could be spared were to celebrate the victory of German arms. The plan has gone by the board, and it is now declared that all German civilians in Brussels have been instructed to leave the Belgian capital within 48 hours. There has been the screen their movements, advanced at structed to leave the Belgian capital within 48 hours. There has been a great movement of German wounded from Bruges, just behind their fighting line in Belgium, and their most advanced base hospital.

branches of trees and other foliage to screen their movements, advanced at nightfall.

The Russians, feigning ignorance of

From Arras to Roye desperate encounters took place through their approach, lessened the muskerry fire, allowing the Austrians to draw clash of the two armies is described as terrible by eye-witnesses. What success there was in this district rested with the allies today.

At La Bassee, Mametz, Peronne, Albert and at Vauquois, all in this zone, the French and British met and threw back vicious assaults of all arms. La Bassee was the scene of especially destructive combats.

In the neighborhood of St. Mihiel, the German crown prince continues to face a steadily tightening line of the republic's troops. His

front here resembles a peninsula running into territory held by his enemies, and which, to complete the simile, may be cut by a tidal wave advance at a point behind St. Mihiel. THE NEXT BIG FIGHT.

Reports are persistent that the Germans are hurrying work on a new line of fortifications from Metz to Namur, and thence northwest-ward in the general direction of Antwerp. This is believed to be the next bulwark behind which the victors of a few weeks ago will attempt to stem the oncoming allies.

There is no information available of the fighting before Metz, if the French have really reached that fortress, and none of the reported German siege of Belfort on the eastern frontier of France. It was declared from Berlin today that the Germans have reduced sufficient of the outer forts at Verdun to permit the use of big guns on that stronghold. This is denied in French official circles, altho it is freely acknowledged that the kaiser's men are assaulting Verdun with great vigor. This action, the French commanders say, is intended to draw off the French advance toward Metz, or to bring troops from the west. Verdun is sufficiently strong to repel all such assaults without much trouble, they state.

VIOLENT ATTACKS REPULSED. The official communique of the French War Office, issued this afternoon, was notably laconic:

"During the day of yesterday the attacks of the enemy were particularly violent at Nieuport, Dixmunde and La Bassee. They were all repulsed by the allied armies with great energy. "At all other points the situation is without any notable change."

1900 BATTLE BETWEEN LILLE AND OSTEND.

BORDEAUX, France, Oct. 21.—(6.30 p.m.)—A great battle is now raging between Lille and Ostend, according to despatches received here this afternoon. The despatches add that the situation of the allies is considered eminently satisfactory thus far.

THREE HELD ON SERIOUS CHARGE. street, and Uriner Bornstein, were Elizabeth Coxhead was arrested last

night charged with committing an aboravenue. In connection with the case Genevieve Gerald, 426 Dundas street, was arrested by Sergt. McKinney of the morality department, and Neil Colder, 831 St. Clarens avenue, was arrested by Detective Levitt, both on charges of conspiring to procure an abortion.

CLAIMED TO BE INFLUENTIAL. Alex. Marcovitch, 601/2 Chestnut

arrested yesterday on a complaint laid by people who claimed the pris-oners told them they could fix it with

would not be molested by the police.

WAS H. W. COPELAND.

The body of the man who dropped dead yesterday in the McCarron Hotel, Queen and Victoria streets, was identified last night as that of H. W. Copeland, who was employed at \$3 Booth avenue.

In as been working on the case, appears to regard the wreck as due to an accident. The inquest will open tomorrow.

A second death, that of Mrs. Morris a prize of war. The Standard Oil Company is entering a protest with the state department, requesting them to make suitable representation to the British Government looking for the release of the steamer and her cargo.

The motorcycle corps, recently organized by Lieut. Ewart Dixon in conjunction with the staten with the steamship Brindilla."

### RAILROAD DESTROYED BY BELGIANS



The railway leading to Brussels was blown up by the Belgians, and the German line of communication thus was broken.

