Walcut, a Christian; "the ruler of Philip, before he began any act of hostility," to the English. He was one of those who gave them notice of Philip's

design of war.

Walk-in-the-water, a famous western chief, who, early in the late war joined the English to oppose the operations of general Hull. He is named by that unfortunate officer, in connection with Tecumseh, Marpot, Logan, and Spit-log, as leading "the vast numbers" from all parts of the neighboring forests. Walk-in-the-water fought bravely at the Thames, when Tecumseh was slain; and soon after the battle, came to the American camp, at Detroit, with a flag of truce, more like a conqueror than a vanquished chief. The real soldier could but admire his firmness and carriage. He now made peace with the Americans.

Wanamatanemet, Sachem of the island Aquidnek, since called Rhode Island, and subject to Canonicus and Miantunnomoh. The two Sachems last named, sold to Wm. Coddington and others, that island. Wanamatanemet lived upon it, and in addition to what was paid to the chief Sachems, he was to receive five

fathom of wampum, to relinquish his right.*

Wannalunsit, son of Pussaconaway, and Sachem of the country upon the Merrimack river, in the first settlement of New England. He was always the friend of the English, and when he could live no longer in their neighborhood without endangering the peace of his people, in the time of Philip's war, he retired with them far into the wilderness towards Canada. Captain Mosely was sent up to his place of residence, a little before he abandoned it, with one hundred armed men, who laid waste his wigwams and winter's provisions, and yet was suffered to march off unmolested,

^{*} MS. documents, on file among Mass. State Papers.