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THE DAILY MAIL.

WEATHER REPORT.
 Toronto (noon)—Strong breezes to moderate local gales, Easterly; occasionally snow or rain to-day and on Sunday.

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ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, SATURDAY, MARCH 7, 1914.

PRICE:—1 CENT.

COAKER ROASTS THE COUNCIL FOR KILLING THE LOGGERS' BILL

The Upper Chamber Have Mutilated it Beyond all Recognition.
F.P.U. WILL WORK TO ABOLISH IT.
 Leader of Opposition Calls Attention to Partizan Official Reports of Debates.

The leading feature of yesterday's session of the House of Assembly was Mr. Coaker's strong condemnation of the action of the Legislative Council for so treating the Coaker Loggers' Bill that the reforms it aimed to accomplish were absolutely nullified.

The member for Bonavista pointed out that this legislation was badly needed to ameliorate conditions at logging camps; that employers of this class of labor had expressed themselves as being in accord with its provisions and that the House of Assembly had put the Bill through without a dissenting vote. Yet, the Legislative Council had been unwarrantably interfering and had sent the measure to a Special Committee and so had practically thrown it out altogether thus depriving the toilers of many great benefits.

Mr. Coaker claimed that there was no excuse at all for this action; that the Legislative Council had thereby made a stand against necessary reform in industrial conditions and, as they had thus and in other ways declared themselves enemies of the toilers, their chamber, which, at best, was but a useless and expensive appendage to our Local Legislature, must be abolished, a consummation that the F.P.U. would work hard to bring about.

Long Session
 It was one o'clock this morning when the House adjourned, after an animated session. Immediately before closing the Premier gave notice of the suspension of the rules on Monday.

The leader of the Opposition drew the attention of the Government to the reports which had been sent to paid newspapers in the outports, and read extracts from what purported to be a synopsis of the debates. He characterized the reports as grossly unfair and partisan, and objected to the payment of public moneys to newspapers subsidized by the Government. The Trade Review in this city was also a sample of partisan reporting that was very unfair.

Mr. Kent also referred to the daily public despatch which is compiled by the Hon. P. T. McGrath. It was not right to use the public moneys of this Colony in the way it had been spent on this despatch, and he hoped the message would be discontinued or a non-political message compiled.

Temperance Petitions
 Petitions were presented by Mr. Devereux from Haystack, P.B., on the subject of Temperance Reform; by Mr. Woodford from Colliers, on fishery regulations; by Mr. Abbott from Bonavista, on fishery matters; by Mr. Stone from Catalina and other parts of Trinity district dealing with public affairs; by Mr. Currie (for the Speaker) from Victoria, Carbonear District, on Temperance Reform; also a petition from Lamaline for a water service; and from Allan's Island for a breakwater.

The Municipal, Marine and Fisheries and Train Ferry Service Bills were read a third time and sent for concurrence to the Legislative Council.

The Pilotage Bill passed through Committee, slightly amended, and discussion on the Conception Bay Electrical Consolidation was deferred.

Effective Criticism
 Dr. Lloyd delivered one of those telling speeches which have been a feature of this session of Parliament. He scored the Government roundly for the gross extravagances which have marked the administration of Sir Edward Morris. More than a million dollars more revenue was now being collected than when the Bond Government went out of office; but still the Bill before the House is to increase taxation to the tune of \$650,000.

Sir Edward Morris had promised to do all the good things enumerated in his manifesto of 1908 without one cent of additional taxation. His policy has proven a delusion and a snare.

The Premier's reply to the criticisms of Dr. Lloyd failed to make the slightest impression on the House, and the unpopularity of the Morris Party is now so manifest that no amount of (Continued on page 4.)

LIBERAL GIFTS FOR AVIATION

Paris, Mar. 2.—The lead taken by the French in aviation is emphasized by the results of the national subscription raised in 1913 as just published. The total sum amounted to 6,192,962 francs (\$1,225,000), and as the running expenses of the committee of organization were paid by the president, Mr. Michelin, the entire sum was devoted to the purpose for which it was subscribed.

Startling Disclosures
 Mr. Coaker made some startling disclosures in connection with the construction of telegraph lines, and an enquiry will have to be held into the whole matter.