Sacrifice.'

Vessels Laden With Millions of Gallons Sail for Scandi-

navia and Holland.

ANOTHER SHIP SEIZED

Standard Oil Co. Taken

Into Stornoway.

the controversy can be settled to the sa-tisfaction of all concerned is the as-sumption by the Governments of Hol-

bargo on its exportation to Germany.

Another Vessel Seized.

pany today, where an official of the

"The American tank steamship Pla

turia, once the German steamer Dia-

## NOTABLE VICTORY Reference Made to Belgium's "Splendid Tho Terrible

Germans, Defeated in Warsaw District, Leave Wounded on Field.

ADVANCE IS GENERAL

Russians Assume Offensive Against Austrians on the River San.

AUSTRIANS ENTRAPPED

Tank Steamship Platuria of Special to The Toronto World.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—The Daily Chronicle of London says in the course of an article in this morning's

Unexpected Volleys. In the morning, so the story goes, the Russians opened an unexpected and deadly fire upon the emboldened Austrians, who, after a momentary hesitation, surrendered without resistance before a Russian bayonet charge. Among the prisoners taken were 15 officers. Six machine guns were cap-

A correspondent on the East Prussian front says that activity has been resumed along the entire line from Suwalki to Lyck, where the Germans had been reinforced. German assaults were repulsed and sharp Russian counter-attacks made. The Germans are engaged in skirmishing and foraging and appear to have no intention of advancing in force.

### **FATAL EXPLOSION** DUE TO ACCIDENT

Dynamite Discharge at Montreal Apparently Not Intentional-Woman Dies.

Canadian Press Despatch.

MONTREAL, Oct. 21.-The mystery of the disastrous explosion in the Frontenac street tenement last night has not yet been solved, but inasmuch as the supposed Austrian bomb thrower, whose dead body was picked up at the scene of the wreckage last night, was a Russian by the name of Peter Ditchpera, who is said to have been a boarder in Nickal Bey's portion of the tenement, No. 571 Frontenac street, and on friendly terms with all the in-mates, it is thought the whole mates, it is thought the explosion may have been the accidental discharge of dynamite stored in the basement by one of the laborers who lived in the

mant, recently transferred under the American flag and registry, sailed from New York on Oct. 5 with a cargo of illuminating oil for Arrhuus, Denmark. Captain Paul of the Platunia telegraphs that the steamship has been house.
Police Inspector McLaughlin, who tion on a young woman at 115 Gladstone avenue. In connection with the case genevieve Gerald, 426 Dundas street, was

#### ASQUITH MESSAGE IN **GERMAN AMBITION** NEW BELGIAN PAPER **BLAMED FOR WAR**

Premier Hearst of Ontario Speaks of Duty to Empire at Hamilton.

Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—The first issue of L'Independance Belge, the leading journal of Belgium, to appear on the streets of London, came from the new presses of the paper today. Following the evacuation of Brussels its offices were removed to Ostend and subsequently to this city. presses of the paper today. Following the evacuation of Brussels its offices were removed to Ostend and subsequently to this city.

A letter from Prime Minister Asquith is a prominent feature of the initial issue here. In the course of this epistic Mr. Asquith expresses the fine the 'valiant Belgian people once more will be restored to their own country and in full enjoyment of the freedom for which they have made such a splendid tho terrible sacrifice.

FARMER STRUCK BY TRAIN.

CHATHAM, Ont., Oct. 21.—Walter Taylor, a Raleigh Township farmer, was fatally injured at 1 o'clock this afternoon, when he was struck by a westbound express train at the Lacroix street crossing of the C.P.R. this city, while driving home.

AMERICANS SUPPLY

GERMANY WITH OIL

Sy a Staff Reporter.

HAMILTON, Oct. 22.—Hon. W. H. Hearst, Premier of Ontario, addressed a large gathering in Association Hall at the clebration of the 109th anniversary of England societies, last night.

