It was in this spirit that on June 6 I replied to your earlier letter enclosing the new Soviet disarmament proposals of June 2. The Canadian Government, along with the other Western governments participating in the Ten Nation Committee, found your revised proposals worthy of careful study. In this connection, I would call your attention to the following remarks made by the Secretary of State for External Affairs in the House of Commons on June 15, 1960:

"The Canadian Government wants these proposals to receive a patient and searching examination in the Ten Nation Committee, as marking the opening of a phase of detailed, business-like and uninterrupted negotiations. We believe there should be no hasty, ill-considered reaction to the new Soviet proposals, but the most careful and constructive examination of these proposals in the Committee which circumstances permit."

Nevertheless, your revised proposals embodied a number of provisions which differed materially from those you submitted to the United Nations on September 18, 1959. It was not unreasonable, therefore, that the submission of your proposals of June 2 should have given rise to a series of probing questions by the Western side in the course of the ensuing sessions of the Ten Nation Committee. Nothing in your letter explains why, during the same period, the Soviet Government and its allies began to give public indications of an intention to break off the negotiations. Such actions stand in odd contrast with your professed desire for genuine negotiations, and scarcely reflect a recognition of the urgency and importance of the work of the Committee.

My greatest difficulty is in understanding why the Soviet Government chose to break off the negotiations when it was aware that the Western countries were about to introduce new proposals which, together with the Soviet proposals of June 2, gave promise of bringing new life into the negotiations. A full opportunity was offered to the Soviet Union and its allies to reconsider its position on the day following the withdrawal of the Soviet and other Eastern delegations. That opportunity was not taken.

It had always been my understanding that the General Assembly of the United Nations would have an opportunity periodically to review the work of the Ten Nation Disarmament Committee. I had assumed that the next session of the General Assembly would provide the first such occasion. I had hoped that, rather than return to the United Nations with a record of failure, the Ten Nation Committee could instead have reported progress. You suggest in your letter that progress in the negotiations was not to be expected. My conclusion is that there was every chance for progress at the time of the Committee's precipitate adjournment.

When you have had an opportunity to study the new proposals from the Western side, I hope you will agree that these propoals show that the Western countries are sincerely desirous of reaching a disarmament agreement. I hope too that on reflection you will find it possible to authorize your representative to resume participation in the vital work of the Ten Nation Committee.

I am,

Yours sincerely,

(Sgd.) John G. Diefenbaker"

