AN IMPORTANT ADDRESS BY THE HOLY FATHER.

THE DUTIES OF YOUNG MEN.

Present Position of the Papacy in Italy and Among the Nations.

ROME, Jan. 16.—On the Feast of the Epiphany the Holy Father received in solemn audience the delegates whom the various sections of the Society of the Catholic Youth of Italy, number-ing nearly two, hundred persons, sent to Rome. Forty-eight sections or circles of this important society, from all parts of Italy, were thus represented at the Vatican. The audience took place in the Consistorial Hall, where those present formed a vast semi-circle in front of the Pontifical throne, which was placed against one of the lateral walls. The delegates were ranged near their respective banners. The address was read by the Cavalier Persichetti, and special reference was made in it to the Pontiff's Encyclical on Freemasonry. The Holy Father was surrounded by Cardinals Ludovico Jacobini, Parrochi, Sacconi, Pecci, Ricci-Parracciani, Lasagni, Gori-Merosi, Verga and Masotti. The Holy Father, after expressing his joy at the presence of these delegates and praising them for having openly entered on the task of opposing the warfare waged at the present day against human society, God and the Church, said that he had, to his great consolation, received from various countries addresses from excellent young men, declaring their adhesion to the teachings of his Encyclical Humanum genus, and giving an invio lable promise never to join the perverse sects, but always to oppose their evil spirit and influence. He also said that for his part he never allowed an occasion to escape him of engaging and confirming these young men in the resolves which they had taken and in proposing to others to imitate their noble example. To day, when these protests and promises were confirmed to him in so public and solemn a form by those persons present who represented the Catholic youth of Italy, and the numerous circles of which it consists, his pleasure was increased beyond measure, and he was moved to thank the Lord spontaneously for having inspired them so opportunely.

IMPORTANT ADLRESS BY THE HOLY FATHER

His Holiness then proceeded: "Penetrating our thought to its whole extent, you have devoted yourselves with youthful ardor to put in practice all the means which we have counselled in our Eccyclicals, namely, zeal and love for our august religion, the diffusion of the Third Order of St. Francis, devotion to the Conferences of St. Vincent de Paul, the assistance of the working-classes and the preservation and salvation of the young. We can never insist too strongly on these means, dear children. In fact, it is a very able artifice of the enemy you combat to leave men in ign rance of religion in order that they may hold them more easily removed and separated from the Church of Jesus Christ. It should be, in consequence, your persevering and assiduous care, as far as you can, to spread religious truth, to make the Courch known and loved by all as a tender mother who has no other mission here than that of spreading, her benefits upon humanity and of anducting it on the way of salvation. It is also in the designs of the sects to d≈poil charity itself of its Chaistian aureole and of the character which it takes from religion, to make it a pretext for pastimes, spectacles and diversions which completely destroy its nature or immensely lessen its value. As to you, on the contrary, dear children, you always strive the more to favor these holy associations which the apostle of true charity, St. Vincent de Paul, ing him, and which, in assisting his temporal wants, knows how to look higher and to procure consolation and salvation to souls. In our day more than ever, the working classes are agitating, imbued as they are with the culpable maxims of the revolution, excited by men filled with audacity and ambition. who are preparing dreadful catastrophes for human society and the most complete ruin for themselves. You will then perform a work of great social importance in favoring these wise institutions which, tending to ameliorate the condition of the workingman, have already prospered at other periods, thanks to the maternal care of the Church, without which it is in vain to seek to sever happily the very complicated knot of the

social question.