AUSTRIA AND HUNGARY

Hamilton, Oct. 21.—Walter Referring to the war, he said that it to uphold the cause of the empire and to right for the figs.

For many years Germany had ambitions of greater power and for greater territorial prise would she gain than this fair Dominion of Canada? he saked.

Mr. Hearst outlined the cause of the war, and said that Germany was alone as westbound express train at the Lacroix street crossing of the C.P.R. this city, while driving home.

AMERICANS SUPPLY

GERMANY WITH OIL

Sy a Staff Reporter.

HAMILTON, Oct. 22.—Hon. W. H. Hearst, Premier of Ontario, addressed a large gathering in Association Hall at the clebration of the large gathering in Association Hall at the clebration of the 109th anniversary of England States of England Sta

the time to force German culture, learning and military ideas, and their influence on the world. But was ever a nation so far out in her reckoning as to the powers of the other nations, and as to the part they would take in the war?" he asked.

"It is a titanic struggle and, thank God, we are able to meet it. I have no doubt as to the ultimate outcome. I hope that Great Britain does not stop until the Union Jack floats over Berlin."

Many Contingents Needed.
The premier said that he expected that many more contingents would be needed at the front before the strife was ended.
Mayor Allan introduced Premier
Hearst.

Allan Studbalan

"It cannot be a comforting thing to the American public to know that they are supplying Germany with instruments of barbarism. The Germans are leaving no stone unturned to obtain American supplies of petroleum, and there is little doubt that they are succeeding to some extent at least. "Let the American journalists ask the citizens of the United States whether they will tolerate longer the departure from their shores to Scandinavia and Holland of vessels laden with millions of gallons of oli destined for Germany."

This appeal comes at a time when the attention of the American public is directed to the case of the Brindilla, an oll ship seized outside of New York harbor by a British warship and carried to Hallfax.

Britain's Vigorous Policy.

It is understood here that the seizure of the Brindilla forecasts a vigorous policy on the part of Great Britain to minimize the possibility of Carrier "It cannot be a comforting thing to

# Militia authorities. Aiding Soldiers' Families. Till the present the officials of the Hamilton Patriotic Fund have paid out \$7585 to the dependents of soldiers with the first contingent. Over 400 families are being looked after. Austrian Taken to Toronto. Paul Saes, the Austrian who was arrested nearly two weeks ago by the police on a charge of espionage, and in whose possession were found official German papers, was yesterday taken to Stanley Barracks at Toronto by two corporal officers.

Hearst.

Allan Studholme, M.L.A., Samuel Barker, M.P.. Controller Jutten and Dr. Glassco, president of St. George's Society, were seated on the platform and spoke briefly.

During the evening a program of vocal and instrumental music and recitations was given, and W. H. Collinson spoke on the British navy. A collection was taken up for the Hamilton United Relief Association.

want Lights in Park.

A deputation of west end residents headed by Ald. Coo, requested the parks board last evening to place lights in Victoria Park. The board will consider the matter. Representatives of the Hamilton United Relief Association asked permission to trim trees in the parks to provide work for some of the unemployed. The board granted the request and agreed to supply four foremen to take charge of the work and the necessary teams.

Three-Thousand Dollar Fire

ployed. The board granted the request and agreed to supply four foremen to take charge of the work and the necessary teams.

Three-Thousand-Dollar Fire.

Damage to the extent of nearly \$3000 was caused by a fire which broke out, from an unknown cause, in the factory of the National Machine and Supply Company, North Wellington street, last night. The firemen fought the flames for an hour and a half before they gained control of the situation.

Highlanders Parade,

Over 500 men turned out at the parade of the 91st Highlanders last evening. Lieut.-Col. McLaren and Major Turnbull were in command.

Patriotic Entertainment was held in West Methodist Church last evening, when a program of patriotic music was given by members of the choir. Lantern sildes on war subjects were shown.

Propose Commission.