The Colonial Secretary gave one of his laudatory talks on the many virtues of Sir Edward Morris.

Mr. Jennings drew the attention of the Committee to several glaring charges for freight and supplies to lighthouses. He also vigorously protested against the action of the Legislative Council re the Loggers' Bill. Mr. Winsor made things lively for

Rubber Took Toll Of 30,000 Lives
 Montreal, Mar. 3.—The Rev. George Smith, for fifteen years a missionary in South America, gave an illustrated lecture to a Y.M.C.A. men's meeting in this city.

Mr. Smith's lecture, which was illustrated by 100 views, revealed some startling facts concerning the atrocities that are perpetrated by the rubber trader.

During the past few years more than 30,000 Indians have been killed in procuring 4,000 tons of rubber.

Election Riots Ended Fatally
 Paris, March 6.—Scenes of the wildest disorder attended the General Election throughout Bulgaria. In some districts troops had to be called out.

One Socialist candidate was stabbed through the heart in an election riot. Scores of arrests were made, and hundreds were hurt in the fighting.

SEALS NUMEROUS OFF FOGO
 Fogo—Moderate S. E., fine. Old seals numerous; about 25 killed yesterday in neighborhood.

Change Islands—Light S. E., ice moving off; quite a few old hoods got here yesterday.

THREE BISHOPS ARE TO VISIT THIS COUNTRY

Important Delegation of Canadian Churchmen, Clerical and Lay, Coming in June.
WILL DISCUSS CHURCH UNION.
 Want the Diocese of Newfoundland to Federate with the C. of E. in Canada.

The synod will meet for its twenty-first biennial session on Tuesday, the 23rd of June. It promises to be a most interesting gathering and one of unusual importance and every clergyman in the Diocese, and every Lay Delegate will be expected to be present.

His Lordship Bishop Jones in his Lenten Pastoral letter, issued at Sexagesima, calls the attention of the members of the Synod to the fact that it is their duty to attend, which will, we think, suffice to insure the presence of every member.

The coming session of the Synod will be an important one as, amongst other things, the Synod will be called upon to settle whether or not the Diocese of Newfoundland shall become a part of the Canadian Provincial Synod.

Influential Deputation
 An influential deputation of bishops, priests and lay representatives from Canada will arrive on June 25th, and will ask the Synod to take this step. The object is to effect the solidarity of the Church of England in British North America.

At present the Diocese of Newfoundland is under the See of Canterbury, and we think His Lordship Bishop Jones is the only Bishop of that See representing a single colony.

At the last Lambeth Conference, when the Primate was arranging for consultation with his Bishops in groups, the Archbishop asked our Bishop with which group he would sit, and Canada being nearest to Newfoundland, Bishop Jones sat with the Canadians.

At the last meeting of the Provincial Synod of the Dominion, the unity of the Newfoundland and Canadian Churches was discussed, and a letter was sent Bishop Jones asking that the question be taken up.

The Bishop replied that the question would have to go before the Synod for discussion.

The Canadian Church asked that a deputation be received, and receiving an affirmative reply, nine prominent gentlemen were appointed, three bishops, three priests and three lay delegates.

The Delegation
 The Mail to-day is in a position to announce that the delegation will include:
 Rt. Rev. John C. Farthing, D.D., Bishop of Montreal, Que.
 Rt. Rev. J. A. Richardson, D.D., Bishop of Fredericton, N.B.

STATES BENTON WAS PUT TO DEATH WITHOUT TRIAL OR COURT MARTIAL

BETTER NOT INTERVENE SAYS TAFT
 What Armed Intervention in Mexico Would Mean to the United States.
DIFFICULTIES TO FACE
 Task Would Cost the Republic Many Lives and Much Money.

Washington, Mar. 3.—Ex-President Taft lifted his voice in warning to the American people against intervention in Mexico. It is the first time Mr. Taft has commented publicly on any of the delicate foreign problems confronting the Administration.

"The situation," said Mr. Taft, "is in such a condition that it will be improper for me to comment on it, except to say this:

What It Means.
 "That those who lightly look forward to intervention are either utterly regardless of the loss of life and the expenditure of immense treasure, or else they don't know what armed intervention on the part of this Government in Mexico will mean.