"In fine, most dear children, since the nature of the Society to which you belong and the similarity of your age and your aspirations put you especially in the way of approaching young people, it is to you that they should be especially dear; these young people to day, alas! the object of so many snares against Faith, morals and devotion to the Church; these young people for whom school, social relations, theatres and the press seemed destined to pour forth poison more abundantly; these young people upon whom are reposed so many hopes and fears for the future of the family, of humanity and of the Church. May your example, your holy efforts, attract to you a great part of these young people! May your circles prosper and develope by the increase of the number of those who join them. May they always be inspired more and more by that spirit of prayer, of action and of sacrifice which forms the noble device of your Society. Keep it always before your eyes, particularly when the world strives to cast insult and contempt upon you on account of your profession of Catholicity and of your devotion to the Apostolic See. It would truly be cowardice wholly unworthy of generous hearts to blush for that which has always formed the glory of so many enlightened and choice minds. Keep always present to your of not loving your country. Reply rather that he loves not his country who, contending against religion and the Church, deprives it of the purest and most fruitful source of its true prosperity; that he loves not his country who, desiring the oppression and mense field. By II p.m., it became impossible to force our way any farther and about an institution in which Italy has always midnight the plates on both sides of our bow found the source of her strength, of her glory and her splendor, and which forms the object of the envy of other nations. Dear children, the increasing perversity of the -times now causes us great sorrow and difficulties without number, in the midst of which it will always be a great consolation for Us to know that in many cities of Italy there are groups of valiant young people whose conduct honors the Faith which they openly profess, and who, fully submissive to their chiefs and pastors, are ready to sacrifice themselves for Our cause, which is the cause of God and the Church. Forward then always, with a courage equal to the necessities of the present time and to the obstinacy of the enemy who contends against us. Our prayers will always accompany you to im-plore from Heaven the Divine assistance of which We desire that you may receive as a pledge the Apostolic Benediction which from the bottom of Our heart We accord to you here present and to the whole Society of Catholic Italian Youth."

# SOUDAN

HOW THE EXPENDITURE IS TO BE PRO-VIDED FOR—THE THREATENED KASSALA! GABRISON-OSMAN DIGNA PREPARING FOR AN ATTACK ON SUAKIN.

Korri, Feb. 9 .- Lord Charles Beresford has returned to Gubat, bringing Gen. Wilson and party. The rebels on the river banks kept up a constant fire and shortly after the party had embarked a bullet pierced the boiler of the steamer. It was necessary; to anchor under fire and make repairs. The British fire, however, took effect and the rebels were repulsed.

... INDIA'S FEELING.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 16.-The Anglo-Indian and native press is mostly loyal in its comments upon the events in the Soudan, but different opinions are expressed regarding despatching Indian troops to Egypt. The press is unanimous, however, against Indian troops and the comment of the comment of the comment of the comment of the comment. being saddled with the expense of the cam-paign. It is rumored an Indian centingent will garrison Suakim and not be sent to the front. Many native officers, including Mo-hammedous, have petitioned the government to send their corps into active service in the

TURNING OUT THE CONVICTS. LONDON, Feb. 16 .- On account of the drain upon the war establishment to furnish reinforcements for Egypt, the government has pardoned several hundred soldiers who have been confined to prison for military offences, and ordered them to join their regiments.

GLAD OF IT. OTTAWA, February 16.—Colonel Williams has received a telegram from Lord Wolseley at Korti to the effect that he would be glad to see a Canadian regiment in Egypt.

THE RIGHT IDEA. London, Feb. 16.-Joseph Chamberlain, in replying to the resolution of the peace association of Birmingham, expresses a fear that the policy of retreating from the Mahdi would not further the cause of peace or prevent the effusion of blood.

London, Feb. 16.—The cabinet to-day considered the means to meet the credit for the Egyptian campaign. Mr. Gladstone and Mr. Childers opposed the suspension of the sinking fund. It was finally decided to make a further issue of 21 per cents to the amount wanted. Mr. Childers in his budget speech will propose to meet the extraordinary war expenditure during the coming financial year by raising the income tax to eight pence for two years, in this way realizing eight millions of pounds. General Brackenbury will retain command of General Earle's divi-sion. Gen. Wood will join Wolseley as chief of staff. Four thousand Egyptian troops are echeloned between Assouan and Dongola. Hassan Bey's contingent will join the English forces at Korti.