An aptation to supplant the present civic administration by a commission form of government is again under consideration by the aldermen. Some councilmen say that the disclosures already made and those to be made at the civic investigation prove that they are going to make an effort to convince the entire council that a change is absolutely necessary. A commission appointed by the government to run civic affairs is suggested, but as it is feared that politics might play a prominent part in the administration of the city this idea does not meet with the favor of many.

Lieut.-Col. McLaren, commanding officer of the 91st Highlanders, has accepted the command of one of the battalions of the second contingent. Major Turnbull, also of the 91st, has also been given a position under Lieut.-Col. McLaren. The two officers went to Toronto yestered the command of one of the battalions of the second contingent. Major Turnbull, also of the 91st, has also been given a position under Lieut.-Col. McLaren. The two officers went to Toronto yestered the command of one of the battalions of the second contingent. Major Turnbull, also of the 91st, has also been given the council were the officers at divisional in connection with their appoin ure of the Brindilla forecasts a vigorous policy on the part of Great Britain to minimize the possibility of Germany procuring American oil. The question, both with relation to the Brindilla and its other phases, is now under discussion by American and English diplomats.

To facilitate this new line of action the British Government has added illuminating oil to the list of contraband articles, a step that seriously effects American commercial interests.

It is stated here the only way in which the controversy can be settled to the saland, Denmark and Sweden of full responsibility for oil entering their ports.

They have already established an empared of the control of the Another Vessel Seized.

To further complicate the situation another oil vessel belonging to the Standard Oil Company has been seized by the British, according to a statement made at the offices of the company today where an official of the company today where the company today w

them down the coast, and while they have been shelling German positions, made attacks on them. These attacks, however, were made futile by the presence of British destroyers. One account says the submarines suffered losses, but this statement has not been confirmed.

It has been remarked that the submarines and aeroplanes, which in times of peace have moved them. marines and aeroplanes, which in times of peace have proved themselves the most dangerous arms of the two services, have suffered little loss since the war commenced and have been doing splendid work, traveling thousands of miles.

# Tokio Announces Naval

cess - French Attac Austrian Submarines

IRISH STEAMER IS LOST

Struck North Sea Mine-Danish Submarine Was Attacked.

Canadian Press Despatch.

ROME (via London), Oct. 21, 11.15
p.m.—The Japanese embassy in Rome
tonight gave out the following communication received from Tokio:

"We have found two auxiliary cruis"
ers of the enemy. One sunk herself.
The other we captured."

**NOVA SCOTIAN VESSEL** PROBABLY TOTAL LOSS

TURKS ISLAND, Bahamas, Oct. 21. The British schooner Lady of Avon, from Annapolis, N.S., October 1 for Clenfuegos with a load of lumber, went ashore this morning on Northwest Reef, off this island. She probably wil be a total loss. Her cargo is being saved.

IRISH STEAMER STRUCK MINE.

Canadian Press Despatch.

LONDON, Oct. 21, 9.55 p.m.—A despatch to Lloyd's Agency from Harwich, says:

she saw the steamer Cormorant of Cork sink in the North Sea. It is supposed she struck a mine. Her crew probably were saved by a tor-pedo boat which was seen to leave

SKIRMISH OFF CAPE OSTRO.

Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 21. — An Austrian official statement says that a skirmish occurred off Cape Ostro, at the entrance of the Guif of Cattaro, between Austrian torpedo-boats and submarines accompanied by an air submarines accompanied by the Wal submarines accompanied by an all ship and a French cruiser, the Wadeck-Rousseau. Altho heavily borded the Austrian ships returned undamaged. The French cruiser fired the Outro lighthouse which were light or the Course with the Course which were returned to the Course which were returned to the Course lighthouse which were returned to the Course lighthouse which were returned to the course which were returned to

CATTARO FORTS ARE CRUMBLING

LONDON, Oct. 21, 8.30 p.m.—A despatch from Cettnje, forwarded by the Rome correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Co., says that the mine forts about the Bay of Cattaro, in Dalmatia, are being constantly hit by shells from the new French guns which have been placed on Mount Lovechen, and are gradually being destroyed. Only one fort attempted to reply.

