

"I FEEL IT MY DUTY TO EXPRESS THE HOUSE DESIRABILITY OF MORE CONTROL OF FOOD"

Continued from page seventeen

controlled in ten minutes under the operation of some such resolution as I have proposed. There is no doubt about that; prices have been controlled in every other country in the world, and they can be controlled here. The United States, only a month at war, is talking of controlling prices immediately; why not Canada? Great Britain has done it, France has done it, Germany and Austria have done it. Belgium, Poland and Serbia, unfortunately have not any food to control, but every other country that professes to have a Government at the head of affairs is controlling its food to-day and securing a fair distribution of it among the people. This is one of the duties of a Government; if necessary, we should even be put on rations. Owing to the high cost of living, I think that is a practical suggestion.

Manufactured Articles Also

Mr. Marell: What about controlling exports?

Mr. Cockshutt: That is exactly what we have here; it is plainly set forth in the resolution. I say that the control of exports will result in the control of the price of food, immediately and absolutely—and not only food, but manufactured articles as well. If you wish, do not want to be left out of this; let nobody make a mistake about that. I am prepared to submit to the same regulation that I ask every citizen in Canada to submit to. I do not propose any class legislation, but I say that the control of all food exports would provide that after a certain maximum price has been reached—fix it where you will, but fix it where it is fair and just—no more goods shall go out until the price goes down. That will fix it, and fix it quickly. We may beat about the bush; we may have investigations; we may curse the middle-man and every one who deals in food and every individual citizen who is not our own self; we may say that the other fellow is responsible, but when it comes to the final analysis the responsibility lies at the door of every citizen. We all have to do our share; we all have to give; we all have to practise self-denial, if need be, in order that all may live.

Suffered Much

The workmen have suffered much on account of the high cost of living. I do not say that there is any acute suffering at present, but they have been obliged to deny themselves many things that they would like to have upon their tables. Their wages cannot pay for these luxuries that others are, perhaps, provided with. You say that the farmer will cease to produce if you begin to limit his prices. I do not think that that will happen. I am sympathetic with the farmer. In my own county I have many farmer friends of a lifetime whom I esteem as highly as I do any class in the community. I know that they are rational; I know that they are human. I know that if a woman or child knocks at the door of a farm house in the county of Brant or any other county in the province of Ontario, the farmer or the farmer's wife will say; you shall not go hungry from this door. It is the instinct of humanity to help the suffering. If in ordinary times \$1.50 or \$2 is a fair price for wheat; if \$1.50 or \$2.00 is a fair price for a bag of potatoes, 35 or 40 cents a fair price for a pound of butter and 25 cents for a pound of cheese. It is no hardship on this or any other Government to say that owing to the exigencies of war, those prices should not be exceeded. Britain has

a food dictator. He has not done about with a big stick, but he has made suggestions with a view to the limitation of the cost of all the necessities of life. Every hotel and restaurant in the great cities of Great Britain have a menu beyond which they cannot go. They are obliged to serve so many ounces of bread, so many ounces of meat, so much potato, and so on, and their meals are confined to two or three courses, according to the necessities of the case. We are asked to deal with a question such as this. "How would he reduce ploughs," if I am not mistaken. I am quite ready for my Hon. friend to take ploughs at his own price. The day has gone when I can be held up with the threat of ploughs. I have explained in this House time and again that I have had absolutely nothing to do with the manufacture or control of ploughs for twenty years, and if anybody in this House thinks that he can hold me up by shaking a big stick over me and talking about ploughs, I would like him to get up and try it. I have had that snout at me from both sides of the House and I tell you that it does not count with me worth a cent. I do not think that my Hon. friend should have whispered that quite so loudly. The suggestion of ploughs is supposed to answer all arguments, and it has been made to me whenever I have attempted to say anything about the necessities of life. It has nothing to do with the question so far as I am discussing it, and, besides, I am propounding nothing now, as I have already said, that I am not prepared to submit to myself. I am trying to make valuable suggestions that will help to secure the control of food prices, and I am doing it in a serious way, because I think it is absolutely necessary.