Advices from Suakim say Osman Digna's boldness increases daily, as does also the strength of his army, and it is believed that he intends making a supreme effort to capture Suakim before the arrival of reinforcements for the British garrison at that point. In any event, he has 10,000 warriors better equipped than when he was routed by General Graham at Tamanieb, and it is expected that he will vigorously oppose the British expedition now being fitted out to open the route between Suakim and Berber.

The war office has organized a force of baloonists from the engineer corps of the army for experimental service in the Soudan. The baloonists start to-day for Alexandria. They will be provided with three large balloons, capable of carrying a number of men twenty-four hours at a time, and many small balloons for signalling purposes,

Jesus Christ, which is a spirit of charity, which does good in silence, which relieves he poor man, which has no fear of approaching him, and which in acciding him and which in acciding him. Messrs. Leonard H. Courtney and John They have already been assured of the adherence of forty members. The Radical members are taking an independent line of action against the government. These movements may imperil the existence of the government if the Tories propose a vote of sure. Mr. Gladstone has sent letters to his supporters in parliament impressing upon them the importance of their presence at the opening of parliament.

News of an Arab revolt in Yemen has just reached London. The Arabs have massacred the Turkish outpost garrisons. The governor of Sana has massed the remaining 2,500 Turks and appealed to the Ports for four thousand reinforcement. The insurgents were incited by emissaries of the Mahdi, who preparing to make an attack.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—An Adelaide despatch says:—"The Australian government will furnish at its own expense 250 volunteers to reinforce the troops in the Soudan. Great enthusiasm prevails in Australia. Money is flowing into the patriotic fund."

### How to Get Strong.

Dumb-bells and horizontal bars, Indian clubs and the trapeze are valuable under certain conditions, but they are detrimental rather than beneficial if the blood is poor and thin and poisoned with bile. Use of the muscles necessitates waste as well as induces growth. If the blood does not carry suffi-cient nutritive material to repair the waste, loss of strength necessarily follows, and growth is out of the question. Purify and enrich your blood with Dr Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" and then exercise will develop and not consume your physique.

### ICE ON THE ATLANTIC.

A STEAMER'S PERIL. HALIPAX, Feb. 16.—The steamer Ripon City, Capt. Jeakins, from New York bound to Newcastle, England, put in here this evening, with her bow damaged by ice. Captain Jenkins makes the following report: We left New York at noon on 1st instant with a cargo of general merchandise. On the 7th ice was met and that evening after dark we sailed right into an open bay of an immense field. By II p.m., it became impossinear the water line were cracked and damaged. The steamer's position at the time was about 45.20 north and 48 west. When the day broke ice had closed in around her and as far as the eye could reach nothing was visible but a wast field of ice and here and there an immense berg, the lefty tops of which, towering hundreds of feet above the surface, with their glittering pinnacles formed a scene of extreme grandeur. North of latitude 45 seemed a solid field. Captain Jenkins states that he never saw so much ice in his life, particularly in the position and so early in the season. For four days the steamer was wedged in solid, and when at last it was managed to get her out she was headed at once for Halifax. She will be temporarily repaired here and proceed for her destination

pairs, he considers, will be quite sufficient to

carry her safely across.

The mail eteemer Caspian, which arrived The mail steamer Caspian, which arrived at 8 a.m. to day from Liverpool, had a fair passege across. On Friday last, in lat. 43.25, long. 48.40, two small icebergs and several detached pieces were passed. She was off port at 8 a.m. yesterday, but was detained by the heavy snowstorm. On Sunday night at 11 o'clock she passed through a quantity of field ice. She sailed this evening for Portland. land.

When Doctors Disagree it will be time enough to doubt the reliability of Kidney-Wort. Doctors all agree that it is a most valuable medicine in all disorders of the Liver, Kidneys and Bowels, and frequently prescribe it. Dr. P. C. Ballou of Monkton, says: "The past year I have used it more than ever, and with the best results. It is the most successful remedy I have ever used. Such a recommendation speaks for itself. Sold by all druggists. See advt.