The Anglo-French fleet continues a successful bombardment of the outer for fifications.

IN BIG BATTLES

But Allies, With British Warships' Aid, More Than

FIGHTING IN STRETS

Sanguinary Combats in Pro-

gress Over Big Area -

Foe Repulsed.

(Continued from Page 1).

were bought by the admiralty,

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OURGS

DANISH SUBMARINE ATTACKED.

Canadian Press Despatch.

LONDON, Oct. 21, 10 p.m.—"A foreign submarine boat of unknown nationality," says a Central News despatch from Copenhagen, "discharged two torpedoes yesterday afternoon at a Danish submarine which was lying in international waters at the northern end of the sound. Both torpedoes missed their mark, but one of them drifted ashore this morning and exploded.

"The Darigh Covernment tasked."

"The Danish Government has asked the belligerent powers to exercise greater care in the future."

EMDEN'S LATEST EXPLOITS.

against the allied line at Nieuport, Dixmude and La Bassee, while the German general staff says fighting continues on the Yeer Capal and that the Germans, taking the offensive, west of Lille, have repulsed the French at several points.

British Warships Effective.

These reports seen to dispose of the very optimistic accounts appearing in the English newspapers from correspondents, who claimed they were in West Flanders and who stated that the Germans had been driven back.

The Germans, however, are believed here to be fighting against disadvantages, especially along the coast, as the British ships, which have been assisting the allied land forces, have long range guns that would be capable of making things uncomfortable for the ammunition trains and supply convoys, which must remain in the immediate rear of the troops, and also for the men in the trenches and the German gunners.

Three Monitors in Action. Canadian Press Despatch.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—The German cruiser Emden again has been busy in far eastern waters, despite the capture last week of her supply ship, and has sunk four British steamers and a dredger and captured two other vessels, the steamers Exford and Saint Egbert. The latter was allowed to proceed to Cochin, British India, with the passengers and crews of the vessels the Emden sank.

The report of the operations of the Emden does not say how the Exford, which files the British flag and was bound from Yohohama for New York, was disposed of.

ENGAGEMENT IN BALTIC?

Canadian Press Despatch. LONDON, Oct. 21.—An engagement between German torpedo boats and hostile submarines in the Baltic, near Rugen Island, off the Prussian coast is reported from Stockholm, according to a Central News despatch from Copenhagen. No details of the fight or its result are given. while no official information is available as to the ships which are being used for this purpose, it is probable that they are the three monitors which were being completed in England for the Brazilian Government when the war broke out and which when the war broke out and which

GERMAN STEAMER SUNK.

were bought by the admiralty.

These monitors, which have been renamed Mersey, Humber and Severn, draw less than nine feet of water and could take up positions not far from shore, from which their six-inch guns and 4.7-inch Howitzers, of which each vessel carries two, would be able to throw shells nearly four miles across the country, the range being given them by airmen.

The vessels assisting the allies have not been allowed to carry out their practice in peace, for the crews of German submarines have followed them down the coast, and while they have been shelling German positions, made attacks on them. Canadian Press Despatch.
RIO JANEIRO, Oct. 21.—The German steamer Santa Catharina, from New York for Rio Janeiro, etc., before reported seized as a war prize, is now reported sunk off Parcel dos Abrolhos. a reef about 475 miles northeast of this port, in consequence of fire in her bunkers.

Hamilton Hotels.

HOTEL ROAYL Every room furnished with new beds, new carpets and thoroughly redecorated January, 1914, BEST SAMPLE ROOMS IN CANADA, \$3.00 and up—American Plan. edi

> E. PULLAN BUYS ALL GRADES OF

WASTE PAPER ADELAIDE 760. Office; 400 Adelaide V