

Nathaniel Draper, of Rochester, had grown the Red and Yellow Antwerp on the same soil for twenty-five years. Used no manure during the time, but kept the weeds down and the canes tied to stakes. Never lost a crop, but plants taken from his beds and planted in highly manured soils have proved barren. Others had observed that high manuring had resulted in strong growth and unproductiveness. P. Barry thought that raspberries might be raised for six cents a quart at a good profit.

The following remarks on the management of the Blackberry were made by C. P. Bissell, who has many thousand plants under cultivation:—The young plants should have good roots. The first season the branches spread on the ground, the second and third year throw up strong shoots. Should be planted in rows some eight feet apart, and about the same distance in the rows. For training, the best way is to set posts and run two wires from post to post, to which the bearing canes should be tied. In the spring cut the canes back to about five feet, and also shorten the laterals to five or six buds, or they become so heavy with the weight of fruit as to break from the cane. The blackberry fills a vacancy between raspberries and peaches. Had picked over 400 berries from one plant. After bearing is over, the canes may be united from the wires and allowed to fall by their own weight. When fully ripe, the fruit was good, but persons often picked it before ripe.

P. Barry thought the high Bush or Dorchester Blackberry better and more valuable than the New Rochelle. Charles Downing thought the former the best flavored, but it was not so large nor so productive as the New Rochelle. The Newman was sweeter than either, but not very productive.

It was resolved unanimously to adopt the name *New Rochelle* for the variety known by this appellation, instead of *Lawton*.

Select Lists of Market Fruits. A very valuable result was obtained, by each member preparing in the form of a ballot, a list of the 12 best pears, 12 best apples, and 6 best peaches, exclusively for marketing. Twenty-one votes were given, and the following list shows the number received for each—omitting all those that received but one vote. There were fewer ballots given for the peaches:—

Pears.

Bartlett.....	19	Theodore Van Mons.....	4
Louise Bonne de Jersey.....	18	Glout Moreau.....	3
Duchess de Angouleme.....	18	Beurre Superfin.....	3
White Doyenne.....	17	Urbaniste.....	3
Easter Beurre.....	16	Bloodgood.....	3
Lawrence.....	16	Brandywine.....	3
Seckel.....	12	Buerre Giffard.....	3
Vicar of Wakefield.....	13	Beurre Clairgeau.....	2
Flemish Beauty.....	11	Beurre Rose.....	2
Beurre de Anjou.....	9	Onondaga.....	2
Beurre Biel.....	8	Rostiezer.....	2
Tyson.....	8	Stevens' Genesee.....	2
Sheldon.....	6	Osband's Summer.....	2
Euffum.....	5	Ananas d' Ete.....	2
Belle Lucrative.....	5		

Apples.

R. I. Greening.....	19	Golden Sweet.....	6
Baldwin.....	18	Gravenstein.....	6
Roxbury Russett.....	17	Golden Russett.....	4
Red Astrachan.....	14	Yellow Bellflower.....	4
King of Tompkins Co.....	13	Swaar.....	3
Talman Sweet.....	13	Joathan.....	3
Northern Spy.....	12	Rambo.....	3
Esopus Spitzenburg.....	12	Seek-no-Further.....	3
Fall Pippin.....	9	Duchess of Oldenburgh.....	2
Sweet Bough.....	8	Peck's pleasant.....	2
Primate.....	7	Porter.....	2
Cayuga Red Streak.....	7	American Summer Pearmain.....	2
Early Harvest.....	6	Vandevere.....	2