#### CABLE NEWS.

DUBLIN. Feb. 10.—His Eminence Cardinal McCabe died to night, aged 69 years.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—Lord Rosebery has been appointed Lord Privy Seal and first com-missioner of public works. Rosebery and Mr. Shaw-Lefevre, postmaster-general, will oc-cupy cabinet seats. Most of the morning papers congratulate Lord Rosebery upon his press the belief that his elevation will tend toward preserving the integrity of the Empire and maintaining the loyalty of the colo-

Dublin, Feb. 15.—The remains of Cardinal McCabe lay in state in the cathedral today, and were viewed by 20,000 people. A pastoral letter, recently written by the cardinal, vigorously denouncing the dynamiters, was read in the Duplin churches to day.

London, February 12.—There is intense excitement in New Zealand, on account of the publication of a report that Germany has aunexed Samoa. This action was taken in the face of protests by the English and Amer-ican consuls. The situation is serious. The report is not wholly credited here.

LISBON, Feb. 12 .- Portugal and the International African Association, through the mediation of England, France and Germany, have reached an understanding as to the rights claimed by each along the river Congo. The understanding is in complete harmony with the status secured by the association in its conventions with the powers.

PARIS, Feb. 16.—It is reported that a treaty between Burmah and France has been concluded, which cedes to France the Shan States and Moguning Ruby mines. France promises to protect Burmah against the encroachments of Great Britain.

London, Feb. 16.—The Queen is still unable to travel. A few days of perfect rest are required.

BERLIN, Feb. 16.—The Portuguese minister, the President of the African International Association, and the French ambassador have signed a treaty defining the territory of the African International Association. Rome, Feb. 16 .- Father Gavazzi announces

that the committees of the Waldensian and Free Italian churches have adopted a scheme for the union of those churches under the name of the Evangelical Parish of Italy.

ETWell Dressed People don't wear dingy or faded things when for 10c. and guaranteed Diamond Dye will make them good as new. They are perfect. Get at druggists and be economical. Wells & Richardson Co., Montreal, P.Q.

### THE DYNAMITERS.

CUNNINGHAM AND BURTON BEFORE THE ED-MRS. DUDLEY HELD FOR TRIAL-

"CAPTAIN" PHELAN QUITS NEW YORK. day. Notices were posted on the court door-Mr. Quillian announced that Burton was too ill to defend himself, and that Cunningham's counsel would defend both prisoners. The crown proceeded to produce testimony inculpating the prisoners in the underground railway explosion at Gower street station. Policeman Seward testified that he boarded the train at Bishopsgate and saw Cunningham leaving from a window of the brake. Cunningham asked witness for a match. Witness looked into the brake and saw what appeared to be a basketful of workman's tools. Witness then entered the third-class carriage. Joseph Meyers, auctioneer, who was a passenger, testified that he tried to enter the brake compartment and three men therein prevented him doing so. One of the men was Cunningham. Cunningham immediately arose from his seat and shouted "You are a liar." Myers said he remonstrated and alluded to the fact that there were but three in the brake and attempted to enter. Cunningham leaned over the door ir such a way as to prevent him from entering. Witness then went into another carriage. The three men who were in the brake compartment of the train that arrived at the Gower street station at the time of the ex-plosion eluded the police and trainmen, and escaped without leaving their names and addresses, but not before the police and guard had scrutinized them. Policeman Seward to day identified Cunningham as one of the three men. Meyers also personally identified him. Both picked him out from a crowd of other men. The dynamite which caused the explosion was thrown from the train that carried these witnesses. Policeman Crawford testified that he saw three men alight from the brake at Gower street at the time of the explosion. To the best of his belief Cunningham and Burton were two of them. Seward said when the train was stopped Cunningham left the brake through the window. Prisoner's questionable manner caused him to take a better look at him then he would otherwise have done. Meyers on cross-examination could give no accurate idea of the times or places he had testified he had seen Burton. He did not know Burton until he came into court to-day, when he recognized him as a man he had seen conversing with the others on Bishopsgate road. Taylor, assistant guard on the train, testified that before the explosion he saw two men in the brake; Cunningham was one of them. Taylor had previously singled Cunningham out from among twelve other men. Several children were produced whose hearing had been affected or who had otherwise been injured by the Tower explosion. James Munroe, a "beef eater" in the tower, identified Cunningham as a person he saw in the Tower on January 24, and who was there once before in the earlier part of there once before in the earlier part of January. Witness also saw Burton in the tower in January before the day of the explosion. Mr. Quilliam's request for an interview with the prisoners after the examination was refused. The prisoners