"Those of us who have had experience in the tranquillizing of a tropical country, with a people not very different from the Mexicans, who take naturally to guerrilla warfare, and who would rather fight than work—that is, would rather fight and run than work—know the difficulties that an army would have to meet to accomplish the only purpose that we would have in going in, to wit, the bringing about of law and order.

Difficult to Accomplish.
 "It would involve the garrisoning with a sufficient force of every town. It would involve the organization of columns to chase the guerrillas into their mountain fastnesses and across trackless desert plains and the subjugation of fifteen millions of people. I don't know when we would get through; I don't know how many lives it would involve; I don't know how much it would cost; but I do know it would be a drag upon us, and then when we had got the thing done, the future would still be doubtful and still be a charge and a burden upon our Government and upon our Treasury. I do not speak thus positively without some knowledge of the subject. No effort ought to be omitted to prevent a catastrophe like this."

Ulster Counties To be Excluded?
 London, March 6.—The Chronicle declares that the decision to offer Ulster exclusion from the operation of the Home Rule Bill was arrived at only this week, and that the exclusion of the Counties of Antrim, Londonderry, Down and Armagh will result.

MUNIFICENT BEQUESTS OF STRATHCONA
 His God-Children and a Number of Personal Friends Receive \$25,000 Each.

Montreal, Mar. 6.—Among many minor bequests of Lord Strathcona, several are of public interest.

A number of his god-children get \$25,000 each. They include the sons of Sir Robert Baden-Powell, and Lord Lichfield, and the daughter of Sir Stewart Bam.

Principal Paterson of McGill University, J. G. Colmer and W. L. Griffith—the latter secretary to the High Commissioner—get personal gifts of \$25,000 each.

Brutal Murder Of An Official
 Dublin, March 6.—What may prove a case of brutal murder with a government official as the victim, is being investigated by the police to-day. John Coffey, a Government Inspector, was found impaled outside his residence, with evidence that he had been a victim of foul play.

PERSONAL SPLEEN Led to Murder
 Mexico City, Mar. 3.—It is learned here that when Pancho Villa was a common cattle thief he ran foul of (Continued on page 4.)

FACTS COMING TO LIGHT THAT SEEM TO PROVE THAT HE WAS CRUELLY MURDERED.
OFFERS REPARATION.
 Chief of the Constitutionals Will See that Offenders are Brought to Book.

Washington, Mar. 3.—The Constitutional agent here has received definite advice from Villa that Benton was shot without trial or Court-martial, which confirms the suspicion held on all sides by everyone interested.

This information is not made public by Pesqueira, the agent, and no intimation of whether or not the State Department has received the same advice is not known.

Will Make Reprisals.
 Villa has been warned by Pesqueira that the Powers will not stand any dilatory measures. The Constitutionals here say that Carranza, who is now on his way to join Villa and look into the Benton matter personally, will announce that he is ready to make whatever reprisals are necessary, in case the advice received here from Villa is correct.

That reparation for the death of Benton has been decided upon by General Carranza, "First Chief" of the Constitutionals, is reported here.

Facts Discovered.
 The truth of the manner of Benton's death has been told to General Carranza by his agents, who recently made a trip to Chihuahua to investigate. General Carranza is understood to have decided that a frank exposure of the facts regarding Benton's death, with a reasonable offer of reparation, is the best manner in which to solve the critical situation developed with the United States and Great Britain, and this is the course which will be followed.

It is at the direction and on the counsel of Carranza that Villa has made his offer to have Benton's body examined.

An Investigation.
 The State Department is believed to have been advised of the decision of Carranza. The American Consul at Nogales has discussed the question at length with Carranza, and Mr. Bryan, Secretary of State, is understood to be proceeding towards the investigation of Benton's body with a comparatively complete knowledge of what will be found and what will be offered in the way of reparation to Great Britain.

MORE DIPHTHERIA
 Two cases of diphtheria were reported Thursday from a residence on Cookstown Road.
 The patients, boys aged 9 and 10, have been removed to hospital.

ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY MAIL FOR RESULTS

Bringing Up Father.

By Geo. McManus

