

*A Manual of Pathology.* By Joseph Coats, M.D., late Professor of Pathology in the University of Glasgow. Fourth edition (1900) revised by Lewis R. Sutherland, M.B., Professor of Pathology, University of St. Andrew's, pp. 1132. Four hundred and ninety illustrations. Longmans Green & Co., London. Canadian Agents :—J. A. Carveth & Co., Toronto. Price \$6.00.

In this posthumous edition of Dr. Coats' great work on Pathology, we have maintained the high standard of the previous editions. We need scarcely say anything else for when a book of this character is in its fourth edition criticism is needless. The work is throughout based on pathological anatomy, a subject on which the author can speak with the weight of over thirty years experience in the mortuaries and laboratories in connection with the University of Glasgow. The work will scarcely find favor with the general student owing to its large size and the wealth of detail. The observant student and the practitioner who wishes a carefully worded and accurate work on Pathology cannot do better than consult this work. The volume is throughout well illustrated, mainly by photographs and micro photographs of specimens, almost all of which are good. This book is and will remain for years the best memorial to the late Professor Coats, and a standard work on the principles of Pathology.

---

*Hygiene of Transmissible Diseases.* Their causation, modes of dissemination and methods of prevention. By Dr. A. C. Abbott, Professor of Hygiene and Bacteriology, University of Pennsylvania, pp. 311. W. B. Saunders, Philadelphia. Canadian Agents : J. A. Carveth & Co., Toronto. Price \$2.00.

This is a book for which there has been a crying need, for in it we have given a systematic and accurate account of the causation, dissemination and means of prevention of the Transmissible diseases, a subject for which one had to hunt through many books on medicine, surgery and bacteriology. The book is divided into three sections of which the first deals with the general principles underlying the causation of disease. In the second section the transmissible diseases are considered in detail and the various factors of causation, distribution, avenues of infection and the necessary prophylactic measures are given due consideration. Very full and explicit is the chapter devoted to