call Rossa, because there was such excitement about dynamite at present that extrane ous matter might interfere with the or lerly \$5,000 bail.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—Captain Phelan started for Kansay City last night, and will probably not appear against Short again. Phelan said he got tired waiting for justice.

NEWYORK, Feb 16-Eight cases of dynamite were stolen from the mugazine of the American Dynamite Co., at Bay Chester, West-chester County. It is believed the thieves are connected with socialistic or other organizations of dynamiters. On the night of the robbery four men were seen rowing across the sound from Bay Chester to Long Island.

A HORRIBLE DISCOVERY.

SPRINGFIELD, W. Va., Feb. 13.—Mary
Cox, a popular young lady, was buried alive. A few days ago she was taken violently ill with neuralgia of the stomach, and two doses of morphine were administered. Her death was announced, and the night after the hurisl the dogs set up a fearful howling at the grave. Next day the grave was opened and appointment to a cabinet position and ex- evidences of a fearful struggle were found. The lady had torn the linings from the coffin and the Mothes from her body. Her arms and legs were also disfigured.

#### POPULAR SCIENCE.

The best way of using old crewel and silk embroidered chair backs is to tie them in a loose knot in the centre and fasten them on the tops of the chairs.

The mode of making frames in cork mosaic is to simply to break up the cork into very small rough pieces, which glue on to the frame, covering the interstices with grated cork, and varnishing it all over.

Table scarfs of foliage and flowers, tasselled with roses and ferno, are the most fashionable ornamentation for luncheons. One recently made to represent crimson plush was formed with leaves of pointsettia evenly sewed on to a foundation. It was fringed with sprays of acacia dealbata.

Tests have proved that one pound of powder in small blasts will loosen about four and a half tons of rock, and in large blasts about two and three-quarter tons. In a day of ten hours one man can here with a bit an inch in diameter from fifty to 100 inches deep in granite, or from 300 to 400 inches in lime-

There is but one place in the United States where gun cotton is made. Until six months ago the navy was obliged to depend upon England for all the gun cotton used, but a manufactory has been erected at the torpedo station, Newport, which now produces all that is required for seagoing men-of-war and tarpedoes.

Oil of wintergreen mixed with an equal quantity of olive oil, when applied externally to influmed joints affected by acute rheumatism, is maintained to be, on high thera peutic authority, a means of instant relief from pain. At any rate its introduction to the sick chamber is unobjectionable, if only for the agreeable odor it imparts to the atmosphere.

Canvas bags, it is said, can be made as im pervious to moisture as leather by steeping it in a decoction of one pound of oak bark with fourteen pounds of boiling water, this quantity being sufficient for eight yards of stuff. The cloth from which the bars are made has to soak twenty four hours, when it is taken COURT-DAMAGING EVIDENCE PRODUC- out, passed through running water and hung up to dry.

But little difficulty is experienced in ar- indicate an improvement as compared with London, Feb. 16.—The examination of Cunningham and Burton was continued to-day. Notices were rested on the court door. ways stating that no person carrying a bag would be permitted to enter the building, and suspected persons would be searched. and a satin ribbon wound round the handle on the shoulder and hair should correspond with that on the fan. The spray commences near the handle and reaches half way round, but it must not look stiff, and should have a straying spray or two of maidenbair. Another kind of floral fan is arranged with the straw ones which divide at the handle and expand to form a circle.

