

deer. They herd together and roam all over that district in countless numbers. They are also numerous in many other sections, but only in limited areas. In that territory is their principal breeding grounds and home. Owing to the wise restrictions put upon the numbers allowed to be killed by any one person during the last few years they are also rapidly increasing in numbers.

In addition to the Algonquin Park there is another, "the Rondeau Park," on the shore of Lake Erie, which has been set apart for the propagation of game. There several varieties of game birds have been imported and their breeding looked after with very satisfactory results so far. Of course any variety of birds which can remain in the Province all the year round must be budders, as no others can survive our winters unless kept in confinement and fed by hand.

Another large forest reservation with the same objects in view as that of the Algonquin Park, having an area of two thousand two hundred square miles, has lately been set aside in the Temagamingue District.

Its southern boundary is some thirty miles north of the most northerly point of Lake Nipissing, and it extends west to within eighteen miles of the west boundary of the District of Nipissing, having its south-west angle seven miles north from Wahnapiatae Lake, from thence due north forty miles, then due east an estimated distance of twenty-five miles to the Montreal River, then partly down that stream and partly parallel to it to within six miles of Lake Temiscamingue. The projected James Bay Railway will pass through the east part of it. It will be thus seen that it is easy of access from several points. It includes the whole of that magnificent sheet of pure limpid water, Tamagamingue Lake.