W. T. McMullen, for the applicant. J. E. Jones, for the society.

KELLY, J.:—A certificate (No. 14177) for \$1,000 in the Order of Canadian Home Circles was issued to Benjamin Charlton Oag. His sister, Margaret Gunn, of Houghton Centre, in Ontario, is the beneficiary named therein. She is the only living members of his a ing member of his family; his step-mother, however, lives in Toronto.

From the time of his father's death in 1889, the insured de his home will be a second of the land. made his home with his sister, and, from about 1891 until 1904, he was in the habit of taking employment during the summer months sailing on the lakes, but spent every winter, except one,

during that time, at his sister's home.

In the spring of 1904, he went as usual to his employment on the water, and in that season was employed on the vessel "Oregon" on the Great Lakes. At the close of navigation in the fall of 1904 the fall of 1904, he received his discharge from the vessel at Chicago and for Chicago, and for a day or two in December, 1904, he was a guest at the Atlan II. guest at the Atlas Hotel in that city. This was the last trace that has been obtained in that city. that has been obtained of him, for since that month neither his sister now has a his sister nor her husband nor other friends of his nor those who knew him is a line of who knew him in his employment, have heard anything of him.

His step-mother says that she has heard nothing of his

whereabouts for the past eight years.

In addition to inquiries having been made for him amongst se who might be crucial adverthose who might be expected to know something of him, advertisements have been in tisements have been inserted in newspapers in Chicago and in Springfield. Massachusetted in newspapers in Chicago and in Springfield. Springfield, Massachusetts, asking information about him; and the Chicago city dimeters, asking information about him; and the Chicago city directories have been consulted; but none of these efforts have been consulted; these efforts have brought any results.

In Hagerman v. Strong, 8 U.C.R. 291, it is said at p. 295: the principle itself. "The principle itself (that is, the principle of law as to the presumption of death) presumption of death) is founded upon the necessity of taking some measure of time some measure of time as a rule in such cases, in order that it may not be forever may not be forever uncertain at what time an absent person, of whom nothing has a of whom nothing has been heard, may be concluded to be no longer living. Some longer living. Seven years has been adopted as a reasonable period; the meaning of period; the meaning of which I take to be that the law considers it possible that a reasonable and gone it possible that a person who has left his domicile and gone abroad, may be still it? abroad, may be still living, though nothing has been heard of him or from him for him or from him for seven years; but does not consider it, morally speaking, possible to ally speaking, possible that he should live longer without evidence being in some dence being in some manner afforded of his existence.