Little egg cosies are frequently made in plain or quilted satin, miniature copies of tea cosies. If plain, they have a monogram or flower worked on. They measure about nine inches round the edge or widest part, and are graduated as they ascend. The height is from four and our balf to five inches, and takes in the cup us well as the egg. They are finished off with a little cord, with a loop at the top. Sets of these little cosies have been sold of late at bazaars and found ready purchasers. Braided cashmere or white ones are also seen. The latter are made from scraps cut from old table linen, and sometimes have a gold or silver cord run round them. All are warmly quilted and lined in-

"Single spring beds, 10 cents a night, with a cup of coffee and a roll in the morning," is the latest effort of a Bowery cheap lodging house.

### FINANCE.

The New York stock market was strong this morning. Consols sold in London at 99 1-16 money; 99 3-16 account; Central 125g; New York Central 94½; Illinois to-day were smaller than a week ago, but Central 125g; Canada Pacific 39g. Paris Rentes 81,35. The local stock market was dull this morning. The following were the sales: 2 Ontario 110; 12 Molsons 115½; I rate clearance being effected. Prime Canadian Mossbarts 111, 10 doi:111, 20 Toyotta 180. Merchants 111; 10 do 1111; 89 Toronto 180; 5 per cent. Harbor Bonds, \$2000 to 1021. The local stock market closed very dull, with sales as follows:—25 Montreal 1903, 1

do 1901, 25 Richelieu 56, 25 Gas 1821.

do 190½, 25 Richelieu 56, 25 Gas 182½.

Messrs. Forget & Co., stock and Grain brokers, report the closing prices of New York stocks this afternoon as follows:—Canada Pacific —; Lake Shore, 648; Pacific Mail, 55½; Erie, 13½; Seconds, 55½; North-West, 94½; dolpreferred, 129½; St. Paul, 73; ditto preferred, —; Michigan Central, —; Jersey Central, 37½; New York Central 94½; Del. & Lac., 99½; Del. & Hud., 75½; R. L., —; Ill. Central, 121½; C., B. & Q., 122½; C. C. & I. C., —; Wabash, 4½; pref'd, —; Union Pacific, 48; Reading, 17; Kan. & Tex., 16½; Can. Southern, 32; St. Paul & O., 27½; pref'd, 88½; N. P., 17; pref'd, 41; Lou. & Nash., 27½; Tex. Pac., 12½; Cen. Pac. 31; St. P. & Manitoba, 88½; Pullman Car —; Or. Trans., 13½; West. S. bonds, 36; Missouri Pacific, 938; Ohio Central, 1½; Ohio & Miss, 16½; Roch & Pitts, 111½; West. Union, 58½; Money 2.

### HAY AND STRAW.

nake a thorough inspection of the Ripon City to-morrow. He took a look at her to-day and states that none of the cargo is damaged, although the vessel is leaking somewhat in the forward compartment. Temporary re-

MONTREAL PRODUCE EXCHANGE.