A Duty to Express Himself

It gives me a good deal of pain to have to dissent from my fellow members. I would not do it unless a strong sense of duty led me to the conclusion that, representing a constituency such as I do, in a time of war such as this, as a citizen of Canada I should say what I think is near at hand, if this war continues, and if we have to be put into operation. And if they are put into operation as I have suggested, I guarantee that they will be effective. What every other country has done Canada can do. We want something of the heroism in our acts at home that will, even if only in a very feeble way, compare with the acts of our heroic sons across the water. If our heroism at home was half or quarter as great as that of our dear boys over the water, we would not have to speak as we do on this occasion. We should be ready to make sacrifices; we should be ready to deny ourselves in time of war. The ordinary influences of supply and demand are set aside by the unusual conditions. In the face of a world-wide war, millions of tons of food have gone to the bottom of the seas and we shall be months or years eventaking the loss that is being occasioned by the war marines. In the face of these conditions we continue our wasteful methods, a sudden call of halt will come to us, the food supply will be gone and we will have only ourselves to blame, simply because we have thrown away the lavish gifts of nature that are scattered broadcast over the Dominion. I trust that the resolution that my Hon. friend has introduced will be the means of causing the powers that be to think

seriously about the regulation and control of all food prices and of all the necessities of our daily life, and particularly of the life of the workman. That is a practical suggestion; it is one that will come in the near future; and in all kindness, but with full sincerity, I make these suggestions from one of the back benches, and I trust that my remarks will not be thrown away but will be taken up by those who shall have, if not a dictator, some one who will come out with a lead and ask the people of Canada to live and let live, to sacrifice and to give, to help those who are in need, and to try to lighten the white man's burden, as represented by the workmen of this country, for whom I say we cannot appeal too strongly. They are worthy of the utmost sacrifice on the part of every one of us, and we should endeavour to lighten their load which, I am sure, they find very onerous at the present time. Let the heroism shown by our boys at the front be shown in some measure by those of us who remain at home; for all these questions will be duly solved.

CAINSVILLE

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Mrs. H. Griswold and Miss Madeline Dick have been for a few days in Delhi attending the funeral of Mrs. Griswold's father Mr. Dick who passed away on Monday in his ninety-second year.

Mr. and Mrs. James Bradd, of Hamilton have been visiting at Mr. C. Bradd's.

Miss Ruby and Master Calvin Blunt have been visiting in Brantford at the home of their grandmother, Mrs. B. Blunt, Bridge Road.

Mrs. W. Turnbull and Miss Margaret of Montreal, who have been staying at Mrs. T. Reid's, are spending a couple of weeks with Mrs. McIntyre, St. George Road.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Howell, and Mr. H. Roy, city, were the Sunday guests of Mrs. D. P. Roy.

Mr. C. Bradd and Mr. J. Bradd, of Hamilton were in Hatchley on Thursday, attending the funeral of their father, Mr. J. Bradd.

Miss Pearl Gilroy, and Mr. W. Gilroy are staying in Hamilton.

A number of young people were united with the church on Sunday morning. Quarterly services were conducted by the Rev. Mr. A. H. Pivley.

At the Women's Institute meeting held at Mrs. Carmody's home on Tuesday, the officers for the coming year were elected. The President, Mrs. Rose who has proved so efficient for the past six years was unanimously re-elected. Vice-President, Mrs. A. J. McClann, Secretary, Mrs. A. Yule; Red Cross Secretary, Mrs. H. Foulger.



"When the British Empire is struggling to maintain its existence and secure liberty and justice for the World, it is Canada's duty to do still more."

SIR EDWARD KEMP,
Minister of Militia and Defence.

"I voice the feeling at the front when I appeal to Canadians to support the proposals to partially mobilize the active militia of Canada."

SIR ROBERT BORDEN,
Prime Minister.

CANADA

Here Is Your Opportunity SERVE AT HOME!

Thousands of trained troops are marking time in Canada, while the need for men is vital in France. The Minister of Militia and Defence appeals to you to enlist in the Canadian Defence Force in order that the men of the Canadian Expeditionary Forces held in Canada may be released.

The Call To You—

It is your opportunity—men whom circumstances have prevented from serving in the Canadian Expeditionary Force—you can do a man's work by enlisting in the Canadian Defence Force

Enlistment in Canadian Defence Force is for one year—or for the period of the war and six months after if required. Clothing, equipment and rations provided as in the C.E.F. Pay the same as that for Militia on active service, with separation allowance for married men.

The call is for men between 18 and 45, physically fit and keen to serve.

For full particulars enquire at Armories of the Regiments listed below.

Men Still Required For Overseas in the Canadian Expeditionary Force.

