

(E) In the case of countries in which fisheries are an important and organised branch of economic activity, annual returns showing: (1) the products of the main sea fisheries landed and, if possible, of inland-water fisheries; (2) the nationalities of the boats by which such products are landed; (3) the numbers and classes of national boats engaged in fisheries; and (4) the number of persons employed on such boats.

Whenever it is not possible to render complete returns, an approximate indication of the extent to which such returns are defective shall be given.

IV.—*Mining and Metallurgy.*

Returns (at least annual) of the quantities produced of any of the minerals and metals mentioned below, the production of which in the country concerned is of national importance:—

(1) Non-Metallic Minerals:

Coal (bituminous or anthracite), lignite and coke,
 Petroleum and natural gas,
 Nitrates,
 Phosphates,
 Potash minerals,
 Sulphur.

(2) Metallic Minerals and Metals:

(a) Ores of the following:—

Iron,	Lead,	Manganese,
Copper,	Tin,	Nickel.
Aluminium,	Zinc,	

(b) Smelter production (actual or estimated) of the following:—

Iron and Steel,	Zinc,	Molybdenum,
Copper,	Manganese,	Bismuth,
Aluminium,	Nickel,	Silver,
Lead,	Antimony,	Gold,
Tin,	Tungsten,	Platinum.

V.—*Industry.*

(A) Statistical surveys at regular intervals, and, if possible, at least once in every ten years, of:—

(a) Industrial establishments, including at least all such establishments of any considerable importance; and

(b) If possible, commercial establishments.

Such surveys may be carried out in connection with a census of population, or with a census of industrial production or independently, and shall show, *inter alia*:—

(1.) With regard to such establishments, the number of persons of each sex employed therein; and, so far as possible, such persons according to categories of their employment and distinguishing adults from young persons, the age at which this distinction is made being stated.

An estimate shall also be made, if possible, of the numbers of persons employed in establishments which are not included in the surveys.

(2) In the case of industrial establishments, the nominal capacity of the prime movers (if any) installed, distinguishing, if possible, between (i) steam engines, (ii) internal-combustion engines, and (iii) hydraulic engines; and the nominal capacity of the electric motors installed (if any), indicating