Business in grain continues inactive, with

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the market showing no features of a speci-ally pointed or noticeable character, and values are nominally unchanged. On spot we quote:—Canada red winter wheat, 92c to 93c; white winter, 90c to 91c; Canada spring, 90c to 91c; peas, 72c to 73c; cets, 32c; rye, 60c to 62; barley, 50c to 60c; and corn, 53c to 56c. The market for flour is dull and the tone shows that amount weakness incident to a dull interval. To day there was very little de-mand. The stock laid in by buyers during the late advance will have to be exhausted before any improvement can be expected, as there is no disposition to operate at present, except in a small way. Holders would shade present prices to effect sales only there is little inducement to do so. There was some business in American strong bakers', three cars selling at \$4.75 to \$4.80. On Change the following sales were reported: 200 sacks American strong bakers at \$4.72; per barrel: 200 do at \$4.70, and 100 do at \$4.65. Flour— Patents, \$4 25 to \$4 75; superior extra, \$4.15; extra superfine, \$4; fanoy, \$3.75; spring extra, \$3.70 to \$3.75; superfine, \$3.45 to \$3.55; Canada strong bakers', \$4.20 to \$4.90; American strong bakers', \$4.50 to \$5; fine, \$3.20 to \$3 30; middlings, \$2.95 to \$3; pollards, \$2.80 to \$2.90; Ontario bags-Medium, \$2 to \$2.10; spring extra, \$1.90 to \$1.95; superfine, \$1.75 to \$1.80; city bags (delivered), \$2.35 to \$2.40. There was a quiet trade in hog products today at steady prices. A moderate demand for jobbing lots of pork was experienced and lard was quiet, but meats were steady.— Canada short cut, per brl, \$16.25 to \$16.50; mess pork, western, do \$15.75; short cut, do, do, \$16; hams, city cured, per lb, 12 to 13c; do green, 9c; lard, western, in pails. 04c; do Canadian do, 94c; bacon, per lb, 111 to 12c; tallow, com. refined, 7 to 8c.
Most of the hogs now arriving are being put into store as owners will not accept present prices and prefer to hold to a wait developments. The market is quiet and steady at \$6 10 to \$6 20 per cwt., with jobbing lots higher. The ashes market continues quiet under small receipts. A small lot sold to-day at \$3.55, and we quote \$3.55 to 3.60 per 100 lbs. The demand for eggs continues slow. Limed are weaker and to day sold at 16½c. We quote limed 16½ to 17c, and held in cases at 19 to 20c per dozen. There was a more active market for butter to day, but the movement was made at the cost of a further shading of values, which holders were compelled to make in order to move all grades below finest Town-ships. The demand, however, was exclusively for the local trade, there being no inquiry for shipment. Considerable butter has been moved out recently, but receipts keep full enough to furnish holders good reason for anxiety, and every effort is made to force sales, even if lower prices have to be named. Buyers have the advantage, and the tone of the market is weak. A lot of 60 packages fine Morrisburg sold at 151c, and another lot not so good brought 15c. Brockville changed hands at about 15c, and a lot of 100 packages poor western sold at 11c. Creamery, good to choice, 20cto 28c; Townships, choice, 18c to 19c; do, fair to good, 15c to 17c; Morrisburg, 14c to 164c; Brockville, 13c to 160; Western, 11c to 15c. Cheese-fhe cheese market was dull and slow, hardly any husiness being done. We quote nominally fine to finest lie to 114c for shipping lots, and 12c to 124c for fine colored to the jobbing trade.

### MONTREAL CATTLE MARKET.

There has been a more active demand for cattle for export and this morning shippers were free buyers considering the season, a good number of transactions being put through at 4½c to 5c per lb. live weight. Private cable advices are not so depressing and week ago. The exports from Boston last week were 824 head cattle and 2,544 quarters beef. At Viger market 200 head of cattle were received, of which the majority were not high class. Good cattle were in light supply and wanted at somewhat better figures than prevailed last week. Sales were made at 41c per lb. live weight, but some of the best in the market brought 5c. Common to fair animals sold at 31c to 4c. About 200 sheep were offered, which sold on the scale at 3½c to 4c per lb. Calves were in better sup-ply and considerably lower, sales being made at \$2 50 to \$8 each as to quality. Live hogs were firmer at 5c to 51c per lb.

### CORDWOOD.

The market for cordwood has been fairly active with a good demand at the decline in values noted recently. There is a fair amount of stock on hand at the yards, and receipts are liberal. Most dealers are satisfied with the amount of trade doing. Good long wood delivered ex-yard is quoted as follows:—Maple, \$6.50; birch, \$6; beech, \$5.50, and tamarac, \$5.