More men are required for reinforcements at the Front. Those who desire to volunteer for Overseas Service may enlist through one of the regiments ordered to mobilize for Home Defence.

- Military District No. 2;—Headquarters, Toronto, Ont.**
- Brantford, 38th Regiment (Dufferin Rifles).
 - Toronto, 2nd Regiment (Queen's Own Rifles).
 - " 10th " (Royal Grenadiers).
 - " 4th " (Highlanders).
 - " 109th " (Highlanders).
 - " 110th Irish Regiment.
 - Hamilton, 13th Royal Regiment.
 - " 91st Regiment (Canadian Highlanders).
 - St. Catharines, 19th Lincoln Regiment.
 - Sault Ste. Marie, 51st Regiment (Soo Rifles).

ONONDAGA COUNCIL

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Middleport, May 7.—The Council met in regular session at Mitchell Hall at 1:30 p.m. All the members present.

Several communications were received and ordered filed. In response to the communication from A. W. Pate, Secretary of the Brant County Board of Agriculture, the Council made a grant of \$10 for educational work as carried on by that Board.

The Chairman of the two subdivisions brought in lengthy reports of the requirements for the roads and bridges. Some 13 culverts will be necessary in the two divisions. The drain was also advised to be placed in centre of road from bridge to Howell's gate to the east of the Statute book. Mr. G. Greig is to fill in bridge near his gate for \$15.00. Four car loads of stone were recommended for road at Onondaga station both north and south. A notice was also recommended to be placed on Side bridge to prohibit traction engines from crossing. Both reports were adopted with the exception of ordering the crushed stone, that item was left over for further consideration.

By-law 266 in regard to road-masters was amended so that Beat 12 starts at Station instead of Painter's Corner and to include River Road to ferry and the rest of Onondaga Village southwest of the County Road. From Station to Painter's corner will be a new beat and includes the farms of John Simpson, J. Painter and Fred Harrison, with S. Simpson as pathmaster.

A by-law commuting the Statute labor on the new County road was passed. The following accounts were paid: Brant Mutual Insurance on Town Hall \$4.00; H. Sturston, removing railings on bridge \$4.00; Robert Good, land purchased for river road \$8.00; R. J. McMillan, salary as assessor \$60.00; Sack Tor \$0.00.

The Council adjourned to meet in Onondaga on Monday, June 4th, at 10 a.m. Court of Revision will be held in the afternoon at 2:30 p.m.

Owing to the water of the Thompson river being very low, the Indians at Yytton, B.C., are washing out unusually large quantities of coarse gold about a mile and a half from the town.

BOTH 632 PHONES

MITCHELL'S TAXI-CABS

55 DARLING STREET, BRANTFORD

WATERFORD

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Mrs. W. I. Guy, of Altman, N. Y., is visiting her brother.

Miss Helen Beemer, of Winona, spent the week-end at her home here.

Mr. John Honey has returned home after spending a week in Hamilton with her daughter, Mrs. Roy Richardson.

The seventy-second anniversary of the Waterford Baptist Sunday School was held on Sunday afternoon and the church was packed, although the day was anything but nice. The program was an excellent one and greatly enjoyed by all. An interesting feature of the program was the presenting of a beautiful Bible to the Superintendent, Mr. S. L. Squire, as a token of appreciation of his willing services during the past thirteen years. The Provincial Secretary Rev. F. K. Day, was also present and gave an address and presented certificates to those who had completed part one of the memory course.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Jones and Kerwin, Mr. Kerr and Mr. Fred Caldwell, motored down from London on Sunday and spent the day with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Caldwell.

Mrs. B. H. Ramage and Mrs. J. B. Little returned last week from Pasadena, Cal., where they have been spending the winter.

Dr. Charles Mariatt, of the Hamilton General Hospital is spending a few days at his home here.

Dr. J. L. Anderson, of Oakville, spent the week-end with Mr. Mack Shook.

Master Aubrey Rupp of St. Thomas, spent Saturday and Sunday with Master Charles Savage.

A branch of the Merchants Bank of Canada has opened an office in the building lately vacated by J. H. Stafford.

Rev. P. K. Dayfoot, Supt. of Baptist Sunday Schools, preached in the Baptist Church last Sunday, both morning and evening and was listened to with interest as he told of the modern Sunday School work.

