Abbott, who, in a most exact study of eight cases of typical diphtheria occurring in Baltimore, found the Læffler bacilli present in every instance.—(Johns Hopkins Hosp. Bulletin, Jan. 1890.)

That diphtheritic membrane can be produced amongst other causes by the streptococcus pyogenes is shown by the uniform presence of this organism in the diphtheritic endometritis occurring in puerperal fever. The only statements as to the absence of the Loeffler bacilli in diphtheritis of other regions than the throat is that furnished by Paltauf and Kolisko, who were unable to find the bacilli in this condition or in intestinal or cutaneous diphtheritis phagædena.—(Wiener med. Wochenschrift, No. 8, 1889.)

I have tabulated below the cases collected by Dr. Prudden and added my own cases. (I have not included in this table the cases where I was not able to obtain satisfactory material for examination, as I found in cases A 2 and A 3 that the bacilli might easily be missed if the secretions only were examined, and although found in portions of actual membrane).

Observer.	Reperence.	No. of Cases Examined.	Lœffler Bacilii.	
			Present in.	Absent in.
Babes D'Espine	Zeitschrift f. Hygiene, Bd. 5 Revue Medicale de la Suisse, Romande, 1888, No. 1	42	42	0
	mande, 1888, No. 1	14 16	14 15	0
Spronek	Berl. Klin. Wochen., 1889, No. 10 Central. f. Pathol., Bd. 1, p. 218. Annales de L'Institut Pasteur.	7	15 7	0
	Dec. 1888	15	15	0
Paltauf and Kolisko.		50	50	Ō
Zarniko Beck Sorensen	In Aug. Dissertation, Kiel, 1889 Zeitschrift f. Hygiene, Bd. 8 Nordiskt Medicinskt Archiv, Bd.	15 50 20 52	50 18 50	0 2 2
	18, No. 25	10	7	3
Escherich Tangl Briegn and Fraenkel.	Cent. f. Bacteriologie, Jan, 2, '90 Cent. f. Pathologie, Bd. 1, p. 795. Berl. Klin. Wochen. Mar. 17, '90	10 22 18 22 24	· 18 · 22	3 2 0 0
Prudden (1st series) Welch and Abbott	Am. Jour. Med. Seie., May 1889. Johns Hopkins Hosp. Bul., vol. 2.		0	24
	No. 11	8	8	0
Prudden (2nd series). Johnston	N. Y. Med, Record, April 18, 1891 Montreal Med. Jour., Sept. 1891.	12 10	12	0
	l	342	307	35

The method of examining is very simple, and no one having an elementary training in bacteriology would have any trouble in carrying it out. Following the directions of Roux and Yersin