### BRITISH LIVE STOCK TRADE.

The severe depression which characterized the British cattle trade a week ago seems to have come to a head, as since the date of our last cable despatches there has been a slight recovery of tone, but without quotable change in values. It is satisfactory to note, however, that the little change made has been for the better. Our special cables of to-day's date report the trade in a better condition, sup plies having perceptibly decreased, and the late glut mitigated. Receipts of Canadian and American during the week have been fair, although they show a falling off, while the general supplies offered to-day were smaller than a week ago, but steers sold at 13c per pound, against 13c on February 9, 13tc, on February 2, 14c on January 26, 14tc on January 19, 14c on December 29, 13½c on December 22, 14c on December 15, 14c on December 8, 14½c on December 1, 15c on November 24, 14½c November 1, 15c on November 24, 14½c November 1, 15c on November 24, 14½c November 1, 15c on November 24, 14½c November 12, 14½c N ber 17, 14c on November 10, 141c on November 6, and 131c on October 27. Fair to choice grades were at 121c; poor to medium at 111c, and inferior and bulls at 81c to 10c. These quotations are calculated at 480 in the £. Dressed beef in Liverpool is cabled firmer at 5½d, having touched 4½d during the late de-

THE following extracts from the report of the United States Bureau of Statistics are interesting, as showing the growth of that country during thirty years :--

Improved land in tarms, 284,771,042 420,154,500 1,551,068,895 10,338,111 18,125,685 48,270,086 5,146,972 96,000,000 Miproved land in farms, acres ...
Wheat produced, bush...
Corn produced, bush...
No. horses on farms...
No. milch cows on farms.
No swine on farms...
Pig fron produced, tons...
Coal produced, tons...
Rallroads in operation, miles... 113,032,614 100,455,944 100,455,944 592,071,104 4,336,719 6,385,094 80,354,213 563,755 7,858,899

#### BIRTH.

JOHNSON. —On the 7th inst., at 552 Ontario street, the wife of R. G. Johnson, of a son. COSTIGAN—At 51 St. Urbain street, chy on Friday, 18th February, Mrs. Wm. H. Costigan, of a daughter.

### DIED.

O'LEARY.—On the 7th inst., John, edes NEVEUX.—At Pointe Claire, on the 8th inst., Paul Neveux, aged 77 years, 1 month and 18 days.

DELWARD—At 415 Champlain street, One-bec, on the 8th inst., John Elward, aged 37 vears. MELOCHE—In this city, on Wednesday, 11th inst., Mary Fordham, beloved wife of Wm Meloche, aged 34 years.

TUFT.—In this city, on the 11th inst., Mary Cullen, aged 66 years, widow of the late Thomas Tuft, a native of Co. Sligo, Ireland. CONNOLLY—In this city, February 10th, Joseph Patrick, youngest son of James Con

nolly, printer. HIGGINS—In this city, on the 13th inst, Ellen Maria Devine, aged 34 years and 6 months, beloved wife of Peter Higgins.

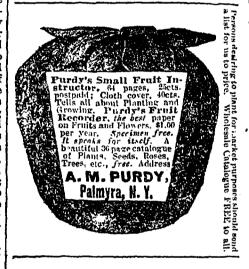
RAVEY.—In this city, on Thursday, Feb. 12 of inflammation of the lungs, Elizabeth Webb beloved wife of Patrick Ravey, a native of the County Cavan, Ireland, aged 79 years.

MACKEY.—In this city on the 15th inst., Bridget Kehoe, aged 88 years, a native of County Kildare, Ireland, widow of the late Matthew Mackey.

Dublin papers please copy.

BURNS-On the 16th February, at her father's residence, No. 3 Chaussé street, Mary Judith, second daughter of John Burns. McKEOWN—In this city, on the lith inst., Susanna, infant daughter of Peter McKeown. DWYER—Died, in this city, on the 15th instant, Maria, daughter of Thomas Dwyer, contractor, aged 19 years and 9 months. McKEOWN.-In this city, on the 14th inst. Mary Catherine, aged 4 years and 6 months, eldest daughter of Patrick McKeown.

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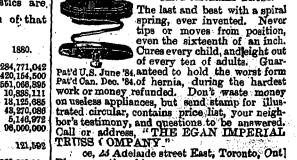
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French Cream Pique.
French Sky Pique.
French White Pique. Lawns in Pink.
Lawns in Blue.
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