Miss H. S. Ellis, principal of the Moulton College, Toronto, was present at the evening service and gave a very interesting address on the

value of a Christian Education for young people.

Dr. W. S. Savage, of Windsor, spent Sunday with his brother, Mr. T. C. Savage.

Miss Revah Miller, of Teeterville spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Woodley.

Miss Ethel Johnson, of Cincinnati, Ohio, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Johnson.

Courier Daily Recipe Column

SPONGE GINGERBREAD

One cup dark molasses, 1 cup sugar, 1-2 cup lard, 1 egg, pinch of salt, 1 teaspoon each of cloves, allspice, mace and ginger, 2 cups flour, 1 teaspoon soda dissolved in one cup boiling water. Bake in a shallow tin.

GINGER SNAFS

One cup sugar, 1 cup molasses, 1 cup lard and butter mixed, 1-2 cup hot water, 1 tablespoon ginger, one teaspoon cinnamon, 1 teaspoon of cloves; put soda in the 1-2 cup of hot water.

NUT CAKE

One cup sugar, 1-2 cup butter, 1-2 cup milk, 2 eggs, 1 teaspoon lemon flavoring, 1-2 teaspoons yeast powder, 2 cup flour, 1 cup walnuts, 1 cup raisins.

Beat butter and sugar together; add beaten eggs, then milk and flavoring; beat thoroughly. Sift flour and yeast powder together; add one-half of flour and powder and beat thoroughly. Chop nuts and raisins together; add them to the mixture, then add rest of flour and powder.

Harry Olson, a young man only 19 years old, died at the isolation hospital from small-pox, making the third fatality from that disease since its outbreak at Vancouver.

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Your own meals will taste better when you know some Belgian babies are enjoying the food for which your contribution pays! Give freely and promptly to the

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Subscriptions may be sent to the Brantford Belgian Relief Committee, President—C. Cook, Secretary, Geo. Hatley, Brantford

or to BELGIAN RELIEF HEADQUARTERS, 50 ST. PETER ST., MONTREAL.

THIS WOMAN TO THIS MAN

—BY—
C. N. and A. M. Willia

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From Friday's Daily.

The woman had walked up to the verandah with such unflinching certainty that it seemed she must have been there before. Perhaps she had arrived while the mistress of the house was out, and had been waiting about the place, to pass away the time.

"But she hasn't come to see me the girl in the hammock though?" "She has come to see Knight. It for him she is waiting."

Anger stirred in Annesley's heart against Knight as well as against Madalena de Santoro.

"Has he written and told her come?" she asked herself. "Do she think she can stay in this house No, she shall not! I won't have her here!"

She was half-minded to rise abruptly and surprise the countess as long dark veil and she had asked her why she had come, and show by her manner that she was not welcome. But if she was he at Knight's invitation she would stay. There would be a scene, perhaps. The thought of it was revolting. Annesley lay still; and in the distance she heard the throbbing of a motor.

CHAPTER XXV.

The Allegory.

Annesley knew that Knight was in order not to disturb her with the noise of the motor if she had gone to bed. If he were bringing parcels from the little mining town he drove to the house, let the packets at the door, and she would have to rig up for a garage.

A few seconds later the small open automobile came into sight, and instantly Madalena sprang up, waving a long dark veil and she had asked off her hat. She feared, no doubt that the man in the car might get into the house by some door she did not know before she could intercept him. From a little distance the figure standing on the verandah steps must have been silhouetted black against the white wall of the house, clearly to be seen from the advancing motor.

Quick as a bird in flight the car sped along the road, wheeled on the stiff grass and drew up close to the verandah steps.

"Good heavens Madalena!" Annesley heard her husband exclaim. "I thought it was my wife, and the something had gone wrong."

The surprise sharpening his mind told away with the doubt in the mind of the hidden listener. She had said to herself that the woman was here by appointment, and that this had been chosen because the meeting was to be secret.

"I wanted you to think so, and come straight to this place," returned the once familiar voice in its correct English and partly foreign accent. "Don't I've travelled from San Francisco on purpose to see you Do you say you are glad?"

"I can't say it," the man answered. "I'm not glad. You tried to ruin me. And you tried in a cowardly way. You struck me in the back. I hope never to see you again. How did you find me here?"

"I've known for a long time that you were in Texas," said Madalena. "Lady Annesley-Seton and I kept up a correspondence for months after you sent me away so cruelly. In such a hurry, believing hateful

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